# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

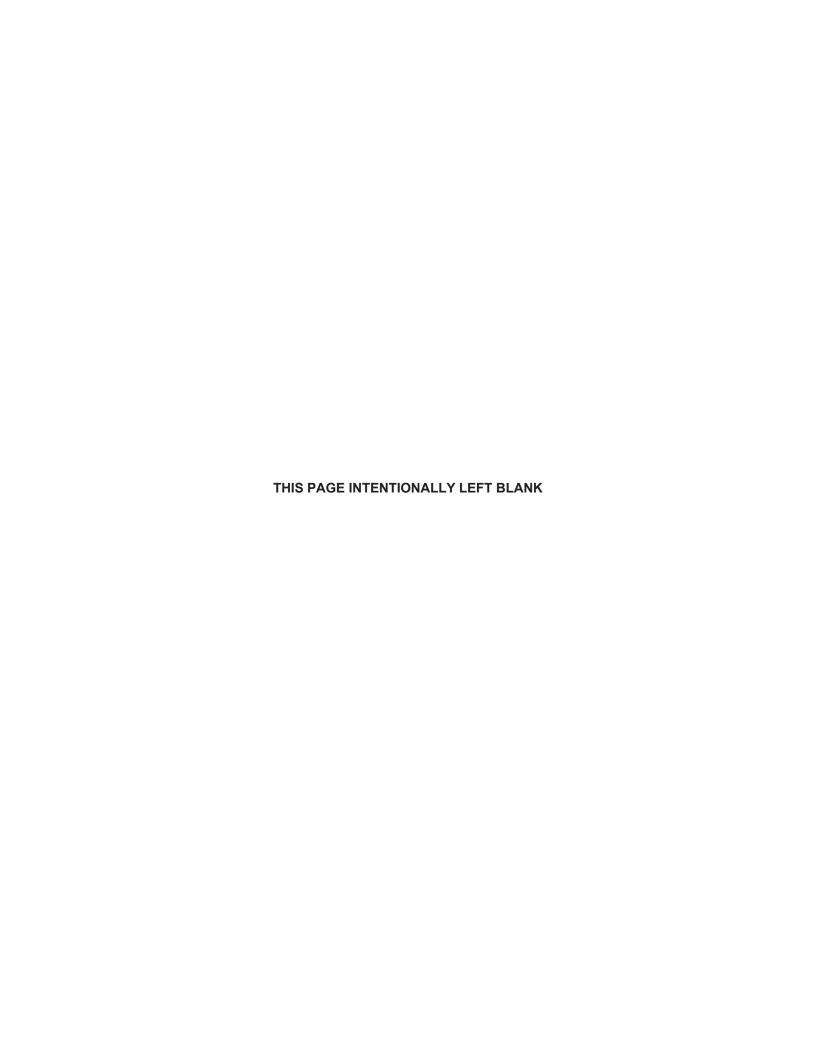


### Prepared By:

Finance, A Division of the Administrative Services Department

# CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by
Finance,
A Division of the Administrative Services Department



### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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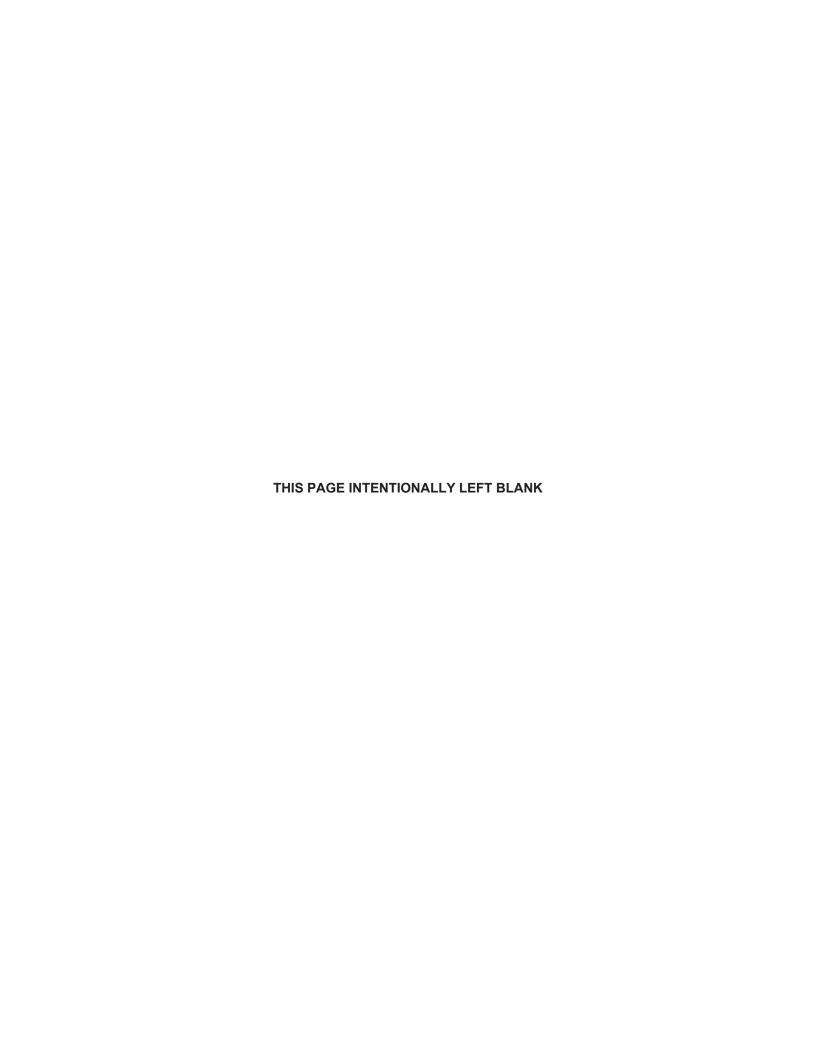
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www.citrusheights.net

The City of CITRUS HEIGHTS
is committed to providing
high quality, economical,
responsive city services
to our community.

December 28, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Citrus Heights:

City staff is pleased to submit the City of Citrus Heights' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City of Citrus Heights has a long tradition of self-reliance. Strong financial policies and responsible fiscal management of taxpayer dollars remain a core tenet of City operations. Our City is committed to continued strong fiscal stewardship, transparency, and accountability over taxpayer dollars. Working together, the City Council and City staff ensure our budget and financial policies reflect spending consistent with essential priorities.

It is the policy of the City Council that a licensed certified public accountant conduct an annual audit at the end of each fiscal year and issue a complete set of audited financial statements. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the financial statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. City staff believes the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed to both protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the citizens of the City of Citrus Heights, city staff, creditors, investors, and other concerned readers. City staff encourages all readers to contact the Finance Division with any questions or comments concerning this report.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance

that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion, which states that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports will be available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

### **Profile of the City of Citrus Heights**

The City of Citrus Heights operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services that include public safety, public works, and community development. This report includes all funds of the City of Citrus Heights. The MD&A continues to demonstrate our commitment to providing essential quality of life services, maintaining public safety, improving the City's infrastructure including streets and roads, and growing our local economy while maintaining financial stability.

The City Council establishes annual budgets for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department directors submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the following year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30<sup>th</sup> of each year in accordance with the City's Municipal Code.

The City of Citrus Heights was incorporated on January 1, 1997, as a general law city. Citrus Heights was the first new city in Sacramento County in more than 50 years and was the largest city to incorporate in the State of California. With a population of approximately 88,000 in a 14.2 square-mile area, Citrus Heights is 98% developed, with two large commercial corridors and a well-established residential community. We attract a population of all ages, and have a higher percentage of millennials and retirees than other cities our size.

The Citrus Heights City Council consists of five members, elected to four-year overlapping terms in district-based elections. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the City Council through policy direction determined by the City Council. The Mayor conducts the City Council meetings and represents the City on ceremonial occasions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. As an elected Board of Directors, the City Council provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.

In Citrus Heights, the total labor force is approximately 43,700. Unemployment in Sacramento County is at approximately 3.7%, which is below the current rate of unemployment for California (4.2%). The City of Citrus Heights is home to a diverse labor force, specializing in such occupations as sales, executive and managerial services, technical support, professional specialties, and other services. As the geographic center of the Greater Sacramento area, Citrus Heights offers residents and workforce effective access to the region. With total regional employment at 27,426, Citrus Heights jobs are projected to grow by approximately 6% in the next five years.

Most of Citrus Heights' commercial real estate is comprised of large retail and small office space. Citrus Heights has long been known as a retail mecca, but the current retail market is in a state of change. Consumers are relying less on brick and mortar stores now that online shopping is mainstream. Citrus Heights is home to one of the Sacramento area's first regional shopping centers, Sunrise Mall. In its prime, Sunrise Mall served as the economic engine of the City and the community's central gathering place. With the addition of other regional malls and a shift toward online shopping, Sunrise Mall has experienced immense fall off in economic impact — resulting in a decline of almost 50% since 2006. In 2019, City Council directed staff to embark on a specific plan process for Sunrise Mall. This plan has engaged each of the five owners of the 100-acre mall site, stakeholders, and the community, to work together on a new vision for Sunrise Mall. Through zoning, visioning, and entitling, the plan re-envisions Sunrise Mall as a regional destination and economic engine for the community. Citrus Heights is a City that takes charge of its own future. By undertaking this process, we are encouraging continued growth and prosperity for our

commercial business community. The Specific Plan and Environmental Impact Report was unanimously approved by City Council in October 2021. In addition to fostering in a new era for Sunrise Mall, the City also works hard to support our small businesses. There are over 2,100 businesses in Citrus Heights, and 71% of those have less than 10 employees. Many of our small businesses are supported by three business districts: Sunrise MarketPlace, Auburn Blvd Business Association, and Antelope Crossing Business Association.

### **Budget Initiatives**

The City of Citrus Heights has developed broad policy direction through the development of budget strategies that establish long-term policy guidance for conducting the City's financial activities. Citrus Heights has a long tradition of self-reliance and local control with excellent quality of life services our residents expect and deserve. The City Council has established policies to meet the following strategic objectives:

- 1. **Strategic Focus** The City's financial management should be strategic, reflecting the Council's and the community's priorities for service while providing resources that realistically fund routine operations. Most importantly, we strive to maintain essential services reflective of our community's values and engage in continued fiscally responsible planning amid state mandates and takeaways.
- 2. **Fiscal Control and Accountability** The City's financial activities should be fiscally sound and accountable to the City Council through the City Manager. It is our intent to maintain local control over local funds for our local needs in a fiscally prudent manner that addresses essential priorities.
- 3. Clarity The City's financial planning and reporting should be clear and easy to understand so that all participants, the City Council, the community, and staff can productively participate in making good decisions. Our intent is to keep local government transparent and accountable, which includes our community's ability to engage with our financial information. The City of Citrus Heights regularly issues communications that inform and engage residents in fiscal updates.
- 4. **Long-Term Planning** The City of Citrus Heights has always taken charge of its own future. We became a city by intent, establishing our own police department and being fiscally responsible, and we have plans for our future. The City's financial planning should emphasize multi-year horizons to promote long-term planning of resource uses. We have always engaged in long-term and comprehensive financial planning to ensure that the City can keep its budget balanced while preserving local control and essential services such as public safety and street maintenance in Citrus Heights.
- 5. Flexible and Cost Effective Responses The City's financial management practices should encourage a mission-driven organization that responds quickly and

straightforwardly to community demands. The City's management should flexibly respond to opportunities for better service, should proactively manage revenues, and should cost-effectively manage ongoing operating costs. We must maintain public safety, economic development, and local control to adequately address our community's essential services and quality of life.

6. **Staffing Philosophy** – The City has worked towards establishing a balance between City employees and contract staff to ensure the most efficient City operations.

### **Financial Policies**

The City Council has developed policy parameters for the City's fiscal management. Those fiscal policies address a number of issues including financial activity reporting, budgeting and financial planning, appropriation control, debt management, investments, fees and charges, purchasing, performance measures and competitive review, and reserves.

### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The City's financial planning promotes long-term planning of its resources that is reflective of community priorities, essential services, and quality of life. The ten-year financial forecast has served as the primary budget guidance tool since the City's incorporation in 1997. The forecast is updated annually to project future General Fund revenue and expenditures. Several factors directly affect the City's General Fund revenue. Since the City currently receives approximately 38% of its General Fund revenue from sales and use tax, it is especially susceptible to economic downturns and the changing retail economy. In addition, the City is approximately 98% built out which results in fewer opportunities for revenue generating growth. The City will continue to balance the General Fund by implementing a combination of cost saving measures as well as prudent financial planning.

### **Current Economic Conditions and Outlook**

The outbreak of the coronavirus disease, COVID-19, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The Governor declared a state of emergency in the State on March 4, 2020 and the Mayor declared a state of emergency in the City on March 19, 2020, each of which is still in effect.

The COVID-19 pandemic has wreaked havoc on the global economy, with a devastating impact on national and local economies. COVID-19 remains a considerable source of uncertainty. Public health orders, business closures, supply chain disruption, changing consumer trends and uncertain markets continue to be variable factors in future planning.

The City of Citrus Heights anticipates receiving the property tax revenue previously retained by the County of Sacramento under the revenue neutrality agreement in January 2023.

The City's economic development efforts and implementation of the City's financial policies help to promote Citrus Heights' fiscal stability. Since incorporation in 1997, at the direction of the City Council, staff has conducted a systematic review of operations, resulting in some cases in the transition from contract service to an in-house operational model; in other instances, a renegotiation of existing service contracts; and in other instances, retention of the contract operational model with a different service provider. These operational analyses and reforms are intended to promote long-term stability.

### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The City of Citrus Heights received an award for its submission of the FY 2020-2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City received this award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City staff believes that this report will again meet the program requirements to receive the award.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division and the auditing firm of Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP. I would also like to thank members of the City Council, the City Manager, and the various departments for their cooperation and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City during the past fiscal year.

Respectfully Submitted,

Susan Talwar

Administrative Services Director



### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Citrus Heights California

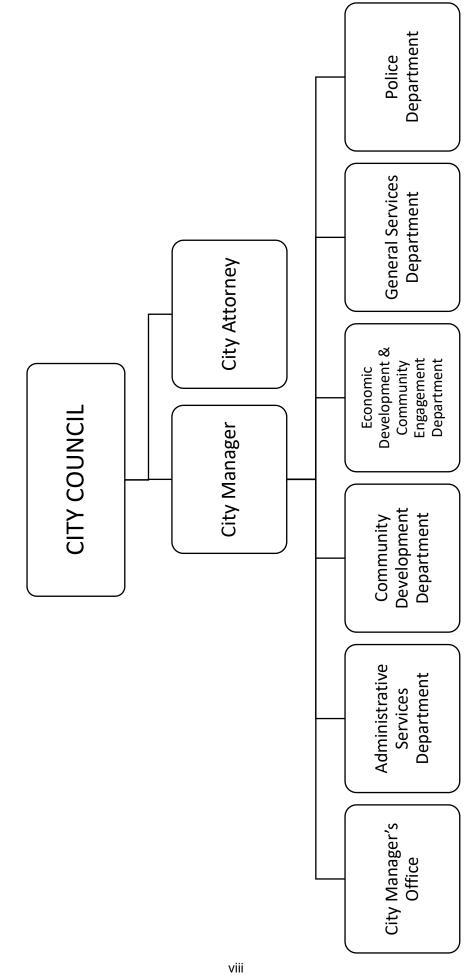
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart



### **CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA**

### **List of Officials** 2022

### Elected

Tim Schaefer Mayor

Vice Mayor **Bret Daniels** 

Council Member MariJane Lopez-Taff Council Member Jayna Karpinski-Costa

Porsche Middleton Council Member

### **Appointed**

City Manager Ashley Feeney

Administrative Services Director Susan Talwar

Community Development Director Casey Kempenaar

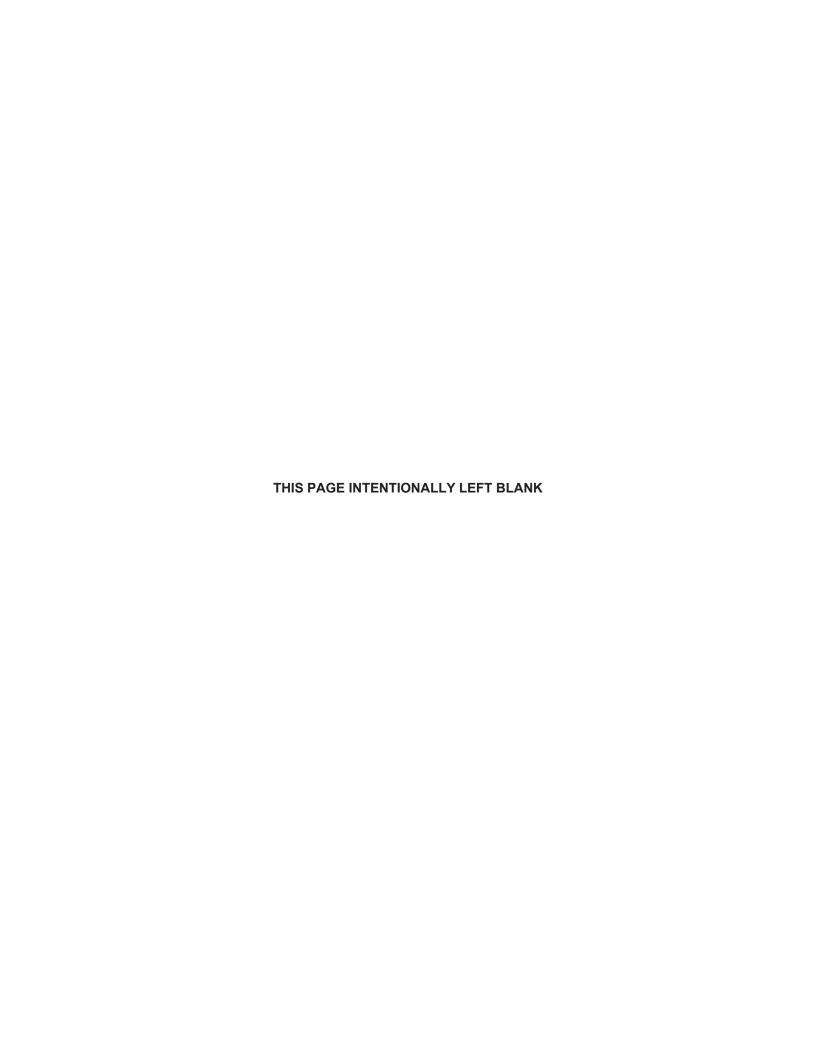
**Economic Development & Community** Meghan Huber

**Engagement Director** 

General Services Director Regina Cave

> Chief of Police Alexander Turcotte

Ryan R. Jones, Jones & Mayer City Attorney





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Citrus Heights, California, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter

### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Other Reporting Responsibilities

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds, and required pension and other post-employment benefits schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 28, 2022

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

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This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Citrus Heights (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ As of June 30, 2022, total assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$348,556,176 (net position). The portion of net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors (unrestricted net position) is \$5,449,868. The portion of net position that is restricted and may only be used for specific purposes is \$25,868,240. The remaining \$317,238,068 is invested in capital assets.
- ◆ As of June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,243,287. Of the combined fund balances, 33.90% (\$13.30 million) is available to meet the City's current and future needs (committed, assigned and unassigned balances).
- ♦ As of June 30, 2022, the committed amount in the General Fund of \$4,486,978 represents amounts committed for insurance, postemployment healthcare benefits and a Council commitment for economic uncertainties and anticipated future short-term structural deficits (i.e. revenue stabilization). See Note 8.
- ♦ Under the revenue neutrality agreement with the County of Sacramento, \$6,521,191 of property tax revenue was retained by the County as payment under the agreement. These payments are expected to continue through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- ♦ Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased to \$317,492,638 from \$319,843,497, which includes \$273,040,160 of infrastructure per the requirements of GASB 34.

### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) **Introductory section**, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information;
- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules; and,
- 3) **Statistical section,** which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health.

### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

### The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. These two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

### The Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each of the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- ♦ Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, economic development, public safety, animal control, engineering, community events, public improvements, planning and zoning, building inspections, and general administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as user fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All of the City's enterprise activities are reported here. The City's only Business-type activity fund is Solid Waste. Unlike governmental services, this service is supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of

### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's major funds include the General Fund, General Capital Improvements Fund, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund, and Streets Fund.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

**Proprietary funds**. The City maintains one Enterprise-type proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for Solid Waste activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste operation.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 33-67 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 69.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 79-135 of this report.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$347,074,432 as of June 30, 2022. Under the revenue neutrality settlement, the County retains the annual property tax for the first twenty-five years after the City's incorporation through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County retained \$6,521,191 of property taxes.

The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2022, and 2021, follows:

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activitites	Totals		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 63,880,97	4 \$ 52,521,022	\$ 1,398,425	\$ 1,034,701	\$ 65,279,399	\$ 53,555,723	
Capital assets	317,492,63	319,485,541	350,082	357,956	317,842,720	319,843,497	
Total Assets	381,373,61	2 372,006,563	1,748,507	1,392,657	383,122,119	373,399,220	
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>	7,180,58	6,983,623	90,666	87,007	7,271,254	7,070,630	
Long-term liabilities	8,242,12	23,930,072	125,558	281,364	8,367,682	24,211,436	
Other liabilities	22,712,00	16,239,828	101,774	49,452	22,813,780	16,289,280	
Total Liabilities	30,954,13	0 40,169,900	227,332	330,816	31,181,462	40,500,716	
Total Deferred Inflows	10,525,63	1,107,527	130,097	15,584	10,655,735	1,123,111	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	316,887,98	319,214,442	350,082	357,956	317,238,068	319,572,398	
Restricted	25,868,24	25,779,873	-	-	25,868,240	25,779,873	
Unrestricted	4,318,20	(7,281,556)	1,131,662	775,308	5,449,868	(6,506,248)	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 347,074,43	2 \$ 337,712,759	\$ 1,481,744	\$ 1,133,264	\$ 348,556,176	\$ 338,846,023	

Restricted net position increased by \$88,367 due to an increase in the receipt of restricted funds in a number of special revenue funds for road maintenance, general capital improvement, transit services and various development activities. Unrestricted net position can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements. The City had \$5,449,868 of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022, which is an increase of \$11,970,870. While unrestricted net position is technically unrestricted, much of the amount is committed for a specific use as described in Note 8.

The City maintains a commitment of fund balance in the General Fund, commonly called the General Fund Reserve. It is set at a maximum of \$35 million at June 30, 2022, and the balance is currently \$4.5 million. The net position of business-type activities cannot be used to make up an unrestricted net position deficit in the governmental activities. The City generally can only use these assets to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, follows:

		Governmen	vernmental Activities Busine			usiness-Ty	pe .	Activitites	To		
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022		2021
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	12,516,296	\$	11,469,898	\$	1,092,589	\$	904,130	\$ 13,608,885	\$	12,374,028
Grants and contributions:											
Operating		10,921,489		11,072,674		-		-	10,921,489		11,072,674
Capital		5,389,435		3,589,794		-		-	5,389,435		3,589,794
General revenues:											
Property taxes											
and assessments		638,183		383,773		-		-	638,183		383,773
Sales and use taxes		14,412,009		13,373,483		-		-	14,412,009		13,373,483
Utility users tax		2,794,196		2,717,945		-		-	2,794,196		2,717,945
Other taxes		1,684,577		1,412,898		-		-	1,684,577		1,412,898
Other revenue		123,409		-		58,444		61,151	181,853		61,151
Shared intergovernmental -											
unrestricted		9,683,155		9,303,916		-		-	9,683,155		9,303,916
Investment earnings (Losses)		-		1,650	_	(14,530)		1,117	(14,530)		2,767
<b>Total Revenues</b>		58,162,749		53,326,031	_	1,136,503		966,398	59,299,252		54,292,429
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government		7,729,201		10,210,576		-		-	7,729,201		10,210,576
Public safety		15,877,629		23,338,398		-		-	15,877,629		23,338,398
Public ways and facilities		55,751		18,149,133		-		-	55,751		18,149,133
Culture and recreation		906,037		540,427		-		-	906,037		540,427
Economic development		17,660,038		916,027		-		-	17,660,038		916,027
Community enhancements		4,085,740		3,877,993		-		-	4,085,740		3,877,993
Interest on long-term debt		131,908		144,455		-		-	131,908		144,455
Business-type activities:											
Solid waste						788,023		732,927	788,023		732,927
Total Expenses		46,446,304		57,177,009		788,023		732,927	47,234,327		57,909,936
Excess of revenues over											
expenditures before transfers		11,716,445		(3,850,978)		348,480		233,471	12,064,925		(3,617,507)
Transfers	_		_		_	-			_		
<b>Change in Net Position</b>		11,716,445		(3,850,978)		348,480		233,471	12,064,925		(3,617,507)
Restatement		(2,354,772)		-		-		-	(2,354,772)		-
Net position, beginning of year	_	337,712,759	_	341,563,737		1,133,264		899,793	 338,846,023	_	342,463,530
Net Position, June 30	\$	347,074,432	\$	337,712,759	\$	1,481,744	\$	1,133,264	\$ 348,556,176	\$	338,846,023

### Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$59,299,252 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Approximately 69.47% of the City's key revenues are generated from four major sources.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

The following discusses variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. **Sales Tax** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$1,038,526 from the prior year due to the continued economic recovery following the lifting of pandemic restrictions.
- 2. **Shared Intergovernmental Revenues** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$379,239 from the prior year. This amount represents the state motor vehicle in-lieu tax.
- 3. **Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Operating -** Governmental Activities operating grants and contributions were mainly from public safety street, road, and community enhancement grants that were for maintenance and operations as well as CARES Act allocations for CDBG Supplemental and DOJ for public safety. The amounts also included the CARES Act Relief funding for cities and the Great Plates program.
- 4. **Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Capital** The increase in capital revenues reflects receipt of additional funding for new and ongoing capital projects in the current fiscal year.

### **Expenses**

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$47,234,327. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$46,446,304 or 98.33% of total expenses. Business-type activities expenses totaled \$788,023 during the fiscal year. Public safety costs represented 34.18% of total governmental activities expenses and represented the largest single expense for governmental activities.

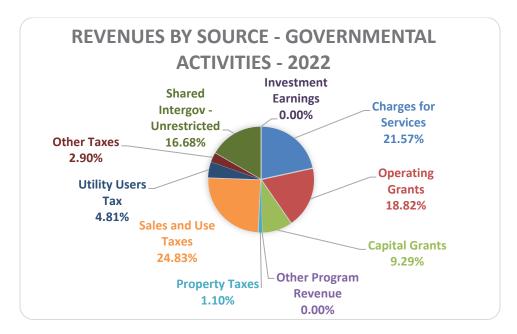
### **Governmental Activities**

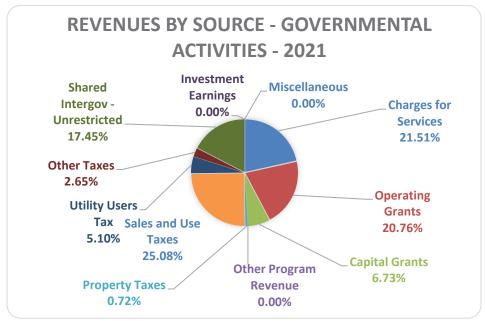
The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, were as follows:

	2022					2021				
	<b>Total Cost</b>		Net Cost		-	Total Cost	N	let Cost		
		of Services	of Services		(	of Services	of Services			
General government	\$	7,729,201	\$ (3,396	,225)	\$	10,210,576	\$ (	(6,065,502)		
Public safety		15,877,629	(12,450	,546)		23,338,398	(1	9,674,208)		
Public ways and facilities		55,751	(55	,751)		18,149,133	(	(4,329,129)		
Culture and recreation		906,037	(887	,724)		540,427		(540,427)		
Economic development		17,660,038	(2,967	,719)		916,027		(916,027)		
Community enhancements		4,085,740	2,270	,789		3,877,993		625,105		
Interest on long-term debt		131,908	(131	,908)		144,455		(144,455)		
TOTAL	\$	46,446,304	\$ (17,619	,084)	\$	57,177,009	\$ (3	1,044,643)		

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

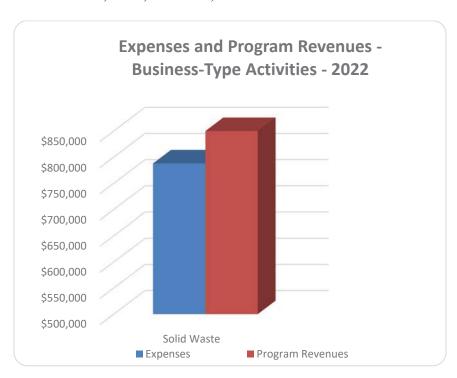
Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, are as follows:

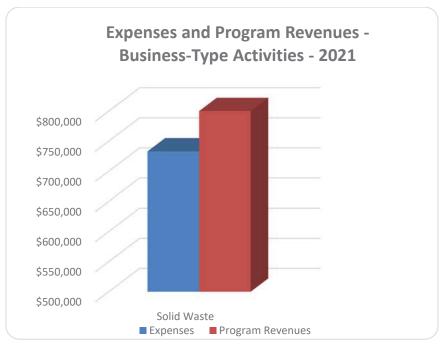




### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

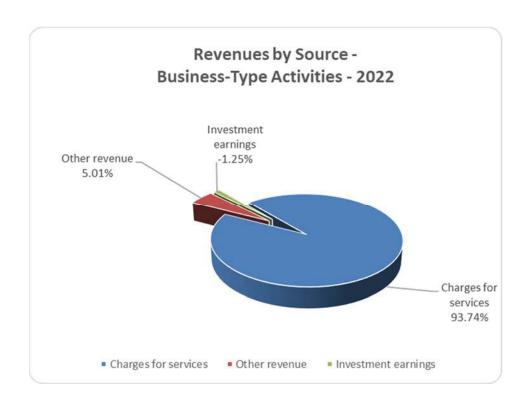
**Business-type activities.** The City's net position for business-type activities increased by \$348,480 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The expenses and program revenues for the Solid Waste Operation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, are as follows:

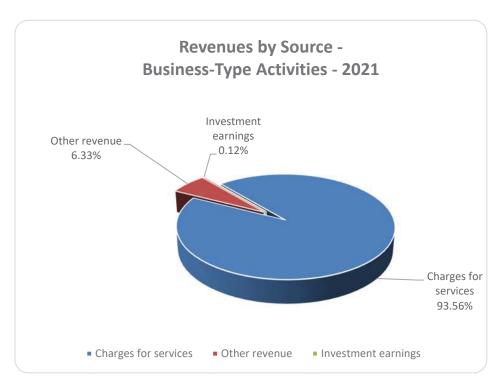




### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

The revenues by source for the solid waste business-type activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:





### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Citrus Heights uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

**Governmental funds**. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$39,243,287.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$11,932,391 of which \$4,486,978 was committed for reserves and revenue stabilization. Fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,041,565 largely due to decreased expenditures caused by vacant positions.

The CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund accounts for CDBG grant funds used for low income housing loans for home repair projects, and non-profit public service activities. Fund balance in this fund increased by \$71,513 largely due to loan repayments.

The General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects. Fund balance in this fund increased by \$53,671 largely due to an increase in license and permits revenue for general plan amendments.

**Proprietary funds**. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The Proprietary fund unrestricted net position increased \$348,480 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, largely due to increase in franchise fee revenue and savings in operating expenses.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The actual total revenues were approximately \$385,789 more than the final budgeted amount. Intergovernmental revenue and charges for services came in under budget; all other revenue categories exceeded the budget estimate. The largest favorable variance compared to the budget was in tax revenues, \$599,268. An increase in general sales tax revenue was due to the continuing increase of sales at local businesses that had shut down or been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. A decrease in intergovernmental revenue was caused by grant reimbursements being delayed beyond the end of the fiscal year.

The actual total expenditures were approximately \$4,655,713 less than the final budgeted amount due mainly to salary savings from vacant positions.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$317,842,720. This investment in capital assets includes land, art, construction in progress costs for road and other improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, the City Hall and Utility Yard assets, and machinery and equipment.

	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type			
	Activ	rities	Activi	ties	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$ 15,450,246	\$ 15,098,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,450,246	\$ 15,098,544	
Art	103,650	103,650	-	-	103,650	103,650	
Construction in progress	10,574,939	2,602,408	-	-	10,574,939	2,602,408	
Buildings and							
improvements	17,321,405	17,698,011	-	-	17,321,405	17,698,011	
Infrastructure	272,690,078	282,223,211	350,082	357,956	273,040,160	282,581,167	
Machinery and							
equipment	1,352,320	1,759,717	-		1,352,320	1,759,717	
Total	\$ 317,492,638	\$319,485,541	\$ 350,082	\$357,956	\$317,842,720	\$319,843,497	

The increase in construction in progress was mainly due to the following projects:

- Bonita Drive Old Auburn Storm Drain Improvements,
- Mariposa Ave Safe Routes to School Phase 4,
- Signalized Intersection Improvements,
- Auburn Blvd Complete Street Rusch/Northern City, and
- Greenback Lane Complete Streets

More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Page 47.

### **Long-term Debt**

The City's long-term debt at June 30, 2022 totaled \$8,367,682 and included a net pension liability of \$6,202,339. More detail on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 and 7 on pages 49-50, and Notes 11 and 12 on pages 56-66.

### **Economic Outlook and COVID-19**

The outbreak of the coronavirus disease, COVID-19, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The Governor declared a state of emergency in the State of California on March 4, 2020 and the Mayor for the City of Citrus Heights declared a state of emergency in the City on March 19, 2020, each of which is still in effect.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued**

The ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on future City revenues cannot be determined at this time. No assurance can be provided that the COVID-19 pandemic will not result in city revenues that are lower than projected.

The City will continue to monitor the effects of the pandemic on its revenues and expenditures.

### **Requests for Information**

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like to obtain component unit financial statements, contact the City of Citrus Heights Administrative Services Department, 6360 Fountain Square Drive, Citrus Heights, California 95621, or visit the City's web page at www.citrusheights.net.

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
Ata-	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets: Current Assets:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 44,227,366	\$ 1,205,475	\$ 45,432,841
Receivables:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Accounts	964,174	188,883	1,153,057
Interest	67,934	2,315	70,249
Lease	78,846	- 883	78,846
Prepaid items Deposits	62,791 4,000	883	63,674 4,000
Due from other governments	7,032,124	_	7,032,124
Total Current Assets	52,437,235	1,397,556	53,834,791
Noncurrent Assets:			
Notes and loans	5,227,463	-	5,227,463
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans	(4,021,311)	-	(4,021,311)
Land held for resale Lease receivable	6,224,697 3,905,666	-	6,224,697 3,905,666
Net OPEB asset	107,224	869	108,093
Capital assets not being depreciated	26,128,835	-	26,128,835
Capital assets, net of depreciation	291,363,803	350,082	291,713,885
Total Noncurrent Assets	328,936,377	350,951	329,287,328
Total Assets	381,373,612	1,748,507	383,122,119
	301,373,012	1,740,507	303,122,119
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension related items	6,816,896	87,718	6,904,614
OPEB related items	363,692	2,948	366,640
Total Deferred Outflows			
of Resources	7,180,588	90,666	7,271,254
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,772,081	43,946	3,816,027
Accrued liabilities	757,188	9,305	766,493
Accrued interest	12,269	-	12,269
Unearned revenue	14,781,536	-	14,781,536
Retentions payable	265,445	-	265,445
Deposits payable Due to other governments	202,774 501,140	48,523	202,774 549,663
Loans payable	82,046	40,525	82,046
Compensated absences - due within one year	1,419,891	_	1,419,891
Claims payable - due within one year	917,636		917,636
Total Current Liabilities	22,712,006	101,774	22,813,780
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	315.549		315,549
Claims payable - due in more than one year	1,327,188	-	1,327,188
Loans payable	522,606	-	522,606
Net pension liability	6,076,781	125,558	6,202,339
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,242,124	125,558	8,367,682
Total Liabilities	30,954,130	227,332	31,181,462
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Lease	3,681,510	-	3,681,510
Pension related items	6,028,867	123,489	6,152,356
OPEB related items	815,261	6,608	821,869
Total Deferred Inflows			
of Resources	10,525,638	130,097	10,655,735
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	316,887,986	350,082	317,238,068
Restricted for: Housing projects	16,480,954		16 490 054
Stormwater maintenance	2,688,205	-	16,480,954 2,688,205
Streets, roads and park projects	1,824,597	-	1,824,597
Assessment district maintenance	1,522,826	-	1,522,826
Other	3,351,658	-	3,351,658
Unrestricted	4,318,206	1,131,662	5,449,868
Total Net Position	\$ 347,074,432	\$ 1,481,744	\$ 348,556,176

				Program Revenues				
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Contributions and Grants			Capital ntributions nd Grants
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	7,729,201	\$	1,745,213	\$	2,587,763	\$	_
Public safety		15,877,629		2,173,237		1,253,846		-
Economic development		55,751		_		_		-
Culture and recreation		906,037		18,313		-		-
Public ways and facilities		17,660,038		5,357,787		5,344,606		3,989,926
Community enhancements		4,085,740		3,221,746		1,735,274		1,399,509
Interest on long-term debt		131,908						-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		46,446,304		12,516,296		10,921,489		5,389,435
Business-Type Activities:								
Solid Waste		788,023		1,092,589		<u>-</u>		
Total Business-Type Activities		788,023		1,092,589				
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	47,234,327	\$	13,608,885	\$	10,921,489	\$	5,389,435

### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

### **Total General Revenues**

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in								
Net (Expenses) Revenues and Shanges in								
Р	rimary Government							
Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total								
\$ (3,396,225) (12,450,546) (55,751) (887,724) (2,967,719) 2,270,789	\$ - - - - -	\$ (3,396,225) (12,450,546) (55,751) (887,724) (2,967,719) 2,270,789						
(131,908)		(131,908)						
(17,619,084)		(17,619,084)						
	304,566	304,566						
	304,566	304,566						
(17,619,084)	304,566	(17,314,518)						
638,183 32,595 14,412,009 1,290,165 2,794,196 50,185 9,683,155	- - - - -	638,183 32,595 14,412,009 1,290,165 2,794,196 50,185 9,683,155						
311,632	(14,530)	297,102						
123,409	58,444	181,853						
29,335,529	43,914	29,379,443						
11,716,445	348,480	12,064,925						
337,712,759	1,133,264	338,846,023						
(2,354,772)		(2,354,772)						
\$ 347,074,432	\$ 1,481,744	\$ 348,556,176						

			Special	Revenue Funds		Capital Pro	jects Fun	ds
		General		Grants Special venue Fund	Improv	neral Capital rements Capital ojects Fund		Streets
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	24,296,659	\$	_	\$	560.148	\$	3,685,115
Receivables:	*	,,,	*		*	,	*	2,222,
Accounts		604,322		-		-		117
Notes and loans		6,151		1,164,178		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		(1,164,178)		-		-
Interest		39,784		-		-		-
Lease		3,984,512		-		-		-
Prepaid items		54,708		-		-		-
Deposits		4,000		-		-		-
Due from other governments		3,299,256		535,239		-		2,009,346
Due from other funds		228,541		-				-
Land held for resale						3,440,097		-
Total Assets	\$	32,517,933	\$	535,239	\$	4,000,245	\$	5,694,578
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Retentions payable Deposits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds  Total Liabilities	\$	890,106 700,473 14,507,725 - 202,774 372,496 - 16,673,574	\$	113,177 - - - - 1,038 115,393 229,608	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	2,076,380 - - 265,445 - 1,095 - 2,342,920
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		230,458		_		_		-
Lease		3,681,510						-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,911,968						-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		64,859		_		_		_
Restricted				305,631		3,440,097		3,351,658
Committed		4,486,978		-		-		-
Assigned		-, , 5 . 0		_		560,148		_
Unassigned		7,380,554						
Total Fund Balances		11,932,391		305,631		4,000,245		3,351,658
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	00 =1= 000	•	PO 8 000	•	4 600 04-	•	F 004 FFT
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	32,517,933	\$	535,239	\$	4,000,245	\$	5,694,578

	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		45.005.444	•	44.007.000
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	15,685,444	\$	44,227,366
		050 705		004.474
Accounts		359,735		964,174
Notes and loans		4,057,134		5,227,463
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		(2,857,133)		(4,021,311)
Interest		28,150		67,934
Lease		-		3,984,512
Prepaid items		8,083		62,791
Deposits		-		4,000
Due from other governments		1,188,283		7,032,124
Due from other funds		-		228,541
Land held for resale		2,784,600		6,224,697
Total Assets	\$	21,254,296	\$	64,002,291
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	692,418	\$	3,772,081
Accrued liabilities		56,715		757,188
Unearned revenues		273,811		14,781,536
Retentions payable		· -		265,445
Deposits payable		-		202,774
Due to other governments		126,511		501,140
Due to other funds		113,148		228,541
Total Liabilities		1,262,603		20,508,705
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenues		338,331		568,789
Lease		-		3,681,510
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		338,331		4,250,299
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable		8,083		72,942
Restricted		18,770,854		25,868,240
Committed		-		4,486,978
Assigned		906,853		1,467,001
Unassigned		(32,428)		7,348,126
Total Fund Balances		19,653,362		39,243,287
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	21,254,296	\$	64,002,291

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# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	39,243,287
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		317,492,638
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in governmental fund activity:  Loan payable Claims payable Compensated absences  \$ (604,652) (2,244,824) (1,735,440)	)	(4,584,916)
Net pension liability not included in the governmental fund activity	-	(6,076,781)
Net OPEB asset not included in the governmental fund activity		107,224
Deferred outflows related to pension items are not included in the governmental fund activity		6,816,896
Deferred inflows related to pension items are not included in the governmental fund activity		(6,028,867)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB items are not included in the governmental fund activity		363,692
Deferred inflows related to OPEB items are not included in the governmental fund activity		(815,261)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(12,269)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		568,789
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	347,074,432

			Special Revenue Funds	5	Capital Pro	jects Fu	ınds
		General	CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund	Improv	neral Capital ements Capital pjects Fund		Streets
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	19,197,868	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Assessments		<del>.</del>	-				-
Licenses and permits		3,138,451			136,004		-
Intergovernmental		12,629,880	1,232,972		-		3,268,099
Charges for services		1,824,188	-		-		-
Use of money and property		465,704	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures Contributions		799,788	-		-		-
		1,590	165 200		-		-
Miscellaneous	-	394,089	165,300		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>
Total Revenues		38,451,558	1,398,272	_	136,004		3,268,099
Expenditures:							
Current:		0.070.450					
General government		8,076,452	-		-		-
Public safety		18,749,531	-		-		-
Economic development		445,267	-		82,333		-
Culture and recreation		909,297	-		-		26,030
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements		3,024,578	- 873,060		-		26,030 15,464
Capital outlay		55,413	873,000		-		10,234,978
Debt service:		55,415			_		10,234,370
Principal retirement		3,583,049	_		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		184,839		<u> </u>			
Total Expenditures		35,028,426	873,060	_	82,333		10,276,472
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,423,132	525,212	_	53,671		(7,008,373)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		95,433	2,386		-		10,756,655
Transfers out		(477,000)	(456,085	)	-		(16,106)
Loan issued		-	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital asset			<del>-</del>	<u> </u>			
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)		(381,567)	(453,699	<u> </u>			10,740,549
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,041,565	71,513		53,671		3,732,176
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		8,890,826	234,118		3,946,574		(380,518)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	11,932,391	\$ 305,631	\$	4,000,245	\$	3,351,658

Revenues: Taxes \$ Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures: Current:	19,465 265,661 8,196,303 5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	\$ 19,197,868 19,465 3,540,116 25,327,254 7,726,053 311,632 1,265,820 4,416 691,491
Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	265,661 8,196,303 5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	\$ 19,465 3,540,116 25,327,254 7,726,053 311,632 1,265,820 4,416
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	265,661 8,196,303 5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	 3,540,116 25,327,254 7,726,053 311,632 1,265,820 4,416
Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	8,196,303 5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	25,327,254 7,726,053 311,632 1,265,820 4,416
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	 7,726,053 311,632 1,265,820 4,416
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	(154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102	311,632 1,265,820 4,416
Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	466,032 2,826 132,102	 1,265,820 4,416
Contributions Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	2,826 132,102	 4,416
Miscellaneous  Total Revenues  Expenditures:	132,102	
Total Revenues		 691,491
Expenditures:	14,830,182	
·		 58,084,115
Current:		
General government	9,569	8,086,021
Public safety	1,492,614	20,242,145
Economic development	48,713	576,313
Culture and recreation	52,643	961,940
Public ways and facilities	6,322,251	6,348,281
Community enhancements	226,578	4,139,680
Capital outlay	404,765	10,695,156
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	-	3,583,049
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	 184,839
Total Expenditures	8,557,133	 54,817,424
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,273,049	 3,266,691
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers in	573,842	11,428,316
Transfers out	(10,479,125)	(11,428,316)
Loan issued	396,601	396,601
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	150,676	 150,676
Total Other Financing Sources		
(Uses)	(9,358,006)	 547,277
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,084,957)	3,813,968
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	22,738,319	 35,429,319
Fund Balances, End of Year \$		\$ 39,243,287

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,813,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.  Capital outlay	\$ 10,695,156	
Depreciation Proceeds from sale of capital assets Gain on disposition of capital assets	(12,660,792) (150,676) 123,409	(1,992,903)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Loan issued	(396,601)	
Loan repayments	3,583,049	3,186,448
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		52,931
Certain long-term liabilities were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term liabilities were not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These amounts represented the changes in those long-term liabilities:		
Changes in claims payable	(38,789) (308,824)	(347,613)
Pension expenses recognized in accordance with GASB 68 not recognized in the governmental fund activity.		6,825,985
OPEB expenses recognized in accordance with GASB 75 not recognized in the governmental fund activity.		222,404
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		(44,775)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,716,445

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	S	olid Waste
Assets: Current:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,205,475
Receivables:		, ,
Accounts		188,883
Interest Propaid costs		2,315 883
Prepaid costs		003
Total Current Assets		1,397,556
Noncurrent:		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		350,082
Net OPEB asset		869
Total Noncurrent Assets		350,951
Total Assets		1,748,507
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension related items		87,718
OPEB related items		2,948
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		90,666
Liabilities:		
Current: Accounts payable		43,946
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		9,305
Due to other governments		48,523
Total Current Liabilities		101,774
Noncurrent: Net pension liability		125,558
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		125,558
Total Liabilities		227,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension related items		123,489
OPEB related items		6,608
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		130,097
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets		350,082
Unrestricted		1,131,662
Total Net Position	\$	1,481,744

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Solid Wast	
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	1,092,589 58,444
Total Operating Revenues		1,151,033
Operating Expenses: Salaries and benefits Professional services Materials and supplies		236,936 135,847 182,822
General and adminstative expenses Depreciation expense		224,544 7,874
Total Operating Expenses		788,023
Operating Income		363,010
Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: Investment earnings		(14,530)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		(14,530)
Changes in Net Position		348,480
Net Position:		
Beginning of Year		1,133,264
End of Fiscal Year	\$	1,481,744

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	So	olid Waste
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users	\$	1 077 700
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	Ф	1,077,788 (267,230)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services  Cash paid to employees for services		(507,301)
Cash paid to employees for services		(007,001)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		303,257
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment earnings		(16,126)
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities		(16,126)
Net Cash Osed for investing Activities		(10,120)
Net Increase in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents		287,131
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		918,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,205,475
Page mailing in at Operation Income to Nat Oach		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income	\$	363,010
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	Ψ	303,010
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		7,874
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(73,851)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		606
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		(883)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		31,440
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		9,305
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		11,577
Increase (decrease) in pension and related items Increase (decrease) in OPEB and related items		(43,805) (2,016)
inclease (declease) in OFED and related items		(2,010)
Total Adjustments		(59,753)
Net Cash Provided by		
Operating Activities	\$	303,257

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Custo	odial Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	327,047
Total Assets		327,047
Net Position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		327,047
Total Net Position	\$	327,047

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Custo	dial Funds
Additions: Intergovernmental	\$	734,337
Total Additions		734,337
Deductions: Contractual services		752,597
Total Deductions		752,597
Changes in Net Position		(18,260)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		345,307
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	327,047

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### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The City applies all GASB pronouncements to its activities. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The City of Citrus Heights (City) was incorporated on January 1, 1997, under the laws and regulations of the State of California (State). The City operates under a City Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police), highways and streets, solid waste, stormwater utility, public improvements, planning and zoning, building, animal services, transit, and general administration.

The City operates as a self-governing local government unit within the State. It has limited authority to levy taxes and has the authority to determine user fees for the services that it provides. The City's main funding sources include sales taxes, utility user tax, other intergovernmental revenue from state and federal sources, user fees, and federal and state financial assistance. All secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes, with the exception of tax assessments associated with lighting and landscaping special assessments, are paid to Sacramento County (County) as part of the revenue neutrality payment obligation through June 30, 2022. The financial statements do not reflect the amounts received on behalf of the City and retained by the County.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, the City, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization, or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements would present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The City does not have any component units.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the nonfiduciary activities of the government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, while business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to the operating or capital requirements of a specific function or segment. All taxes and internally dedicated resources classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and,
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Qualitative factors are also considered in determining major programs as applicable.

The City reports the following major funds:

- **General Fund** The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. From this fund are paid the City's general operating expenditures, the fixed charges, and the capital costs that are not paid through other funds.
- Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund Accounts for CDBG grant funds used for low income housing loans for home repair projects, and non-profit public service activities.
- **General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund** Accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects.
- Solid Waste Enterprise Fund Accounts for all administrative costs required for all solid waste activities.
- Streets Fund Accounts for all capital project expenditures for various street projects.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

#### **Governmental Funds**

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally or otherwise restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity. The Custodial Funds account for monies held for other governments and/or entities to which the City provides accounting and investing services, which none are held in trust. There are two custodial funds reported by the City, including a fund that collects fire development fees on behalf of the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District and a fund that collects transportation fees on behalf of the State.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The accounting objectives of economic resources measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recorded in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transaction takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) as well as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position, which serves as an indicator of financial position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities along with deferred outflows and inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide statements, proprietary funds and private purpose trust funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund, including charges for services. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount, and available means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end, with the exception of grant revenues, sales tax and Transportation Development Act (TDA) revenues. Grant revenues are considered to be available if collected within 180 days and sales tax and TDA revenues are considered to be available if collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

### Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

#### Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including the City's investments in LAIF, and U.S. Agency Obligations.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

### Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, utility user taxes, intergovernmental subventions, interest earnings, expense reimbursements, and leases.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, utility user tax, and intergovernmental subventions since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available, such as property tax, are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. The City's experience is that all accounts receivable are collectible; therefore an allowance for doubtful accounts is unnecessary.

### Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. See Note 9 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute current resources available for appropriation. The consumption method is used to recognize prepaid items.

#### Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. The City policy has set the capitalization threshold at \$5,000 for non-infrastructure capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure capital assets.

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental activity infrastructure assets were not capitalized; however, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Purchases of capital assets are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds and proceeds from sales of capital assets are reported as other financing sources. In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the cost of assets sold or retired, net of accumulated depreciation, is removed from the statement of net position in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss on disposal is reported.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and improvements	5-50 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Network equipment/ phone system	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. These amounts will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) or an inflow of resources (revenue) until the earnings process is complete. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for grants and other revenues when the amounts meet the asset recognition criteria under GASB Statement No. 33 and were accrued as receivables, but the amounts were not received in the availability period. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources include amounts deferred related to the City's lease under GASB 87 as described in Note 5, the City's pension plan under GASB 68 as described in Note 11, and the City's OPEB plan under GASB 75 as described in Note 12.

#### Compensated Absences

Employees accrue annual leave, long-term medical, holiday and compensatory time off benefits. City employees have vested interests in the amount of accrued time off, with the exception of long-term medical leave, and are paid at termination. Also, annually an employee may elect to be compensated for up to 40 hours of unused annual leave. However, this is contingent upon the employee using at least 40 hours of annual leave during the previous year and, the employee having a minimum balance of 80 annual leave hours after the payment. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements) and are currently payable. The City had no employee resignations or retirements for which compensated absences should be accrued in governmental funds at year-end. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences.

### **Equity Classification**

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity in government-wide and proprietary fund statements is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The net investment in capital assets for the City represents the balance of capital assets, net of depreciation since the City has no long-term liabilities outstanding.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in the following components:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance -

 Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items and inventory) and assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable).

#### Restricted Fund Balance -

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (creditors, grantors, contributors and other governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (e.g., Gas Tax).

#### Committed Fund Balance -

- Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period (encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove. Council Resolution is required to be approved to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

### Assigned Fund Balance -

- Resources constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Governmental fund amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed in other than the General Fund are automatically reported as assigned.
- Assigned amounts for specific purposes are determined and authorized by the City Manager. Use of assigned funds exceeding the City Manager's \$50,000 spending authority are approved as part of the budget or by Council Resolution.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Unassigned Fund Balance -

- Residual net resources.
- Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

See Note 8 for more information about the City's net position and fund balances.

#### Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### **Program Revenues**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Property Tax

The County of Sacramento (County) is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first day of September of each year. They become a lien on real property on March 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These taxes are paid in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, cost, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due. Any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer. Additional tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payments and delinquent dates, but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill. Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on March 1, and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

The City participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allow counties to distribute secured real property, assessment, and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to cities each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to Sacramento County. The Teeter Plan payment, which includes 95% of the outstanding accumulated delinquency, is

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

included in property tax revenue retained by Sacramento County under the revenue neutrality agreement. Under the Teeter Plan Code, 5% of the delinquency must remain with the County as a reserve for Teeter Plan funding.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers within individual governmental funds have been eliminated. See Note 9 for more information about the City's interfund transfers.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net pension liability.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net OPEB asset.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Joint Power Authorities or Jointly Governed Organizations

The City of Citrus Heights is a member of several Joint Powers Agencies (JPA) and/or jointly managed agencies, including:

Agency Name	Purpose
Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District	Monitors and enforces air quality requirements
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District	Waste water conveyance, treatment and disposal
Sacramento Area Sewer District	Sewer service
Sacramento Transportation Authority	Administration of transportation projects
Sacramento Area Council of Governments	Regional planning (primarily transportation)

Funding, if any, for each of these agencies from the City is based on annual appropriations. The City has no continuing financial liability and does not expect any financial burden from its participation in any of these agencies. Separate financial statements of the JPA's can be obtained by contacting the individual agencies.

#### **New GASB Pronouncements**

<u>Current Year Standards</u> – In fiscal year 2022, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability, and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2022, the City's pooled cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Government-Wide Statements of Net Position					
Governmental Activities	\$ 44,227,366				
Business-Type Activities	1,205,475				
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	327,047				
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 45,759,888				

Cash and investments are categorized as follows under GASB Statement No. 40:

Cash on hand	\$ 4,600
Deposits with financial institutions	2,282,705
Total Cash and Deposits	2,287,305
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	43,472,583
Total Investments	43,472,583
Total Cash and Deposits	\$ 45,759,888

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value. California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

			Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Minimum	Percentage Of	Investment In
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	N/A	None	None
Local agency bonds	5 years	N/A	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	N/A	40%	10%
High grade commercial paper	270 days	AAA	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	Α	15%	3%
Medium-term corporate notes	5 years	Α	30%	10%
Mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Repurchase agreements	1 year	Α	20%	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	92 days	Α	20% of base value	None
LAIF	N/A	N/A	\$50,000,000	None

The City complied with the provisions of California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The City will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposures to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 5 years. As of June 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity of investments was 12 months or less.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market rate interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Maturities as of Year-end							
		12 months	13-24	25-60				
Type of Investment	Total	or Less	Months	Months				
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43,472,583	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -				
Total	\$ 43,472,583	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -				

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

Type of Investment	Total	AAA	AA+	Unrated	
Local Aganov Investment Fund	\$ 43,472,583	¢	<b>¢</b>	\$ 43.472.583	
Local Agency Investment Fund	φ 43,472,363	<u>э</u> -	<u></u>	φ 43,472,363	
Total	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,472,583	

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the City contains no limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. At June 30, 2022 the City did not hold investments in any one issuer, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools that represent more than 5% of the City's investment portfolio.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit).

The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,282,705 and the balance in financial institutions was \$2,404,226. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,154,226 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment in LAIF**

LAIF is stated at fair value. LAIF is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$43,472,583 and is managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 1.88 percent was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The weighted average maturity of investments held by LAIF was 311 days at June 30, 2022.

#### **Fair Value Measurement**

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Uncategorized – Investments in the Local Agency Investment Funds/State Investment Pools (LAIF) are not measured using the input levels above because the City's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance of LAIF is available for withdrawal on demand.

As of June 30, 2022, 100% of the City's investments were invested in LAIF with a reported balance of \$43,472,583.

### Note 3: Loans and Notes Receivable

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds and first-time home buyer's funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Accrued interest receivable on the loans totaled \$386,743 at year-end. The City also has loans receivable from employees for computer purchases in the General Fund.

Governmental activities loans and notes receivable consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Ending e 30, 2021	Ad	dditions	D	eletions	Ending June 30, 2022	
General Fund	\$ 14,478	\$	-	\$	8,327	\$	6,151
Home Program Grants Special Revenue Fund	2,701,495		28,077		107,103		2,622,469
CDBG Special Revenue Fund	1,319,707		9,771		165,300		1,164,178
Housing Agency Fund	1,434,665		-		-		1,434,665
Total Loans/Notes Receivable	\$ 5,470,345	\$	37,848	\$	280,730	\$	5,227,463

#### Note 3: Loans and Notes Receivable (Continued)

The following is a summary of the loans and notes receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

**General Fund** – These loans are for employees to purchase computers for personal use as a benefit provided by the City, loans are provided on a two-year amortization schedule and do not bear interest. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2022, was \$6,151.

**HOME Program Grants Special Revenue Fund** – The City made various loans to qualifying participants within the City that are reported in this fund under the following programs:

Federal First Time Home Buyers Program (HOME) - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The loan principal may be assumed by another qualifying borrower or must be returned to the City if a nonqualifying buyer purchases the related property. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% at year-end and the loans mature through 2044. The HOME notes receivable balance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,608,342.

HUD Economic Development Initiative Grants - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The interest rates were 3% at year-end. The down payment assistance notes receivable at June 30, 2022 were \$14,127.

Total HOME Program Grant Special Revenue Fund loans totaled \$2,622,469, of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the full amount.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund — The City participates in a CDBG Revolving loan program. The program is federally funded and provides housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. The City makes loans to resident homeowners who qualify as low income, some of which are deferred and are not repaid until the title to the property changes. Interest rates range from 0% to 3% at year-end and mature through 2048. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$1,164,178 of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the full amount.

**Housing Agency Fund** – The City took over maintenance of loans receivable during the year ended June 30, 2016, for Low and Moderate-income Housing that were previously reported in the Successor Agency Housing Fund. The City provides home rehabilitation loans to eligible low and moderate-income borrowers. Interest on certain loans may be waived by the City if the loan remains outstanding for the full term; therefore, interest income is recorded when received. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% and loans mature through 2044. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$1,434,665, of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the \$234,665.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:	Julic 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Hansicis	Julic 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 15,098,544	\$ 351,702	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,450,246
Art	103,650	-	-	-	103,650
Construction in Progress	2,602,408	8,392,852		(420,321)	10,574,939
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,804,602	8,744,554		(420,321)	26,128,835
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	41,275,495	51,741	-		41,327,236
Infrastructure and land improvements	581,358,726	1,719,547	-	420,321	583,498,594
Machinery and equipment	9,749,066	179,314	(405,656)		9,522,724
Total capital assets, being depreciated	632,383,287	1,950,602	(405,656)	420,321	634,348,554
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(23,577,484)	(428, 347)	-	-	(24,005,831)
Infrastructure and land improvements	(299, 135, 515)	(11,673,001)	-	-	(310,808,516)
Machinery and equipment	(7,989,349)	(559,444)	378,389		(8,170,404)
Total accumulated depreciation	(330,702,348)	(12,660,792)	378,389		(342,984,751)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	301,680,939	(10,710,190)	(27,267)	420,321	291,363,803
Total capital assets, net	\$ 319,485,541	\$ (1,965,636)	\$ (27,267)	\$ -	\$ 317,492,638

	_	Balance e 30, 2021	Ad	Iditions	Deletions		 Balance e 30, 2022
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	\$	393,675	\$		\$		\$ 393,675
Total capital assets being depreciated		393,675					 393,675
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(35,719)		(7,874)			(43,593)
Total accumulated depreciation		(35,719)		(7,874)		-	(43,593)
Total capital assets, net	\$	357,956	\$	(7,874)	\$	_	\$ 350,082

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$	506,360
Public safety		478,307
Public ways and facilities	11	1,653,985
Culture and recreation		22,140
Total Governmental Activites	\$ 12	2,660,792
	-	
Solid waste	\$	7,874
Total Business-Type Activites	\$	7,874

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 5: Lease Receivable

The City is reporting Lease Receivable of \$3,984,512 at June 30, 2022. For 2022, the City reported lease revenue of \$337,238 and interest revenue of \$180,215 related to lease payments received.

The principal and interest payments that are expected to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	I	Principal		Interest			
Fiscal Year	Р	ayments		Payments		al Payments	
2023	\$	78,846	\$	177,763	\$	256,609	
2024		126,494		173,242		299,736	
2025		177,478		166,509		343,987	
2026		231,933		157,411		389,344	
2027		290,047		145,787		435,834	
2028		352,018		131,469		483,487	
2029		418,052		114,279		532,331	
2030		488,366		94,030		582,396	
2031		563,189		70,525		633,714	
2032		639,009		43,556		682,565	
2033		619,080		14,016		633,096	

Dignity Health Lease - On February 14, 2017, the City entered into a fifteen-and-1/2-year lease agreement with the Dignity Health Medical Foundation for the lease of land to place a medical building for the operation of hospital outpatient services and other medical and ancillary uses for the residents of the City and surrounding areas. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2033 and will collect \$78,846 in principal and \$177,763 in interest during fiscal year 2023. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement.

#### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance ne 30, 2021 Additions		Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year		
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	_							
Line of credit	\$ 3,520,001	\$	-	\$ (3,520,001)	\$	-	\$	-
Equipment loan	271,099		-	(63,048)		208,051		66,099
Streetlight Retrofit	-		396,601			396,601		15,947
	\$ 3,791,100	\$	396,601	\$ (3,583,049)	\$	604,652	\$	82,046

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

On November 29, 2018, the City executed the 2018 Lease Revenue Credit Facility financing in the amount of \$12,000,000 which included a revolving credit agreement, site lease, facilities sublease and assignment agreement. The revolving line of credit funds may be utilized to fund certain capital improvements and operating expenditures until the City receives its share of property tax revenue from Sacramento County in Fiscal Year 2022-23 under the terms of the 1997 Revenue Neutrality Agreement described in Note 13. The revolving line of credit bears interest ranging from 4.40% to 6.09%. Interest payments on any funds drawn from the line of credit will be due on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2019. Payment of outstanding principal is due on September 1, 2024 at which time the line of credit will be repaid in full. The City has the option to repay all or a portion of the funds it has drawn beginning March 1, 2021 with no prepayment penalty. The City's drawdown of funds during fiscal year 2019-20 was used to purchase the Sylvan Middle School property, which is being marketed for redevelopment and currently reported as land held for resale. The loan is paid in full at June 30, 2022.

On July 20,2020, the City executed the equipment loan in the amount of \$347,268. The funds were used to purchase audio video equipment for use in the City's Community Center. The loan bears interest of 4.84%. Payments of principal and interest are due annually in July. The final annual payment is due July 20, 2024. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$208,051.

The annual debt services requirements at June 30, 2022, on the equipment loan are as follows:

		Audio Video Equipment Loan									
Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total					
2023	\$	66,099	\$	10,070	\$	76,169					
2024		69,299		6,870		76,169					
2025		72,653		3,516		76,169					
Totals	\$	208,051	\$	20,456	\$	228,507					

On December 30, 2021, the City executed the Energy Conservation Assistance Act Loan Agreement in the amount of \$396,601 to replace existing street lights with energy efficient materials and implement energy efficiency measures, including replacing the palm uplights on Sunrise Blvd in the Sunrise MarketPlace. The loan bears interest of 1%. Payments of principal and interest are due June 22 and December 22 of each year beginning December 22, 2022. The final annual payment is due December 22, 2041. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$396,601.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt services requirements at June 30, 2022, on the Streetlight Retrofit loan are as follows:

	Streetlight Retrofit Loan										
Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal		Interest	Total						
2023	\$	15,947	\$	7,209	\$	23,156					
2024		19,387		3,768		23,155					
2025		19,592		3,564		23,156					
2026		19,788		3,368		23,156					
2027		19,986		3,169		23,155					
2028-2032		102,965		12,814		115,779					
2033-2037		108,241		7,538		115,779					
2038-2041	90,695		90,695			92,752					
Totals	\$	396,601	\$	43,487	\$	440,088					

### Note 7: Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of changes in the City's compensated absences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2022		Current Portion	
Governmental Activities	\$	1,696,651	\$	1,667,296	\$	1,628,507	\$	1,735,440	\$	1,419,891
Total	\$	1,696,651	\$	1,667,296	\$	1,628,507	\$	1,735,440	\$	1,419,891

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Note 8: Fund Balances

Nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

		Maior	Funds				
Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	CDBG Grants	General Capital Improvements Streets		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total	
Nonspendable:	Ochcrair and	ODDO Grants	Improvements		- Turius		
Loans and notes receivable	\$ 6,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,151	
Prepaid items	54,708	-	· -	-	8,083	62,791	
Deposits	4,000	_	_	_	-	4,000	
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	64,859				8,083	72,942	
Restricted for:							
Donations for projects	_	_	-	-	_	-	
Stormwater maintenance	_	_	-	-	2,920,941	2,920,941	
Streets, roads and park projects	_	_	3,440,097	3,351,658	6,714,197	13,505,952	
Assessment district maintenance	-	-	-	-	1,213,193	1,213,193	
Police activities	-	-	-	-	1,167,186	1,167,186	
Housing projects	-	305,631	-	-	6,060,172	6,365,803	
Pedestrian and bicycle facilities	-	-	-	-	222,709	222,709	
Transit program	-	-	-	-	270,173	270,173	
Tree mitigation	-	-	-	-	202,283	202,283	
Total Restricted Fund Balances	_	305,631	3,440,097	3,351,658	18,770,854	25,868,240	
Committed to:							
Insurance	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000	
Petty Cash	2,600	-	-	-	-	2,600	
Revenue stabilization	4,184,378	-	-	-	-	4,184,378	
Total Committed Fund Balances	4,486,978	-		-	-	4,486,978	
Assigned to:							
Capital improvements and equipment							
replacement	-	-	560,148	-	906,853	1,467,001	
·			560,148	_	906,853	1,467,001	
Unassigned in:							
General Fund	7,380,554	-	-	-	-	7,380,554	
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	(32,428)	(32,428)	
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	7,380,554				(32,428)	7,348,126	
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 11,932,391	\$ 305,631	\$ 4,000,245	\$ 3,351,658	\$ 19,653,362	\$ 39,243,287	

#### Note 8: Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Nonspendable

- Loans and notes receivable used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate
  that long-term loans or notes receivable do not represent available, spendable resources,
  even though they are components of assets. Only loans and notes not deferred are
  reported in this category.
- Prepaid items used to indicate that prepaid amounts do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets.
- **Deposits** used to indicate that deposits receivable do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets.

#### Restricted

- HOME Program Grants represents amounts restricted for housing under the HOME program.
- **CDBG Grants** represents amounts restricted for housing purposes by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Housing Agency represents assets of the former redevelopment agency that are restricted for low and moderate-income housing.
- Code Enforcement represents amounts restricted for the rental housing inspection program.
- Gas Tax represents amounts restricted for street maintenance and construction by the State excise Gas Tax.
- Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation represents amounts restricted for use by the Road Repair Accountability Act SB1.
- Stormwater Utility Tax represents parcel tax revenue restricted for stormwater drainage activities.
- Road Maintenance represents amounts restricted for streets and road maintenance by the Department of Transportation.
- Transit represents transit revenues restricted for transit activities.
- **Transportation Development Act** represents amounts restricted for use by the Transportation Development Act for transportation, including pedestrian and bicycle.
- Police represents police revenues restricted to fund programs to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.
- Police Grants represents police grants revenues restricted for police programs and activities.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 8: Fund Balances (Continued)

- **Property Based Improvement District** represents special assessments on Sunrise Market Place businesses for marketing expenditures and special assessments on homeowners for lighting and landscaping and other expenses.
- Roadway Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for roadway development.
- Housing Mitigation Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for housing mitigation development.
- Tree Mitigation Fees represents impact fees restricted for tree mitigation.
- Park Facilities Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for park facilities development.
- Transit Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for transit development.
- Assessment District Funds represents special assessments restricted to assessment district activities.
- Police Donations represents donations received restricted to police K-9 and other programs.
- Measure A Construction represents funds received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority restricted for construction, upgrade and improvement of the City's roadways.

#### Committed

General Fund Reserve – used to represent that portion of fund balance committed for unexpected events that may impact the City's ability to provide essential day-to-day services. The attached table lists specific amounts committed by the City Council. The revenue stabilization commitment amount may only be used if there is a revenue shortfall of 10% of budgeted revenues. This amount can only be changed by Council Resolution.

### **Assigned**

The fund balances of the General Capital Improvements Fund and Community Capital Replacement Fund are assigned to various equipment and public improvement projects.

The City's policy is to use restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources, in that order, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Note 9: Interfund Transactions

#### a. Due to and due from other funds

Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	Amount			
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	113,148		
	CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund		115,393		
		\$	228,541		

This balance resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur. All interfund receivables are expected to be paid back within the next fiscal year.

#### b. Interfund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In		Amount
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	477,000
CDBG Grants Special Revenue	Streets Capital Projects Fund		359,243
CDBG Grants Special Revenue	Non-Major Governmental Funds		96,842
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund		79,327
Streets Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		16,106
Non-Major Governmental Funds	CDBG Grants Special Revenue		2,386
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Streets Capital Projects Fund	1	0,397,412
		\$ 1	1,428,316

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) subsidize operating losses. The majority of transfers were from city revenue funds to cover the costs of the City's capital projects. Transfers into the general fund were reimbursements of unused funds.

#### Note 10: Risk Management

The City is a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC), for liability and workers' compensation risk coverage. The liability program includes coverage for general liability, property, bond and employment practices. PARSAC is a statewide joint powers authority providing risk sharing services to California public entities that provide a municipal service. The City pays an annual premium to PARSAC for its risk coverage and purchases commercial insurance for claims exceeding PARSAC limits.

#### Note 10: Risk Management (Continued)

The City's insurance coverage for liability and workers' compensation provided through membership in PARSAC are as follows:

Amou	nt	Coverage Provider		
General Liability Clain	ns			
\$0 - 3	\$ 100,000	Self-insured retention	City funds	
100,001 -	1,000,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
1,000,001 -	50,000,000	CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool	
50,000,001 -	statutory limits	Excess insurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		
Workers' Compensati	on Claims			
\$0 - 9	\$ 100,000	Self-Insured retention	City funds	
100,001 -	500,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
500,001 -	5,000,000	Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Pool	Shared risk pool	
5,000,001 -	50,000,000	Commercial reinsurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		
50,000,001 -	statutory limits	Excess insurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		

PARSAC is governed by a Board of Directors and member agencies are entitled to representation on the board. Upon termination of the joint powers authority agreements, all property of PARSAC would be returned to the respective parties that transferred the property to PARSAC and any surplus of funds and assets would be returned to the parties in proportion to actual balances of each entity. Complete financial information for PARSAC is available at 1525 Response Road, Sacramento, California 95815.

The City accrues a claims liability for probable losses under the self-insured retention amounts in the table above for the general liability and workers' compensation programs. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30 is dependent on future developments, the estimated claims liability is based upon information from the actuarial valuation reports. The liability is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors, and includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims. There are no claims that exceed insurance coverage and no significant changes or reductions in insurance coverage over the last three fiscal years. Costs relating to the litigation of claims are charged to expenditures as incurred. Claims are generally liquidated by the General Fund. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, fund balance of \$300,000 has been committed for self-insured general liability claims.

Changes in the liability and workers' compensation claims payable amounts during the year ended June 30. 2022, were as follows:

			CI	aims and						
	E	Beginning Changes in		Ending			Amount Due			
	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Estimates		Cla	aims Paid	Jur	ne 30, 2022	Withi	n One Year
General Liability	\$	566,000	\$	404,820	\$	(57,172)	\$	913,648	\$	404,595
Workers' Compensation		1,370,000		468,879		(507,703)		1,331,176		513,041
Total Claims Payable	\$	1,936,000	\$	873,699	\$	(564,875)	\$	2,244,824	\$	917,636

#### Note 11: Pension Plans

#### a. General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan or PERFC) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). PERFC consists of a miscellaneous risk pool and a safety risk pool, which are comprised of the following rate plans:

- Miscellaneous Plan
- Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan
- Safety Plan
- Safety Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Safety Police Plan

Although one Plan exists, CalPERS provides the information separately for the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools and the information is presented separately below where available. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by

State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### **Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the 1959 Survivor Benefit level 4, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

The rate plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Rate Plan	Miscellaneous Second Tier Rate Plan	PEPRA Miscellaneous Rate Plan
Hire date	Prior to August 13, 2011	August 13, 2011 to December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement) Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution rates Required UAL payment	2.7% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 2.0% to 2.7% 8.00% 14.194% \$592,582	2.0% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 63 1.426% to 2.418% 7.00% 10.484% \$12,299	2.0% @ 62 5 years service monthly for life 52 - 67 1.0% to 2.5% 6.75% 7.732% \$6,821
	Safety Rate Plan	Safety Second Tier Rate Plan	PEPRA Safety Rate Plan
	Prior to August 13, 2011	August 13, 2011 to December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement) Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution rates Required UAL payment	3.0% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 3.00% 9.00% 23.674% \$ 482,504	3.0% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 2.40% to 3.00% 9.00% 20.585% \$ 28,635	2.7% @ 57 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 57 2.00% to 2.70% 13.00% 13.044% \$ 17,279

All rate plans except the PEPRA plans are closed to new members that are not already CalPERS participants. All miscellaneous rate plans are combined and reported below as the Miscellaneous Risk Pool and all safety rate plans are combined and reported below as the Safety Risk Pool.

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the risk pools are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

#### Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for each risk pool were as follows:

	Mi	scellaneous			
		Risk Pool	Safety Risk Pool		Total
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,524,519	\$	1,958,149	\$ 3,482,668

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each risk pool as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous Risk Pool Safety Risk Pool	\$	3,998,659 2,203,680	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	6,202,339	
Financial Statement Classification: Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$	6,076,781 125,558	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	6,202,339	

The City's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each risk pool is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each risk pool used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the risk pool relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 for the measurement date as of the previous year-end were as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	
Measurement Date	Risk Pool	Risk Pool	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.227830%	0.133750%	0.361580%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.210590%	0.062790%	0.273380%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.017240%	-0.070960%	-0.088200%

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,321,597 for both risk pools combined. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each risk pool and combined from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool		Safety F	Risk Pool	Total	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,582,843	\$ -	\$ 1,965,298	\$ -	\$ 3,548,141	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience	448,407		376,497	1,311,613	824,904	1,311,613
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between the employer's contributions						
and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	-	442,149	18,787	907,976	18,787	1,350,125
Change in employer's proportion	762,327	-	1,750,455	-	2,512,782	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings						
on plan investments		3,490,618				3,490,618
Total	\$ 2,793,577	\$ 3,932,767	\$ 4,111,037	\$ 2,219,589	\$ 6,904,614	\$ 6,152,356
Financial Statement Classification:						
Governmental Activities					\$ 6.816.896	\$ 6,028,867
Business-type Activities					87,718	123,489
Total					\$ 6,904,614	\$ 6,152,356
IOIAI					ψ 0,304,014	ψ 0,132,330

The \$3,548,141 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the risk pools will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Mi	Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous Saftey Risk					
June 30		Risk Pool		Risk Pool		Risk Pool Pool		Pool	 Total
2023	\$	(469,689)	\$	299,526	\$ (170,163)				
2024		(564,848)		105,081	(459,767)				
2025		(722,868)		(117,519)	(840,387)				
2026		(964,628)		(360,938)	 (1,325,566)				
	\$	(2,722,033)	\$	(73,850)	\$ (2,795,883)				

#### Note 11: **Pension Plans (Continued)**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations for each risk pool was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021 **Actuarial Cost Method** Entry-Age Normal Cost Method Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50% Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service Mortality Rate Table<sup>1</sup> Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds

Contract COLA up to 2.50% until

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on Purchasing Power applies

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MO 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF C fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### **Subsequent Events**

On November 15, 2021, the CalPERS Board of Administration selected a new asset allocation mix that will guide the fund's investment portfolio for the next four years, while at the same time retaining the reduction of discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%. Notable changes for employers include a decrease in median total employer contribution rates, from less than 1% in miscellaneous plans to a decrease of more than 2% in some safety plans. Contribution changes will take effect in fiscal year 2023-24 for public agencies.

#### Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool, calculated using the discount rate for each risk pool, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Safety Risk Pool		Total
1% Decrease	6.15%		6.15%		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,803,611	\$	9,928,188	\$	20,731,799
Current Discount Rate	7.15%		7.15%		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,998,659	\$	2,203,680	\$	6,202,339
1% Increase	8.15%		8.15%		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ (1,626,897)	\$	(4,141,049)	\$	(5,767,946)

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about each risk pool's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

On June 22, 2017, the City Council approved an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) retirement plan in the form of a Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (the 401(a) Plan), which is a single employer defined contribution retirement plan. Eligible employees include the City's full-time executive management directors, who may participate at their employment date. The 401(a) Plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation and assets are invested in an IRC qualifying trust fund with VantageTrust, which holds assets for the benefit of participants.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the 401(a) Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. For each employee in the 401(a) Plan, the City is required to contribute a match 5% of the employee's annual salary to an individual employee account. Employees are mandated to contribute a minimum of 5% and up to 20% of their salary to the 401(a) Plan, subject to IRC contribution limits. Employees vest immediately in their own contributions and City contributions, as well as earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee contributions made totaled \$41,695 each.

### Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

### **Plan Description**

The City's defined benefit other post-employment healthcare benefit plan, the City of Citrus Heights Retiree Healthcare Plan (the Plan), is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS. The Plan provides access to lifetime healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Employees are eligible to participate in the

#### Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Plan if they retire directly from the City under CalPERS at age 50 or above and with five years of CalPERS service (there is no minimum service requirement if retirement is due to a service-connected disability). The City does not provide dental, vision, life, or Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees. The City Council has the authority under the California Government Code and City Municipal Code to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan subject to collective bargaining arrangements. The City participates in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund, which is administered by CalPERS. The CERBT is a tax-qualified irrevocable trust organized under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 to administer retiree healthcare benefits and collectively invest plan assets of all trust members. The CERBT issues publicly available financial statements that can be obtained from the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The City provides retiree medical benefits through the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City pays the PEMHCA minimum contribution for active employees. For eligible retirees, the City contributes not less than 5% of the active employee contribution, multiplied by the number of years the City has participated in PEMHCA (the City joined PEMHCA in 1998). The City's active employee contributions were \$149 and \$143 per month and retiree contributions were \$149 and \$143 per month for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In May 2014, the Actuarial Standards Board released revisions to ASOP 6 requiring that the implied subsidy for claims in excess of premiums be valued for community rated plans such as PEMHCA.

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	21
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	58
Active employees	179
Total	258

#### **Contributions**

The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and employees, subject to the City's Memorandum of Understanding with employee bargaining units. The City currently funds Plan benefits through the CERBT by contributing at least 100% of the actuarially determined contribution based on the active employee contributions described above. During the measurement period, the City contributed \$0 to the CERBT, which were recognized as reductions to the City's net OPEB asset.

#### **Net OPEB Asset**

The City's net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

#### Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll Actuarial assumptions: Discount rate 6.75% Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 3.00%, aggregate Mortality, retirement, disability and termination Derived using CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale MP-2018 Healthcare cost trend rates Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2076 and later years Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate 4.04% in 2076 and later years

Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study dated December 2017 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target Allocation	Expected Rate of
Asset Class	CERBT- Strategy 1	Return
Global Equity	59.0%	4.42%
Fixed Income	25.0%	1.00%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.0%	0.15%
Commodities	3.0%	1.73%
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	8.0%	3.98%
Total	100.0%	
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.50%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return, Rounded		6.70%

# Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75% which was the same discount rate used in the previous valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
			Plan Fiduciary Net		Net OPEB	
	Total	OPEB Liability		Position	Liab	oility/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2021						
(6/30/2020 Measurement Date)	\$	2,987,100	\$	2,668,733	\$	318,367
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		245,140		-		245,140
Interest		215,907		-		215,907
Actual vs. expected experience		16,101		-		16,101
Assumption changes		(101,261)		-		(101,261)
Contributions - employer				68,364		(68,364)
Investment income		-		734,994		(734,994)
Administrative expenses		-		(1,011)		1,011
Benefit payments		(68,364)		(68,364)		-
Net changes		307,523		733,983		(426,460)
Balance at June 30, 2022						
(6/30/2021 Measurement Date)	\$	3,294,623	\$	3,402,716	\$	(108,093)
Financial Statement Classification:						
Governmental Activities					\$	(107,224)
Business-type Activities					Ψ	(869)
Basilioso typo / touvidos					\$	(108,093)
					-	

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase		
	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%		
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	306,488	\$	(108,093)	\$	(457,600)	

#### Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare				
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase			
	(6.5%/5.5%	(7.5%/6.5%	(8.5%/7.5%			
	decreasing to 3%)	decreasing to 4%)	decreasing to 5%)			
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (526,538)	\$ (108,093)	\$ 407,344			

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERBT financial report at www.calpers.ca.gov.

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$127,583. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
	of I	Resources	of Resources			
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	352,003	\$	-		
Changes in assumptions		-		148,197		
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		14,637		280,613		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings						
on plan investments		-		393,059		
Total	\$	366,640	\$	821,869		

The \$352,003 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 erred Inflows of Resources					
2022	\$ (143,491)					
2023	(139,504)					
2024	(141,663)					
2025	(158,501)					
2026	(47,525)					
Thereafter	(176,548)					
	\$ (807,232)					

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Note 13: Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a party to claims and lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. The City's management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from these claims will not have material adverse impact on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City of Citrus Heights and the County of Sacramento entered into a revenue neutrality agreement pursuant to Government Code §56845, as a means of mitigating the financial impacts of the incorporation of the City in 1997 on the County's general fund. Currently all secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes levied and collected pursuant to state law within the City's corporate limits, except landscaping and lighting special assessments, are retained by the County. The County will collect and retain the property taxes beginning January 1, 1997 through June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, property taxes retained by the County in accordance with the revenue neutrality agreement totaled \$6,521,191.

In 2011, the City purchased fifteen parcels in foreclosure along Sayonara Drive and demolished the buildings. Because affordable housing was demolished, a statutory requirement exists under the State of California Health & Safety Code, Redevelopment Law, Chapter 4, Article 9, Section 33413 to replace the affordable housing. The City must replace either 35 units or 70 bedrooms of affordable housing. The replacement requirement may be satisfied within or outside of the former redevelopment project area. The City is currently pursuing alternatives for replacement of the affordable housing. Options being considered include selling the property for fair market value and selling the property with an affordable housing requirement attached to the property. The parcels are reported as land held for resale in the Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund.

Contractual Commitments – The City had the following significant unexpended contractual commitments as of June 30, 2022:

Residential Street Resurfacing	\$ 3,041,877
Old Auburn Road Complete Streets	1,956,372
Total significant commitments	\$ 4,998,249

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Rudget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ 17,649,600 1,630,200 12,399,026 1,862,942 600,376 983,400 10,000 66,900	\$ 18,598,600 2,833,500 13,422,476 1,829,842 419,451 760,000 1,000 200,900	\$ 19,197,868 3,138,451 12,629,880 1,824,188 465,704 799,788 1,590 394,089	\$ 599,268 304,951 (792,596) (5,654) 46,253 39,788 590 193,189		
Total Revenues	35,202,444	38,065,769	38,451,558	385,789		
Expenditures: General government Public safety Economic development Culture and recreation Community enhancements Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges  Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,000,939 21,962,176 602,447 752,165 3,058,927 7,081 76,169 332,845 34,792,749	8,850,026 22,212,176 554,749 1,068,665 3,062,427 7,081 3,596,170 332,845 39,684,139 (1,618,370)	8,076,452 18,749,531 445,267 909,297 3,024,578 55,413 3,583,049 184,839 35,028,426	773,574 3,462,645 109,482 159,368 37,849 (48,332) 13,121 148,006 4,655,713		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	- (487,000)	- (487,000)	95,433 (477,000)	95,433 10,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(487,000)	(487,000)	(381,567)	105,433		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(77,305)	(2,105,370)	3,041,565	5,146,935		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,890,826	8,890,826	8,890,826			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 8,813,521	\$ 6,785,456	\$ 11,932,391	\$ 5,146,935		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget /	Amou			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
_		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$	1,232,972 165,300	\$	332,972 165,300	
Total Revenues	900,000			900,000		1,398,272		498,272	
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements Capital outlay		741,459 379,040		1,233,319		873,060 -		360,259 -	
Total Expenditures	1,120,499			1,233,319		873,060		360,259	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(220,499)		(333,319)		525,212		858,531	
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers out Transfers in		(743,478)		(743,478)		(456,085) 2,386		287,393 2,386	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(743,478)		(743,478)		(453,699)		289,779	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(963,977)		(1,076,797)		71,513		1,148,310	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		234,118		234,118		234,118			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(729,859)	\$	(842,679)	\$	305,631	\$	1,148,310	

#### COST SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	2015		 2016	 2017	 2018
Miscellaneous Rate Plan Rate Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.06364%	0.07230%	0.07496%	0.07939%
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,959,792	\$ 4,962,609	\$ 6,486,625	\$ 7,873,259
Rate Plan's Covered Payroll	\$	7,143,034	\$ 7,437,222	\$ 8,102,528	\$ 8,017,935
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll		55.44%	66.73%	80.06%	98.20%
Safety Rate Plan Rate Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.05785%	0.05364%	0.05852%	0.06404%
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,599,860	\$ 3,681,807	\$ 5,064,060	\$ 6,351,188
Rate Plan's Covered Payroll	\$	7,239,564	\$ 7,350,834	\$ 7,921,496	\$ 8,247,151
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll		49.72%	50.09%	63.93%	77.01%
<u>Total Plan</u> Plan Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.12149%	0.12594%	0.13349%	0.14343%
Plan Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	7,559,652	\$ 8,644,416	\$ 11,550,685	\$ 14,224,447
Plan Covered Payroll	\$	14,382,598	\$ 14,788,056	\$ 16,024,024	\$ 16,265,086
Plan Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll		52.56%	58.46%	72.08%	87.45%
The Pension Plan's (PERF-C) Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		79.82%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit Changes</u>: There were no changes to benefit terms. However, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the measurement dates. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: In 2021, there were no changes. In 2020, there were no changes. In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amount reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

2019	2020		2021		2022
0.07897%	0.08366%		0.08832%		0.07394%
\$ 7,610,202	\$ 8,572,628	\$	9,609,910	\$	3,998,659
\$ 7,889,233	\$ 8,319,602	\$	8,715,322	\$	8,169,066
96.46%	103.04%		110.26%		48.95%
0.06658%	0.07275%		0.08190%		0.04075%
\$ 6,415,392	\$ 7,454,716	\$	\$ 8,910,669		2,203,680
\$ 8,354,763	\$ 7,715,475	\$	8,420,924	\$	7,542,123
76.79%	96.62%		105.82%		29.22%
0.14555%	0.15641%		0.17022%		0.11468%
\$ 14,025,594	\$ 16,027,344	\$	18,520,579	\$	6,202,339
\$ 16,243,996	\$ 16,035,077	77 \$ 17,136,246		\$	15,711,189
86.34%	99.95%		108.08%		39.48%
75.26%	75.26%		75.10%		88.29%

#### COST SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	2015		 2016		2017		2018
Miscellaneous Rate Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	1,237,660 (1,237,660)	\$ 1,052,606 (1,052,606)	\$	1,109,977 (1,109,977) -	\$	1,127,777 (1,127,777) -
Covered Payroll	\$	7,437,222	\$ 8,102,528	\$	8,017,935	\$	7,889,233
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		16.64%	12.99%		13.84%		14.30%
Safety Rate Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	1,937,578 (1,937,578)	\$ 1,460,317 (1,460,317)	\$	1,605,543 (1,605,543)	\$	1,675,225 (1,675,225)
Covered Payroll	\$	7,350,834	\$ 7,921,496	\$	8,247,151	\$	8,354,763
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		26.36%	18.43%		19.47%		20.05%
Total Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	3,175,238 (3,175,238)	\$ 2,512,923 (2,512,923)	\$	2,715,520 (2,715,520)	\$	2,803,002 (2,803,002)
Covered Payroll	\$	14,788,056	\$ 16,024,024	\$	16,265,086	\$	16,243,996
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		21.47%	15.68%		16.70%		17.26%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

#### Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, a summary of the current policy is provided in the table below:

	Source											
	(Gain	(Gain)/Loss										
Driver	Investment	Non-investment	Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake							
Amortization Period	30 years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years							
Escalation Rate												
- Active Plans	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%							
- Inactive Plans	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%							
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0							
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0							

Asset valuation method Direct rate smoothing

Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% (net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, includes inflation)
Retirement Age All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the

CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

Mortality

	2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	1,259,805	\$	1,419,774	\$	1,524,519	\$	1,582,843
	(1,259,805)		(1,419,774)		(1,524,519)		(1,582,843)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	8,319,602	\$	8,715,322	\$	8,169,066	\$	8,285,854
	15.14%	16.29%			18.66%		19.10%
\$	1,743,186	\$	1,782,277	\$	1,958,149	\$	1,965,298
Ф	(1,743,186)	Ф	(1,782,277)	Ф	(1,958,149)	Ф	(1,965,298)
\$	(1,743,100)	\$	(1,702,277)	\$	(1,930,149)	\$	(1,905,296)
Ψ		Ψ		Ψ			
\$	7,715,475	\$	8,420,924	\$	7,542,123	\$	7,104,170
	22.59%		21.16%		25.96%		27.66%
\$	3,002,991	\$	3,202,051	\$	3,482,668	\$	3,548,141
	(3,002,991)		(3,202,051)		(3,482,668)		(3,548,141)
\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$	16,035,077	\$	17,136,246	\$	15,711,189	\$	15,390,024
	18.73%		18.69%		22.17%		23.05%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability	\$	205,006 149,338	\$	211,156 171,850	\$	217,491 195,735	\$	217,915 192,196	\$	245,140 215,907
Actual and expected experience difference Changes in assumptions Actual and expected earnings difference Benefit payments		- - (20,597)		- - (33,358)		(380,831) (43,330) - (37,626)		(29,367) - (46,180)		(31,942) (15,583) (105,999)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		333,747 2,017,702		349,648 2,351,449		(48,561) 2,701,097		334,564 2,652,536		(68,364) 239,159 2,987,100
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,351,449	\$	2,701,097	\$	2,652,536	\$	2,987,100	\$	3,226,259
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	•	070.000	•	070.000	•	000.000	•		•	
Contribution - employer Net investment income Benefit payments	\$	373,000 159,817 (20,597)	\$	378,000 143,701 (33,358)	\$	288,000 140,138 (37,626)	\$	92,830 (46,180)	\$	734,994 (68,364)
Administrative expense  Net change in plan fiduciary net position  Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		(837) 511,383 1,236,894		(3,288) 485,055 1,748,277		(479) 390,033 2,233,332		(1,282) 45,368 2,623,365		(1,011) 665,619 2,668,733
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,748,277	\$	2,233,332	\$	2,623,365	\$	2,668,733	\$	3,334,352
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	603,172	\$	467,765	\$	29,171	\$	318,367	\$	(108,093)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		74.35%		82.68%		98.90%		89.34%		103.35%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,696,235	\$	18,764,996	\$	19,084,505	\$	19,487,524	\$	19,538,878
Net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.23%		2.49%		0.15%		1.63%		-0.55%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022 and 2021, no changes. In 2020, no changes. In 2019, Demographic assumptions were updated to CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study, and mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2018.

# SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 378,000 (378,000)	\$ 288,000 (288,000)	\$ 296,000 (296,000)	\$ 248,000 (68,364)	\$ 255,000 (352,003)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 179,636	\$ (97,003)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,764,996	\$ 19,084,505	\$ 19,487,524	\$ 19,538,878	\$ 16,163,096
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.01%	1.51%	1.52%	1.27%	1.58%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 15-year average remaining fixed period for 2019/20

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and lossed spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% Inflation 2.75%

Medical Trend Non-Medicare – 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years

Medicare – 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years

Mortality Rate CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience

Study

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **Budgetary Accounting**

The City Council establishes budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. Only the Council can authorize transfers between funds and approve inter-fund loans. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund without formal council action or approval.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. There were no material supplemental appropriations made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Budget information is presented for the General and budgeted Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the following funds had no adopted annual budgets:

Housing Agency Fee Special Revenue Fund AD 98-02 Zone 3 Special Revenue Fund AD 03-01 Zone 3 Special Revenue Fund

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SO	CHEDULES

#### **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

HOME Program Grants - Accounts for HOME Program Grant funds used for low income housing activities.

Community Events – Accounts for funds received and expended for the City's community events.

**Code Enforcement** – Accounts for funds to be used on Code Enforcement for neighborhood enhancement activities.

Gas Tax – Accounts for State gas tax revenues used for street maintenance and construction.

**Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation** – Accounts for revenue and expenditures on deferred maintenance on local streets and road systems with State funds provided by the Road Repair and Accountability Act SB1.

**Stormwater Utility Tax** – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration and coordination of stormwater drainage activities as supported by a parcel tax.

**Road Maintenance** – Accounts for sales tax revenue collected in accordance with a voter approved special tax to be used for repairs and maintenance of streets.

**Transit** – Accounts for Transportation Development Act revenues restricted for the City's transportation needs.

**Transportation Development Act** – Accounts for Transportation Development Act monies received for road and sidewalk improvement purposes and transit related activities.

**Police** – Accounts for police revenues received that are restricted to fund programs designed to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.

**Police Grants** – Accounts for police grants received that are restricted to fund specific police programs, including sobriety checkpoints, methamphetamine enforcement, stolen vehicles, children exposed to domestic violence and other programs.

**Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES)** – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with State funds provided as a match for the COPS Universal Hiring Grant.

**Property Based Improvement District** – Accounts for funds associated with the City's Property Based Improvement District.

**Housing Agency** – Accounts for the housing assets of the former redevelopment agency that are used for low and moderate income housing activities.

**Roadway Development Fees** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

**Housing Mitigation Development Fees** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

**Tree Mitigation Fees** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

**Park Facilities Development Fees** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

**Transit Development Fees** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

Other Grants – Accounts for revenues and expenditures for miscellaneous state grants and programs.

**Assessment Districts:** Accounts for special assessments collected for the assessment districts below within the City limits for which the City is obligated to maintain. The Lighting Assessment District accounts for special assessments used for street lighting purposes. The remaining assessment districts were organized under the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 to account for special assessment used for street corridor landscape, open space maintenance and sound wall maintenance expenses.

- Assessment District 98-02 Zone 3
- Assessment District Zone 1
- Assessment District Zone 2
- Assessment District Zone 3
- Assessment District Zone 4
- Assessment District 98-01
- Assessment District 98-02
- Assessment District 03-01
- Assessment District 98-02, Zone 2
- Assessment District 03-01, Zone 2
- Assessment District 03-01, Zone 3
- Lighting Assessment District

**Police Donations** – Accounts for donations received for K-9 and other police activities and programs.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

**Measure A Construction** – Accounts for Measure A revenues received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority that are restricted for expenditures associated with specific purposes, including construction, upgrade and improvements of the City's roadways.

**Community Capital Replacement** – Accounts for funds expended on various capital improvement and replacement projects, including vehicle replacement.

**Streets Capital Projects Fund** – Accounts for funds expended on various street capital improvement and paving projects, including an intersection improvements project and Old Auburn Bike Trail development.

		IE Program Grants	En	Code forcement		Gas Tax	Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation		
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	806,706	\$	774,436	\$	826,827	\$	281,177	
Receivables:	Ψ	000,700	Ψ	77 1, 100	Ψ	020,021	Ψ	201,177	
Accounts		·		316,724		296		-	
Notes and loans Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		2,622,469 (2,622,468)		-		-		-	
Interest		1,459		970		1.638		2,516	
Prepaid costs		-		-		447		-,	
Due from other governments		55,858		5,533		165,617		305,250	
Land held for resale		<del>-</del>						<del>-</del>	
Total Assets	\$	864,024	\$	1,097,663	\$	994,825	\$	588,943	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	34,544	\$	12,149	\$	108,675	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		-		15,439		10,960		-	
Due to other governments		_		4,845		10,611		_	
Due to other funds		21,324		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Total Liabilities		55,868		32,433		130,246			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues				295,320		296	-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				295,320		296			
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		-		-		447		-	
Restricted		808,156		769,910		863,836		588,943	
Assigned Unassigned				-		-		-	
Oriassigned		<u> </u>						<del>-</del>	
Total Fund Balances		808,156		769,910		864,283		588,943	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	864,024	\$	1,097,663	\$	994,825	\$	588,943	

	Stor	Stormwater Utility Tax		Road aintenance		Transit	Transportation Development Act	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,842,682	\$	3,368,335	\$	20,267	\$	133,067
Receivables:	Ψ	2,042,002	Ψ	3,300,333	Ψ	20,207	Ψ	133,007
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans								_ <del>-</del>
Interest		5,750		5,720		79		240
Prepaid costs		447		447		70,434		-
Due from other governments Land held for resale		409,697		<u> </u>		70,434		<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$	3,258,576	\$	3,374,502	\$	90,780	\$	133,307
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	285,956	\$	110,961	\$	12	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	•	9,159	·	9,429	·	4,583	•	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		42,073		-		-		-
Due to other funds								
Total Liabilities		337,188		120,390		4,595		
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b> Unavailable revenues		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		447		447		_		_
Restricted		2,920,941		3,253,665		86,185		133,307
Assigned				-				· -
Unassigned		<u>-</u>		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Fund Balances		2,921,388		3,254,112		86,185		133,307
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,258,576	\$	3,374,502	\$	90,780	\$	133,307

				Opoolai ito		unuo		
		Police	Police Grants		Law	pplemental Enforcement rices (SLES)	Property Based Improvement District	
Assets:	•	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	•		•	100 707	•	
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	1,144,408	\$	-	\$	108,785	\$	9,680
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Notes and loans		_		_		_		_
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest		1,912		-		201		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		14,995		73,280		-		-
Land held for resale								
Total Assets	\$	1,161,315	\$	73,280	\$	108,986	\$	9,680
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,745	\$	8,368	\$	10,839	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	·	2,370	•	4,775	·	-	•	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		98,147		-
Due to other governments		-		741		-		9,680
Due to other funds				91,824				-
Total Liabilities		10,115		105,708		108,986		9,680
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b> Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		1,151,200		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				(32,428)				
Total Fund Balances		1,151,200		(32,428)				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,161,315	\$	73,280	\$	108,986	\$	9,680

		Special Revenue Funds								
	_ <b>Hou</b>	Housing Agency		Roadway Development cy Fees		Housing litigation velopment Fees	Tree	e Mitigation Fees		
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	31,182	\$	633,081	\$	377,989	\$	203,139		
Receivables:	Φ	31,102	Φ	033,061	Φ	377,969	Ф	203,139		
Accounts		-		32,209		-		-		
Notes and loans		1,434,665		-		-		-		
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		(234,665)		-		-		-		
Interest		-		1,155		679		369		
Prepaid costs  Due from other governments		-		_				1,367		
Land held for resale		2,784,600		_		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	4,015,782	\$	666,445	\$	378,668	\$	204,875		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	16,320	\$	-	\$	1,225		
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		-		-		-		_		
Due to other governments		-		_		_		_		
Due to other funds				-		-		-		
Total Liabilities				16,320				1,225		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues				32,209		-		-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				32,209				-		
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		1,367		
Restricted		4,015,782		617,916		378,668		202,283		
Assigned Unassigned		_		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balances		4,015,782		617,916		378,668		203,650		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,015,782	\$	666,445	\$	378,668	\$	204,875		

	Special Revenue Funds								
		rk Facilities velopment Fees	Transit Development Fees		Ot	her Grants	AD 98-02 Zone 3		
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	222,309	\$	183,661	\$	104,078	\$	21,266	
Receivables:	*	,000	Ψ	,	•	,	*	2.,200	
Accounts Notes and loans		-		6,908 -		-		-	
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-	
Interest Prepaid costs		400		327		-		37	
Due from other governments Land held for resale		-		-		87,619		-	
Total Assets	\$	222,709	\$	190,896	\$	191,697	\$	21,303	
				,		101,001		21,000	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,033	\$	543	
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		-		-		175,664		-	
Due to other governments Due to other funds		<u>-</u> _				- -		15 -	
Total Liabilities						191,697		558	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenues		-		6,908		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				6,908				-	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable Restricted		222,709		183,988		-		20,745	
Assigned		,. 30		-		-			
Unassigned									
Total Fund Balances		222,709		183,988				20,745	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	000 700	•	400.000	•	404.00=	•	04.000	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	222,709	\$	190,896	\$	191,697	\$	21,303	

	Assessment Assessment District Zone 1 District Zone 2			Assessment District Zone 3		essment ct Zone 4		
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	28,829	\$	70,895	\$	671	\$	1,671
Receivables:	Ψ	20,029	Ψ	70,093	Ψ	071	Ψ	1,071
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest Prepaid costs		52		130		-		-
Due from other governments		-		<u>-</u>		-		-
Land held for resale								-
Total Assets	\$	28,881	\$	71,025	\$	671	\$	1,671
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	489	\$	626	\$	709
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Due to other governments Due to other funds		-		-		-		962
Due to other lunds								
Total Liabilities				489		626		1,671
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		-		_		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					-			
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		28,881		70,536		45		-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Onassigned								<u> </u>
Total Fund Balances		28,881		70,536		45		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	28,881	\$	71,025	\$	671	\$	1,671

Chaoial	Revenue	Eundo
Special	Kevenue	Funas

	Assessment District 98-01			Assessment District 98-02		Assessment District 03-01		sessment rict 98-02 Zone 2
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	141,400	\$	69,629	\$	841,928	\$	35,531
Receivables:	•	,	•	,-	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	,
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		_		-		-
Interest		255		125		1,593		62
Prepaid costs		-		-		, -		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale	-				-		-	
Total Assets	\$	141,655	\$	69,754	\$	843,521	\$	35,593
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	426	\$	1.172	\$	2.495	\$	519
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Φ	420	Φ	1,172	Φ	2,495	Φ	519
Unearned revenues		-		_		-		-
Due to other governments		315		-		15,242		-
Due to other funds								
Total Liabilities		741		1,172		17,737		519
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		_
Chavallable foverides					-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		140,914		68,582		825,784		35,074
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Offassigned	-					<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances		140,914		68,582		825,784		35,074
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	444.055	•	00.754	•	040 504	•	05 500
Resources, and Fund Balances	<b>D</b>	141,655	\$	69,754	Þ	843,521	\$	35,593

	Dist	sessment rict 03-01 Zone 2	Ass	Lighting sessment District		Police onations	Dist	sessment rict 03-01 Zone 3
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	23,732	\$	69,031	\$	15,986	\$	87,524
Receivables:	•	-, -	·		·	-,	·	- ,-
Accounts Notes and loans		-		3,598		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest		53		-		-		132
Prepaid costs Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	23,785	\$	72,629	\$	15,986	\$	87,656
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$	918 - -	\$	27,194 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Due to other governments Due to other funds		190		41,837		<u>-</u>		-
Total Liabilities		1,108		69,031				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues				3,598				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				3,598				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 22,677 -		- - -		- 15,986 -		- 87,656
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances		22,677				15,986		87,656
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	23,785	\$	72,629	\$	15,986	\$	87,656

Resources, and Fund Balances

	Capital Pro		
	Measure A Construction	Community Capital Replacement	Total Other Governmental Funds
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,289,792	\$ 915,750	\$ 15,685,444
Receivables: Accounts Notes and loans Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans Interest Prepaid costs	- - - 2,296 5,375	- - - - -	359,735 4,057,134 (2,857,133) 28,150 8,083
Due from other governments  Land held for resale	-	-	1,188,283 2,784,600
Total Assets	\$ 1,297,463	\$ 915,750	\$ 21,254,296
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other governments	\$ 35,603 - - -	\$ 8,897 - -	\$ 692,418 56,715 273,811 126,511
Due to other funds  Total Liabilities	35,603	8,897	113,148 1,262,603
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues			338,331
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			338,331
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	5,375 1,256,485 - -	906,853 	8,083 18,770,854 906,853 (32,428)
Total Fund Balances	1,261,860	906,853	19,653,362
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	4 007 400	Å 045.750	<b>*</b> 04.054.000

\$

1,297,463

\$

\$

915,750

21,254,296

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	Special Revenue Funds						
	HOME Program Grants	Community Events	Code Enforcement	Gas Tax			
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	Φ -	φ - -	φ - -	Ψ -			
Intergovernmental	55,879	-	-	2,105,730			
Charges for services	(0.004)	-	738,400	- (0.004)			
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	(8,981)	-	(6,017)	(9,684)			
Contributions	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	107,103						
Total Revenues	154,001		732,383	2,096,046			
Expenditures:							
Current: General government							
Public safety	-	-	671,916	-			
Economic development	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	4 500 000			
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements	56,559	-	-	1,532,926			
Capital outlay				57,000			
Total Expenditures	56,559		671,916	1,589,926			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	97,442		60,467	506,120			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in Transfers out	-	(81,713)	59,500	(575,091)			
Loans issued	-	(01,713)	-	(575,031)			
Proceeds from sale of capital asset							
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	<del>-</del>	(81,713)	59,500	(575,091)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	97,442	(81,713)	119,967	(68,971)			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	710,714	81,713	649,943	933,254			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 808,156	\$ -	\$ 769,910	\$ 864,283			

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation	Maintenance and Stormwater		Transit			
Revenues:	•	40.405	•				
Assessments	\$ -	\$ 19,465	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	1,768,222	-	2,715,221	7,539			
Charges for services	-	3,965,879	-	349,164			
Use of money and property	(14,197)	(33,456)	(35,580)	(492)			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Contributions	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	<del>-</del> _	11,287					
Total Revenues	1,754,025	3,963,175	2,679,641	356,211			
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Economic development	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities	-	2,313,148	1,331,021	234,610			
Community enhancements		2,313,140	1,331,021	234,010			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-			
Total Former ditages		0.040.440	4 004 004	204.040			
Total Expenditures		2,313,148	1,331,021	234,610			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,754,025	1,650,027	1,348,620	121,601			
Other Financian Services (Hess)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in							
Transfers out	(4,389,471)	(3,381,963)	(273,517)	-			
Loans issued	(1,202,111)	(=,===,===)	-	-			
Proceeds from sale of capital asset							
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	(4,389,471)	(3,381,963)	(273,517)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,635,446)	(1,731,936)	1,075,103	121,601			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,224,389	4,653,324	2,179,009	(35,416)			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 588,943	\$ 2,921,388	\$ 3,254,112	\$ 86,185			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
<b>D</b>	Transportation Development Act	Police	Police Grants	Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES)				
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses and permits	<b>Ф</b> -	Φ - -	Ф - -	<b>Ф</b> -				
Intergovernmental	-	_	283,433	388,224				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-				
Use of money and property	(1,402)	3,452	-	(1,141)				
Fines and forfeitures	-	466,032	-	-				
Contributions	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous		13,712						
Total Revenues	(1,402)	483,196	283,433	387,083				
Expenditures: Current: General government	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_				
Public safety	-	207,790	317,700	293,989				
Economic development	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	93,094				
Ouplier outley				30,004				
Total Expenditures		207,790	317,700	387,083				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,402)	275,406	(34,267)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	_	27,500	-	_				
Transfers out	(83,000)	-	-	-				
Loans issued	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	(83,000)	27,500						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(84,402)	302,906	(34,267)	-				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	217,709	848,294	1,839					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 133,307	\$ 1,151,200	\$ (32,428)	\$ -				

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Housing Agency	Roadway Development Fees	Housing Mitigation Development Fees	Tree Mitigation Fees				
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses and permits	φ - -	τ - 193,171	φ - -	Ψ -				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	<u>-</u>	8,117	64,964				
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures	-	(6,858)	(4,167)	(2,305)				
Contributions	-	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous								
Total Revenues		186,313	3,950	62,659				
Expenditures:								
Current: General government	_	_	_	_				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Economic development	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements	328	21,163	-	14,339				
Capital outlay				-				
Total Expenditures	328	21,163		14,339				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(328)	165,150	3,950	48,320				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in								
Transfers out	-	(365,486)	-	-				
Loans issued	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	-	(365,486)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(328)	(200,336)	3,950	48,320				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,016,110	818,252	374,718	155,330				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,015,782	\$ 617,916	\$ 378,668	\$ 203,650				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Park Facilities Development Fees	Transit Development Fees	Other Grants	AD 98-02 Zone 3				
Revenues: Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$ - - -	\$ - 54,177	\$ - - 165,781	\$ - - -				
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions	123,053 (2,525) -	(1,985) - -	-	11,274 (230) -				
Miscellaneous								
Total Revenues	120,528	52,192	165,781	11,044				
Expenditures: Current: General government								
Public safety	-	-	40.742	-				
Economic development Culture and recreation	-	-	48,713 -	-				
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements Capital outlay	- - -	4,894 - -	117,068	6,720 - -				
Total Expenditures		4,894	165,781	6,720				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	120,528	47,298		4,324				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		(50,000)	<u>-</u>	-				
Loans issued Proceeds from sale of capital asset	<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	120,528	(2,702)	-	4,324				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	102,181	186,690		16,421				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 222,709	\$ 183,988	\$ -	\$ 20,745				

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Assessment District Zone 1	Assessment District Zone 2	Assessment District Zone 3	Assessment District Zone 4				
Revenues:								
Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-				
Intergovernmental Charges for services	10,457	- 12,271	6,399	4,650				
Use of money and property	(305)	(782)	0,399	4,030				
Fines and forfeitures	(303)	(102)	_	_				
Contributions	_	_	-	_				
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u> _							
Total Revenues	10,152	11,489	6,399	4,650				
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Economic development	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	- 17.010	40.505	44.000	40.704				
Public ways and facilities Community enhancements	17,916	18,535	14,628	19,701				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures	17,916	18,535	14,628	19,701				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,764)	(7,046)	(8,229)	(15,051)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	-	-	8,274	15,051				
Transfers out	-	-	-	-				
Loans issued	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)			8,274	15,051				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,764)	(7,046)	45	-				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	36,645	77,582						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 28,881	\$ 70,536	\$ 45	\$ -				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Assessment District 98-01	Assessment District 98-02	Assessment District 03-01	Assessment District 98-02 Zone 2				
Revenues:	Φ.	¢.	Φ.	¢.				
Assessments Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	10,621	22,005	88,729	16,246				
Use of money and property	(1,562)	(771)	(10,210)	114				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-				
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-				
Wiscellaneous								
Total Revenues	9,059	21,234	78,519	16,360				
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-				
Economic development	-	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	_	-				
Public ways and facilities	11,115	26,171	184,409	12,008				
Community enhancements	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures	11,115	26,171	184,409	12,008				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,056)	(4,937)	(105,890)	4,352				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out	-	-	-	-				
Loans issued Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,056)	(4,937)	(105,890)	4,352				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	142,970	73,519	931,674	30,722				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 140,914	\$ 68,582	\$ 825,784	\$ 35,074				

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Assessment District 03-01 Zone 2	Lighting Assessment District	Police Donations	Assessment District 03-01 Zone 3			
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	φ - -	-	ф - -	φ - -			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services Use of money and property	19,961 (322)	361,118	-	88,557 (901)			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-			
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-	2,826	-			
Miscellatieous							
Total Revenues	19,639	361,118	2,826	87,656			
Expenditures:							
Current: General government							
Public safety	-	-	991	-			
Economic development	-	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities	- 31,417	- 411,165	-	-			
Community enhancements	-	-	100	-			
Capital outlay							
Total Expenditures	31,417	411,165	1,091				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,778)	(50,047)	1,735	87,656			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	-	73,517	-	-			
Transfers out Loans issued	-	(420,321) 396,601	-	-			
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		-					
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)		49,797					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,778)	(250)	1,735	87,656			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	34,455	250	14,251				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 22,677	\$ -	\$ 15,986	\$ 87,656			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Capital Pro		
P	Measure A Construction	Community Capital Replacement	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues: Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - 668,846 - (13,765) - -	\$ 18,313 37,428 - - - - -	\$ 19,465 265,661 8,196,303 5,901,865 (154,072) 466,032 2,826 132,102
Total Revenues	655,081	55,741	14,830,182
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Economic development Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities Community enhancements Capital outlay  Total Expenditures	130,704	9,569 228 - 52,643 - 38,184 254,671 355,295	9,569 1,492,614 48,713 52,643 6,322,251 226,578 404,765 <b>8,557,133</b>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	524,377	(299,554)	6,273,049
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Loans issued Proceeds from sale of capital asset	(858,563) - 	390,000 - - 150,676	573,842 (10,479,125) 396,601 150,676
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(858,563)	540,676	(9,358,006)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(334,186)	241,122	(3,084,957)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,596,046	665,731	22,738,319
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,261,860	\$ 906,853	\$ 19,653,362

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOME PROGRAM GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Amounts		(N	egative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	- 103 -	\$	- 103 -	\$	55,879 (8,981) 107,103	\$	55,879 (9,084) 107,103	
Total Revenues		103		103		154,001		153,898	
Expenditures: Community enhancements		76,355		76,355		56,559		19,796	
Total Expenditures		76,355		76,355		56,559		19,796	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(76,252)		(76,252)		97,442		173,694	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		710,714		710,714		710,714			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	634,462	\$	634,462	\$	808,156	\$	173,694	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY EVENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Actual							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Driginal		Final	A	mounts	(N	legative)	
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out	_\$		\$		\$	(81,713)	\$	(81,713)	
Total Other Financing Sources						(81,713)		81,713	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(81,713)		(81,713)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		81,713		81,713		81,713	-		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	81,713	\$	81,713	\$		\$	(81,713)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CODE ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Barrana	 Original		Final		mounts	(N	egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 729,000 1,000	\$	729,000 1,000	\$	738,400 (6,017)	\$	9,400 (7,017)
Total Revenues	730,000		730,000		732,383		2,383
Expenditures: Current:							
Public safety	807,281		807,281		671,916		135,365
Total Expenditures	 807,281		807,281		671,916		135,365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(77,281)		(77,281)		60,467		137,748
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers in	59,590		59,590		59,500		90
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	59,590		59,590		59,500		90
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17,691)		(17,691)		119,967		137,658
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 649,943		649,943		649,943		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 632,252	\$	632,252	\$	769,910	\$	137,658

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	Amou	nts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 2,278,399				\$ 2,278,399 \$		\$ 2,278,399				2,105,730 (9,684)	\$	(172,669) (9,684)
Total Revenues		2,278,399		2,278,399		2,096,046		(182,353)					
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Public ways and facilities Capital outlay		- 1,784,565 -		- 1,784,565 -		- 1,532,926 57,000		- 251,639 (57,000)					
Total Expenditures		1,784,565		1,784,565		1,589,926		194,639					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		493,834		493,834		506,120		12,286					
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(400,000)		(400,000)		(575,091)		(175,091)					
Total Other Financing Uses		(400,000)		(400,000)		(575,091)		(175,091)					
Net Change in Fund Balance		93,834		93,834		(68,971)		(162,805)					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		933,254		933,254		933,254							
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	1,027,088	\$	1,027,088	\$	864,283	\$	(162,805)					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget <i>F</i> Original	Amou	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 1,721,790	\$	1,721,790	\$ 1,768,222 (14,197)	\$	46,432 (14,197)
Total Revenues	 1,721,790		1,721,790	 1,754,025		32,235
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,721,790		1,721,790	 1,754,025		32,235
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(2,600,000)		(2,600,000)	 (4,389,471)		(1,789,471)
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,600,000)		(2,600,000)	 (4,389,471)		(1,789,471)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(878,210)		(878,210)	(2,635,446)		(1,757,236)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,224,389		3,224,389	 3,224,389		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,346,179	\$	2,346,179	\$ 588,943	\$	(1,757,236)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STORMWATER UTILITY TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ - 3,811,000 - -	\$ - 3,811,000 - -	\$ 19,465 3,965,879 (33,456) 11,287	\$ 19,465 154,879 (33,456) 11,287		
Total Revenues	3,811,000	3,811,000	3,963,175	152,175		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Public ways and facilities Capital outlay	2,362,369 350,000	2,343,289 350,000	2,313,148 -	- 30,141 350,000		
Total Expenditures	2,712,369	2,693,289	2,313,148	380,141		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,098,631	1,117,711	1,650,027	532,316		
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(2,838,861)	(2,838,861)	(3,381,963)	(543,102)		
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,838,861)	(2,838,861)	(3,381,963)	(543,102)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,740,230)	(1,721,150)	(1,731,936)	(10,786)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,653,324	4,653,324	4,653,324			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,913,094	\$ 2,932,174	\$ 2,921,388	\$ (10,786)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues:		Original		Final		Amounts		legative)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	2,260,888	\$	2,260,888	\$	2,715,221 (35,580)	\$	454,333 (35,580)	
Total Revenues		2,260,888		2,260,888		2,679,641		418,753	
Expenditures: Current:									
Public ways and facilities Capital outlay		1,149,578 400,000		1,135,268 400,000		1,331,021 -		(195,753) 400,000	
Total Expenditures		1,549,578		1,535,268		1,331,021		204,247	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		711,310		725,620		1,348,620		623,000	
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(200,000)		(200,000)	_	(273,517)		(73,517)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(200,000)		(200,000)		(273,517)		(73,517)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		511,310		525,620		1,075,103		549,483	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		2,179,009		2,179,009		2,179,009			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	2,690,319	\$	2,704,629	\$	3,254,112	\$	549,483	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 278,730 - -	\$	278,730 - -	\$	7,539 349,164 (492)	\$	(271,191) 349,164 (492)	
Total Revenues	 278,730		278,730		356,211		77,481	
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Capital outlay	273,192 10,000		273,192 10,000		234,610		38,582 10,000	
Total Expenditures	283,192		283,192		234,610		48,582	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (4,462)		(4,462)		121,601		126,063	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 (35,416)		(35,416)		(35,416)			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (39,878)	\$	(39,878)	\$	86,185	\$	126,063	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget A	Amoun	ıts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 74,160 -	\$	74,160 -	\$	- (1,402)	\$	(74,160) (1,402)	
Total Revenues	74,160		74,160		(1,402)		(75,562)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures  Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	74,160 (83,000)		74,160		(1,402)		(75,562)	
Total Other Financing Uses	 (83,000)		(83,000)		(83,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,840)		(8,840)		(84,402)		(75,562)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 217,709		217,709		217,709			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 208,869	\$	208,869	\$	133,307	\$	(75,562)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues: Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$ - 56,000 -	\$ - 56,000 -	\$ 3,452 466,032 13,712	\$ 3,452 410,032 13,712	
Total Revenues	56,000	56,000	483,196	427,196	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	125,690	125,690	207,790	(82,100)	
Total Expenditures	125,690	125,690	207,790	(82,100)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(69,690)	(69,690)	275,406	345,096	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	27,471	27,471	27,500	(29)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	27,471	27,471	27,500	29	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,219)	(42,219)	302,906	345,125	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	848,294	848,294	848,294		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 806,075	\$ 806,075	\$ 1,151,200	\$ 345,125	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amoun		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
_	 Original	Final		 Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 334,072	\$	334,072	\$ 283,433	\$	(50,639)	
Total Revenues	 334,072		334,072	 283,433		(50,639)	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	 258,261		258,261	317,700		(59,439)	
Total Expenditures	258,261		258,261	 317,700		(59,439)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 75,811		75,811	(34,267)		(110,078)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 1,839		1,839	1,839			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 77,650	\$	77,650	\$ (32,428)	\$	(110,078)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES (SLES) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget /	Amoun	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final			 mounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	133,000	\$	133,000	\$ 388,224 (1,141)	\$	255,224 (1,141)
Total Revenues		133,000		133,000	 387,083		254,083
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay		172,700 -		172,700 <u>-</u>	293,989 93,094		(121,289) (93,094)
Total Expenditures		172,700		172,700	387,083		(214,383)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(39,700)		(39,700)			39,700
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year							
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(39,700)	\$	(39,700)	\$ 	\$	39,700

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROADWAY DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive
Revenues:		Jriginal		FIIIai	Amounts		(1)	egative)
Licenses and permits	\$	98,345	\$	98,345	\$	193,171	\$	94,826
Use of money and property		5,000		5,000		(6,858)		(11,858)
Total Revenues		103,345		103,345		186,313		82,968
Expenditures: Current:								
Public ways and facilities		125,000		125,000		21,163		103,837
Total Expenditures		125,000		125,000		21,163		103,837
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(21,655)		(21,655)		165,150		186,805
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(325,000)		(325,000)		(365,486)		(40,486)
Total Other Financing Uses		(325,000)		(325,000)		(365,486)		(40,486)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(346,655)		(346,655)		(200,336)		146,319
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		818,252		818,252		818,252		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	471,597	\$	471,597	\$	617,916	\$	146,319

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING MITIGATION DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 16,480 -	\$	16,480 -	\$ 8,117 (4,167)	\$	(8,363) (4,167)
Total Revenues	 16,480		16,480	 3,950		(12,530)
Expenditures: Current: Community development	 51,500		51,500	<u>-</u>		51,500
Total Expenditures	51,500		51,500			51,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (35,020)		(35,020)	3,950		38,970
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	374,718		374,718	374,718		_
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 339,698	\$	339,698	\$ 378,668	\$	38,970

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TREE MITIGATION FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	Amoun	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 36,050	\$	36,050 -	\$ 64,964 (2,305)	\$	28,914 (2,305)
Total Revenues	 36,050		36,050	62,659		26,609
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements	 36,050		36,050	14,339		21,711
Total Expenditures	36,050		36,050	14,339		21,711
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 			 48,320		48,320
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 155,330		155,330	 155,330		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 155,330	\$	155,330	\$ 203,650	\$	48,320

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget A	Amoun	ts	Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 76,000 -	\$	76,000 -	\$ 123,053 (2,525)	\$	47,053 (2,525)	
Total Revenues	 76,000		76,000	 120,528		44,528	
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements	 51,500		51,500			51,500	
Total Expenditures	 51,500		51,500	 -		51,500	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 24,500		24,500	 120,528		96,028	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 102,181		102,181	 102,181			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 126,681	\$	126,681	\$ 222,709	\$	96,028	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget A	Amoun		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final	 mounts	(N	egative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits Use of money and property	\$ 27,847 530	\$	27,847 530	\$ 54,177 (1,985)	\$	26,330 (2,515)
Total Revenues	28,377		28,377	 52,192		23,815
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Capital outlay	 - 25,000		- 25,000	4,894 -		(4,894) 25,000
Total Expenditures	 25,000		25,000	 4,894		20,106
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,377		3,377	 47,298		43,921
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers out	 (50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(46,623)		(46,623)	(2,702)		43,921
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 186,690		186,690	 186,690		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 140,067	\$	140,067	\$ 183,988	\$	43,921

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun		Actual	Variance wit Final Budge Positive			
	Priginal		Final	A	mounts	(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 46,050	\$	166,050	\$	165,781	\$	(269)	
Total Revenues	 46,050		166,050		165,781		(269)	
Expenditures: Current: Economic development Community enhancements	 - -		120,000		48,713 117,068		71,287 (117,068)	
Total Expenditures	 		120,000		165,781		(45,781)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 46,050		46,050				(46,050)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 							
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 46,050	\$	46,050	\$		\$	(46,050)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 1 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				_	Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	10,523 115	\$	10,523 115	\$	10,457 (305)	\$	(66) (420)
Total Revenues		10,638		10,638		10,152		(486)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		16,492		16,492		17,916		(1,424)
Total Expenditures		16,492		16,492		17,916		(1,424)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,854)		(5,854)		(7,764)		(1,910)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		36,645		36,645		36,645		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	30,791	\$	30,791	\$	28,881	\$	(1,910)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual nounts	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	12,413 500	\$	12,413 500	\$ 12,271 (782)	\$	(142) (1,282)
Total Revenues		12,913		12,913	 11,489		(1,424)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		13,774		13,774	18,535		(4,761)
Total Expenditures		13,774		13,774	 18,535		(4,761)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(861)		(861)	 (7,046)		(6,185)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		77,582		77,582	 77,582		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	76,721	\$	76,721	\$ 70,536	\$	(6,185)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 3 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				_	Actual mounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	Φ.	0.550	ф	0.550	Φ	0.000	Φ.	(454)
Charges for services	\$	6,550	\$	6,550	\$	6,399	\$	(151)
Total Revenues		6,550		6,550		6,399		(151)
Expenditures: Current:		45 004		45 004		44.620		500
Public ways and facilities		15,221		15,221		14,628		593
Total Expenditures		15,221		15,221		14,628		593
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,671)		(8,671)		(8,229)		442
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers in						8,274		8,274
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						8,274		8,274
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,671)		(8,671)		45		8,716
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(8,671)	\$	(8,671)	\$	45	\$	8,716

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 4 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>I</i>		ts Final	_	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Revenues:	 igiliai	- I IIIai		Amounts		(Negative)	
Charges for services	\$ 4,718	\$	4,718	\$	4,650	\$	(68)
Total Revenues	 4,718		4,718		4,650		(68)
Expenditures: Current:							
Public ways and facilities	 19,141		19,141		19,701		(560)
Total Expenditures	19,141		19,141		19,701		(560)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(14,423)		(14,423)		(15,051)		(628)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	 5,959		5,959		15,051		9,092
Total Other Financing Sources	 5,959		5,959		15,051		9,092
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,464)		(8,464)		-		8,464
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		-					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (8,464)	\$	(8,464)	\$		\$	8,464

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-01 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Actual						Fina	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	egative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	10,640 950	\$	10,640 950	\$	10,621 (1,562)	\$	(19) (2,512)	
Total Revenues		11,590		11,590		9,059		(2,531)	
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		11,601		11,601		11,115		486	
Total Expenditures		11,601		11,601	_	11,115		486	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(11)		(11)		(2,056)		(2,045)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		142,970		142,970		142,970		-	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	142,959	\$	142,959	\$	140,914	\$	(2,045)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-02 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	22,200 525	\$	22,200 525	\$	22,005 (771)	\$	(195) (1,296)
Total Revenues		22,725		22,725		21,234		(1,491)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		30,858		30,858		26,171		4,687
Total Expenditures	,	30,858		30,858		26,171	,	4,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,133)		(8,133)		(4,937)		3,196
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		73,519		73,519		73,519		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	65,386	\$	65,386	\$	68,582	\$	3,196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 03-01 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun	ts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget I Positive					
	Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)					
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 88,700 6,000	\$	88,700 6,000	\$ 88,729 (10,210)	\$	29 (16,210)				
Total Revenues	94,700		94,700	78,519		(16,181)				
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	199,650		199,650	184,409		15,241				
Total Expenditures	199,650		199,650	184,409		15,241				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(104,950)		(104,950)	(105,890)		(940)				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 931,674		931,674	931,674						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 826,724	\$	826,724	\$ 825,784	\$	(940)				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-02 ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /			Actual	Fina	nce with I Budget ositive
	 Original	Final	A	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 16,288 200	\$ 16,288 200	\$	16,246 114	\$	(42) (86)
Total Revenues	16,488	16,488		16,360		(128)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 14,253	14,253		12,008		2,245
Total Expenditures	14,253	14,253		12,008		2,245
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,235	 2,235		4,352		2,117
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	30,722	30,722		30,722		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 32,957	\$ 32,957	\$	35,074	\$	2,117

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 03-01 ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /		-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive				
_	 riginal	 Final	Aı	mounts	(Ne	egative)			
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 19,343 350	\$ 19,343 350	\$	19,961 (322)	\$	618 (672)			
Total Revenues	 19,693	19,693		19,639		(54)			
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 57,478	57,478		31,417		26,061			
Total Expenditures	 57,478	 57,478		31,417		26,061			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (37,785)	 (37,785)		(11,778)		26,007			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 34,455	34,455		34,455					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (3,330)	\$ (3,330)	\$	22,677	\$	26,007			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIGHTING ASSESSMENT DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	Amoun		Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive
Burnana	0	riginal		Final	 mounts	(N	egative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	348,655	\$	348,655	\$ 361,118	\$	12,463
Total Revenues		348,655		348,655	 361,118		12,463
Expenditures: Current:							
Public ways and facilities		464,623		464,623	411,165		53,458
Total Expenditures		464,623		464,623	 411,165		53,458
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(115,968)		(115,968)	 (50,047)		65,921
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out Transfers in Other debts issued		- 85,250 -		- 85,250 -	 (420,321) 73,517 396,601		(420,321) (11,733) 396,601
Total Other Financing Sources		85,250		85,250	 49,797		(35,453)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,718)		(30,718)	(250)		30,468
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		250		250	250		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(30,468)	\$	(30,468)	\$ _	\$	30,468

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE DONATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun	ts	Actual	Fina	ince with I Budget ositive
	Priginal		Final	nounts		gative)
Revenues: Contributions	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,826	\$	2,826
Total Revenues	 			2,826		2,826
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Community enhancements	 1,500 -		1,500 -	991 100		509 (100)
Total Expenditures	 1,500		1,500	 1,091		409
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,500)		(1,500)	1,735		3,235
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 14,251		14,251	 14,251		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 12,751	\$	12,751	\$ 15,986	\$	3,235

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget /	Amou	ınts Final		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	100.004	Φ.	100.001
Licenses and permits	\$		\$		\$	136,004	\$	136,004
Total Revenues						136,004		136,004
Expenditures: Current:								
Economic development						82,333		(82,333)
Total Expenditures						82,333		(82,333)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						53,671		53,671
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out		(857,192)		(857,192)				857,192
Total Other Financing Sources		(857,192)		(857,192)				857,192
Net Change in Fund Balance		(857,192)		(857,192)		53,671		910,863
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		3,946,574		3,946,574		3,946,574		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	3,089,382	\$	3,089,382	\$	4,000,245	\$	910,863

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE A CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amou	nts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ - - 549,521	\$	- - 549,521	\$ 668,846 (13,765)	\$	668,846 (13,765) (549,521)
Total Revenues	 549,521		549,521	 655,081		105,560
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	275,000		275,000	130,704		144,296
Total Expenditures	275,000		275,000	130,704		144,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	274,521		274,521	524,377		249,856
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	 (857,192)		(857,192)	 (858,563)		(1,371)
Total Other Financing Uses	(857,192)		(857,192)	 (858,563)		(1,371)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(582,671)		(582,671)	(334,186)		248,485
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,596,046		1,596,046	 1,596,046		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,013,375	\$	1,013,375	\$ 1,261,860	\$	249,856

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY CAPITAL REPLACEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget <i>F</i> Driginal	λmοι	ınts Final	Actual mounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits	\$ 18,540	\$	18,540	\$ 18,313	\$	(227)
Intergovernmental	<u>-</u>			 37,428		37,428
Total Revenues	18,540		18,540	 55,741		37,201
Expenditures: Current: General government	-		_	9,569		(9,569)
Public safety Culture and recreation	65,000		65,000 130,000	228 52,643		64,772 77,357
Community enhancements	130,000		130,000	38,184		(38,184)
Capital outlay	485,000		485,000	254,671		230,329
Total Expenditures	 680,000		680,000	 355,295		324,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(661,460)		(661,460)	(299,554)		361,906
Other Financing Sources:						
Transfers in Proceeds from sale of capital asset	390,000		390,000	390,000 150,676		- 150,676
Transfers out	(857,192 <u>)</u>		(857,192)	-		857,192
Total Other Financing Sources	 (467,192)		(467,192)	540,676		1,007,868
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,128,652)		(1,128,652)	241,122		1,369,774
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 665,731		665,731	 665,731		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (462,921)	\$	(462,921)	\$ 906,853	\$	1,369,774

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 5,485,240	\$ 5,485,240	\$ 3,268,099	\$ (2,217,141)
Total Revenues	5,485,240	5,485,240	3,268,099	(2,217,141)
Expenditures: Current:				
Public ways and facilities	1,246,000	1,727,012	26,030	1,700,982
Community enhancements	-	- 10 046 774	15,464	(15,464)
Capital outlay	12,346,771	12,346,771	10,234,978	2,111,793
Total Expenditures	13,592,771	14,073,783	10,276,472	3,797,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,107,531)	(8,588,543)	(7,008,373)	1,580,170
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Transfers out	8,107,531 (857,192)	8,107,531 (857,192)	10,756,655 (16,106)	2,649,124 841,086
	(***,**=)	(***,**=)	(10,100)	
Total Other Financing Sources	7,250,339	7,250,339	10,740,549	3,490,210
Net Change in Fund Balance	(857,192)	(1,338,204)	3,732,176	5,070,380
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(380,518)	(380,518)	(380,518)	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (1,237,710)	\$ (1,718,722)	\$ 3,351,658	\$ 5,070,380

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Capital lities Fee	s	TA Fees	WI	SN ESAC	Totals
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$ 327,047
Total Assets	 25,665		138,950		162,432	 327,047
<b>Net Position:</b> Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	 25,665		138,950		162,432	 327,047
Total Net Position	\$ 25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$ 327,047

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		e Capital	S <sup>-</sup>	TA Fees	Wis	SN ESAC		Totals
Additions: Intergovernmental	\$	352,875	\$	373,348	\$	8,114	\$	734,337
ŭ	Ψ	· · · · · ·	Ψ	<del></del> -	Ψ		Ψ	
Total Additions		352,875	-	373,348		8,114		734,337
Deductions:								
Contractual services		516,232		234,400		1,965		752,597
Total Deductions		516,232		234,400		1,965		752,597
Changes in Net Position		(163,357)		138,948		6,149		(18,260)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		189,022		2		156,283		345,307
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$	327,047

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### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Citrus Heights' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	138-141
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most	142-147
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional	148-150
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	151-152
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	153-155

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Citrus Heights, California Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

	2013		2014		2015		2016	2017	17	2018		2019	2020		2021		2022
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 369,630,853 22,751,540 25,246,205		\$ 366,354,751 15,749,227 28,626,101	€ ••	362,247,604 15,682,624 12,581,607	\$ 35	351,834,754 15,279,052 14,663,297	\$ 355,2 15,9	355,292,096 15,935,790 4,264,024	\$ 344,507,138 16,266,052 1,755,048	ee	336,912,872 13,375,587 1,882,908	\$ 328,594,520 19,575,754 (6,606,540)	4,520 5,754 5,540)	\$ 319,214,442 25,779,873 (7,281,556)	442 \$ 873 556)	316,887,986 25,868,240 4,318,206
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 417,628	865,	\$ 417,628,598 \$ 410,730,079	\$	90,511,835	\$ 38	381,777,103	\$ 375,4	375,491,910	\$ 362,528,238		352,171,367	\$ 341,563,734	3,734	\$ 337,712,759	\$ 652	347,074,432
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 655	- 8	\$ 200,000 614,441	€	200,000	€	321,123 265,517	€	389,449	\$ 381,575 219,434	<b>⇔</b>	373,702 306,142	\$ 36	365,829	\$ 357,956	\$ 956 \$	350,082 1,131,508
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 655	655,163	\$ 814,441	€	606,354	↔	586,640	€	550,012	\$ 601,009	<b>∞</b>	679,844	68 \$	899,793	\$ 1,133,264	\$ \$	1,481,590
Primary government Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 369,630,853 22,751,540 25,901,368		\$ 366,554,751 15,749,227 29,240,542	€ ••	362,447,604 15,682,624 12,987,961	\$ 35	352,155,877 15,279,052 14,928,814	\$ 355,0 15,9	355,681,545 15,935,790 4,424,587	\$ 344,888,713 16,266,052 1,974,482	<b>⇔</b>	337,286,574 13,375,587 2,189,050	\$ 328,960,349 19,575,754 (6,072,576)	28,960,349 19,575,754 (6,072,576)	\$ 319,572,398 25,779,873 (6,506,248)	398 \$ 873	317,238,068 25,868,240 5,449,714
Total primary government net position	\$ 418,283	,761	\$ 418,283,761 \$ 411,544,520	↔	91,118,189	\$ 38	\$ 382,363,743	\$ 376,041,922	041,922	\$ 363,129,247	" II	\$ 352,851,211	\$ 342,463,527	3,527	\$ 338,846,023	"	\$ 348,556,022

Source: City Administrative Services Department 8

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

2019 2020 2021	\$ 7,360,783 \$ 10, 24,443,611 23, 19,019,629 18, 830,572 950,409 3,928,848 3,	57,705,799 56,685,809 57,177,009	809,466     675,849     732,927       809,466     675,849     732,927	58,515,265 57,361,658 57,909,936	1,902,206	1,978,407 2,133,898 2,074,980	22,473	1,242,148 1,508,999 2,730,818	7,165,367 6,053,305 11,072,674	20,756,517	839,030 829,397 904,130	839,030 829,397 904,130	24,721,918 21,585,914 27,036,496	$ \begin{array}{ccc} (33,822,911) & (35,929,292) & (31,044,643) \\ & & 29,564 & & 153,548 \\ \end{array} $	(33,793,347)
2018	\$ 6,106,557 21,698,128 24,395,899 722,254 353,608 4,664,278	57,940,724	751,291	58,692,015	1,185,547	1,488,252	449,711	498,673	6,265,040	15,695,540	798,838	798,838	16,494,378	(42,245,184) 47,547	(42,197,637)
2017	\$ 5,463,122 18,378,242 24,188,701 669,948 402,904 4,710,977	53,813,894	798,694	54,612,588	1,151,570	1,759,927	354,517	1,597,005	6,087,515	17,457,302	761,614	761,614	18,218,916	(36,356,592)	(36,393,672)
2016	\$ 4,704,899 17,355,288 34,185,103 654,183 214,978 4,313,943	61,428,394	757,028 757,028	62,185,422	1,120,688	1,547,840	352,401	1,912,936	10,236,552	24,019,570	732,401	732,401	24,751,971	(37,408,824)	(37,433,451)
2015	\$ 5,401,023 18,092,747 30,037,037 555,342 159,243 4,319,791	58,565,183	903,522	59,468,705	381,923	337,199	311,350	1,298,079	13,179,453	22,592,569	710,618	710,618	23,303,187	(35,972,614)	(36,165,518)
2014	\$ 4,825,401 19,595,533 27,499,125 613,235 172,083 4,407,068	57,112,445	529,464	57,641,909	331,675	459,073	374,244	1,036,139	13,558,056	27,663,725	657,027	657,027	28,320,752	(29,448,720) 127,563	(29,321,157)
2013	\$ 4,905,500 18,371,871 25,152,231 692,989 114,616 4,429,170	53,666,377	752,084	54,418,461	305,057	366,726	4,769,239 343,817	842,151	10,909,700	25,147,479	651,300	651,300	25,798,779	(28,518,898) (100,784)	(28,619,682)
	Concerning activities: General government Public safety Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation Economic development Community enhancements	Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses Business-type activities:	Solid waste Total business-type activities expenses	Total primary government expenses	Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government		ruone ways and ractures Culture and recreation Economic decolar	Community enhancements	Operating grants and contributions	Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities: Charges for services: Solid waste	Total business-type activities program revenues	Total primary government program revenues	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	Total primary government net expense

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

2022	638,183 14,412,009 2,794,196 1,807,986 9,683,155 29,335,529 (14,531) 58,444 43,913 29,379,442 29,379,442	\$ 9,710,153
2021	383,773 13,373,483 2,717,945 1,412,808 9,303,916 1,650 - 27,193,665 - 1,117 61,151 61,151 (3,850,978) (3,850,978)	\$ (3,617,507)
2020	306,250 12,083,836 2,650,891 2,019,859 8,887,426 458,727 - - 26,406,989 66,401 - 66,401 - 26,473,390 (10,607,634)	\$ (10,387,685)
2019	339,571 12,542,158 2,739,888 2,225,772 8,436,657 32,181 - 26,316,227 49,255 26,365,482 26,365,482 (10,356,855) 78,819	\$ (10,278,036)
2018	758,653 15,653,986 2,932,236 1,600,300 8,037,540 254,162 - - 29,236,877 3,450 3,450 29,240,327 29,240,327 29,240,327 50,997	\$ (12,957,310)
2017	991,552 15,412,345 2,881,617 1,616,163 7,611,171 1,108,551 29,621,399 452 29,621,851 29,621,851 29,621,851 29,621,851 36,628)	\$ (6,771,821)
2016	946,113 15,977,575 2,810,771 1,601,229 7,260,670 527,734 29,124,092 4,913 4,913 29,129,005	\$ (8,304,446)
2015	138,659 11,230,382 2,768,562 1,416,552 7,015,174 246,710 - 22,816,039 4,158 4,158 (13,156,575) (13,156,575)	\$ (13,345,321)
2014	139,634 11,195,869 2,739,486 1,332,334 6,652,222 455,531 35,125 22,550,201 31,715 31,715 22,581,916 (6,898,519) 159,278	\$ (6,739,241)
2013	270,913 11,261,741 2,770,644 1,362,446 6,659,357 (299,378) 2,918 2,918 22,028,641 (968) (2,918) (2,918) (2,918) (6,490,257) (104,670)	\$ (6,594,927)
n ng es	85	
Continued from previous page: General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:	Governmental activities: Taxes: Property taxes Sales and use tax Utility users tax Other taxes Shared intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Investment earnings Other revenue Transfers Total business-type activities Total business-type activities Governmental activities	Total primary government

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund: Nonspendable	\$ 1.233.199	\$ 1.144.639	\$ 962.457	\$ 298.407	\$ 32.159	\$ 279.210	\$ 135.485	\$ 302.545	\$ 145.343	\$ 64.859
Restricted		6,443	14,148	14,613	25,394	21,143				
Committed	29,080,819	27,279,124	19,395,418	18,616,257	4,559,378	4,559,378	4,561,978	4,486,978	4,486,978	4,486,978
Unassigned	855,369	925,202	64,943	146,734	1,101,504	314,061	1,833,065	490,603	4,258,505	7,380,554
Total general fund	31,169,387	29,355,408	20,436,966	19,076,011	5,718,435	5,173,792	6,530,528	5,280,126	8,890,826	11,932,391
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	512,312	643,352	1	1	•	2,784,600	2,285,330	1,980	2,345	8,083
Restricted	3,454,581	9,994,202	9,479,154	9,723,591	10,067,839	8,702,340	13,375,587	20,775,754	25,779,873	25,868,240
Assigned	9,705,971	•	1,652,198	928,925	894,318	1,374,838	945,767	1,141,407	1,172,209	1,467,001
Unassigned (deficit)	(578,904)	950,267	(570,131)	(122,707)	(132,660)	(262,719)	(181,979)	(140,450)	(415,934)	(32,428)
Total all other governmental funds	13,093,960	11,587,821	10,561,221	10,529,809	10,829,497	12,599,059	16,424,705	21,778,691	26,538,493	27,310,896
Total all governmental funds	\$44,263,347	\$ 40,943,229	\$ 30,998,187	\$29,605,820	\$ 16,547,932	\$ 17,772,851	\$ 22,955,233	\$ 27,058,817	\$ 35,429,319	\$ 39,243,287

**NOTE**: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the pension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently, the amounts reported above in 2014 and prior years are prior to restatement.

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

<sup>1</sup> In 2015, the City entered into a capital lease payable agreement for a new City Hall building and utility yard. In 2017, the City exercised its option to purchase the City Hall building and utility yard by making payments totaling \$13,749,031.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

 $<sup>^2\,</sup>$  In 2022, the City repaid the outstanding revolving line of credit balance. Due to the purchase, the capital lease liability was extinguished.

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates For the last ten fiscal years (Rate per \$100 of taxable value)

	2012/2013	2013/2014	2014/2015	2015/2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022
Basic Levy <sup>1</sup> Grant Joint High	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Los Rios College Gob	0.01930	0.01810	0.01130	0.00910	0.01410	0.01300	0.01310	0.02320	0.02230	0.02490
North Sacto Elementary Gob	0.01670	0.02060	0.01850	0.01260	0.01680	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Rio Linda Elementary Bond	0.05760	0.05570	0.05290	0.04890	0.05210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
San Juan Unified	0.10030	0.16300	0.15090	0.15470	0.15220	0.21150	0.19930	0.17930	0.18090	0.18870
Twin Rivers Unified	0.01170	0.00990	0.05520	0.03890	0.04810	0.14430	0.07340	0.10330	0.10610	0.09840
Total Direct & Overlapping <sup>2</sup> Tax Rates	1.28790	1.34010	1.33730	1.29480	1.34810	1.38340	1.31900	1.33520	1.32930	1.33560
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 <sup>3</sup>	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431
Voter Approved City Debt Rate										
Redevelopment Rate <sup>4</sup>										
Total Direct Rate <sup>5</sup>	0.12388	0.07634	0.07664	0.07735	0.07759	0.08140	0.07837	0.07908	0.07943	0.07966

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

<sup>3</sup> Citys Share of 1% levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF general fund tax shifts are unknown and may not be subtracted from the City's share.

Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2012/13 - 2021/22 Tax Rate Table

Source: HDL Coren & Cone

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

City of Citrus Heights, California Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands of dollars)

			ı	588,518,634 0.084%							- 0.000%	- 0.000%	.0000
Redevelopment Agency			- 1	434,000 58									
Rede			Unsecured	53,083,982	51,620,891	48,319,149	38,951,421	39,266,230	36,254,710				
			Secured	535,868,652	521,362,337	519,033,049	505,368,074	515,200,283	532,993,401	•	•		
		Total Direct	Tax Rate	0.12	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	0 0 0
		Estimated	Full Market	5,315,098,307	5,536,342,474	5,860,105,879	6,048,620,069	6,321,676,969	6,705,046,017	7,195,152,327	7,516,732,830	7,870,304,844	
				5,315,098,307									
		Unsecured	Property	136,454,777	130,148,077	129,655,189	108,308,288	127,456,727	125,883,733	131,198,394	129,920,746	133,241,641	
City *	Total Real	Secured	Property	5,178,643,530	5,406,194,397	5,730,450,690	5,940,311,781	6,194,220,242	6,579,162,284	6,932,755,539	7,256,891,338	7,603,821,562	
				40,991,950									
		Industrial	Property	24,340,107	23,975,394	24,549,642	25,096,287	26,777,317	27,361,771	31,158,659	28,709,180	29,220,643	
		Commercial	Property	987,468,004	948,260,199	946,555,612	959,298,396	995,114,927	1,071,328,921	1,094,930,040	1,109,893,409	1,142,931,179	
			-	4,125,843,469									
				FY 12-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 17-18	FY 18-19	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	

Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2012/13-2021/22 Combined Tax Rolls Source: HDL Coren & Cone

\* Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County, whereby the County will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above represent estimates provided by the County.

In 1978 the votors of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value maximum of 2%). With few expectations, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is assessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

# City of Citrus Heights, California Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and 9 Years Ago

	202	1-2022		2012	2-2013	
	Assessed		% of	Assessed		% of
Property Owner	Valuation	Rank	Total	Valuation	Rank	Total
Montage Apartments Property	\$ 80,929,813	1	1.01%			
Birdcage Marketplace LLC	68,967,620	2	0.86%	58,944,341	2	1.11%
Lakeview Gold 101305 LP	49,294,232	3	0.61%			
MG Atwood Apartments Ria LLC	48,436,658	4	0.60%			
Spring Creek Apartments LP	46,981,740	5	0.59%			
Mitchell Sippola LP	43,810,911	6	0.55%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate/Sam's Club	27,776,345	7	0.35%	24,131,913	6	0.45%
Wedgewood Commons Apartments LLC	26,586,840	8	0.33%			
Marshall Field Stores Inc	26,408,603	9	0.33%	23,310,903	8	0.44%
Ethan Conrad	26,346,181	10	0.33%			
Steadfast Sunrise LLC				78,628,110	1	1.48%
FOAF Oak Creek LLC				51,230,651	3	0.96%
J. And M. Marlow Family Trust				42,690,867	4	0.80%
Grove at Sunrise LLC				29,091,565	5	0.55%
Ashley 2012 Family Trust				23,897,032	7	0.45%
Sears Roebuck Company				21,531,948	9	0.41%
Costco Wholesale Corporation				21,351,728	10	0.40%
	\$ 445,538,943		5.56%	\$ 374,809,058		7.05%

Information collected by: HDL Coren & Cone

Data Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2021/22 & 2012/13 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City Direct Rate	Sacramento County	STA Measure A	State of California	Total Sales Tax Rate
2013	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2014	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2015	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2016	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2017	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2018	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2019	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2020	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2021	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2022	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

### City of Citrus Heights, California

Schedule of Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters (listed in alphabetical order)

**Current year and Nine Years Ago** 

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

7 Eleven

### 2022 (represents 50.93% of total sales tax)

### 2013 (represents 53.85% of total sales tax)

Arco AM PM

/ Eleven	
76 Market	Arco AM PM
A&A Stepping Stone Manufacturing	AT&T Mobility
Arco AM PM	Barnes & Noble
Arco AM PM	Best Buy
Best Buy	Burlington
Burlington	Chevron
Chevon	Costco
Citrus Heights Shell	JC Penney
Costco	Kmart
Green Acres Nursery & Supply	Kohls
JC Penny	Lowe's
Kohls	Macy's
Lowes	Maita Honda
Maita Honda	Marshalls
Marshalls	Old Navy
McDonalds	Pastor Auto Care
Pastor Auto Care	Ross

Pastor Auto Care Ross

Quik Stop Sams Club w/Fuel

Sears Ross Sams Club w/Fuel Shell Target Target Texas Roadhouse Toys R Us Walgreens Walgreens

Walmart Supercenter Walmart Supercenter

\* Firms Listed Alphabetically

Period: July 2021 thru June 2022 Period: July 2012 thru June 2013

Note: The lists above includes both public and private entities and therefore the dollar values have been omitted because the information is not public information and is not provided by HDL. Rankings are determined by the sales dollar volume.

Source: HDL & Associates, State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office

# City of Citrus Heights, California Property Tax Levies and Collections For the last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	3,952,063	3,952,063	100%	-	3,952,063	100%
2014	4,180,600	4,180,600	100%	-	4,180,600	100%
2015	4,481,889	4,481,889	100%	-	4,481,889	100%
2016	4,801,882	4,662,052	100%	-	4,662,052	100%
2017	4,960,511	4,774,258	100%	-	4,774,258	100%
2018	5,286,616	4,885,101	100%	-	4,885,101	100%
2019	5,593,319	5,593,319	100%	-	5,593,319	100%
2020	5,888,260	5,888,260	100%	-	5,888,260	100%
2021	6,203,470	6,203,470	100%	-	6,203,470	100%
2022	6,521,191	6,521,191	100%	-	6,521,191	100%

Source: Sacramento County Auditor-Controller's Office

Note: Amounts reported and collected under the Teeter Plan in which all taxes are distributed to the City in the year of the levy with the County retaining any interest or penalties on uncollected balances.

<sup>\*</sup> Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County of Sacramento (County), whereby the County will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above were provided by the County.

### City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Debt Current Year June 30, 2022

2021-22 Assessed Valuation \$8,022,787,813

	Total Debt		City's Share of Debt
DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2022	% Applicable 1	6/30/2022
Los Rios Community College District	495,095,000	3.480%	17,229,306
San Juan Unified School District	752,168,565	19.242	144,732,275
Twin Rivers Unified School District	51,225,000	0.221	113,207
Twin Rivers Unified School District (former Grant Joint UHSD)	259,153,860	0.174	450,928
CA Statewide Communities Development Authority Assessment District No. 19-14Ca	4,641,000	100	4,561,000
City of Citrus Heights	604,652	100	604,652
TOTAL DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT			167,691,368
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Sacramento County General Fund Obligations	128,277,354	4.192%	5,377,387
Sacramento County Pension Obligation Bonds	625,201,330	4.192	26,208,440
Sacramento Board of Education Certificates of Participation	2,635,000	4.192	110,459
Twin Rivers Unified School District Certificates of Participation	8,090,000	0.174	14,077
City of Citrus Heights General Fund Obligations	3,520,001	100	3,520,001
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District General Fund Obligations	8,030,000	10.334	829,820
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District Pension Obligations Bonds	27,530,000	10.334	2,844,950
Orangevale Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	902,000	0.034	307
Sunrise Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	5,060,000	54.823	2,774,044
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			41,679,485
Less: Sacramento County supported obligations			575,870
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$ 41,103,615
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$4,124,653
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT			205,246,200
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			204,670,330
			- //-
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			209,370,853
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			208,794,983

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

### Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.08%
Direct Debit	0.04%
Gross Combined Total Debt	2.60%
Net Combined Total Debt	2.59%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Citrus Heights, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Assessed Value	\$ 5,315,098,307	\$ 5,315,098,307 \$ 5,536,342,474	\$ 5,860,105,879	\$ 6,048,620,069	\$ 6,321,676,969	\$ 6,705,046,017	\$ 7,063,953,933	\$ 7,386,812,084	\$ 7,737,063,203	\$ 7,897,566,483
Conversion Percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted Assessed Value	1,328,774,577	1,328,774,577 1,384,085,619	1,465,026,470	1,512,155,017	1,580,419,242	1,676,261,504	1,765,988,483	1,846,703,021	1,934,265,801	1,974,391,621
Debt Limit Percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	199,316,187	207,612,843	219,753,970	226,823,253	237,062,886	251,439,226	264,898,272	277,005,453	290,139,870	296,158,743
Total net debt applicable to limit		'	•	1	'	•	'	'	'	'
Legal debt margin	\$ 199,316,187	\$ 199,316,187 \$ 207,612,843	\$ 219,753,970	\$ 226,823,253	\$ 237,062,886	\$ 251,439,226	\$ 264,898,272	\$ 277,005,453	\$ 290,139,870	\$ 296,158,743
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0

Source: City Administrative Services Department

Notes: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

City of Citrus Heights, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Government Activities Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2013	\$	-	\$ -
2014		-	-
2015	13,749,0	031 652.44%	162.61
2016	13,749,0	031 651.70%	159.33
2017		-	-
2018		-	-
2019	50,0	2.10%	0.57
2020	3,520,0	001 138.10%	40.09
2021	3,791,	100 140.49%	43.17
2022	604,0	552 21.44%	18.51

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

2012       84,345         2013       84,544         2014       84,550         2015       86,291         2016       87,013         2017       87,731		Person: (In Th	Personal Income (In Thousands)	Per ( Persona	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Age	% of Pop 25+ w/ High School Degree	% of Pop 25+ w/ Bachelor's Degree
	45	↔	2,168,257	<b>∽</b>	25,707	5.8%	37.1	89.2%	18.5%
	44		2,163,481		25,590	4.9%	37.0	%6.68	19.2%
	50		2,107,324		24,924	7.7%	37.0	89.2%	18.9%
	91		2,109,711		24,448	6.3%	37.8	89.2%	18.9%
	13		2,097,135		24,101	5.6%	37.3	%6.68	18.8%
	31		2,193,100		24,997	4.5%	37.7	%9.68	19.0%
	95		2,377,290		26,985	3.7%	37.6	90.2%	20.0%
	111		2,548,891		29,027	3.5%	37.7	90.2%	20.7%
	111		2,698,425		30,729	%0.6	38.0	90.3%	20.4%
	29		2,820,690		32,659	%9.9	37.6	90.2%	21.6%

Notes and Data Sources:

Information collected by: HDL Coren & Cone

Population: California State Department of Finance. Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

2000-2009 Income, Age and Education Data: ESRI - Demographic Estimates are based on the last available Census. Projections are developed by incorporating all of the prior census data released to date. Demographic Data is totaled form Census Block Groups that overlap the City's

boundaries

2010 and later - Income, Age and Education Data - US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

City of Citrus Heights, California Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2022*			2013*	
			Percentage of Top 10			Percentage of Top 10
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
State of California	82,894		50.17%	70,548		52.92%
UC Davis/US Davis Health System	16,075	2	9.73%	9,985	3	7.49%
Sacramento County	12,760	3	7.72%	10,634	2	7.98%
Kaiser Permanente	12,301	4	7.45%	5,696	∞	4.27%
U.S. Government	10,698	5	6.48%	5,750	7	4.31%
Sutter Health Sacramento Sierra Region	9,595	9	5.81%	6,507	4	4.88%
Dignity Health	7,488	7	4.53%	5,756	9	4.32%
Intel Corp	5,300	∞	3.21%	90009	5	4.50%
San Juan Unified School District	5,126	6	3.10%	4,700	10	3.53%
Raley's	2,980	10	1.80%			
Elk Grove Unified School District				7,735	6	5.80%
Total	165,217		100.00%	133,311		100.00%

Notes:

Source: Sacramento Business Journal

<sup>\*</sup> Information presented is for the Sacramento Region Largest Sacramento County Employers and Largest Private-Sector Employers, since separate data is not available for the City of Citrus Heights. Companies surveyed for this list have offices in Sacramento County. Not all responded to inquires.

City of Citrus Heights, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

 . 100	100	ų.	7,00		o Foo	o Foc	000	1000	600
2013	7014	5107	0107	/107	2018	2019	7070	7071	7707
22	22	22	25	28	28	23		31	27
141	150	145	144	144	151	149		133	138
27	25	25	20	18	16	28		19	17
19	16	17	18	18	18	15	14	13	12
11	15	14	14	111	6	8	ı	4	8
220	228	223	221	219	222	223	II	200	202

Source: City Administative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Arrests	3,276	3,348	3,185	2,990	2,730	2,452	2,249	1,966	2,054	1,411
Parking citations issued	724	539	685	520	059	806	906	581	393	681
Total police actions	4,000	3,887	3,870	3,510	3,380	3,360	3,155	2,547	2,447	2,092
Fire **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1	4	2	4	1	1	1	2	1	•
Parks and recreation **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sewer **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Building: Commercial/Industrial Construction Residential Construction Total building actions	2 7 6	1 10 11	43	12 28 40	2 9 9 11	17 18	2 26 28	1 24 25	5 140 145	2 189 191

\*\* Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. Information not available.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Finetion	2013		2014	,	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019	2020		2021		2022
Police:		 												 			
Stations	-		1		1	1		1		1		1	-1		1		1
Fire * Fire stations	5		S		v	4		4		4		4	4		4		4
Public works																	
Streets (miles)	237		237		237	237		237		237		214	237		237		242
Streetlights	4337		4365	4	4407	4497		4480		4702	7	4714	4736		4741		4810
Parks and recreation																	
Parks *	14		14		14	15		15		15		15	17		17		17
Community centers	3		3		3	3		3		3		3	3		3		3
Water *																	
Water mains (miles)	225		225		225	225		225		225		225	340		340	(4.)	99.998
Daily average consumption in MGD **	17.8		17.8	_	17.8	12		12		12		12	14.052		13.415		13.53
Sewer *																	
Sanitary sewers (miles)	235		235	. ,	235	235		235		235		235	238		240		240
Number of pump stations	-		1		1	-		-		1		1	7		2		2
Building																	
Commercial/Industrial Construction Value Residential Construction Value	\$ 1,202	1,202,480 \$ 1,275,716	1,600,000 1,675,004	° =	4,387,549 10,993,691	\$ 22,13 6,89	22,135,000 \$ 6,898,647	7,105,826 6,306,226	<del>\$</del>	680,000 2,753,290	<b>∞</b>	9,950,000 4,495,473	\$ 875,001 2,720,549	- R	591,141 1,047,021	€	11,269,708 50,274,112

<sup>\*</sup> Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. The data provided are for those portions of the system located within the City of Citrus Heights.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

<sup>\*\*</sup> MGD = Million Gallons per Day.