CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2018



Prepared by:

Ronda Rivera Assistant City Manager This page intentionally left blank.



City of Citrus Heights, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Table of Contents	i
Letter of Transmittal	iv
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting – Government Finance Officers Association	ix
Organization Chart	
List of Officials	xi
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Activities	20
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheets	21
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statement of	
Net Position	22
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds	25
Proprietary Fund:	
Statement of Net Position – Solid Waste Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	28
Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	29
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	31
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	32

City of Citrus Heights, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table of Contents

Required Supplementary Information:	Page
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions	
to the Pension Plan (Unaudited):	
Miscellaneous Plan	
Safety Plan	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)	
Schedule of Contributions to the OPEB Plan (Unaudited)	72
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheets	73
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances	81
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Community Events	
Code Enforcement	
Gas Tax	
Stormwater Utility Tax	
Road Maintenance	_
Transit	
Transportation Development Act	
Police	
Police Grants	
SLES	
Housing In-lieu Fee	
Property Based Improvement District	
Housing Agency	9 /
Development Fees Special Revenue Funds:	0.0
Roadway Development Fees	
Housing Mitigation Development Fees	
Tree Preservation Development Fees	
<u>.</u>	
Transit Development Fees.	100
Other Grants Special Revenue Funds:	101
Recycling Grants	
SACOG Community Design Grant BTA Grant	
PetSmart Grant	

City of Citrus Heights, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Assessment District Special Revenue Funds:	
Zone 1	104
Zone 2	104
Zone 3	105
Zone 4	106
98-01	106
98-02	107
03-01	108
98-02 Zone 2	108
03-01 Zone 2	109
Lighting Assessment District	110
Capital Projects Funds:	
Community Capital Replacement	110
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	111
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency	
Funds	112
STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Table of Contents	
Net Position by Component	
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	
Principal Property Tax Payers	129
Schedule of Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters	130
Property Tax Levies and Collections	131
Direct and Overlapping Debt	132
Legal Debt Margin Information	133
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Governmental Activities	135
Demographic and Economic Statistics	136
Principal Employers	138
Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function	
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	

This page intentionally left blank.





City of Citrus Heights
6360 Fountain Square Drive • Citrus Heights, California 95621
(916) 725-2448 • Fax (916) 725-5799 • TDD 7-1-1
www.citrusheights.net
The City of CITRUS HEIGHTS is committed to providing
high quality, economical, responsive city services to our community.

December 26, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Citrus Heights:

City staff is pleased to submit the City of Citrus Heights' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. It is the policy of the City Council that a licensed certified public accountant conducts an annual audit at the end of each fiscal year and issues a complete set of audited financial statements. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. City staff believes the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed to both protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the citizens of the City of Citrus Heights, City staff, creditors, investors, and other concerned readers. City staff encourages all readers to contact the Finance Division with any questions or comments concerning this report.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Richardson & Company, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion, which states that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Citrus Heights

The City of Citrus Heights operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services that include public safety, public works, and community development. This report includes all funds of the City of Citrus Heights.

The City Council establishes annual budgets for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department directors submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the following year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30th each year in accordance with the City's Municipal Code.

The City of Citrus Heights was incorporated on January 1, 1997, as a general law city. Citrus Heights was the first new city in Sacramento County in more than 50 years and was the largest city to incorporate in the State of California. With a population of approximately 88,000 in a 14.2 square-mile area, Citrus Heights is 99% developed and is graced with a strong business base and a well-established residential community.

The Citrus Heights City Council consists of five members, elected at-large to four-year overlapping terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the City Council through policy direction determined by the City

Council. The Mayor conducts the City Council meetings and represents the City on ceremonial occasions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. As an elected Board of Directors, the City Council provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.

Citrus Heights is retail oriented and is fortunate to have a large area which serves as a hub of shopping and retail services in the Sunrise-Greenback area. The Sunrise Mall, the flagship retail center, was built in 1972 and was the largest indoor mall in Northern California at that time.

In Citrus Heights, the total labor force is approximately 44,000. Unemployment in Citrus Heights is approximately 3.6%. Within ten miles, there is a diverse labor force specializing in such occupations as sales, executive and managerial services, technical support, professional specialties, and other services.

Budget Initiatives

The City of Citrus Heights has developed broad policy direction through the development of budget strategies that establish long-term policy guidance for conducting the City's financial activities. The City Council has established these policies to meet the following strategic objectives:

- 1. **Strategic Focus** The City's financial management should be strategic, reflecting the Council's and the community's priorities for service while providing resources that realistically fund routine operations.
- 2. **Fiscal Control and Accountability** The City's financial activities should be fiscally sound and accountable to the City Council through the City Manager.
- 3. Clarity The City's financial planning and reporting should be clear and easy to understand so that all participants, the City Council, the community and staff can productively participate in making good decisions.
- 4. **Long-Term Planning** The City's financial planning should emphasize multi-year horizons to promote long-term planning of resource uses.
- 5. Flexible and Cost Effective Responses The City's financial management practices should encourage a mission-driven organization that responds quickly and straightforwardly to community demands. The City's management should flexibly

respond to opportunities for better service, should proactively manage revenues, and should cost-effectively manage ongoing operating costs.

6. **Staffing Philosophy** – The City has worked towards establishing a balance between City employees and contract staff to ensure the most efficient City operations.

Financial Policies

The City Council has developed policy parameters for the City's fiscal management. Those fiscal policies address a number of issues including financial activity reporting, budgeting and financial planning, appropriation control, debt management, investments, fees and charges, purchasing, performance measures and competitive review, and reserves.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's financial planning promotes long-term planning of its resources. The ten-year financial model has served as the primary budget guidance tool since the City's incorporation in 1997. The model is adjusted annually to project future operating revenue and expenditures. Modest increases in General Fund expenditures have been projected for the next ten years. Several factors directly affect the City's General Fund revenue. Since the City receives approximately 53.5% of its General Fund revenue from sales and use tax, it is especially susceptible to economic downturns. Also, the City is approximately 99% built out which results in fewer opportunities for revenue generating growth. The City is projected to maintain a balanced General Fund through FY 2022-2023, when the City will start to receive its Property Tax revenue.

Current Economic Conditions and Outlook

The City's economic development efforts and implementation of the City's financial policies help to promote Citrus Heights' long-term fiscal stability. Since incorporation in 1997, at the direction of Council, staff has conducted a systematic review of operations, resulting in some cases in the transition from contract service to an in-house operational model; in other instances, a renegotiation of existing service contracts; and in other instances, retention of the contract operational model with a different service provider. These operational analyses and reforms are intended to promote long-term savings to the City and ensure long-term stability. As part of this operation review, the City has established appropriation limits in key operational areas such as law enforcement, which has promoted increased operational efficiency.

The City of Citrus Heights anticipates minimal revenue growth for the next ten years. The City has set up a reserve fund to help maintain a balanced budget until property tax revenue is received in fiscal year 2022-2023.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The City of Citrus Heights received an award for its submission of the FY 2016-17 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the City received this award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City staff believes that this report will again meet the program requirements to receive the award.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division and the auditing firm of Richardson & Company, LLP. I would also like to thank members of the City Council, the City Manager, and the various departments for their cooperation and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City during the past fiscal year.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ronda Rivera

Assistant City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Citrus Heights California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

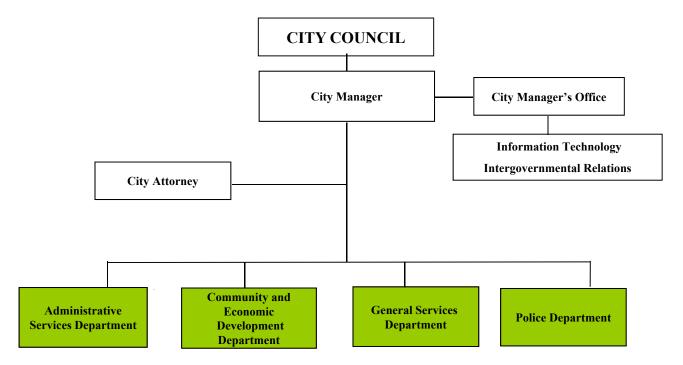
June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

Organization Chart



City of Citrus Heights, California

For the year ended June 30, 2018

List of Officials

- > Steve Miller, Mayor
- > Jeannie Bruins, Vice Mayor
- > Bret Daniels, Council Member
- > Albert J. Fox, Council Member
- > Jeff Slowey, Council Member
- > Christopher W. Boyd, City Manager
- > Ronda Rivera, Assistant City Manager
- > Rhonda Sherman, Community Services Director
- > Ronald A. Lawrence, Chief of Police
- > Ruthann Ziegler, City Attorney





Telephone: (916) 564-8727 FAX: (916) 564-8728

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Citrus Heights, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Citrus Heights, California, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Housing Program Grants Special Revenue Fund and Community Development Block Grants Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions to the pension plan, schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios and schedule of contributions to the OPEB plan, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

December 21, 2018

This page intentionally left blank.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Citrus Heights (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ As of June 30, 2018, total assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$363,129,247 (net position). The portion of net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors (unrestricted net position) is \$1,974,482. The portion of net position that is restricted and may only be used for specific purposes is \$16,266,052. The remaining \$344,888,713 is invested in capital assets.
- ◆ As of June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,772,851. Of the combined fund balances, 33.7% (\$5.986 million) is available to meet the City's current and future needs (committed, assigned and unassigned balances).
- ♦ As of June 30, 2018, the committed amount in the General Fund of \$4.6 million represents amounts committed for insurance, postemployment healthcare benefits and a Council commitment for economic uncertainties and anticipated future short-term structural deficits (i.e. revenue stabilization). See Note 7.
- Under the revenue neutrality agreement with the County of Sacramento, \$4,885,101 of property tax revenue was retained by the County as payment under the agreement. These payments are expected to continue through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- ♦ The City signed a ground lease agreement with Dignity Health Medical Foundation (Dignity Health) for the former City Hall site under which the City collected an initial payment of \$1.0 million and will collect an additional \$5.9 million over a fifteen-year period beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
- ◆ Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased to \$344,888,713 from \$355,681,545 which includes \$307,643,606 of infrastructure per the requirements of GASB 34.

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is in three major parts:

1) **Introductory section**, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information;

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules; and,
- 3) **Statistical section,** which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- ♦ Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, economic development, public safety, animal control, engineering, community events, public improvements, planning and zoning, building inspections, and general administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All of the City's enterprise activities are reported here. The City's only Business-type activity fund is Solid Waste. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City's major funds include the General Fund, HOME Program Grants Special Revenue Fund, and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one Enterprise-type proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Solid Waste activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste operation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 32-68 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 69.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 73-112 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$363,129,247 as of June 30, 2018. Under the state's revenue neutrality law, the County retains the annual property tax for the first twenty-five years after the City's incorporation through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County retained \$5,278,677 of property taxes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2018, and 2017, follows:

	Governmen	Bu	usiness-ty	pe A	Activitites	Totals		
	2018	2017	2017 2018		2017		2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 32,286,485	\$ 31,196,247	\$	409,404	\$	379,239	\$ 32,695,889	\$ 31,575,486
Capital assets	344,507,138	355,292,096		381,575		389,449	344,888,713	355,681,545
Total Assets	376,793,623	386,488,343		790,979		768,688	377,584,602	387,257,031
Total Deferred Outflows	10,483,514	11,344,874		342,240		54,046	10,825,754	11,398,920
Long-term liabilities	15,825,240	13,005,965		468,753		138,608	16,293,993	13,144,573
Other liabilities	8,001,273	7,338,149		33,345		127,074	8,034,618	7,465,223
Total Liabilities	23,826,513	20,344,114		502,098		265,682	24,328,611	20,609,796
Total Deferred Inflows	922,386	1,997,193		30,112		7,040	952,498	2,004,233
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	344,507,138	355,292,096		381,575		389,449	344,888,713	355,681,545
Restricted	16,266,052	15,935,790		-		-	16,266,052	15,935,790
Unrestricted	1,755,048	4,264,024		219,434		160,563	1,974,482	4,424,587
Total Net Position	\$362,528,238	\$375,491,910	\$	601,009	\$	550,012	\$363,129,247	\$376,041,922

Restricted net position increased by \$330,262 due to the receipt of restricted funds in a number of special revenue funds for road maintenance, transit services and various development activities. Unrestricted net position can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements. The City had \$1,974,482 of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2018, which is a decrease of \$2,450,105. The decrease was mainly due to the \$2,362,687 net pension liability increase and a \$519,000 increase in claims payable offset by a decrease in OPEB liability of \$196,706. While unrestricted net position is technically unrestricted, much of the amount is committed for a specific use as described in Note 7.

The City maintains a commitment of fund balance in the General Fund, commonly called the General Fund Reserve. It is set at a maximum of \$35 million at June 30, 2018, and the balance is currently \$4.6 million. The net position of business-type activities cannot be used to make up an unrestricted net position deficit in the governmental activities. The City generally can only use these assets to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, and 2017, follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-t	ype Activitites	Totals		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues:	•						
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 7,946,857	\$ 9,363,391	\$ 798,838	\$ 761,614	\$ 8,745,695	\$ 10,125,005	
Grants and contributions:							
Operating	6,265,040	6,087,515	-	-	6,265,040	6,087,515	
Capital	1,483,643	2,006,396	-	-	1,483,643	2,006,396	
General revenues:							
Property taxes							
and assessments	758,653	991,552	-	-	758,653	991,552	
Sales and use taxes	15,653,986	15,412,345	-	-	15,653,986	15,412,345	
Utility users tax	2,932,236	2,881,617	-	-	2,932,236	2,881,617	
Other taxes	1,600,300	1,616,163	-	-	1,600,300	1,616,163	
Shared intergovernmental -							
unrestricted	8,037,540	7,611,171	-	-	8,037,540	7,611,171	
Investment earnings (Losses)	254,162	1,108,551	3,450	452	257,612	1,109,003	
Total Revenues	44,932,417	47,078,701	802,288	762,066	45,734,705	47,840,767	
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	6,106,557	5,463,122	-	-	6,106,557	5,463,122	
Public safety	21,698,128	18,378,242	-	-	21,698,128	18,378,242	
Public ways and facilities	24,395,899	24,188,701	-	-	24,395,899	24,188,701	
Culture and recreation	722,254	669,948	-	-	722,254	669,948	
Economic development	353,608	402,904	-	-	353,608	402,904	
Community enhancements	4,664,278	4,710,977	-	-	4,664,278	4,710,977	
Business-type activities:							
Solid waste	-	-	751,291	798,694	751,291	798,694	
Total Expenses	57,940,724	53,813,894	751,291	798,694	58,692,015	54,612,588	
Excess of revenues over				-			
expenditures before transfers	(13,008,307)	(6,735,193)	50,997	(36,628)	(12,957,310)	(6,771,821)	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Change in Net Position	(13,008,307)	(6,735,193)	50,997	(36,628)	(12,957,310)	(6,771,821)	
Restatement	44,635				44,635		
Net position, beginning of year	375,491,910	382,227,103	550,012	586,640	376,041,922	382,813,743	
NET POSITION, JUNE 30	\$ 362,528,238	\$ 375,491,910	\$ 601,009	\$ 550,012	\$ 363,129,247	\$ 376,041,922	
							

Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$45,734,705 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Approximately 66% of the City's key revenues are generated from three major sources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The following discusses variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. **Sales Tax** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 increased \$241,641 from the prior year.
- 2. **Shared Intergovernmental Revenues** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 increased by \$426,369 from the prior year. This amount represents the state motor vehicle in-lieu tax.
- 3. Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Operating Governmental Activities operating grants and contributions were mainly from transit allocations from the Sacramento Area Council of Governments and street, road, and community enhancement grants that were for maintenance and operations as well as grant reimbursements for housing loans made during the year. Revenues increased in 2018 for public ways and facilities as project spending went up.

Grants and Contributions - Governmental Activities Capital - The decrease in capital revenues reflects the completion of several capital projects during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Those projects included the 2017 Access and Drainage Improvements, Sunrise/Sayonara Drainage Project and the Baird Drainage Project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$58,692,015. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$57,940,724 or 98.7% of total expenses. Business-type activities expenses totaled \$751,291 during the fiscal year. Public safety costs represented 37.4% of total governmental activities expenses. Public ways and facilities costs represented the largest single expense for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

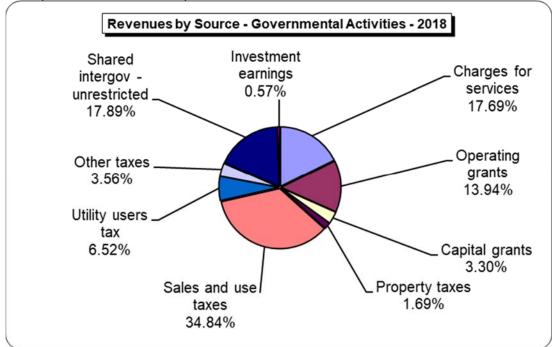
The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, and 2017, were as follows:

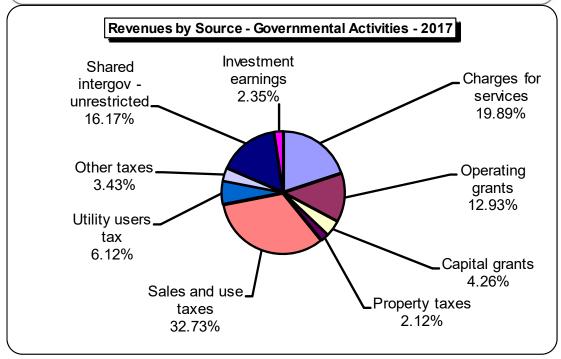
	 2	2018	3	2017					
	Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services				Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services			
General government	\$ 6,106,557	\$	(4,829,201)	\$	5,463,122	\$	(4,059,762)		
Public safety	21,698,128		(19,491,503)		18,378,242		(15,766,626)		
Public ways and facilities	24,395,899		(14,064,850)		24,188,701		(14,270,186)		
Culture and recreation	722,254		(264,132)		669,948		(297,501)		
Economic development	353,608		(353,608)		402,904		(402,904)		
Community enhancements	4,664,278		(3,241,890)		4,710,977		(1,559,613)		
TOTAL	\$ 57,940,724	\$	(42,245,184)	\$	53,813,894	\$	(36,356,592)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, and 2017, are as follows:

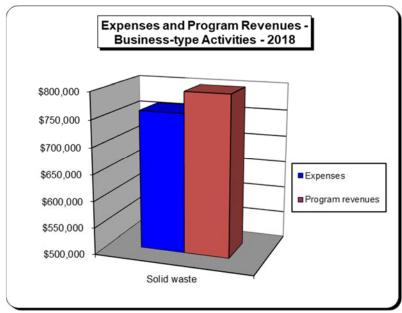


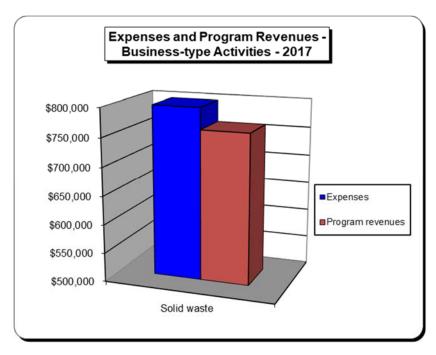


Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business-type activities. The City's net position for business-type activities increase by \$50,997. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The expenses and program revenues for the Solid Waste Operation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and 2017, are as follows:

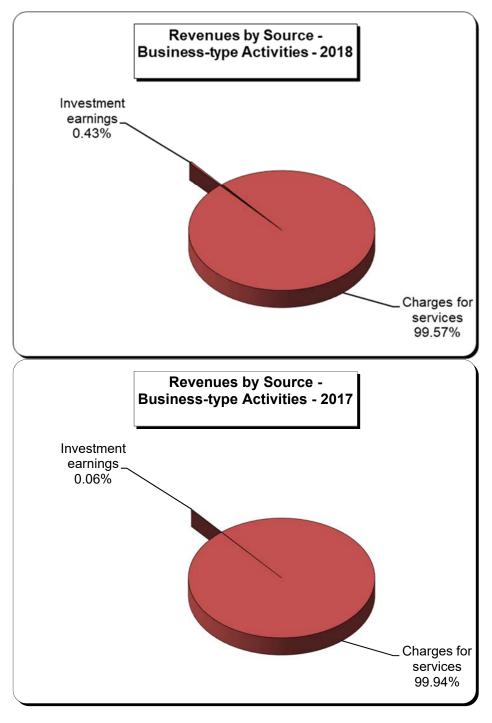




Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The revenues by source for the solid waste business-type activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:



Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Citrus Heights uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$17,772,851. The City reports two major funds, the General Fund and General Capital Improvements Fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$5,173,792 of which \$4,559,378 was committed for board approved projects. Fund balance in the General Fund decreased by \$544,643 mainly due to the transfer of \$500,000 from the General Fund Reserve to the General Capital Improvements Fund for furniture, fixtures and equipment related to the purchase of the new City Hall building and utility yard.

The City's Redevelopment Agency was dissolved on January 31, 2012, in accordance with the provisions of ABx1 26. The City of Citrus Heights elected to become the Housing Successor and Successor Agency. With the exception of residual interest, all loans, advances, land held for sale and other assets were sold or transferred to the City or other appropriate agencies as of June 30, 2017. The distribution for residual interest occurred during the year ending June 30, 2018. The State Department of Finance notified the Successor Agency that it acknowledges the end of the Successor Agency's existence as March 1, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Proprietary funds. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The Proprietary fund unrestricted net position increased \$50,997 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was no difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for revenues. The difference between the final budget and actual revenues reflects a negative amount of \$22,192. Taxes and Assessments, licenses and permits, and charges for services came in under budget; all other revenue categories exceeded the budget estimate. The largest favorable variance compared to the budget was in fines and forfeitures of \$138,309.

There was no difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures. Total expenditures were \$307,907 under the budgeted amount. The saved costs were mainly related to salary savings.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$344,888,713. This investment in capital assets includes land, art, construction in progress costs for road and other improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, the City Hall and Utility Yard assets and machinery and equipment.

Govern	mei	ntal	Business-type							
Activ	itie	S	Activities				Total			
2018		2017	2018		2017		2018			2017
\$ 14,860,489	\$	14,118,799	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,860,489	\$	14,118,799
103,650		103,650		-		-		103,650		103,650
1,094,336		537,821		-		-		1,094,336		537,821
18,975,142		19,807,698		-		-		18,975,142		19,807,698
307,262,031		318,138,754		381,575		389,449		307,643,606		318,528,203
8,575		-		-		-		8,575		-
2,202,915		2,585,374		-				2,202,915		2,585,374
\$ 344,507,138	\$	355,292,096	\$3	355,292,096	\$	389,449	\$	344,888,713	\$	355,681,545
\$	Active 2018 \$ 14,860,489 103,650 1,094,336 18,975,142 307,262,031 8,575 2,202,915	Activitie 2018 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 103,650 1,094,336 18,975,142 307,262,031 8,575 2,202,915	\$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 103,650 103,650 1,094,336 537,821 18,975,142 19,807,698 307,262,031 318,138,754 8,575 - 2,202,915 2,585,374	Activities 2018 2017 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 103,650 103,650 1,094,336 537,821 18,975,142 19,807,698 307,262,031 318,138,754 8,575 - 2,202,915 2,585,374	Activities Activities 2018 2017 2018 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - 103,650 103,650 - 1,094,336 537,821 - 18,975,142 19,807,698 - 307,262,031 318,138,754 381,575 8,575 - - 2,202,915 2,585,374 -	Activities 2018 2017 2018 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - \$ 103,650 103,650 - 1,094,336 537,821 - 18,975,142 19,807,698 - 307,262,031 318,138,754 381,575 8,575 - - 2,202,915 2,585,374 -	Activities 2018 2017 2018 2017 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - \$ - 103,650 103,650 - - 1,094,336 537,821 - - 18,975,142 19,807,698 - - 307,262,031 318,138,754 381,575 389,449 8,575 - - - 2,202,915 2,585,374 - - -	Activities 2018 2017 2018 2017 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - \$ - \$ - 103,650 103,650 - - - - 1,094,336 537,821 - - - 18,975,142 19,807,698 - - - 307,262,031 318,138,754 381,575 389,449 8,575 - - - - 2,202,915 2,585,374 - - -	Activities To 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - \$ - \$ 14,860,489 \$ 103,650 \$ 103,650 - - \$ 103,650 \$ 1,094,336 \$ 537,821 - - \$ 18,975,142 \$ 307,262,031 \$ 318,138,754 \$ 381,575 \$ 389,449 \$ 307,643,606 \$ 8,575 - - - \$ 8,575 \$ 2,202,915 \$ 2,585,374 - - \$ 2,202,915	Activites Total 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 \$ 14,860,489 \$ 14,118,799 \$ - \$ - \$ 14,860,489 \$ 103,650 \$ 103,650 \$ 103,650 - - - 103,650 \$ 1,094,336 \$ 537,821 - - - 1,094,336 \$ 18,975,142 \$ 19,807,698 - - - 18,975,142 \$ 307,262,031 \$ 318,138,754 \$ 381,575 \$ 389,449 \$ 307,643,606 \$ 8,575 - - - - 8,575 \$ 2,202,915 \$ 2,585,374 - - - 2,202,915

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The increase in land was mainly due to Right of Way (ROW) escrow charges and land acquisitions. The increase in construction in progress was mainly due to the ongoing construction of several major capital projects including the Sunrise Boulevard Complete Streets Improvement Project (Phase 2A) and the Auburn Boulevard Complete Streets Revitalization Project (Phase 2). More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Pages 36 and 37 for significant accounting policies and Note 4 on Page 47 and 48 for other capital asset information.

Long-term Debt

The City's long-term debt at June 30, 2018 totaled \$18,305,401 and include a net pension liability of \$14,224,447. More detail on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on page 49.

Economic Outlook

The local economy continues to perform well. The housing market has rebounded with the median value of a home in Sacramento County increasing by 7.6 percent between June 2017 and June 2018. The City of Citrus Heights experienced a net taxable value increase of 6.1 percent for the 2018-19 tax roll, just slightly less than the countywide increase of 6.8 percent.

Employment has continued to increase in the Sacramento Region. During the past twelve months, local employment increased by 1.3 percent compared to 1.1 percent during the previous twelvementh period. The unemployment rate in Sacramento County was 3.6 percent in June 2018 which compares favorably to the statewide unemployment rate of 4.2 percent.

Consumer spending has also continued its positive trend with a 1.6 percent increase in sales tax collections by the City during Fiscal Year 2017-18. It is anticipated that the local, state and national economies will continue along a slow, steady growth trajectory in 2019.

The City maintains a multi-year forecasting model to project anticipated revenues and expenditures. The model predicts continued positive operating performance through fiscal year 2022-2023, when the City will begin to receive property tax revenues that are currently being retained by Sacramento County as part of the revenue neutrality settlement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Requests for Information

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like to obtain component unit financial statements, contact the City of Citrus Heights Administrative Services Department, 6360 Fountain Square Drive, Citrus Heights, CA 95621, or visit the City's web page at www.citrusheights.net.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and investments		\$ 12,982,631	\$ 283,661	\$ 13,266,292
Receivables:		1071116	101 (01	
Accounts		1,254,146	124,681	1,378,827
Interest		43,323	1,062	44,385
Due from other governments Prepaid items		5,707,540 254,571	-	5,707,540
riepaid items	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	20,242,211	409,404	254,571 20,651,615
	TOTAL CORRENT ASSETS	20,242,211	405,404	20,031,013
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Interest receivable - lease		236,015	-	236,015
Loans and notes receivable		5,317,438	-	5,317,438
Lease receivable		3,706,221	-	3,706,221
Land held for resale		2,784,600	-	2,784,600
Capital assets:		16050 455		16050 455
Nondepreciable		16,058,475	-	16,058,475
Depreciable, net	TOTAL MONOCHER PRINT AGGREGA	328,448,663	381,575	328,830,238
	TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	356,551,412	381,575	356,932,987
	TOTAL ASSETS	376,793,623	790,979	377,584,602
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plans		10,117,500	330,254	10,447,754
Other postemployment benefits plan		366,049	11,951	378,000
	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
	OF RESOURCES	10,483,549	342,205	10,825,754
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES		2.050.019	17 217	2.076.225
Accounts payable		2,059,018	17,217	2,076,235
Salaries and benefits payable		427,491	-	427,491
Refundable deposits		76,562	16 120	76,562
Due to other governments Retention payable		912,047	16,128	928,175
Unearned revenue		54,375 2,460,372	-	54,375 2,460,372
Noncurrent liabilities - current portion		2,460,372	-	2,460,372
Noncurrent naomnies - current portion	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	8,001,273	33,345	8,034,618
	TOTAL CORRENT LIABILITIES	0,001,273	33,343	0,054,010
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Noncurrent liabilities		15,825,288	468,705	16,293,993
	TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	15,825,288	468,705	16,293,993
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,826,561	502,050	24,328,611
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plans		880,253	28,733	908,986
Other postemployment benefits plan		42,136	1,376	43,512
	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS			
	OF RESOURCES	922,389	30,109	952,498
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		344,507,138	381,575	344,888,713
Housing projects		8,858,157	-	8,858,157
Stormwater maintenance		2,122,376	-	2,122,376
Streets, roads and park projects		2,951,579	-	2,951,579
Assessment District maintenance		1,440,740	-	1,440,740
Other		893,200	-	893,200
Unrestricted		1,755,032	219,450	1,974,482
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 362,528,222	\$ 601,025	\$ 363,129,247

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		P1	rogram Revenu	ies	Net (Expense			
			Grant			Net Position	_	
		Charges for		ntributions	Governmental	Business-type		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	Activities	Activities	Totals	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General government	\$ 6,106,559	\$ 1,185,547	\$ 91,809	\$ -	\$ (4,829,203)	\$ -	\$ (4,829,203)	
Public safety	21,698,139	1,488,252	718,373	-	(19,491,514)	-	(19,491,514)	
Public ways and facilities	24,395,900	4,324,674	4,525,543	1,480,832	(14,064,851)	-	(14,064,851)	
Culture and recreation	722,255	449,711	8,411	-	(264,133)	-	(264,133)	
Economic development	353,608	-	-	-	(353,608)	-	(353,608)	
Community enhancements	4,664,279	498,673	920,904	2,811	(3,241,891)	-	(3,241,891)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	55.040.540	5 046055	6.265.040	1 402 642	(40.045.000)		(42.245.200)	
ACTIVITIES	57,940,740	7,946,857	6,265,040	1,483,643	(42,245,200)	-	(42,245,200)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Solid waste	751,275	798,838	_	_	-	47,563	47,563	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE						,		
ACTIVITIES	751,275	798,838	-	-	-	47,563	47,563	
FOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 58,692,015	\$ 8,745,695	\$ 6,265,040	\$ 1,483,643	(42,245,200)	47,563	(42,197,637)	
	General revenu Taxes:	es:						
	Property tax	es, levied for g	general purpose	es	758,653	-	758,653	
	Sales and us	se tax			15,653,986	-	15,653,986	
	Utility users	s tax			2,932,236	-	2,932,236	
	Other taxes				1,600,300	-	1,600,300	
	Intergovernm	ental:						
	State motor	vehicle in-lieu	tax (MVLF)		8,037,540	-	8,037,540	
	Investment ea	rnings			254,162	3,450	257,612	
	Total genera	al revenues			29,236,877	3,450	29,240,327	
	Change in n	et position	(13,008,323)	51,013	(12,957,310)			
	Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported previously reported 375,491,910 550,012							
	Restatemen	t			44,635		44,635	
	Net position	n, beginning of	year, as restate	ed	375,536,545	550,012	376,086,557	
	Net position	n, end of year			\$ 362,528,222	\$ 601,025	\$ 363,129,247	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

		Major Funds			
	-	HOME	=		
		Program	Total		
		Grants Special	Grants Special	Nonmajor	Total
	General	Revenue	Revenue	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,519,666	\$ 276,895	\$ 171,868	\$ 10,014,202	\$ 12,982,631
Receivables:	\$ 2,515,000	\$ 2 70,050	Ψ 171,000	\$ 10,01.,202	V 12,702,001
Accounts	492,874	_	_	761,272	1,254,146
Interest	4,910	1,756	1,918	34,739	43,323
Interest - lease	236,015	-		5 1,757	236,015
Loans and notes receivable	24,639	3,476,098	\$ 1,550,200	266,501	5,317,438
Direct financing lease receivable	3,706,221	-	ψ 1,550,200 -	200,501	3,706,221
Due from other funds	806,261	_	_	_	806,261
Due from other governments	3,443,540	118,263	110,593	2,035,144	5,707,540
Prepaid items	254,571	110,203	110,575	2,055,111	254,571
Land held for resale	-	-	-	2,784,600	2,784,600
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,488,697	\$ 3,873,012	\$ 1,834,579	\$ 15,896,458	\$ 33,092,746
TOTAL ASSLIS	\$ 11,400,097	\$ 3,073,012	\$ 1,034,379	\$ 15,690,436	\$ 33,092,740
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	S				
AND FUND BALANCES	A		00.467		
Accounts payable	\$ 573,765	\$ 31,089	\$ 80,165	\$ 1,373,999	\$ 2,059,018
Salaries and benefits payable	427,491	-	-	-	427,491
Refundable deposits	76,562	-	-	-	76,562
Due to other funds	-	-	92,525	713,736	806,261
Due to other governments	537,009	-	-	375,038	912,047
Retention payable	-	-	-	54,375	54,375
Unearned revenue	436,837	-	-	317,943	754,780
Compensated absences liability	36,905				36,905
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,088,569	31,089	172,690	2,835,091	5,127,439
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants receivable	284,100	_	-	673,321	957,421
Unavailable revenue - loans	· =	3,476,098	1,550,200	266,501	5,292,799
Unavailable revenue - direct financing lease	3,706,221	-	-	-	3,706,221
Unavailable revenue - direct financing lease interest	236,015	_	-	-	236,015
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES	4,226,336	3,476,098	1,550,200	939,822	10,192,456
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Nonspendable:					
Loans and notes receivable	24,639	_	_	_	24,639
Prepaid items	254,571	_	_	_	254,571
Land held for resale	-	_	-	2,784,600	2,784,600
Restricted	21,143	365,825	111,689	8,224,826	8,723,483
Committed	4,559,378	, -	- ·	-	4,559,378
Assigned	-	-	-	1,374,838	1,374,838
Unassigned (deficit)	314,061			(262,719)	51,342
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,173,792	365,825	111,689	12,121,545	17,772,851
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,488,697	\$ 3,873,012	\$ 1,834,579	\$ 15,896,458	\$ 33,092,746

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUND -- BALANCE SHEETS

to the

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 17,772,851
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		344,507,138
Deferred outflows related to the City's pension and OPEB plans will reduce the pension and OPEB liability in the future.		10,483,549
Long-term receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized in the governmental funds. The City's direct financing lease receivable is reported as unearned revenue under GASB Statement No. 62 for government-wide purposes.		
Deferred inflows of resources recognized Unearned revenue - direct financing lease receivable	\$ 10,192,456 (1,705,592)	8,486,864
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet. Those liabilities consist of: Compensated absences Claims payable Net OPEB obligation	(1,722,302) (1,710,000) (584,102)	
Net pension liability	(13,774,812)	(17,799,791)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the City's pension and OPEB plans will be reflected in the pension and OPEB liability in the future.		(922,389)

\$ 362,528,222

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Ma	jor Funds				
	General Fund	Pr Grant Re	OME ogram ts Special evenue Fund	Grants Rev	DBG Special renue and	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes and assessments	\$ 16,522,415	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 16,522,415
Licenses and permits	1,306,547		-		-	155,957	1,462,504
Fines and forfeitures	878,309		-		-	269,410	1,147,719
Intergovernmental	8,092,919		357,340		217,890	10,171,382	18,839,531
Use of money and property	444,571		2,704		3,209	65,033	515,517
Charges for services	1,289,828		-		-	5,304,596	6,594,424
Contributions	11,315		-		-	8,411	19,726
Other revenues	91,518		89,849		169,395	140,352	491,114
TOTAL REVENUES	28,637,422		449,893		390,494	16,115,141	45,592,950
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government	5,222,028		-		-	360,555	5,582,583
Public safety	18,992,647		-		-	1,025,542	20,018,189
Public ways and facilities	23,950		-		-	11,227,389	11,251,339
Culture and recreation	559,474		-		-	145,392	704,866
Economic development	298,781		-		-	-	298,781
Community enhancements	3,044,752		378,140		388,022	495,712	4,306,626
Capital outlay	15,995		-		<u>-</u>	2,302,324	2,318,319
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,157,627		378,140		388,022	15,556,914	44,480,703
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	479,795		71,753		2,472	558,227	1,112,247
OTHER FINANCING COURGE (LIGES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets						112,672	112,672
Transfers in	216,671		-		-	1,298,093	1,514,764
Transfers out	(1,241,109)		-		-	(273,655)	(1,514,764)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,024,438)		-	-		1,137,110	112,672
TOTAL OTHER TRAINER SCORELS (OSLS)	(1,021,130)	-		-		1,137,110	112,072
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(544,643)		71,753		2,472	1,695,337	1,224,919
Beginning fund balances	5,718,435		294,072		109,217	10,426,208	16,547,932
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,173,792	\$	365,825	\$	111,689	\$ 12,121,545	\$ 17,772,851

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

Reconciliation of the

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

to the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,224,919
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Some receivables are deferred in the governmental funds because the amounts do not represent current financial resources that are recognized under the accrual basis in the statement of activities. This amount represents the change in deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue and loans receivable.		(660,534)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	¢ 2219210	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 2,318,319 (13,099,282)	(10,780,963)
Governmental funds report proceeds from disposal of capital assets as revenues. However, in the statement of activities only the gain or (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported. This is the difference between the gain or (loss) and proceeds.		(12,570)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the City's pension and OPEB plans do not result in the receipt or use of current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds. Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension plan Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension plan Change in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB plan Change in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB plan		(1,227,374) 1,116,940 366,049 (42,136)
Long-term liabilities reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Principal payments are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but are reported as a reduction of the liability in the statement of net position. These amounts represents the change in long-term liabilities not recorded in the fund statements. Change in claims liability Change in compensated absences liability Change in net OPEB liability Change in net pension liability	(519,000) 65,374 (176,293) (2,362,735)	(2,992,654)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (13,008,323)

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		GENERA	AL FUND	
		Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Taxes and assessments	\$ 16,696,937	\$ 16,696,937	\$ 16,522,415	\$ (174,522)
Licenses and permits	1,341,000	1,341,000	1,306,547	(34,453)
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental	740,000 7,962,373	740,000 7,962,373	878,309 8,092,919	138,309 130,546
Use of money and property	547,779	547,779	444,571	(103,208)
Charges for services	1,371,525	1,371,525	1,289,828	(81,697)
Contributions	-	-	11,315	11,315
Other revenues	-		91,518	91,518
TOTAL REVENUES	28,659,614	28,659,614	28,637,422	(22,192)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	5,220,319	5,220,319	5,222,028	(1,709)
Public safety	19,215,741	19,215,741	18,992,647	223,094
Public ways and facilities	-	-	23,950	(23,950)
Culture and recreation	435,757	435,757	559,474	(123,717)
Economic development	343,639	343,639	298,781	44,858
Community enhancements	3,071,078	3,071,078	3,044,752	26,326
Capital outlay	179,000	179,000	15,995	163,005
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,465,534	28,465,534	28,157,627	307,907
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	194,080	194,080	479,795	285,715
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	235,000	235,000	216,671	(18,329)
Transfers out	(704,058)	(704,058)	(1,241,109)	(537,051)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(469,058)	(469,058)	(1,024,438)	(555,380)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (274,978)	\$ (274,978)	(544,643)	\$ (269,665)
Beginning fund balance			5,718,435	
ENDING FUND BALANCE			\$ 5,173,792	

Н	OME PROC	GRAM GRANTS	S SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUND	CDBC	GRANTS SPEC	CIAL REVENUE	E FUND
		Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	648,000 3,427	648,000 3,427	357,340 2,704	(290,660) (723)	988,113	988,113	217,890 3,209	(770,223) 3,209
			-	-	-	-	-	-
	651,427	651,427	89,849 449,893	89,849 (201,534)	30,000 1,018,113	30,000	169,395 390,494	139,395 (627,619)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	811,074	811,074	378,140	432,934	969,650	969,650	388,022	581,628
	811,074	811,074	378,140	432,934	969,650	969,650	388,022	581,628
	(159,647)	(159,647)	71,753	231,400	48,463	48,463	2,472	(45,991)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	_	-		_	-	-
\$	(159,647)	\$ (159,647)	71,753	\$ 231,400	\$ 48,463	\$ 48,463	2,472	\$ (45,991)
			294,072				109,217	
			\$ 365,825	•			\$ 111,689	

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA SOLID WASTE NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2018

ACCETO		 Totals
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables:		\$ 283,661
Accounts Interest		124,681 1,062
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	409,404
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets:		
Depreciable, net	TOTAL MONGUIDDENT AGGETG	 381,575
	TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS	 381,575 790,979
	TOTAL ASSETS	 190,919
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions		330,254
Other post-employment benefits	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 11,951 342,205
	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 342,203
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		17,217
Due to other governments		 16,128
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	 33,345
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability		449,635
Net other post-employment benefits obligation		19,070
	TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	468,705
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	 502,050
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension plans		28,733
Other post-employment benefits		1,376
	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	30,109
NET DOCITION		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		381,575
Unrestricted		219,450
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 601,025

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA SOLID WASTE NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		 Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	AL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 798,838 798,838
1017	AL OI EKATING KEVENOES	190,030
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		342,413
Professional services		27,603
Materials and supplies		99,363
General and administrative expenses		274,022
Depreciation expense	AL OPERATING EMPENDED	 7,874
1017	AL OPERATING EXPENSES	 751,275
	OPERATING INCOME	47,563
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Interest revenue		3,450
TOTAL NO	ONOPERATING REVENUES	3,450
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	51,013
Net position, beginning of year		550,012
NE ⁻	T POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 601,025

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA SOLID WASTE NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		_	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AG	CTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users		\$	765,914
Payments to suppliers			(494,603)
Payments to employees	NET CARLED OLUBED DIVODED ATDICA ACTIVITIES		(277,520)
	NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(6,209)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING AC	TIVITIES		
Interest income received			2,641
	NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	2,641
	NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,568)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of	the year	_	287,229
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	nr	\$	283,661
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING I CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING			
Operating income		\$	47,563
Adjustments to reconcile operating in	come	•	. ,
to net cash provided (used) by operation			
Depreciation Expense	č		7,874
± • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ets and deferred outflows of resources:		•
Accounts receivable			(42,107)
Due from other governments			9,183
Deferred outflows of resources	- pensions		(276,208)
Deferred outflows of resources	- OPEB		(11,951)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities a	nd deferred inflows of resources:		
Accounts payable and accrued l	iabilities		(100,560)
Due to other governments			6,945
Salaries and benefits payable			(114)
Net pension liability			311,027
Deferred inflows of resources -	pensions		21,693
Net OPEB liability			19,070
Deferred inflows of resources -	OPEB		1,376
Λ	NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(6,209)

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2018

		Agency Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and investments		\$ 21,894
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 21,894
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments		\$ 21,894
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 21,894

NET POSITION

Net position held in trust for redevelopment dissolution

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Age Priv Pur Tr	eessor ency vate pose ust
ADDITIONS:			
Investment earnings	\$	1	181
TOTAL ADDITION	S		181
DEDUCTIONS:			
Public ways and facilities			181
TOTAL DEDUCTION	s _		181
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	Ŋ		-
NET POSITION			
Net position, beginning of year	_		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	_\$	1	



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The City applies all GASB pronouncements to its activities. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Citrus Heights (City) was incorporated on January 1, 1997, under the laws and regulations of the State of California (State). The City operates under a City Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police), highways and streets, solid waste, stormwater utility, public improvements, planning and zoning, building, animal services, transit, and general administration.

The City operates as a self-governing local government unit within the State. It has limited authority to levy taxes and has the authority to determine user fees for the services that it provides. The City's main funding sources include sales taxes, utility user tax, other intergovernmental revenue from state and federal sources, user fees, and federal and state financial assistance. All secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes, with the exception of tax assessments associated with lighting and landscaping special assessments, are paid to Sacramento County (County) as part of the revenue neutrality payment obligation through June 30, 2022. The financial statements do not reflect the amounts received on behalf of the City and retained by the County.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, the City, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization, or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements would present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The City does not have any component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the nonfiduciary activities of the government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, while business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to the operating or capital requirements of a specific function or segment. All taxes and internally dedicated resources classified as program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and,
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Qualitative factors are also considered in determining major programs as applicable.

The City reports the following major funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in another fund. From this fund are paid the City's general operating expenditures, the fixed charges, and the capital costs that are not paid through other funds.
- **HOME Program Grants Special Revenue Fund** Accounts for HOME Program Grant funds used for low income housing activities.
- Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund Accounts for CDBG grant funds used for low income housing loans for home repair projects, and non-profit public service activities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally or otherwise restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Fiduciary Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds - Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for fiduciary assets not required to be reported in another fiduciary fund type. The City's private purpose trust fund was used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the Community Redevelopment Agency of City of Citrus Heights that was terminated prior to year-end as described in Note 12.

Agency Funds - Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations and are not presented in the government-wide financial statements. There are two agency funds reported by the City, including a fund that collects fire development fees on behalf of the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District and a fund that collects transportation fees on behalf of the State.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, with the exception of agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The accounting objectives of economic resources measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recorded in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transaction takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) as well as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position, which serves as an indicator of financial position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities along with deferred outflows and inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statements, proprietary funds and private purpose trust funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund,

including charges for services. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount, and available means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end, with the exception of grant revenues, sales tax and Transportation Development Act (TDA) revenues. Grant revenues are considered to be available if collected within 180 days and sales tax and TDA revenues are considered to be available if collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including the City's investments in LAIF, and certificates of deposit.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, utility user taxes, intergovernmental subventions, interest earnings, and expense reimbursements.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, utility user tax, and intergovernmental subventions since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available, such as property tax, are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. The loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are reported as deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements. The City's experience is that all accounts receivable are collectible; therefore an allowance for doubtful accounts is unnecessary.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. See Note 8 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute current resources available for appropriation. The consumption method is used to recognize prepaid items.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. The City policy has set the capitalization threshold at \$5,000 for non-infrastructure capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure capital assets.

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental activity infrastructure assets were not capitalized; however, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Purchases of capital assets are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds and proceeds from sales of capital assets are reported as other financing sources. In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the cost of assets sold or retired, net of accumulated depreciation, is removed from the statement of net position in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss on disposal is reported.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and improvements	5-50 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Network equipment/phone system	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. *Deferred outflows of resources* represent a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. *Deferred inflows of resources* represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. These amounts will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) or an inflow of resources (revenue) until the earnings process is complete. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for grants and other revenues when the amounts meet the asset recognition criteria under GASB 33 and were accrued as receivables, but the amounts were not received in the availability period. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources include amounts deferred related to the City's pension plan under GASB 68 as described in Note 10 and the City's OPEB plan as described in Note 11. As indicated above, loans receivable are also reported as deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue annual leave, long-term medical, holiday and compensatory time off benefits. City employees have vested interests in the amount of accrued time off, with the exception of long-term medical leave, and are paid at termination. Also, annually an employee may elect to be compensated for up to 40 hours of unused annual leave. However, this is contingent upon the employee using at least 40 hours of annual leave during the previous year and, the employee having a minimum balance of 80 annual leave hours after the payment. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements and is currently payable. The City had no employee resignations or retirements for which compensated absences should be accrued in governmental funds at year-end. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity in government-wide and proprietary fund statements is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

a. *Investment capital assets* – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The net investment in capital assets for the City represents the balance of capital assets, net of depreciation since the City has no long-term liabilities outstanding.

- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in the following components:

Nonspendable Fund Balance -

• Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items and inventory) and assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable not deferred in the fund statements).

Restricted Fund Balance -

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (creditors, grantors, contributors and other governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (e.g., Gas Tax).

Committed Fund Balance -

- Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period (encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove. Council Resolution is required to be approved to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance -

- Resources constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Governmental fund amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed in other than the General Fund are automatically reported as assigned.
- Assigned amounts for specific purposes are determined and authorized by the City Manager according to the City's fund balance policy. Use of assigned funds exceeding the City Manager's \$50,000 spending authority are approved as part of the budget or by Council Resolution.

Unassigned Fund Balance -

- Residual net resources.
- Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

See Note 7 for more information about the City's net position and fund balances.

Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Tax

The County of Sacramento (County) is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first day of September of each year. They become a lien on real property on March 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These taxes are paid in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, cost, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due. Any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer. Additional tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payments and delinquent dates, but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill. Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on March 1, and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

The City participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allow counties to distribute secured real property, assessment, and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to cities each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to Sacramento County. The Teeter Plan payment, which includes 95% of the outstanding accumulated delinquency, is included in property tax revenue retained by Sacramento County under the revenue neutrality agreement. Under the Teeter Plan Code, 5% of the delinquency must remain with the County as a reserve for Teeter Plan funding.

Interfund Transfers

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers within individual governmental funds have been eliminated. See Note 8 for more information about the City's interfund transfers.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net pension liability.

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net OPEB liability.

Budgetary Accounting

The City Council establishes budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. The City did not budget the following special revenue funds: The Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Fund, Measure A Construction Fund, General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund and Auburn Boulevard Utilities Fund. The City did not budget capital projects funds with the exception of the Community Capital Replacement Fund. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. Only the Council can authorize transfers between funds and approve inter-fund loans. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund without formal council action or approval.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. There were no material supplemental appropriations made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Budget information is presented for the General and budgeted Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Joint Power Authorities or Jointly Governed Organizations

The City of Citrus Heights is a member of several Joint Powers Agencies (JPA) and/or jointly managed agencies, including:

Agency Name	<u>Purpose</u>
Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District	Monitors and enforces air quality requirements
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District	Waste water conveyance, treatment and disposal
Sacramento Area Sewer District	Sewer service
Sacramento Transportation Authority	Administration of transportation projects
Sacramento Area Council of Governments	Regional planning (primarily transportation)

Funding, if any, for each of these agencies from the City is based on annual appropriations. The City has no continuing financial liability and does not expect any financial burden from its participation in any of these agencies. Separate financial statements of the JPA's can be obtained by contacting the individual agencies.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2018, the City's pooled cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Government-wide Statements of Net Posit	ion	
Governmental Activities		\$ 12,982,631
Business-type Activities		283,661
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fidu	iciary Funds	21,894
		_
	Total cash and investments	\$ 13,288,186

Cash and investments are categorized as follows under GASB Statement No. 40:

Cash on hand		\$ 4,600
Deposits with financial institutions		29,344
Total cash and deposits		33,944
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	1	10,470,997
U.S. Agency obligations		2,776,227
Money market mutual funds		7,018
Total investments		13,254,242
	Total cash and investments	\$ 13,288,186

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value. California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	Of Portfolio	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	N/A	None	None
Local agency bonds	5 years	N/A	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	N/A	40%	10%
High grade commercial paper	270 days	AAA	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	A	15%	3%
Medium-term corporate notes	5 years	A	30%	10%
Mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Repurchase agreements	1 year	A	20%	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	92 days	A	20% of base value	None
LAIF	N/A	N/A	\$50,000,000	None

The City complied with the provisions of California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The City will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposures to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 5 years. As of June 30, 2018, the weighted average maturity of investments was 2.20 years.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market rate interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Maturities as of Year-end											
		12 Months 13-24										
Type of Investment	Total	or Less	Months	Months								
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 10,470,997	\$ 10,470,997	\$ -	\$ -								
U.S. Agency obligations	2,776,227	-	984,160	1,792,067								
Money market mutual funds	7,018	7,018		_								
Total	\$ 13,254,242	\$ 10,478,015	\$ 984,160	\$ 1,792,067								

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

	Ratings as of Year-end									
Type of Investment	Total	AAA	AA+	Unrated						
Local Agency Investment Fund U.S. Agency obligations Money market mutual funds	\$ 10,470,997 2,776,227 7,018	\$ - - 7,018	\$ - 2,776,227	\$ 10,470,997 - -						
Total	\$ 13,254,242	\$ 7,018	\$ 2,776,227	\$ 10,470,997						

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools that represent 5% or more of total District-wide investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	 Amount
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. Agencies	\$ 1,792,067
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Agencies	984,160

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$29,344 and the balance in financial institutions was \$963,759. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$713,759 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City. As of June 30, 2018, all of the City's U.S. Agency obligations and money market mutual funds totaling \$2,776,227 and \$7,018, respectively, were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to buy the securities.

Investment in LAIF

LAIF is stated at fair value. LAIF is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$88,798,232,977 and is managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 2.67 percent was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The weighted average maturity of investments held by LAIF was 193 days at June 30, 2018.

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

				Fa	ir Va	lue M	leasurements \	Jsing	
		Amount	Active for	ed Prices ve Marke Identica Assets Level 1)	ets	C	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobs Inp	ficant ervable outs rel 3)
Investments by fair value level:		T IIII O UNIT		30 (01 1)			(20:012)	(25)	<u> </u>
U.S. Agency obligations	\$	2,776,227	\$			\$	2,776,227	\$	
Total investments by fair value level		2,776,227	\$		_	\$	2,776,227	\$	_
Investments measured at net asset value or not	t categ	orized:							
LAIF		10,470,997							
Money market mutal funds		7,018							
Total	\$	13,254,242							

All securities classified in Level 2 are valued using pricing models based on market data, such as matrix or model pricing from outside pricing services, such as Interactive Data Corporation. These valuation techniques include third party benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications.

3. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds and first-time home buyer's funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Accrued interest receivable on the loans totaled \$715,519 at year-end. The City also has loans receivable from employees for computer purchases in the General Fund.

Governmental activities loans and notes receivable consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Beginning						Ending
Ju	ne 30, 2017		Additions	itions Deletions			ne 30, 2018
\$	25,054	\$	30,235	\$	(30,650)	\$	24,639
	4,509,212		334,425		(1,367,539)		3,476,098
	1,524,318		194,206		(168,324)		1,550,200
	307,297		966		(41,762)		266,501
\$	6,365,881	\$	559,832	\$	(1,608,275)	\$	5,317,438
	Ju	4,509,212 1,524,318 307,297	June 30, 2017 \$ 25,054 \$ 4,509,212	June 30, 2017 Additions \$ 25,054 \$ 30,235 4,509,212 334,425 1,524,318 194,206 307,297 966	June 30, 2017 Additions \$ 25,054 \$ 30,235 \$ 4,509,212 334,425 1,524,318 194,206 307,297 966	June 30, 2017 Additions Deletions \$ 25,054 \$ 30,235 \$ (30,650) 4,509,212 334,425 (1,367,539) 1,524,318 194,206 (168,324) 307,297 966 (41,762)	June 30, 2017 Additions Deletions June 30, 2017 \$ 25,054 \$ 30,235 \$ (30,650) \$ 4,509,212 \$ 1,524,318 \$ 194,206 \$ (168,324) \$ 307,297 \$ 966 \$ (41,762)

The following is a summary of the loans and notes receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

<u>General Fund</u> – These loans are for employees to purchase computers for personal use as a benefit provided by the City, loans are provided on a two-year amortization schedule and do not bear interest. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2018, was \$24,639.

3. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, Continued

<u>HOME Program Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> – The City made various loans to qualifying participants within the City that are reported in this fund under the following programs:

<u>Federal First Time Home Buyers Program (HOME)</u> - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The loan principal may be assumed by another qualifying borrower or must be returned to the City if a nonqualifying buyer purchases the related property. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% at year-end and the loans mature through 2043. The HOME notes receivable balance at June 30, 2018 was \$3,449,142.

The Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency (SHRA) services approximately \$840,000 of the HOME loans recorded by the City under a Home Investment Partnerships Consortium Agreement and the responsibilities of the City and SHRA were previously outlined in a subrecipient agreement (Agreement). The SHRA's staff indicated that the City is no longer responsible for the single audit on these loans and recommended the City write-off the loans. However, the term of the Agreement expired in December 2017 and a new agreement has not been executed. The City will consider writing off the loans once the contractual responsibilities over the loans has been defined in a new subrecipient or other agreement.

<u>HUD Economic Development Initiative Grants</u> - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The interest rates were 3% at year-end. The down payment assistance notes receivable at June 30, 2018 were \$26,956.

Total HOME Program Grant Special Revenue Fund loans totaled \$3,476,098.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund</u> – The City participates in a CDBG Revolving loan program. The program is federally funded and provides housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. The City makes loans to resident homeowners who qualify as low income, some of which are deferred and are not repaid until the title to the property changes. Interest rates range from 0% to 3% at year-end and mature through 2047. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2018 was \$1,550,200.

Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund — The City took over maintenance of loans receivable during the year ended June 30, 2016 for Low and Moderate-income Housing that were previously reported in the Successor Agency Housing Fund. The City provides home rehabilitation loans to eligible low and moderate-income borrowers. Interest on certain loans may be waived by the City if the loan remains outstanding for the full term; therefore, interest income is recorded when received. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% and loans mature through 2039. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2018 was \$266,501.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions D		Deletions	Transfers/ Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:							,
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 14,118,799	\$ 741,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,860,489
Art	103,650	-		-		-	103,650
Construction in Progress	537,821	1,164,212				(607,697)	1,094,336
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	14,760,270	 1,905,902				(607,697)	16,058,475
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	41,278,459	10,386		(13,350)		-	41,275,495
Infrastructure	571,164,972	-		-		607,697	571,772,669
Assets under capital lease	-	8,575		-		-	8,575
Machinery and equipment	9,244,673	 402,031		(390,332)			9,256,372
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated	621,688,104	 420,992		(403,682)		607,697	622,313,111
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	(21,470,761)	(837,602)		8,010		-	(22,300,353)
Infrastructure	(253,026,218)	(11,484,420)		-		-	(264,510,638)
Machinery and equipment	(6,659,299)	(777,260)		383,102			(7,053,457)
Total accumulated depreciation	(281,156,278)	(13,099,282)		391,112			(293,864,448)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	340,531,826	 (12,678,290)		(12,570)		607,697	328,448,663
Total capital assets, net	\$ 355,292,096	\$ (10,772,388)	\$	(12,570)	\$	-	\$ 344,507,138

The assets under capital lease in the table above represent a vehicle donated to the Police Department for temporary use in undercover anti-theft investigations.

	_	alance at e 30, 2017	Additions	Transfers & Adjustments		Balance at ne 30, 2018	
Business-type Activities:						•	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	\$	393,675	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 393,675	
Total capital assets being depreciated		393,675	_		-	393,675	
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(4,226)	(7,874)		-	(12,100)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,226)	(7,874)		-	(12,100)	
Total capital assets, net	\$	389,449	\$ (7,874)	\$		\$ 381,575	

4. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 68,506
Public safety	470,665
Public ways and facilities	12,557,850
Culture and recreation	 2,261

Total \$ 13,099,282

5. DIRECT FINANCING LEASE RECEIVABLE

In February 2017, the City entered into a ground lease receivable agreement with Dignity Health Medical Foundation (Dignity Health) to lease the former City Hall site at Fountain Square Drive and Greenback Lane. The property will be used for medical office building for outpatient services and other medical uses. Under the terms of the agreement, Dignity Health will own all improvements made to the property and will be responsible for all taxes, insurance and other property related expenses. Dignity Health reimbursed the City \$749,249 incurred by the City to demolish the old City Hall building and prepare the site for use by Dignity Health. Dignity Health provided an initial payment of \$1,000,000 in February 2017 and will pay monthly lease payments ranging from \$10,828 to \$57,554 over a 15-year period beginning six months after the core and shell of the medical office building are completed. The core and shell of the building were completed on June 15, 2018, resulting in payments beginning on December 1, 2018. The agreement contains a provision for the City to sell the property to Dignity Health for \$1 at the end of the lease term. Interest was imputed at 4.5%, which was the estimated market rate for similar instruments at the date the lease was executed. Principal payments on the lease at inception were \$4,706,221. Because the payments are not sufficient to pay the imputed interest at 4.5% through May 2021, unpaid interest of \$315,025 was added to principal balance of the lease through May 2021 for interest computation purposes. Cumulative unpaid interest as of June 30, 2018 was \$236,015.

The lease and related interest receivable are offset with deferred inflows in the General Fund since the amounts were not received in the availability period. The difference between the leased property and principal amount of the lease of \$1,705,592 is reported as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements under GASB Statement No. 62.

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018:

		Balance							
	Ju	ne 30, 2017]	Balance	D	ue Within
	(A	As Restated)	 Additions	I	Retirements	June 30, 2018		(One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	1,787,676	\$ 1,359,686	\$	(1,388,155)	\$	1,759,207	\$	1,374,296
Claims payable		1,191,000	853,450		(334,450)		1,710,000		637,112
Capital lease payable			8,575				8,575		
Net OPEB Liability		780,808	-		(196,706)		584,102		_
Net pension liability		11,412,077	2,362,735		-	1	3,774,812		-
	\$	15,171,561	\$ 4,584,446	\$	(1,919,311)	\$ 1	7,836,696	\$	2,011,408
Business-type Activities: OPEB Liability	\$	_	\$ 19,070	\$	_	\$	19,070	\$	_
Net pension liability		138,608	311,027		-		449,635		
	\$	138,608	\$ 330,097	\$	-	\$	468,705	\$	_

See Note 1 for a discussion of compensated absences, Note 9 for more information about the claims liability, Note 10 for information about the net pension liability and Note 11 for information about the OPEB liability. The July 1, 2017 balance above reflects a restatement to the net OPEB liability to implement GASB Statement No. 75 as described in Note 14.

7. FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

		Major Funds			
		Housing		Total Nonmajor	
	General	Program	CDBG	Governmental	
Fund Balance Classifications	Fund	Grants	Grants	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:					
Loans and notes receivable	\$ 24,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,639
Prepaid items	254,571	-	-	-	254,571
Land held for sale				2,784,600	2,784,600
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	279,210			2,784,600	3,063,810
Restricted for:					
Donations for projects	21,143	-	-	-	21,143
Stormwater maintenance	-	-	-	2,255,885	2,255,885
Streets, roads and park projects	-	-	-	3,394,583	3,394,583
Assessment district maintenance	-	-	-	1,440,740	1,440,740
Police activities	-	-	-	443,080	443,080
Housing projects	-	365,825	111,689	335,723	813,237
Pedestrian and bicycle facilities	-	-	-	159,389	159,389
Tree preservation	-	-	-	99,446	99,446
Business marketing	-	-	-	527	527
Transit program	-	-	-	79,153	79,153
Other grant programs				16,300	16,300
Total Restricted Fund Balances	21,143	365,825	111,689	8,224,826	8,723,483
Committed to:					
Insurance	375,000	-	-	-	375,000
Postemployment healthcare benefits	274,980	-	-	-	274,980
Revenue stabilization	3,909,398				3,909,398
Total Committed Fund Balances	4,559,378				4,559,378
Assigned to:					
Capital improvements and equipment	-	-	-		
replacement				1,374,838	1,374,838
				1,374,838	1,374,838
Unassigned in:					
General Fund	314,061	-	-	-	314,061
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	(247,487)	(247,487)
Capital Project Funds				(15,232)	(15,232)
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	314,061			(262,719)	51,342
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 5,173,792	\$ 365,825	\$ 111,689	\$ 12,121,545	\$ 17,772,851

Nonspendable

- Advances to other funds used to indicate that the long-term advances do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are components of assets.
- Loans and notes receivable used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate that long-term loans or notes receivable do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets. Only loans and notes not deferred are reported in this category.
- **Prepaid items** used to indicate that prepaid amounts do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets.

7. FUND BALANCES, Continued

• Land held for resale – used to indicate land held for resale is not in spendable form.

Restricted

- **HOME Program Grants** represents amounts restricted for housing under the HOME program.
- **CDBG Grants** represents amounts restricted for housing purposes by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Gas Tax represents amounts restricted for street maintenance and construction by the State excise Gas Tax.
- Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation represents amounts restricted for use by the Road Repaid Accountability Act SB1.
- Stormwater Utility Tax represents parcel tax revenue restricted for stormwater drainage activities.
- Road Maintenance represents amounts restricted for streets and road maintenance by the Department of Transportation.
- Transportation Development Act represents amounts restricted for use by the Transportation Development Act for transportation, including pedestrian and bicycle.
- **Police** represents police revenues restricted to fund programs to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.
- SLES represents state funds for use as a match for COPS Universal Hiring Grants.
- **Housing In-lieu Fees** represents housing in-lieu fees restricted by ordinance to housing in-lieu programs.
- Property Based Improvement District and Assessment District Funds represents special assessments on Sunrise MarketPlace businesses for marketing expenditures and special assessments on homeowners for lighting and landscaping and other expenses.
- **Housing Agency** represents assets of the former redevelopment agency that are restricted for low and moderate-income housing.
- **Development Fee Funds** represents development fees restricted to expenditures for development of infrastructure and low-income housing by ordinance.
- Other Grants Funds represents grant funds restricted for the purpose of the fund.
- Assessment District Funds represents special assessments restricted to assessment district activities.
- **Measure A Construction** represents funds received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority restricted for construction, upgrade and improvement of the City's roadways.

7. FUND BALANCES, Continued

Committed

General Fund Reserve – used to represent that portion of fund balance committed for unexpected events that may impact the City's ability to provide essential day-to-day services. The attached table lists specific amounts committed by the City Council. The revenue stabilization commitment amount may only be used if there is a revenue shortfall of 10% of budgeted revenues. This amount can only be changed by Council Resolution.

Assigned

The fund balances of the Code Enforcement Fund, General Capital Improvements Fund and Community Capital Replacement Fund are assigned to various equipment and public improvement projects.

The City's policy is to use restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources, in that order, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. There were no deficit net position balances at June 30, 2018. Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Community Events – \$6,051 deficit resulted from project expenses exceeding contributions and transfers in from other funds. The deficit will be eliminated with future contributions and transfers in.

Code Enforcement - \$6,223 deficit resulted from revenues received being below the amount budgeted. Deficit will be eliminated by future expenditure reductions or transfers in.

Transit - \$91,586 deficit resulted from unavailable revenues. The deficit will be eliminated when the amount due from the Transit Development Act funds are received is collected.

Police Grants - \$40,480 deficit resulted from revenues received being less than the amount budgeted. The deficit will be eliminated with future reductions of expenditures.

PetSmart Grants - \$36,481 deficit resulted from expenditures being more than the amount budgeted. The deficit will be eliminated with the recognition of unearned revenue.

Assessment District Funds Zone 3, Zone 4 and Lighting Assessment District - \$3,556, \$7,238 and \$55,872 deficits, respectively, were the result of expenditures and transfers out exceeding the budget. The deficits will be eliminated with future expenditure reductions.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

Auburn Boulevard Utilities - \$187 deficit was caused by expenditures exceeding grant revenues. The deficit will be eliminated by future transfers in or grant claims.

Streets - \$15,045 deficit was caused by expenditures exceeding grant revenues. The deficit will be eliminated by future transfers in or grant claims.

7. FUND BALANCES, Continued

Excess of Expenditures and Transfers Over Appropriations

Expenditures and transfers for budgeted funds exceeded appropriations for the following funds for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Total		Excess	
	Expenditures	Expenditures		
	and Transfers	Expenditures	over	
	Final Budget	and Transfers	Appropriations	
Governmental Activities				
General Fund	\$ 29,169,592	\$ 29,398,736	\$ (229,144)	
Non-major funds:				
Special Revenue funds:				
Community Events	136,609	145,392	(8,783)	
Gas Tax	1,665,684	1,724,313	(58,629)	
Transit	3,763,407	3,998,049	(234,642)	
SLES	132,893	221,669	(88,776)	
Property Based Improvement District	750,373	755,765	(5,392)	
Tree Preservation Development Fees	90,000	136,186	(46,186)	
Recycling Grants	39,742	83,537	(43,795)	
SACOG Community Design Grant	41,095	42,428	(1,333)	
Assessment District funds:				
Zone 3	8,638	8,802	(164)	
Zone 4	8,619	11,957	(3,338)	
98-01	5,696	5,924	(228)	
Capital Projects funds:				
Community Capital Replacement	-	414,200	(414,200)	

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Due to and due from other funds

Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds		Amount	
General Fund	CDBG Special Revenue Fund Non-Major governmental Funds	\$	92,525 713,736	
Total Due to/from Other Funds		\$	806,261	

This balance resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur. All interfund receivables are expected to be paid back within the next fiscal year.

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

B. Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2018, the City had no long-term interfund advances.

C. Interfund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount		
General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	\$ 1,241,109		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	 216,671 56,984		
Total Interfund Transfers		\$ 1,514,764		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) subsidize operating losses.

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the Government-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities. There were no internal balances as of June 20, 2018.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC), for liability and workers' compensation risk coverage. The liability program includes coverage for general liability, property, bond and employment practices. PARSAC is a statewide joint powers authority providing risk sharing services to California public entities that provide a municipal service. The City pays an annual premium to PARSAC for its risk coverage and purchases commercial insurance for claims exceeding PARSAC limits.

The City's insurance coverage for liability and workers' compensation provided through membership in PARSAC are as follows:

Amount	Coverage provider	Payment Source	
GENERAL LIABILITY CLAIMS			
\$ 0 - \$ 100,000	Self-insured retention	City funds	
100,001 - 1,000,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
1,000,001 - 5,000,000	CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool	
5,000,001 - 25,000,000	Commercial reinsurance		
25,000,001 - 35,000,000	Commerical excess carrier	Shared risk pool	
WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLA	AIMS		
\$ 0 \$ 100,000	Self-Insured retention	City funds	
100,001 - 500,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
500,001 - 5,000,000	Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Pool	Shared risk pool	
5,000,001 - 50,000,000	Commercial reinsurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		
50,000,001 - statutory limits	Excess insurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		

9. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

PARSAC is governed by a Board of Directors and member agencies are entitled to representation on the board. Upon termination of the joint powers authority agreements, all property of PARSAC would be returned to the respective parties that transferred the property to PARSAC and any surplus of funds and assets would be returned to the parties in proportion to actual balances of each entity. Complete financial information for PARSAC is available at 1525 Response Road, Sacramento, CA 95815.

The City accrues a claims liability for probable losses under the self-insured retention amounts in the table above for the general liability and workers' compensation programs. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30 is dependent on future developments, the estimated claims liability is based upon information from the actuarial valuation reports. The liability is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors, and includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims. There are no claims that exceed insurance coverage and no significant changes or reductions in insurance coverage over the last three fiscal years. Costs relating to the litigation of claims are charged to expenditures as incurred. Claims are generally liquidated by the General Fund. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, fund balance of \$375,000 has been committed for self-insured general liability claims.

Changes in the liability and workers' compensation claims payable amounts during the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

				Claims				
	Beginning and Changes		Claims		Ending			
	Jui	ne 30, 2017	in Estimates		Paid		June 30, 2018	
General Liability Workers' Compensation	\$	428,000 763,000	\$	113,801 739,649	\$	(58,801) (275,649)	\$	483,000 1,227,000
Total Claims Payable	\$	1,191,000	\$	853,450	\$	(334,450)	\$	1,710,000

10. PENSION PLANS

A. General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan or PERFC) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). PERFC consists of a miscellaneous risk pool and a safety risk pool, which are comprised of the following rate plans:

- Miscellaneous Plan
- Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan
- Safety Plan
- Safety Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Safety Police Plan

10. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Although one Plan exists, CalPERS provides the information separately for the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools and the information is presented separately below where available. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the 1959 Survivor Benefit level 4, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Rate Plan	Miscellaneous Second Tier Rate Plan	PEPRA Miscellaneous Rate Plan
	Prior to	August 13, 2011 to	On or after
Hire date	August 13, 2011	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	6.25%
Required employer contribution rates	11.675%	8.418%	6.533%
	Safety	Safety Second Tier	PEPRA Safety
	Rate Plan	Rate Plan	Rate Plan
	Prior to	August 13, 2011 to	On or after
	August 13, 2011	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement)	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.00%	2.40% to 3.00%	2.00% to 2.70%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	9.00%	11.50%
Required employer contribution rates	19.723%	16.842%	11.990%

All rate plans except the PEPRA plans are closed to new members that are not already CalPERS participants. All miscellaneous rate plans are combined and reported below as the Miscellaneous Risk Pool and all safety rate plans are combined and reported below as the Safety Risk Pool.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the risk pools are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each risk pool were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool	Safety Risk Pool	<u>Total</u>
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,127,777	\$ 1,675,225	\$ 2,803,002

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each risk pool as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability			
Miscellaneous Risk Pool	\$	7,873,259		
Safety Risk Pool		6,351,188		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	14,224,447		
Financial Statement Classification:				
Governmental Activities	\$	13,774,812		
Business-type Activities		449,635		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	14,224,447		

The City's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each risk pool is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for each risk pool used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share

of contributions to the risk pool relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 from the measurement date as of the previous year-end were as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	
	Risk Pool	Risk Pool	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.186726%	0.097777%	0.133486%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.199725%	0.106292%	0.143431%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.012999%	0.008515%	0.009945%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,332,682 for both risk pools combined. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each risk pool and combined from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool		Safety	Risk Pool	Total		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,127,777	\$ -	\$ 1,675,225	\$ -	\$ 2,803,002	\$ -	
Differences between actual and expected experience	12,159	(174,199)	101,945	(26,579)	114,104	(200,778)	
Changes in assumptions	1,508,635	(115,035)	1,478,460	(113,431)	2,987,095	(228,466)	
Differences between the employer's contributions							
and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	237,165	-	1,037,408	-	1,274,573	-	
Change in employer's proportion	1,059,971	(83,036)	1,545,456	(396,706)	2,605,427	(479,742)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings							
on plan investments	341,191		322,362		663,553		
Total	\$ 4,286,898	\$ (372,270)	\$ 6,160,856	\$ (536,716)	\$ 10,447,754	\$ (908,986)	
Financial Statement Classification:							
Governmental Activities					\$ 10,117,500	\$ (880,253)	
Business-type Activities					330,254	(28,733)	
Total					\$ 10,447,754	\$ (908,986)	

The \$2,803,002 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the risk pools will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Miscellaneous	Safety	
June 30	Risk Pool	Risk Pool	Total
2019	\$ 1,157,107	\$ 1,774,030	\$ 2,931,137
2020	1,117,580	1,390,506	2,508,086
2021	714,735	973,003	1,687,738
2022	(202,571)	(188,624)	(391,195)
	\$ 2,786,851	\$ 3,948,915	\$ 6,735,766

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations for each risk pool was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.375%
Mortality ¹	Derived using CalPERS Membership
	Data for all funds

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study Report can be found on CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the financial reporting discount rate was lowered from 7.65% to 7.15%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% in the June 30, 2017 accounting valuation. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained on CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employee's Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for each risk pool. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

A good Class	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return		
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10(a)	Years 11(b)		
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%		
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%		
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%		
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%		
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%		
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.36%		
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.40%	-0.90%		
Total	100.0%				

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool, calculated using the discount rate for each risk pool, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	iscellaneous Risk Pool	Safety Risk Pool		Total	
1% Decrease	6.15%		6.15%		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,846,151	\$	11,235,406	\$	24,081,557
Current Discount Rate	7.15%		7.15%		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,873,259	\$	6,351,188	\$	14,224,447
1% Increase	8.15%		8.15%		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,754,621	\$	2,358,583	\$	6,113,204

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each risk pool's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

C. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2018, the City reported payables for the outstanding amount of employer contributions to the Plan of \$73,057.

D. Defined Contribution Plan

On June 22, 2017, the City Council approved an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) retirement plan in the form of a Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (the 401(a) Plan), which is a single employer defined contribution retirement plan. Eligible employees include the City's full-time executive management directors, who may participate at their employment date. The 401(a) Plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation and assets are invested in an IRC qualifying trust fund with VantageTrust, which holds assets for the benefit of participants.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the 401(a) Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. For each employee in the 401(a) Plan, the City is required to contribute a match 5% of the employee's annual salary to an individual employee account. Employees are allowed to opt-in to contribute a minimum of 5% and up to 20% of their salary to the 401(a) Plan, subject to IRC contribution limits. Employees vest immediately in their own contributions and City contributions, as well as earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer and employee contributions made totaled \$30,930 each.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit other postemployment healthcare benefit plan, the City of Citrus Heights Retiree Healthcare Plan (the Plan), is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS. The Plan provides access to lifetime healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Employees are eligible to participate in the Plan if they retire directly from the City under CalPERS at age 50 or above and with five years of CalPERS service (there is no minimum service requirement if retirement is due to a service-connected disability). The City does not provide dental, vision, life, or Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees. The City Council has the authority under the California Government Code and City Municipal Code to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan subject to collective bargaining arrangements. The City participates in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund, which is administered by CalPERS. The CERBT is a tax-qualified irrevocable trust organized under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 to administer retiree healthcare benefits and collectively invest plan assets of all trust members. The CERBT issues publicly available financial statements that can be obtained from the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Benefits Provided. The City provides retiree medical benefits through the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City pays the PEMHCA minimum contribution for active employees. For eligible retirees, the City contributes not less than 5% of the active employee

contribution, multiplied by the number of years the City has participated in PEMHCA (the City joined PEMHCA in 1998). The City's active employee contributions were \$133.00 and \$128.00 per month and retiree contributions were \$133.00 and \$121.60 per month for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. In May 2014, the Actuarial Standards Board released revisions to ASOP 6 requiring that the implied subsidy for claims in excess of premiums be valued for community rated plans such as PEMHCA.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	34
Active employees	193
Total	238

Contributions. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and employees, subject to the City's Memorandum of Understanding with employee bargaining units. The City currently funds Plan benefits through the CERBT by contributing at least 100% of the actuarially determined contribution based on the active employee contributions described above. During the year ending June 30, 2018, the City contributed \$378,000 to the CERBT.

Net OPEB Liability. The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	June 30, 2017
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal cost method
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	6.75%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00%, aggregate
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Mortality, retirement, withdrawal	
and disability rates	Derived using CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study
Mortality improvement	Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale MP-16
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% and 6.5% in the first year for pre-65 and post-65,
	respectively, trending down to 4.0% until 2076 and later.

Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study dated January 2014 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2011 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Of Return
Global Equity	57.0%	4.82%
Fixed Income	27.0%	1.47%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.0%	1.29%
Commodities	3.0%	0.84%
Real Estate Ivestment Trusts (REITs)	8.0%	3.76%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%, which is 0.5% lower than the discount rate used in the previous valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
		Liability	Net Position		Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	2,017,702	\$	1,236,894	\$	780,808
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		205,006		-		205,006
Interest		149,338		-		149,338
Contributions - employer		-		373,000		(373,000)
Investment income		-		159,817		(159,817)
Administrative expenses		-		(837)		837
Benefit payments		(20,597)		(20,597)		_
Net changes		333,747		511,383		(177,636)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	2,351,449	\$	1,748,277	\$	603,172
Financial Statement Classification:						
Governmental Activities					\$	584,102
Business-type Activities						19,070
Total					\$	603,172

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			(Current			
	19	1% Decrease 5.75%		count Rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%		
Net OPEB liability	\$	981,050	\$	603,172	\$	294,791	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		•	Current					
Healthcare Cost								
1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rates	1% Increase				
(6.5%/5.5%		(7.	5%/6.5%	(8.5%/7.5%				
decrea	sing to 3%)	decre	asing to 4%)	decre	easing to 5%)			
\$	228,441	\$	603,172	\$	1,079,800			
	(6.:	decreasing to 3%)	Heal 1% Decrease Tro (6.5%/5.5% (7. decreasing to 3%) decrease	1% Decrease Trend Rates (6.5%/5.5% (7.5%/6.5% decreasing to 3%) decreasing to 4%)	Healthcare Cost 1% Decrease Trend Rates 16.5%/5.5% (7.5%/6.5% (8) decreasing to 3%) decreasing to 4%) decreasing to 4%			

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERBT financial report at www.calpers.ca.gov.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$238,876. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Net differences between projected and actual earnings	\$	378,000	\$	-		
on plan investments				(43,512)		
Total	\$	378,000	\$	(43,512)		

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	_	
2019	\$	(10,878)
2020		(10,878)
2021		(10,878)
2022		(10,878)
	\$	(43,512)

Payable to the OPEB Plan. At June 30, 2018, the City did not have any payables to the Plan.

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Citrus Heights that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit. The Bill provided that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 12, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2012-007.

The City elected to retain the housing assets and functions previously performed by the former redevelopment agency. Low income housing loans were transferred to the Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund as a result. Activity in the housing assets are reported in the City's nonmajor governmental funds combining balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

All loans, advances, land held for sale and other assets, with the exception of residual interest, were sold or transferred to the City or other appropriate agencies as of June 30, 2017. The residual interest was distributed during the year ending June 30, 2018. The Successor Agency was notified by the State Department of Finance that it acknowledges the end of the Successor Agency's existence on March 1, 2017.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a party to claims and lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. The City's management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from these claims will not have material adverse impact on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City of Citrus Heights and the County of Sacramento entered into a revenue neutrality agreement pursuant to Government Code §56845, as a means of mitigating the financial impacts of the incorporation of the City in 1997 on the County's general fund. Currently all secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes levied and collected pursuant to state law within the City's corporate limits, except landscaping and lighting special assessments, are retained by the County. The County will collect and retain the property taxes beginning January 1, 1997 through June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, property taxes retained by the County in accordance with the revenue neutrality agreement totaled \$5,278,677.

In 2011, the City purchased fifteen parcels in foreclosure along Sayonara Drive and demolished the buildings. Because affordable housing was demolished, a statutory requirement exists under the State of California Health & Safety Code, Redevelopment Law, Chapter 4, Article 9, Section 33413 to replace the affordable housing. The City must replace either 35 units or 70 bedrooms of affordable housing. The replacement requirement may be satisfied within or outside of the former redevelopment project area. The City is currently pursuing alternatives for replacement of the affordable housing. Options being considered include selling the property for fair market value and selling the property with an affordable housing requirement attached to the property. The parcels are reported as land held for resale in the Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund.

The City had the following significant unexpended contractual commitments as of June 30, 2018:

Sunrise Complete Streets Project \$ 2,911,006

Total commitments \$ 2,911,006

14. RESTATEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Due to the implementation of this Statement, the City recorded deferred outflows of resources of \$373,000 and an increase in the a net OPEB liability of \$328,364, which resulted in an increase in government-wide net position of \$44,635 as of July 1, 2017.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset (example is decommissioning a water treatment plant). A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The best estimate should include probability weighting of all potential outcomes, when such information is available or can be obtained at reasonable cost. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under the leases guidance, unless specifically excluded in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement improves the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements and clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, Continued

pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to the financial statement there is a requirement that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

The City will fully analyze the impact of these new Statements prior to the implementation dates above.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 29, 2018, the City executed the 2018 Lease Revenue Credit Facility financing in the amount of \$12,000,000 which included a revolving credit agreement, site lease, facilities sublease and assignment agreement. The revolving line of credit funds may be utilized to fund certain capital improvements and operating expenditures until the City receives its share of property tax revenue from Sacramento County in Fiscal Year 2022-23 under the terms of the 1997 Revenue Neutrality Agreement described in Note 13. The revolving line of credit bears interest ranging from 4.40% to 6.09%. Interest payments on any funds drawn from the line of credit will be due on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2019. Payment of outstanding principal is due on September 1, 2024 at which time the line of credit will be repaid in full. The City has the option to repay all or a portion of the funds it has drawn beginning March 1, 2021 with no prepayment penalty. The City was required to take an initial minimum draw of \$50,001 to open the line of credit, which will be used for the Auburn Boulevard Complete Streets Revitalization Project Phase 2.



SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.199725%	0.186726%	0.180888%	0.160219%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,873,259	\$ 6,486,625	\$ 4,962,609	\$ 3,959,792
Covered payroll (measurement period)	\$ 8,017,935	\$ 8,102,528	\$ 7,437,222	\$ 7,143,034
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	98.20%	80.06%	66.73%	55.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.22%	77.85%	80.21%	83.03%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (employer's fiscal year - actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 1,127,777 (1,127,777)	\$ 1,109,977 (1,109,977)	\$ 1,052,606 (1,052,606)	\$ 1,237,660 (1,237,660)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -
Covered payroll (employer's fiscal year) Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 7,889,233 14.30%	\$ 8,017,935 13.84%	\$ 8,102,528 12.99%	\$ 7,437,222 16.64%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation date: Measurement date: Investment rate of return and discount rate used to compute contribution rates	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 7.375%	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2016 7.50%	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015 7.50%	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014 7.50%

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method Difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are

amortized straight-line over average remaining service life of participants.

Remaining amortization period Not stated

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Retirement age 50-67 years. Probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997 to 2007.

Mortality CalPERS specific data from January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011 that uses 20 years of

mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. Future years will be reported prospectively as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - SAFETY PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.106292%	0.097777%	0.089355%	0.095971%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,351,188	\$ 5,064,060	\$ 3,681,807	\$ 3,599,860
Covered payroll (measurement period)	\$ 8,247,151	\$ 7,921,496	\$ 7,350,834	\$ 7,239,564
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	77.01%	63.93%	50.09%	49.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.81%	81.96%	83.45%	80.92%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PENSION PLAN - SAFETY PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (employer's fiscal year - actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 1,675,225 (1,675,225)	\$ 1,605,543 (1,605,543)	\$ 1,460,317 (1,460,317)	\$ 1,937,578 (1,937,578)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll (employer's fiscal year) Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 8,354,763 20.05%	\$ 8,247,151 19.47%	\$ 7,921,496 18.43%	\$ 7,350,834 26.36%
Notes to Schedules: Valuation date: Measurement date: Investment rate of return and discount rate used to compute contribution rates	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 7.375%	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2016 7.50%	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015 7.50%	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014 7.50%

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method Difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are

amortized straight-line over average remaining service life of participants.

Remaining amortization period Not stated

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Retirement age 50-67 years. Probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period 1997 to

2007.

Mortality CalPERS specific data from January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011 that uses 20 years of

mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2015. No information was available prior to this date. Future years will be reported prospectively as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 205,006
Interest	149,338
Benefit payments	(20,597)
Net change in total OPEB liability	333,747
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,017,702
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,351,449
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 373,000
Investment income	159,817
Benefit payments	(20,597)
Administrative expenses	(837)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	511,383
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,236,894
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,748,277
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 603,172
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	74.35%
Covered - employee payroll - measurement period	\$ 18,696,235
Net OPEB liability as percentage of covered - employee payroll	3.23%
Notes to schedule:	
Valuation date	June 30, 2017
Measurement period - fiscal year ended	June 30, 2017
Benefit changes:	None
Changes in assumptions:	None

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2018. No information was available prior to this date. Information will be added prospectively as it becomes available until 10 years are reported.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPEB PLAN (UNAUDITED) Last 10 Years

	 2018
Actuarially determined contribution - employer fiscal year Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 378,000 (378,000)
Covered - employee payroll - employer fiscal year	\$ 18,764,996
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	2.01%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date

June 30, 2017

Measurement period - fiscal year ended

June 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method/period Level percent of payroll; 15-year remaining fixed period.

Asset valuation method Investment gains and losses spread out over 5-year rolling period

Discount rate 7.25% Inflation 3.00% Investment rate of return 7.25%

Healthcare cost-trend rate 7.2%/7.0% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% in 2021 and later years

PEMHCA minimum increases 4.5% after 2017

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-14, modified

to converge to improvement rates in 2022

Omitted years: GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented during the year ended June 30, 2018. No information was available prior to this date. Information will be added prospectively as it becomes available until 10 years are reported.

This page intentionally left blank.





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds:

Community Events – Accounts for funds received and expended for the City's community events.

Code Enforcement – Accounts for funds to be used on Code Enforcement for neighborhood enhancement activities.

Gas Tax – Accounts for State gas tax revenues used for street maintenance and construction.

Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation – Accounts for revenue and expenditures on deferred maintenance on local streets and road systems with State funds provided by the Road Repair and Accountability Act SB1.

Stormwater Utility Tax – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration and coordination of stormwater drainage activities as supported by a parcel tax.

Road Maintenance – Accounts for sales tax revenue collected in accordance with a voter approved special tax to be used for repairs and maintenance of streets.

Transit – Accounts for Transportation Development Act revenues restricted for the City's transportation needs.

Transportation Development Act – Accounts for Transportation Development Act monies received for road and sidewalk improvement purposes and transit related activities.

Police – Accounts for police revenues received that are restricted to fund programs designed to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.

Police Grants – Accounts for police grants received that are restricted to fund specific police programs, including sobriety checkpoints, methamphetamine enforcement, stolen vehicles, children exposed to domestic violence and other programs.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES) – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with State funds provided as a match for the COPS Universal Hiring Grant.

Housing In-lieu Fee – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with housing in-lieu fees.

Property Based Improvement District – Accounts for assessments made on Sunrise MarketPlace businesses reduced by related marketing expenditures.

Housing Agency – Accounts for the housing assets of the former redevelopment agency that are used for low and moderate income housing activities.

Development Fees Funds: These funds account for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low-income housing:

- Roadway
- Housing Mitigation
- Tree Preservation
- Park Facilities
- Transit Development

Other Grant Special Revenue Funds:

Recycling Grants – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the Recycling grants.

SACOG Community Design Grant – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with community design activities in coordination with the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG).

Bicycle Transportation Agreement (BTA) Grant – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the design and construction of new and improved bikeways throughout the City.

PetSmart Grant – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the PetSmart grant.

Assessment Districts: Accounts for special assessments collected for the assessment districts below within the City limits for which the City is obligated to maintain. The Lighting Assessment District accounts for special assessments used for street lighting purposes. The remaining assessment districts were organized under the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 to account for special assessment used for street corridor landscape, open space maintenance and sound wall maintenance expenses.

- Zone 1
- Zone 2
- Zone 3
- Zone 4
- District 98-01
- District 98-02
- District 03-01
- District 98-02, Zone 2
- District 03-01, Zone 2
- Lighting Assessment District

Capital Project Funds:

- Measure A Construction Accounts for Measure A revenues received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority that are restricted for expenditures associated with specific purposes, including construction, upgrade and improvements of the City's roadways.
- General Capital Improvements Accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects.
- Community Capital Replacement Accounts for funds expended on various capital improvement and replacement projects, including vehicle replacement.
- Safe Routes to Schools Accounts for funds expended for the Safe Routes grant projects and improvements.
- **Auburn Boulevard Utilities** Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the undergrounding of utilities on Auburn Boulevard from Sylvan to Antelope Road.
- Streets Accounts for funds expended on various street capital improvement and paving projects, including an intersection improvements project and Old Auburn Bike Trail development.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

Receivables: Accounts - 356,494 - - - 1,745				Non	major Specia	al Re	venue Funds	
Cash and investments S			-	En			aintenance and	
Cash and investments S								
Loans	Cash and investments Receivables:		\$ 1,467	\$		\$	260,952	\$ 324,678
Liand held for resale	Loans	nents	- -		- -		´ -	184.423
Accounts payable			_		-		-	-
Accounts payable		TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,467	\$	356,978	\$	266,558	\$ 509,101
TOTAL LIABILITIES	Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governmen	ts	\$ 7,518 - -	\$		\$	-	\$ -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants receivable Unavailable revenue - loans TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OF RESOURCES - 339,233 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable: Land held for resale Restricted Restricted Assigned Unassigned (deficit) TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (6,051) (6,223) TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			_		-		-	 -
Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants receivable Unavailable revenue - loans TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OF RESOURCES - 339,233 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable: Land held for resale Restricted Restricted 137,395 TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (6,051) (6,223) TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,518		23,968		129,163	 -
OF RESOURCES - 339,233	Unavailable revenue - ac receivable	ecounts and grants	- -		339,233		- -	- -
Nonspendable: Land held for resale Restricted Assigned Unassigned (deficit) TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (DEFICITS) TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Control of the property of th			-		339,233		_	_
Assigned Unassigned (deficit) TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (6,051) (6,223)	Nonspendable: Land held for resale	•	-		-		127 205	500 101
Unassigned (deficit) (6,051) (6,223)			-		-		137,395	509,101
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) (6,051) (6,223) 137,395 509,101 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			(6,051)		(6,223)		-	-
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		(DEFICITS)	(6,051)		(6,223)		137,395	509,101
AND FUNDALANCES A 1407 A 700 YA A 109 IUI			\$ 1,467	\$	356,978	\$	266,558	\$ 509,101

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Stormwater Utility Tax		Road aintenance	Transit	ansportation evelopment Act		Police	Police Grants		SLES
\$ 2,305,047	\$	885,324	\$ 217,352	\$ 158,840	\$	414,701	\$	-	\$ 151,168
1,200 9,610		2,898	-	- 549		28,165 1,903		(5)	- 529
648,544		-	332,888	-		-		137,172	109,671
\$ 2,964,401	\$	888,222	\$ 550,240	\$ 159,389	\$	444,769	\$	137,167	\$ 261,368
\$ 652,624	\$	40,791	\$ 1,634	\$ -	\$	2,263	\$	37,490 87,013	\$ 63,238
7,404 41,288 6,000		4,283	307,304	-		-		53,144	- - 197,556
707,316		45,074	308,938	 -		2,263		177,647	 260,794
1,200		- -	332,888	-		- -		- -	- -
1,200		-	332,888	 -		-		-	 -
_		_	_	_		_		_	_
2,255,885		843,148	-	159,389		442,506		-	574
-		<u>-</u>	(91,586)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(40,480)	
 2,255,885		843,148	(91,586)	159,389		442,506		(40,480)	574
\$ 2,964,401	\$	888,222	\$ 550,240	\$ 159,389	\$	444,769	\$	137,167	\$ 261,368

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

			evenue Funds					
								velopment ee Funds
		ousing lieu Fee	l Imp	roperty Based rovement District		Housing Agency		Roadway velopment Fees
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,623	\$	13	\$	30,333	\$	434,924
Receivables:		,						ŕ
Accounts		-		5,911		-		32,209
Interest		7		515		223		1,399
Loans		-		-		266,501		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale						2,784,600		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,630	\$	6,439	\$	3,081,657	\$	468,532
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	5,912	\$	_	\$	12,766
Due to other funds		_		-		-		_
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Retention payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue						-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES				5,912		_		12,766
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants								
receivable		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - loans		-				266,501		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES						266,501		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Nonspendable:								
Land held for resale		-		-		2,784,600		-
Restricted		1,630		527		30,556		455,766
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)						-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES								
(DEFICITS)		1,630		527		2,815,156		455,766
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	•	1,630	\$	6,439	¢	3 081 657	¢	468,532
AND FUND DALANCES	Ф	1,030	Φ	0,439	\$	3,081,657	\$	400,332

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Development Fee Funds									Other Gr	ant Fu	ınds
N	Housing litigation velopment Fees		Tree eservation velopment Fees		Park Facilities velopment Fees		Transit velopment Fees	Total evelopment Sees Funds	ecycling Grants	Co	ACOG mmunity Design Grant
\$	302,888	\$	104,577	\$	121,735	\$	72,012	\$ 1,036,136	\$ 26,956	\$	-
	649 -		901 -		542		6,909 232	39,118 3,723	220		20,420
	- -		- -		- -		-	 -	-		-
\$	303,537	\$	105,478	\$	122,277	\$	79,153	\$ 1,078,977	\$ 27,176	\$	20,420
\$	-	\$	6,032	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,798	\$ -	\$	19,306
	- -		-		- -		- - -	-	14,850		- - -
	-		6,032		-		-	18,798	14,850		19,306
	- -		- -		- -		- -	- -	- -		- -
	_		_		_		_	-	_		_
	303,537		99,446		122,277		79,153	1,060,179	12,326		1,114
								 _	 		
	303,537		99,446		122,277		79,153	 1,060,179	 12,326		1,114
\$	303,537	\$	105,478	\$	122,277	\$	79,153	\$ 1,078,977	\$ 27,176	\$	20,420

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

			enue Funds	ads					
	Other Grant Funds						As	ssessment trict Funds	
		BTA Grant	PetSmart Grant		Total Other Grants Funds			Zone 1	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	2,860	\$	61,838	\$	91,654	\$	38,681	
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-		20,420		150	
Interest Loans		-		-		220		174	
Due from other governments		_		-		-		_	
Land held for resale		-		_		_		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,860	\$	61,838	\$	112,294	\$	39,005	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	51,926	\$	51,926	\$	_	
Due to other funds		-		-		19,306		-	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-	
Retention payable		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue				46,393		61,243		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES				98,319		132,475		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants									
receivable		-		-		-		-	
Unavailable revenue - loans								-	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_		_	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
Nonspendable:									
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		2,860		-		16,300		39,005	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned (deficit)				(36,481)		(36,481)		-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		2,860		(36,481)		(20,181)		39,005	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢	2 040	¢	61 020	¢	112 204	¢	20.005	
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,860	\$	61,838	\$	112,294	\$	39,005	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Assessment District Funds

 Zone 2	 Zone 3	 Zone 4	 98-01	98-02	 03-01	98-0	02 Zone 2
\$ 73,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,939	\$ 101,496	\$ 966,451	\$	26,578
85 248	45	-	137 510	400 319	3,166		201 74
-	- -	- -	-	-	-		- - -
\$ 73,953	\$ 45	\$ -	\$ 151,586	\$ 102,215	\$ 969,617	\$	26,853
\$ 2,531	\$ 523 3,078 - - - 3,601	\$ 333 6,371 534 - - 7,238	\$ 114 - 20 - - 134	\$ 339 - 686 - - 1,025	\$ 2,321 - 13,973 - - 16,294	\$	562 - - - - - 562
- -	- -	 - -	- -	- -	 - -		-
71,422			151,452	101,190	953,323		26,291
 	(3,556)	(7,238)					
 71,422	 (3,556)	 (7,238)	 151,452	 101,190	 953,323		26,291
\$ 73,953	\$ 45	\$ _	\$ 151,586	\$ 102,215	\$ 969,617	\$	26,853

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2018

_	Non							
_	Asse	essment Dis	trict F	unds				Total
	03-	01 Zone 2	As	Lighting sessment District	A	Total Assessment District Funds	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	113,577	\$	-	\$	1,471,342	\$	7,351,114
Receivables:								
Accounts		185		8,761		9,964		461,272
Interest Loans		402		-		4,893		26,810 266,501
Due from other governments		_		_		_		1,416,559
Land held for resale								2,784,600
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	114,164	\$	8,761	\$	1,486,199	\$	12,306,856
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,141	\$	27,984	\$	35,848	\$	1,038,887
Due to other funds		_		14,909		24,358		154,552
Due to other governments		14,966		21,740		51,919		375,038
Retention payable		-		-		-		45,571
Unearned revenue		16.107		-		110.105		317,943
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,107	-	64,633		112,125		1,931,991
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - accounts and grants								
receivable Unavailable revenue - loans		-		-		-		673,321
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS			-					266,501
OF RESOURCES		-		-		-		939,822
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						_		
Nonspendable:								
Land held for resale		-		_		-		2,784,600
Restricted		98,057		-		1,440,740		6,897,930
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)				(55,872)		(66,666)		(247,487)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		98,057		(55,872)		1,374,074		9,435,043
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						· · · · ·		· · · ·
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢.	114164	¢.	0.761	Φ.	1 407 100	¢	10 20 05 05 0
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	114,164	\$	8,761	\$	1,486,199	\$	12,306,856

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Measure A Construction	General Captial Improvements Capital Projects Fund	Community Capital Replacement	Auburn Boulevard Utilities	Streets	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,458,635	\$ 146,403	\$ 931,957	\$ 126,093	\$ -	\$ 2,663,088	\$ 10,014,202		
- 4,891 - -	300,000	3,038	- - - -	618,585	300,000 7,929 - 618,585	761,272 34,739 266,501 2,035,144 2,784,600		
\$ 1,463,526	\$ 446,403	\$ 934,995	\$ 126,093	\$ 618,585	\$ 3,589,602	\$ 15,896,458		
\$ 131,243 - - 5,387 - 136,630	\$ 116 - - - - 116	\$ 6,444 - - - - - 6,444	\$ 126,280 - - - - 126,280	\$ 71,029 559,184 - 3,417 - 633,630	\$ 335,112 559,184 - 8,804 - 903,100	\$ 1,373,999 713,736 375,038 54,375 317,943 2,835,091		
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 	- - -	673,321 266,501 939,822		
1,326,896	- - 446,287 	928,551	- - - (187)	(15,045)	1,326,896 1,374,838 (15,232)	2,784,600 8,224,826 1,374,838 (262,719)		
1,326,896 \$ 1,463,526	\$ 446,403	928,551 \$ 934,995	\$ 126,093	(15,045) \$ 618,585	\$ 3,589,602	\$ 15,896,458		

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds									
		mmunity Events	Code Enforceme			Gas Tax		Road iintenance and abilitation		
REVENUES										
Licenses and permits	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Fines and forfeitures	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_		
Intergovernmental		_		_		1,761,072		509,858		
Use of money and property		(2)		_		2,756		(757)		
Charges for services		705	270,18	34		-		-		
Contributions		8,411		-		-		-		
Other revenues		-		-		105,789		-		
TOTAL REVENUES		9,114	270,18	34		1,869,617		509,101		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government		-	10.5	-		-		-		
Public safety		-	186,30)5		1 700 ((0		-		
Public ways and facilities		145 202		-		1,720,662		-		
Culture and recreation		145,392	152.07	-		-		-		
Community enhancements Capital outlay		-	152,86	32		-		-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		145,392	339,16	57		1,720,662		-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(136,278)	(68,98			148,955		509,101		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out		136,407	92,7 ² (25,00			(3,651)		- -		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			(23,00	<i>J</i> 0)		(3,031)				
SOURCES (USES)		136,407	67,74	47		(3,651)		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		129	(1,23	36)		145,304		509,101		
Beginning fund balances (deficits),		(6,180)	(4,98	37)		(7,909)				
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	(6,051)	\$ (6,22	23)	\$	137,395	\$	509,101		

Stormwater Utility Tax	Road Maintenance	Transit			Police Grants	SLES
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
(7,077)	1.046.010	2 (44 750	-	276,487	452 102	-
- 18,794	1,946,818 4,295	3,644,759 862	1,156	2,643	453,183	221,669 30
3,741,426	-	-	-	2,013	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,753,143	1,951,113	3,645,621	1,156	279,130	453,183	- 221 (22
3,733,143	1,231,113	3,043,021	1,130	277,130	433,103	221,699
-	276,150	84,405	-	-	-	-
-	-	2 012 644	- 11.012	214,647	447,766	176,824
2,695,875	999,262	3,913,644	11,013	-	-	-
-	-	_	-	-	-	-
924,442	45,000				5,226	44,845
3,620,317	1,320,412	3,998,049	11,013	214,647	452,992	221,669
132,826	630,701	(352,428)	(9,857)	64,483	191	30
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	- (50.000)	-	-	86,234	-	-
	(53,333)			(191,671)		
	(53,333)	-	-	(105,437)	-	
132,826	577,368	(352,428)	(9,857)	(40,954)	191	30
2,123,059	265,780	260,842	169,246	483,460	(40,671)	544
\$ 2,255,885	\$ 843,148	\$ (91,586)	\$ 159,389	\$ 442,506	\$ (40,480)	\$ 574

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds									
	Housing In-lieu Fee	Property Based Improvement District	Housing Agency	Development Fee Funds Roadway Development Fees						
REVENUES										
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ - - - 3	\$ - - 1,492	\$ - - - 492	\$ 30,140 - - 2,781						
Charges for services	-	750,714	-	-						
Contributions	-	-	-	-						
Other revenues			11,795							
TOTAL REVENUES	3	752,206	12,287	32,921						
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-						
Public ways and facilities	-	755,765	-	2,171						
Culture and recreation Community enhancements	(27)	-	40,526	2,171						
Capital outlay	<u> </u>			13,247						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	(27)	755,765	40,526	15,418						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	30	(3,559)	(28,239)	17,503						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	-	-	-	-						
Transfers out										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-	<u>-</u>						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	30	(3,559)	(28,239)	17,503						
Beginning fund balances (deficits),	1,600	4,086	2,843,395	438,263						
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 1,630	\$ 527	\$ 2,815,156	\$ 455,766						

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Development Fee Funds								Other Gra	ant Fu	nds	
N	Housing Mitigation evelopment Fees	Tree Preservation Development Fees		Park Facilities Development Fees		Transit Development Fees		Total velopment ees Funds	ecycling Grants	Co ₁	ACOG mmunity Design Grant
\$	114,128	\$	-	\$	6,471	\$	5,218	\$ 155,957	\$ -	\$	-
	-		-		-		-	-	97,617		42,046
	1,143		2,054		896		463	7,337	525		-
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	-	1	7,685		-		-	17,685	-		-
	115,271		9,739		7,367		5,681	180,979	98,142		42,046
	_		_		-		_	_	_		_
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	-		-		-		904	3,075	-		-
	- -	130	5,186 -		-		-	136,186 13,247	83,537		42,428
	-	130	5,186		-		904	152,508	83,537		42,428
	115,271	(11)	5,447)		7,367		4,777	28,471	14,605		(382)
	-		- - -		- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -		- 1,496 -
	-		_		-		-	-	_		1,496
	115,271	(11)	5,447)		7,367		4,777	28,471	14,605		1,114
	188,266	21:	5,893		114,910		74,376	1,031,708	 (2,279)		
\$	303,537	\$ 9	9,446	\$	122,277	\$	79,153	\$ 1,060,179	\$ 12,326	\$	1,114

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds										
	Other	Grants Funds	-	Assessment District Funds							
	BTA PetSmart Grant Grant		Total Other Grants Funds	Zone 1							
REVENUES											
Licenses and permits	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
Fines and forfeitures			-	-							
Intergovernmental	13,52	- 8	153,191	-							
Use of money and property		- 163	688	389							
Charges for services			-	10,523							
Contributions		2 479	2 479	-							
Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES	13,52	- 8 3,478 3,641	3,478 157,357	10,912							
TOTAL REVENUES	13,32	5,041	137,337	10,912							
EXPENDITURES Current:											
General government			-	-							
Public safety			-	-							
Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation			-	11,288							
Community enhancements		- 40,200	166,165	-							
Capital outlay		- 40,200	100,103	-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		- 40,200	166,165	11,288							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			,								
OVER EXPENDITURES	13,52	8 (36,559)	(8,808)	(376)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out]]	1,496	-							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	-	-									
SOURCES (USES)			1,496								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	13,52	8 (36,559)	(7,312)	(376)							
Beginning fund balances (deficits),	(10,66	8) 78	(12,869)	39,381							
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 2,86	0 \$ (36,481)	\$ (20,181)	\$ 39,005							

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Assessment District Funds

Z	one 2	 Zone 3	ne 3 Zone 4		 98-01		98-02	 03-01	98-0)2 Zone 2
\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	509	8		1	1,039		686	6,301		171
	12,337	6,550		4,718	10,680		22,250	88,700		16,288
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	12,846	6,558		4,719	11,719		22,936	95,001		16,459
	_	_		_	_		_	_		_
	_	_		_	_		_	_		_
	9,959	8,802		11,957	5,924		12,045	39,215		9,980
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	9,959	 8,802		11,957	 5,924		12,045	 39,215	-	9,980
	9,939	 0,002		11,937	 3,924	. —	12,043	 39,213		9,960
	2,887	(2,244)		(7,238)	5,795		10,891	55,786		6,479
	-	-		-	-		-	-		-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		3,651	 -		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		
	-	-		3,651	-		-			
	2,887	(2,244)		(3,587)	5,795		10,891	55,786		6,479
	68,535	 (1,312)		(3,651)	 145,657		90,299	 897,537		19,812
\$	71,422	\$ (3,556)	\$	(7,238)	\$ 151,452	\$	101,190	\$ 953,323	\$	26,291

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Nonma	ajor Special I	Revenue Funds

		INOIII	•		
REVENUES S					
Licenses and permits \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 205,757		03-01 Zone 2	Assessment	Assessment District	Special Revenue
Fines and forfeitures - - - 269,410 Intergovernmental - - - 8,690,50 Use of money and property 841 683 10,628 50,417 Charges for services 19,466 350,055 541,567 5,304,596 Contributions - - - - 8,411 Other revenues - - - - 138,747 Other revenues - - - - 138,747 Other revenues - - - - 138,747 Other revenues - - - - 14618,088 EXPENDITURES - - - - - 1360,555 Public safety - - - - - 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation - - - - - 1,032,760	REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	Licenses and permits	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 155,957
Use of money and property Charges for services 841 683 10,628 50,417 Charges for services 19,466 350,055 541,567 5,304,596 Contributions - - - - 8,411 Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES 20,307 350,738 552,195 14,618,088 EXPENDITURES Current: General government - - - - 360,555 Public safety - - - - 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation - - - - 145,392 Community enhancements - - - - 145,392 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 Fransfers in - - - -	-			-	269,410
19,466 350,055 541,567 5,304,596	Intergovernmental			-	8,690,550
Contributions Other revenues		841	683	10,628	50,417
Other revenues - - - - 138,747 EXPENDITURES Current:		19,466	350,055	541,567	5,304,596
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 360,555 Public safety 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation 145,392 Community enhancements 1,032,760 Capital outlay 1,032,760 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 53,333 56,984 373,868 Transfers in - 53,333 56,984 373,868 Transfers out - (273,655) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 53,333 56,984 100,213 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576	Contributions			-	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 360,555 Public safety 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation 145,392 Community enhancements - 495,712 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	
Current: General government - - - 360,555 Public safety - - - 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation - - - - 145,392 Community enhancements - - - 495,712 Capital outlay - - - 1,032,760 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - </td <td>TOTAL REVENUES</td> <td>20,307</td> <td>350,738</td> <td>552,195</td> <td>14,618,088</td>	TOTAL REVENUES	20,307	350,738	552,195	14,618,088
Ceneral government					
Public safety - - - 1,025,542 Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation - - - - 145,392 Community enhancements - - - - 495,712 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,688 406,610 540,468 13,699,725 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets -					260 555
Public ways and facilities 24,688 406,610 540,468 10,639,764 Culture and recreation - - - 145,392 Community enhancements - - - 495,712 Capital outlay - - - - 1,032,760 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets - - - - - Transfers out - 53,333 56,984 373,868 Transfers out - - - (273,655) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576			-	-	
Culture and recreation - - - 145,392 Community enhancements - - - 495,712 Capital outlay - - - 1,032,760 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets -<		24 689	406.610	540.468	
Community enhancements		24,000		340,400	
Capital outlay - - - 1,032,760 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets -<			_	_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			- <u>-</u>	_	
OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets		24,688	3 406,610	540,468	
OVER EXPENDITURES (4,381) (55,872) 11,727 918,363 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,381	(55,872)	11,727	918,363
Transfers in Transfers out - 53,333 56,984 373,868 Transfers out - - - - (273,655) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 53,333 56,984 100,213 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out - - - - - (273,655) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 53,333 56,984 100,213 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576	Proceeds from sale of capital assets			-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 53,333 56,984 100,213 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576	Transfers in		- 53,333	56,984	373,868
SOURCES (USES) <u>- 53,333 56,984 100,213</u> NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (4,381) (2,539) 68,711 1,018,576	Transfers out		<u> </u>		(273,655)
			- 53,333	56,984	100,213
Beginning fund balances (deficits), 102,438 (53,333) 1,305,363 8,416,467	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,381	(2,539)	68,711	1,018,576
	Beginning fund balances (deficits),	102,438	(53,333)	1,305,363	8,416,467
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) \$ 98,057 \$ (55,872) \$ 1,374,074 \$ 9,435,043	ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 98,057	\$ (55,872)	\$ 1,374,074	\$ 9,435,043

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Measure A Construction		General Captial Improvement Capital Projects Fund		Community Capital Replacement		Auburn Boulevard Utilities		Streets		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Jonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 155,957
	-		-		-		-		-		-	269,410
	464,970		-		-		849,734		166,128		1,480,832	10,171,382
	9,099		(218)		5,922		(187)		-		14,616	65,033
	-		-		-		-		-		-	5,304,596
	-		-		-		-		-		-	8,411
	-		-		1,605		-		_		1,605	140,352
	474,069		(218)		7,527		849,547		166,128		1,497,053	16,115,141
	-		-		-		-		-		-	360,555
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,025,542
	264,266		124,386		67,849		-		131,124		587,625	11,227,389
	-		-		-		-		-		-	145,392
	-		-		-		-		-		-	495,712
	-		25,100		346,351		849,734		48,379		1,269,564	 2,302,324
	264,266		149,486		414,200		849,734		179,503		1,857,189	 15,556,914
	209,803		(149,704)		(406,673)		(187)		(13,375)		(360,136)	558,227
	-		-		112,672		-		-		112,672	112,672
	-		500,000		424,225		-		-		924,225	1,298,093
	-		-		-		-					(273,655)
	-		500,000		536,897						1,036,897	1,137,110
	209,803		350,296		130,224		(187)		(13,375)		676,761	1,695,337
	1,117,093		95,991		798,327				(1,670)		2,009,741	 10,426,208
\$	1,326,896	\$	446,287	\$	928,551	\$	(187)	\$	(15,045)	\$	2,686,502	\$ 12,121,545

			COMMUN	ITY EVENTS	
		Budget Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits		\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures		-	- -	-	-
Intergovernmental Use of money and property		-	- -	(2)	(2)
Charges for services		3,000		705	(2,295)
Contributions Other revenues		20,000	20,000	8,411	(11,589)
	TOTAL REVENUES	23,000	23,000	9,114	(13,886)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government Public safety		-	- -	-	-
Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation		126 600	126 600	145 202	- (9.792)
Community enhancements		136,609	136,609	145,392	(8,783)
Capital outlay	TOTAL EVDENDITUDES	126,600	126,600	145 202	(0.792)
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	136,609	136,609	145,392	(8,783)
EXCESS (DE	FICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(113,609	(113,609)	(136,278)	(22,669)
OTHER FINANCING SOUR	CES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital Transfers in Transfers out	l assets	113,611	113,611	136,407	22,796
TOTAL OTHER FIN.	ANCING SOURCES (USES)	113,611	113,611	136,407	22,796
NET CHA	NGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 2	2 \$ 2	129	\$ 127
Beginning fund balances (deficits)				(6,180)	
Е			\$ (6,051)		
	(DEFICITS)				

	CODE ENFO	ORCEMENT		GAS TAX						
Budgeted			Variance With Final Budget Positive		l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive			
 Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
- -	-	-	- -	1,810,177	1,810,177	1,761,072 2,756	(49,105) 2,756			
295,000	295,000	270,184	(24,816)	-	- -	2,730	2,730			
 		-		98,733	98,733	105,789	7,056			
295,000	295,000	270,184	(24,816)	1,908,910	1,908,910	1,869,617	(39,293)			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
238,425	238,425	186,305	52,120	1,661,783	1,661,783	1,720,662	(58,879)			
151,645	151,645	152,862	(1,217)	-	- -	-	- -			
 390,070	390,070	339,167	50,903	1,661,783	1,661,783	1,720,662	(58,879)			
(95,070)	(95,070)	(68,983)	26,087	247,127	247,127	148,955	(98,172)			
_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_			
120,070	120,070	92,747	(27,323)	-	-	-	-			
 (25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)		(3,901)	(3,901)	(3,651)	250			
95,070	95,070	67,747	(27,323)	(3,901)	(3,901)	(3,651)	250			
\$ 	\$ -	(1,236)	\$ (1,236)	\$ 243,226	\$ 243,226	145,304	\$ (97,922)			
		(4,987)				(7,909)				
		\$ (6,223)				\$ 137,395				

		STORMWATER UTILITY TAX						
		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		-	-	(7,077)	(7,077)			
Intergovernmental		-	-	(7,077)	(7,077)			
Use of money and property		24,000	24,000	18,794	(5,206)			
Charges for services Contributions		3,400,000	3,400,000	3,741,426	341,426			
Other revenues		-	-	- -	- -			
	TOTAL REVENUES	3,424,000	3,424,000	3,753,143	329,143			
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-	-	-	-			
Public safety Public ways and facilities		3,005,169	3,005,169	2,695,875	309,294			
Culture and recreation		-	-	2,073,073	-			
Community enhancements		-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,920,000	1,920,000	924,442	995,558			
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,925,169	4,925,169	3,620,317	1,304,852			
EXCESS (DEF	FICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
	OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,501,169)	(1,501,169)	132,826	1,633,995			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	CES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital		-	-	-	-			
Transfers in Transfers out		-	-	-	-			
Transfers out		<u>-</u>						
TOTAL OTHER FINA	ANCING SOURCES (USES)							
NET CHA	NGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1,501,169)	\$ (1,501,169)	132,826	\$ 1,633,995			
Beginning fund balances (defic	cits)			2,123,059				
Eì	NDING FUND BALANCES							
2.	(DEFICITS)			\$ 2,255,885				

		ROAD MA	INTENANCE		TRANSIT						
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive			
(Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
	1,917,002 -	1,917,002 -	1,946,818 4,295	29,816 4,295	3,699,811 960	3,699,811 960	3,644,759 862	(55,052) (98)			
	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -			
	1,917,002	1,917,002	1,951,113	34,111	3,700,771	3,700,771	3,645,621	(55,150)			
	276,150	276,150	276,150	-	84,406	84,406	84,405	1			
	1,009,561	1,009,561	999,262	10,299	3,623,950	3,623,950	3,913,644	(289,694)			
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	450,000	450,000	45,000	405,000	55,051	55,051	2 009 040	55,051			
	1,735,711	1,735,711	1,320,412	415,299	3,763,407	3,763,407	3,998,049	(234,642)			
	181,291	181,291	630,701	449,410	(62,636)	(62,636)	(352,428)	(289,792)			
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	(79,125)	(79,125)	(53,333)	25,792							
	(79,125)	(79,125)	(53,333)	25,792							
\$	102,166	\$ 102,166	577,368	\$ 475,202	\$ (62,636)	\$ (62,636)	(352,428)	\$ (289,792)			
			265,780				260,842				
			\$ 843,148				\$ (91,586)				

	TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT							
	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Charges for services	69,911 3,556	69,911 3,556	1,156	(69,911) (2,400)				
Charges for services Contributions Other revenues	- -	- -	- -	- -				
TOTAL REVENUES	73,467	73,467	1,156	(72,311)				
EXPENDITURES								
Current: General government	-	-	-	-				
Public safety Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation	- - -	- - -	11,013	(11,013)				
Community enhancements	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,000	30,000	11,013	30,000 18,987				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	43,467	43,467	(9,857)	(53,324)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	- -	- -	- -	- -				
Transfers out		<u> </u>						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 43,467	\$ 43,467	(9,857)	\$ (53,324)				
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			169,246					
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$ 159,389					

	POI	LICE		POLICE GRANTS						
Budgeted	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive			
Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
324,000	324,000	276,487	(47,513)	652,750	652,750	453,183	(199,567)			
6,021	6,021	2,643	(3,378)	, -	, <u>-</u>	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
 330,021	330,021	279,130	(50,891)	652,750	652,750	453,183	(199,567)			
344,769	344,769	214,647	130,122	652,750	652,750	447,766	204,984			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
 344,769	344,769	214,647	130,122	652,750	652,750	5,226 452,992	(5,226) 199,758			
 344,707	344,707	214,047	150,122	032,730	032,730	732,772	177,730			
(14,748)	(14,748)	64,483	79,231	-	-	191	191			
46,152	46,152	86,234	40,082	-	-	-	-			
 (210,000)	(210,000)	(191,671)	18,329							
(163,848)	(163,848)	(105,437)	58,411		· 					
\$ (178,596)	\$ (178,596)	(40,954)	\$ 137,642	\$ -	\$ -	191	\$ 191			
		483,460				(40,671)				
		\$ 442,506				\$ (40,480)				

	SLES						
	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	- Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental	\$ - - 132,893	\$ - - 132,893	\$ - - 221,669	\$ - - - 88,776			
Use of money and property Charges for services Contributions Other revenues	-	- - - -	30	30			
TOTAL REVENUES	132,893	132,893	221,699	88,806			
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	- 122 002	-	177, 924	- (42.021)			
Public safety Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation	132,893 - -	132,893	176,824	(43,931) - -			
Community enhancements Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	132,893	132,893	44,845 221,669	(44,845) (88,776)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	30	30			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ -	30	\$ 30			
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			544				
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$ 574				

HOUSING IN-LIEU FEE								PROPERTY BASED IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT						
	Budgeted Amounts					Variance With Final Budget Positive		Budgeted Amounts					Fin F	ance With al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	0	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
	125		125	3	-	(122)		-		-		1,492		1,492
	-		-	-	-	-		750,373		750,373		750,714		341
	-		-	- -	-	- -		-		-		-		-
	125		125	3	, -	(122)		750,373		750,373		752,206		1,833
	-		-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-
	=		-	-	-	-		750,373		750,373		755,765		(5,392)
	4,700		4,700	(27	<u>'</u>)	4,727		- -		-		- -		-
	4,700		4,700	(27	<u>')</u>	4,727		750,373		750,373		755,765		(5,392)
	(4,575)		(4,575)	30)	4,605		-		-		(3,559)		(3,559)
	- -		- -	-	-	-		-		-		- -		- -
								=		-				
								-		-				
\$	(4,575)	\$	(4,575)	30) =	\$ 4,605	\$	-	\$	-		(3,559)	\$	(3,559)
				1,600	<u> </u>							4,086		
				\$ 1,630) -						\$	527		

	HOUSING AGENCY								
	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES									
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	-	-	492	- 492					
Use of money and property Charges for services	-	-	492	492					
Contributions	-	-	-	-					
Other revenues	-	-	11,795	11,795					
TOTAL REVENUES	-	-	12,287	12,287					
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	- 42 614	42.614	40.526	2 000					
Community enhancements Capital outlay	43,614	43,614	40,526	3,088					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	43,614	43,614	40,526	3,088					
	,011		,,,,,						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(43,614)	(43,614)	(28,239)	15,375					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Transfers out									
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (43,614)	\$ (43,614)	(28,239)	\$ 15,375					
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			2,843,395						
ENDING FUND BALANCES									
(DEFICITS)			\$ 2,815,156						

	RO	OADWAY DEV	ELOPMENT FE	ES	HOUSING MITIGATION DEVELOPMENT FEES						
Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$	5,000	\$ - 5,000	\$ - 30,140	\$ - 25,140	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 114,128	\$ - 114,128			
	4,874	4,874	2,781	(2,093)	2,371	2,371	1,143	(1,228)			
	- -			- -							
	9,874	9,874	32,921	23,047	2,371	2,371	115,271	112,900			
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	- -	2,171	(2,171)	158,044	158,044	- - -	158,044			
	284,668	284,668	- 13,247	284,668 (13,247)	-	-	-	-			
	284,668	284,668	15,418	269,250	158,044	158,044		158,044			
	(274,794)	(274,794)	17,503	292,297	(155,673)	(155,673)	115,271	270,944			
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -			
	_							-			
\$	(274,794)	\$ (274,794)	17,503	\$ 292,297	\$ (155,673)	\$ (155,673)	115,271	\$ 270,944			
			438,263				188,266				
			\$ 455,766				\$ 303,537				

		TREE P	RESERVATION	DEVELOPMEN	NT FEES
		Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	•	<u> </u>			(8)
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental		\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Use of money and property Charges for services Contributions Other revenues		4,140 - - -	4,140 - - -	2,054	(2,086) - - 17,685
	TOTAL REVENUES	4,140	4,140	19,739	15,599
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>
Public ways and facilities Culture and recreation Community enhancements		90,000	90,000	136,186	- (46,186)
Capital outlay	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	90,000	90,000	136,186	(46,186)
	TOTAL EXIENDITORES	90,000	70,000	130,180	(40,180)
EXCESS (DE	FICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(85,860)	(85,860)	(116,447)	(30,587)
OTHER FINANCING SOURG Proceeds from sale of capital Transfers in Transfers out		- - -	- - 	- - -	- - -
TOTAL OTHER FIN.	ANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHA	NGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (85,860)	\$ (85,860)	(116,447)	\$ (30,587)
Beginning fund balances (defic	eits)			215,893	
E	NDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$ 99,446	

PARK FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT FEES TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT FEES Variance With Variance With Final Budget Final Budget Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual (Negative) Original Final Actual (Negative) \$ \$ 2,200 2,200 6,471 4,271 1,000 1,000 5,218 4,218 1,536 1,536 896 (640)754 754 (291)463 3,736 3,736 7,367 3,631 1,754 1,754 5,681 3,927 904 (904)24,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 24,000 24,000 4,000 4,000 24,000 24,000 4,000 904 23,096 7,367 7,631 4,777 27,023 (264)(264)(22,246)(22,246)7,631 (22,246)(22,246)4,777 27,023 (264) (264)7,367 114,910 74,376

79,153

122,277

		RECYCLIN	IG GRANTS	
	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Fillal	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental	44,742	44,742	97,617	52,875
Use of money and property		44,742	525	525
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	- 44.742	- 44.740	- 00.142	
TOTAL REVENUES	44,742	44,742	98,142	53,400
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	- -	- -	-
Community enhancements	39,742	39,742	83,537	(43,795)
Capital outlay		<u> </u>		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,742	39,742	83,537	(43,795)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES		5,000	14,605	9,605
0 1 211 21 21 21 21 21	2,000	2,000	1 1,000	2,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers in Transfers out	_	-	-	-
Transfers out				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	14,605	\$ 9,605
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			(2,279)	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			\$ 12,326	
(DEFICITS)			Ψ 12,520	

Variance Wit	7			BT			_	iance With		DESIGN GR				2110	
Final Budge Positive	-			ounts	d Ar	Budgete		al Budget Positive	I			ıınts	Amo	Budgeted	
(Negative)		Actual	_	Final	74 711	riginal	_	legative)		Actual		Final		Priginal	C
\$	9	\$ -	_		\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$
		-	-			-		-		-		-		-	
13,528		13,528	-			-		- 951		42,046		41,095		41,095	
- /		-	-			-		-		-		-		-	
		-	-			-		-		-		-		-	
		-				-						-		_	
13,528		13,528	-			-		951		42,046		41,095		41,095	
		_	_			_		_		_		_		_	
		-	-			-		-		-		-		-	
		-	-			-		-		-		-		-	
		-	-			-		(1,333)		42,428		41,095		41,095	
		-				-		(1,333)		42,428		41,095		41,095	
		<u> </u>						(1,333)	-	42,420		41,093		41,093	
13,528		13,528						(382)		(382)					
13,320		13,320	_					(302)		(302)		_		_	
		-	-			-		1,496		1,496		-		-	
		-	<u> </u>			-			_		_				
		-				-		1,496		1,496		_		_	
\$ 13,528	_ \$	13,528			\$	-	\$	1,114	\$	1,114			\$		\$
	. =	(10,668)							_						

2,860

\$ 1,114

BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		PETSMAR	T GRANT	
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
•				
REVENUES	•	•		
Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	_	-	- -	- -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	-	163	163
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Contributions Other revenues	-	-	3,478	3,478
TOTAL REVENUES			3,641	3,478
			- ,-	- 7-
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government Public safety	-	-	- -	-
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Community enhancements	63,159	63,159	40,200	22,959
Capital outlay	- (2.150	- (2.150	40.200	- 22.050
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	63,159	63,159	40,200	22,959
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(63,159)	(63,159)	(36,559)	26,600
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (63,159)	\$ (63,159)	(36,559)	\$ 26,600
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			78	
ENDING FUND BALANCES				
(DEFICITS)			\$ (36,481)	

		ZO	NE 1					
Ot	Budgeted riginal	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -
	591	591	389	(202)	955	955	509	(446)
	10,523	10,523	10,523	-	12,413	12,413	12,337	(76)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11,114	11,114	10,912	(202)	13,368	13,368	12,846	(522)
	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11,323	11,323	11,288	35	15,379	15,379	9,959	5,420
	-	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	-
			<u> </u>					
	11,323	11,323	11,288	35	15,379	15,379	9,959	5,420
	(209)	(209)	(376)	(167)	(2,011)	(2,011)	2,887	4,898
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>		- -	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
		-						
\$	(209)	\$ (209)	(376)	\$ (167)	\$ (2,011)	\$ (2,011)	2,887	\$ 4,898
			39,381				68,535	
			\$ 39,005				\$ 71,422	

					ZON	VE 3			
		Oı	Budgeted riginal		nts inal	Actu	al	Final Pos	nce With Budget sitive gative)
DEVENIUE									
REVENUES Taxes and assessments		\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Licenses and permits		Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Fines and forfeitures			_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental			-		-		-		-
Use of money and property			31		31		8		(23)
Charges for services			6,550		6,550	6	5,550		-
Contributions Other revenues			-		-		-		-
Other revenues	TOTAL REVENUES		6,581		6,581		5,558		(23)
EVDENDIEUDEG									
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government			_		_		_		_
Public safety			_		_		_		_
Public ways and facilities			8,638		8,638	8	3,802		(164)
Culture and recreation			-		-		-		-
Community enhancements			-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	TOTAL EVDENDITUDES		8,638		8,638		3,802		(164)
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		0,030		0,030		5,802		(104)
EXCESS (DE	FICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
	OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,057)		(2,057)	(2	2,244)		(187)
OTHER FINANCING SOUR	CES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital			-		-		_		-
Transfers in			-		-		-		-
Transfers out									
TOTAL OTHER FIN	ANCING SOURCES (USES)								
NET CHA	NGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(2,057)	\$	(2,057)	(2	2,244)	\$	(187)
Beginning fund balances (defi-	cits)					(1	,312)		
E.	NDING FUND BALANCES								
E	(DEFICITS)					\$ (3	,556)		

ZONE 4 98-01 Variance With Variance With Final Budget Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Positive Original (Negative) (Negative) Final Actual Original Final Actual \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2,216 2,216 (1,177)1,039 8,619 8,619 4,718 (3,901)10,640 10,640 10,680 8,619 8,619 (3,900)12,856 12,856 8,619 8,619 11,957 (3,338)5,696 5,696 5,924 (228)(3,338)5,924 8,619 8,619 11,957 5,696 5,696 (228)(7,238)7,160 7,160 5,795 (7,238)(1,365)3,651 3,651 3,651 3,651 7,160 \$ 7,160 \$ (3,587) \$ (3,587)5,795 (1,365)(3,651)145,657

151,452

(7,238)

	98-02								
	Budgetec Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES									
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-					
Fines and forfeitures	-	_	-	-					
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	1,334	1,334	686	(648)					
Charges for services	22,200	22,200	22,250	50					
Contributions	-	-	-	-					
Other revenues									
TOTAL REVENUES	23,534	23,534	22,936	(598)					
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Public ways and facilities	16,988	16,988	12,045	4,943					
Culture and recreation Community enhancements	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay	_	-	_	-					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,988	16,988	12,045	4,943					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(51((51(10.901	4 2 4 5					
OVER EXPENDITURES	6,546	6,546	10,891	4,345					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Transfers out		· -		·					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 6,546	\$ 6,546	10,891	\$ 4,345					
Beginning fund balances (deficits)			90,299						
ENDING FUND BALANCES									
(DEFICITS)			\$ 101,190						

03-01 98-02 ZONE 2

Budgeted	l Amo			Fina P	ance With al Budget ositive	Budgeted	l Amo			A atrial				nce With l Budget ositive
 Original		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)	 riginal		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		
13,247 88,700		13,247 88,700	6,301 88,700		(6,946) -	284 16,288		284 16,288		171 16,288		(113)		
-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		
101,947		101,947	95,001		(6,946)	16,572		16,572		16,459		(113)		
-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		
49,645		49,645	39,215		10,430	10,440		10,440		9,980		460		
-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		
49,645		49,645	 39,215		10,430	10,440		10,440		9,980		460		
52,302		52,302	55,786		3,484	6,132		6,132		6,479		347		
-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		
 			 -			 								
			 -			 								
\$ 52,302	\$	52,302	55,786	\$	3,484	\$ 6,132	\$	6,132		6,479	\$	347		
			 897,537							19,812				
			\$ 953,323	:					\$	26,291				

				03-01 Z	ONE 2	03-01 ZONE 2								
	Or	Budgeted iginal	unts Final	Actual		Fina P	ance With al Budget ositive egative)							
REVENUES														
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-						
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-						
Use of money and property		1,760		1,760		841		(919)						
Charges for services		20,146		20,146	1	9,466		(680)						
Contributions		-		-		-		-						
Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES		21,906		21,906	2	0,307		(1,599)						
TOTAL REVENUES		21,900		21,900	2	0,307		(1,399)						
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government Public safety		-		=		-		-						
Public ways and facilities		26,217		26,217	2	4,688		1,529						
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-						
Community enhancements		-		-		-		-						
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		26,217		26,217		4,688		1,529						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		20,217		20,217		4,000		1,329						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,311)		(4,311)	(4,381)		(70)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_		_		_						
Transfers in		-		-		-		-						
Transfers out														
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(4,311)	\$	(4,311)	(4,381)	\$	(70)						
Beginning fund balances (deficits)					10	2,438								
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					\$ 9	8,057								

LIC	GHTII	NG ASSES	SMENT DISTRI	CT		COMMUNITY CAPITAL REPLACEMENT							T
Budgetee			1	Fin	Variance With Final Budget Positive			d Amounts		Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive		
 Original		Final	Actual	(1)	Negative)		Original		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
\$ -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	-
			- 683		683		- - -		- - -		5,922		5,922
431,102		431,102	350,055 - - 350,738		(81,047)		- - -		- - -		1,605 7,527		1,605 7,527
431,102		431,102	330,/38		(80,304)		-		-		1,321		1,321
-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
432,102		432,102	406,610		25,492		- -		- -		67,849		(67,849)
-		-	-		-		-		-		346,351		(346,351)
432,102		432,102	406,610		25,492		-		-		414,200		(414,200)
(1,000)		(1,000)	(55,872)		(54,872)		-		-		(406,673)		(406,673)
- - -		- - -	53,333		53,333		- 424,225 -		424,225		112,672 424,225		112,672
			53,333		53,333		424,225		424,225		536,897		112,672
\$ (1,000)	\$	(1,000)	(2,539)	\$	(1,539)	\$	424,225	\$	424,225		130,224	\$	(294,001)
			(53,333)								798,327		
			\$ (55,872)							\$	928,551		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds:

Fire Capital Facilities Fee – Accounts for fire district development fees collected on behalf of Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District.

STA Fees – Accounts for Transportation fees collected on behalf of State.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES As of June 30, 2018

		Fire Capital acilities Fee	STA Fees	Totals
ASSETS Cash and investments		\$ 1,205	\$ 20,689	\$ 21,894
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,205	\$ 20,689	\$ 21,894
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		\$ 1,205	\$ 20,689	\$ 21,894
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,205	\$ 20,689	\$ 21,894

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance 20, 2017	A	dditions	De	eductions	Balance 20, 2018
FIRE CAPITAL FACILITIES FEE						
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,168	\$	1,205	\$	(1,168)	\$ 1,205
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,168	\$	1,205	\$	(1,168)	\$ 1,205
LIABILITIES:						
Due to other governments	\$ 1,168	\$	1,205	\$	(1,168)	 1,205
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,168	\$	1,205	\$	(1,168)	\$ 1,205
STA FEES						
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 50,571	\$	20,689	\$	(50,571)	\$ 20,689
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 50,571	\$	20,689	\$	(50,571)	\$ 20,689
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 32,991	\$	_	\$	(32,991)	\$ _
Due to other governments	 17,580		20,689		(17,580)	 20,689
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 50,571	\$	20,689	\$	(50,571)	\$ 20,689
			_			
TOTAL OF ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 51,739	\$	21,894	\$	(51,739)	\$ 21,894
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 51,739	\$	21,894	\$	(51,739)	\$ 21,894
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 34,159	\$	=	\$	(34,159)	\$ -
Due to other governments	 17,580		21,894		(17,580)	 21,894
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 51,739	\$	21,894	\$	(51,739)	\$ 21,894

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Citrus Heights' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	114-123
Revenue Capacity generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most significant revenue sources.	124-131
Debt Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	132-135
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	136-138
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	139-144

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Citrus Heights, California

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	2000		2010			2011		2012
~	2009			2010		2011		2012
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets	\$	384,928,105	\$ 3	388,085,031	\$	380,131,270	\$	370,403,423
Restricted		477,776		3,046,484		4,342,108		3,696,281
Unrestricted		59,472,462		53,063,713		57,351,701		51,220,587
Total governmental activities net position	\$	444,878,343	\$ 4	144,195,228	\$	441,825,079	\$	425,320,291
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		300,025		-		-		-
Unrestricted		745,876		2,848,766		716,320		759,833
Total business-type activities net position	\$	1,045,901	\$	2,848,766	\$	716,320	\$	759,833
Primary government								
Invested in capital assets	\$	384,928,105	\$ 3	388,085,031	\$	380,131,270	\$	370,403,423
Restricted		777,801		3,046,484		4,342,108		3,696,281
Unrestricted		60,218,338		55,912,479		58,068,021		51,980,420
Total primary government net position	\$	445,924,244	\$ 4	147,043,994	\$	442,541,399	\$	426,080,124

Source: City Administrative Services Department

2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
		_				_		_			
\$ 369,630,853	\$36	66,354,751	\$	362,247,604	\$ 35	51,834,754	\$35	55,292,096	\$34	4,507,138	
22,751,540	1	5,749,227		15,682,624	1	15,279,052	1	5,935,790	1	6,266,052	
 25,246,205	2	28,626,101		12,581,607	1	14,663,297		4,264,024		1,755,048	
\$ 417,628,598	\$41	0,730,079	\$	390,511,835	\$ 38	31,777,103	\$37	75,491,910	\$36	52,528,238	
 									'	_	
\$ -	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	321,123	\$	389,449	\$	381,575	
655,163		- 614,441		406,354		265,517		160,563		219,434	
 055,105		014,441		400,334		203,317		100,303		219,434	
\$ 655,163	\$	814,441	\$	606,354	\$	586,640	\$	550,012	\$	601,009	
 055,105	Ψ	011,111	Ť		_			,			
\$ 369,630,853	\$36	66,554,751	\$	362,447,604	\$ 35	52,155,877	\$35	55,681,545	\$34	4,888,713	
22,751,540	1	5,749,227		15,682,624	1	15,279,052	1	5,935,790	1	6,266,052	
25,901,368	2	29,240,542		12,987,961	1	14,928,814		4,424,587		1,974,482	
\$ 418,283,761	\$41	1,544,520	\$	391,118,189	\$ 38	32,363,743	\$37	6,041,922	\$36	53,129,247	

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30) (Accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 6,296,913	\$ 6,053,708	\$ 5,984,581	\$ 5,190,638
Public safety	18,473,394	17,694,892	18,817,306	19,522,974
Public ways and facilities	17,396,873	21,335,008	24,344,523	25,489,982
Culture and recreation	346,317	557,661	820,799	883,463
Economic development	163,256	80,074	62,687	64,906
Community enhancements	4,018,617	3,421,515	5,702,868	4,532,930
Total governmental activities expenses	46,695,370	49,142,858	55,732,764	55,684,893
Business-type activities:				
Transit	2,871,380	-	-	-
Stormwater utility	829,033	697,400	-	-
Solid waste	395,791	436,658	535,094	579,195
Total business-type activities expenses	4,096,204	1,134,058	535,094	579,195
Total primary government expenses	50,791,574	50,276,916	56,267,858	56,264,088
Program revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	1,538,107	584,124	332,690	343,013
Public safety	250,785	1,512,882	433,535	443,227
Public ways and facilities	166,610	653,995	7,857,400	3,642,658
Culture and recreation	-	-	292,134	394,188
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Community enhancements	-	1,088,280	761,323	858,413
Operating grants and contributions	8,545,951	1,458,333	14,447,725	12,857,360
Capital grants and contributions	5,909,073	16,329,085	1,580,765	187,957
Total governmental activities program revenues	16,410,526	21,626,699	25,705,572	18,726,816
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Stormwater utility	643,536	2,655,812	-	-
Solid waste	568,294	546,290	613,242	616,288
Operating grants and contributions	2,972,090	-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,183,920	3,202,102	613,242	616,288
Total primary government program revenues	20,594,446	24,828,801	26,318,814	19,343,104
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	(30,284,844)	(27,516,159)	(30,027,192)	(36,958,077)
Business-type activities	87,716	2,068,044	78,148	37,093
Total primary government net expense	(30,197,128)	(25,448,115)	(29,949,044)	(36,920,984)
	-			

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 4,905,500	\$ 4,825,401	\$ 5,401,023	\$ 4,704,899	\$ 5,463,122	\$ 6,106,557
18,371,871	19,595,533	18,092,747	17,355,288	18,378,242	21,698,128
25,152,231	27,499,125	30,037,037	34,185,103	24,188,701	24,395,899
692,989	613,235	555,342	654,183	669,948	722,254
114,616	172,083	159,243	214,978	402,904	353,608
4,429,170	4,407,068	4,319,791	4,313,943	4,710,977	4,664,278
53,666,377	57,112,445	58,565,183	61,428,394	53,813,894	57,940,724
				·	
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
752,084	529,464	903,522	757,028	798,694	751,291
752,084	529,464	903,522	757,028	798,694	751,291
54,418,461	57,641,909	59,468,705	62,185,422	54,612,588	58,692,015
305,057	331,675	381,923	1,120,688	1,151,570	1,185,547
366,726	459,073	337,199	1,547,840	1,759,927	1,488,252
4,789,239	4,730,893	4,666,240	4,359,774	4,500,372	4,324,674
343,817	374,244	311,350	352,401	354,517	449,711
-	-	100	50	-	-
842,151	1,036,139	1,298,079	1,912,936	1,597,005	498,673
10,909,700	13,558,056	13,179,453	10,236,552	6,087,515	6,265,040
7,590,789	7,173,645	2,418,225	4,489,329	2,006,396	1,483,643
25,147,479	27,663,725	22,592,569	24,019,570	17,457,302	15,695,540
-	-	-	-	-	-
651,300	657,027	710,618	732,401	761,614	798,838
-	-	-	-	-	-
651,300	657,027	710,618	732,401	761,614	798,838
25,798,779	28,320,752	23,303,187	24,751,971	18,218,916	16,494,378
	· · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(28,518,898)	(29,448,720)	(35,972,614)	(37,408,824)	(36,356,592)	(42,245,184)
(100,784)	127,563	(192,904)	(24,627)	(37,080)	47,547
(28,619,682)	(29,321,157)	(36,165,518)	(37,433,451)	(36,393,672)	(42,197,637)

City of Citrus Heights, California

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30) (Accrual basis of accounting)

	 2009	2010		2011			2012
Continued from previous page:							
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$ 2,967,249	\$	4,259,087	\$	3,089,382	\$	2,117,970
Sales and use tax	10,903,918		9,877,654		10,636,890		10,617,617
Utility users tax	2,785,298		2,885,300		2,883,331		2,771,161
Other taxes	1,179,418		1,419,925		1,346,658		1,353,716
Shared intergovernmental revenues	7,544,177		6,985,507		7,035,404		6,418,174
Investment earnings	1,955,836		1,105,546		448,746		561,376
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(4,202)		-		-		-
Transfers	-		300,025		2,216,632		2,334
Extraordinary loss on dissolution of redevelopment	-		-	-			(3,389,059)
Total governmental activities	 27,331,694		26,833,044		27,657,043		20,453,289
Business-type activities:							
Investment earnings	37,582		34,846		6,038		8,754
Transfers	-		(300,025)		(2,216,632)		(2,334)
Total business-type activities	 37,582		(265,179)		(2,210,594)		6,420
Total primary government	 27,369,276		26,567,865		25,446,449		20,459,709
Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities	(2,953,150)		(683,115)		(2,370,149)		(16,504,788)
Business-type activities	125,298		1,802,865		(2,370,149)		43,513
Business-type activities	 143,498		1,002,003	-	(2,132,440)		45,515
Total primary government	\$ (2,827,852)	\$	1,119,750	\$	(4,502,595)	\$	(16,461,275)

Note: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the ension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently the amounts reported above in 2014 and prior years are prior to restatement

Source: City Administrative Services Department

2013	2014	2015	2015 2016		2018		
				2017	2010		
\$ 270,913	\$ 139,634	\$ 138,659	\$ 946,113	\$ 991,552	\$ 758,653		
11,261,741	11,195,869	11,230,382	15,977,575	15,412,345	15,653,986		
2,770,644	2,739,486	2,768,562	2,810,771	2,881,617	2,932,236		
1,362,446	1,332,334	1,416,552	1,601,229	1,616,163	1,600,300		
6,659,357	6,652,222	7,015,174	7,260,670	7,611,171	8,037,540		
(299,378)	455,531	246,710	527,734	1,108,551	254,162		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
2,918	35,125	-	-	-	-		
22,028,641	22,550,201	22,816,039	29,124,092	29,621,399	29,236,877		
(968)	31,715	4,158	4,913	452	3,450		
(2,918)							
(3,886)	31,715	4,158	4,913	452	3,450		
22,024,755	22,581,916	22,820,197	29,129,005	29,621,851	29,240,327		
((400 257)	((909 510)	(12.15(.575)	(9.294.722)	((725 102)	(12,000,207)		
(6,490,257)	(6,898,519)	(13,156,575)	(8,284,732)	(6,735,193)	(13,008,307)		
(104,670)	159,278	(188,746)	(19,714)	(36,628)	50,997		
\$ (6,594,927)	\$ (6,739,241)	\$ (13,345,321)	\$ (8,304,446)	\$ (6,771,821)	\$ (12,957,310)		
+ (0,0) .,>27)	(0,707,211)	+ (10,0.0,021)	+ (0,50.,.10)	+ (0,7,7,021)	- (12,707,510)		

City of Citrus Heights, California Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30) (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ 8,788,942	\$ 8,441,469	\$ 1,293,139	\$ 1,366,759
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed	25,000,000	27,630,000	34,416,550	32,677,537
Unassigned	3,974,686	782,766		172,951
Total general fund	37,763,628	36,854,235	35,709,689	34,217,247
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Nonspendable	3,255,450	4,763,352	4,758,923	-
Restricted	3,026,817	4,102,253	4,414,317	3,696,281
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	14,650,164	8,090,593	15,020,966	13,451,353
Unassigned (deficit)	(424,928)	(727,512)	(2,236,731)	(14)
Total all other governmental funds	20,507,503	16,228,686	21,957,475	17,147,620
Total all governmental funds	\$ 58,271,131	\$ 53,082,921	\$ 57,667,164	\$ 51,364,867

NOTE: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the pension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently, the amounts reported above in 2014 and prior years are prior to restatement.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
\$ 1,233,199	\$ 1,144,639	\$ 962,457	\$ 298,407	\$ 32,159	\$ 279,210	
-	6,443	14,148	14,613	25,394	21,143	
29,080,819	27,279,124	19,395,418	18,616,257	4,559,378	4,559,378	
855,369	925,202	64,943	146,734	1,101,504	314,061	
31,169,387	29,355,408	20,436,966	19,076,011	5,718,435	5,173,792	
512,312	643,352	-	-	-	2,784,600	
3,454,581	9,994,202	9,479,154	9,723,591	10,067,839	8,702,340	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
9,705,971	-	1,652,198	928,925	894,318	1,374,838	
(578,904)	950,267	(570,131)	(122,707)	(132,660)	(262,719)	
13,093,960	11,587,821	10,561,221	10,529,809	10,829,497	12,599,059	
\$44,263,347	\$40,943,229	\$ 30,998,187	\$29,605,820	\$ 16,547,932	\$17,772,851	

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30) (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues:	2009	2010	2011	2012
Taxes and assessments	\$18,557,033	\$ 19,184,773	\$ 26,358,981	\$21,031,929
Licenses, permits and fees	1,147,843	1,064,263	999,510	1,056,671
Fines and forfeitures	948,261	996,933	940,646	1,013,877
Intergovernmental	19,121,754	23,763,010	19,781,727	16,424,374
Use of money and property	2,492,898	1,804,746	1,951,351	1,786,652
Charges for services	1,960,828	747,240	582,141	652,637
Contributions	25,487	35,598	540,192	24,046
Other revenues	29,380	1,257,949	635,554	553,348
Total revenues	44,283,484	48,854,512	51,790,102	42,543,534
Expenditures:				
General government	4,828,988	5,020,192	5,498,176	4,792,560
Public safety	16,884,699	17,448,366	17,751,208	18,477,602
Public ways and facilities	7,080,913	9,544,682	13,457,880	12,658,660
Culture and recreation	346,317	557,661	639,813	690,509
Economic development	163,256	80,074	60,941	64,906
Community enhancements	4,146,976	5,130,586	6,671,921	4,531,696
Capital outlay	12,031,576	15,866,392	4,698,433	4,080,252
Debt service:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Lease principal ¹	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	546,900	699,200	646,767	49,200
interest and fiscal charges	310,700	077,200	010,707	15,200
Total expenditures	46,029,625	54,347,153	49,425,139	45,345,385
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues				
Less Expenditures to Fund Equity:				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,746,141)	\$ (5,492,641)	\$ 2,364,963	\$ (2,801,851)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Extraordinary loss on dissolution of redevelopment	-	-	-	(3,005,604)
Tax sharing payments	-	-	-	(573,320)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	9,838	4,406	2,648	76,147
Transfers in	9,464,433	11,259,475	19,571,032	3,379,196
Transfers out	(9,464,433)	(10,959,450)	(17,354,400)	(3,376,862)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,838	304,431	2,219,280	(3,500,443)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,736,303)	\$ (5,188,210)	\$ 4,584,243	\$ (6,302,294)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures				
2 to 1 section as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0%	0%	0%	0%

¹ In 2015, the City entered into a capital lease payable agreement for a new City Hall building and utility yard. In 2017, the City exercised its option to purchase the City Hall building and utility yard by making payments totaling \$13,749,031.

Due to the purchase, the capital lease liability was extinguished.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 20,405,852	\$ 15,419,083	\$ 15,582,175	\$ 16,984,351	\$ 16,631,964	\$ 16,522,415
1,069,757	1,162,034	1,467,405	1,524,848	1,631,147	1,462,504
898,734	947,834	1,454,939	1,084,980	1,247,094	1,147,719
22,909,194	24,645,011	19,573,316	22,748,760	19,003,009	18,839,531
803,392	890,087	577,893	874,978	1,398,709	515,517
1,080,785	6,281,132	6,197,842	6,470,344	6,598,162	6,594,424
26,522	25,520	27,126	1,807,470	155,409	19,726
83,037	52,826	6,031	216,226	1,082,642	491,114
47,277,273	49,423,527	44,886,727	51,711,957	47,748,136	45,592,950
4,472,530	4,472,814	4,732,760	4,940,481	5,547,678	5,582,583
17,944,997	18,945,346	18,954,246	19,537,621	19,631,973	20,018,189
18,506,469	12,507,432	14,809,940	16,288,336	12,303,244	11,251,339
682,528	608,931	560,376	667,099	724,750	704,866
114,395	171,271	159,924	223,753	405,901	298,781
4,406,960	4,348,398	4,388,846	4,425,724	4,714,654	4,306,626
8,278,153	12,620,848	25,084,392	7,036,250	4,144,138	2,318,319
-	-	7,638,960	-	13,749,031	-
54,406,032	53,675,040	76,329,444	53,119,264	61,221,369	44,480,703
\$ (7,128,759)	\$ (4,251,513)	\$(31,442,717)	\$ (1,407,307)	\$ (13,473,233)	\$ 1,112,247
-	-	-	-	-	-
- 24.221	105.011	21,387,991	14.040	415.245	112 (72
24,321	105,911	109,684	14,940	415,345	112,672
4,938,773 (4,935,855)	3,106,136 (3,106,136)	2,642,014 (2,642,014)	2,514,601 (2,514,601)	15,236,333 (15,236,333)	1,514,764 (1,514,764)
27,239	105,911	21,497,675	14,940	415,345	112,672
21,239	103,711	21,771,073	17,770		112,072
\$ (7,101,520)	\$ (4,145,602)	\$ (9,945,042)	\$ (1,392,367)	\$ (13,057,888)	\$ 1,224,919
		14.91%	0%	24.09%	

City of Citrus Heights, California Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			City	/ *			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Secured		 Unsecured		Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
2009	\$	6,014,888,776	\$ 140,108,317	\$	6,154,997,093	0.13	
2010		5,599,965,487	138,126,469		5,738,091,956	0.14	
2011		5,543,906,147	142,729,495		5,686,635,642	0.14	
2012		5,317,663,118	136,830,564		5,454,493,682	0.13	
2013		5,178,643,530	136,454,777		5,315,098,307	0.12	
2014		5,406,194,397	130,148,077		5,536,342,474	0.08	
2015		5,730,450,690	129,655,189		5,860,105,879	0.08	
2016		5,940,311,781	108,308,288		6,048,620,069	0.08	
2017		6,194,220,242	127,456,727		6,321,676,969	0.08	
2018		6,579,162,284	125,883,733		6,705,046,017	0.08	

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few expections, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is assessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: Sacramento County Auditor-Controller

^{*} Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County, whereby the County will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above represent estimates provided by the County.

	Redevelopn	nent A	gency		
Secured	Unsecured	E	Less:	Table Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 525,612,565	\$ 55,457,903	\$	413,000	\$ 580,657,468	0.068%
601,937,210	62,235,182		404,600	663,767,792	0.084%
584,558,211	58,833,950		410,200	642,981,961	0.084%
561,092,961	56,908,605		460,600	617,540,966	0.084%
535,868,652	53,083,982		434,000	588,518,634	0.084%
521,362,337	51,620,891		434,000	572,549,228	0.084%
519,033,049	48,319,149		420,000	566,932,198	0.084%
505,368,074	38,951,421		378,000	543,941,495	0.084%
515,200,283	39,266,230		371,000	554,095,513	0.084%
532,993,401	36,254,710		322,000	568,926,111	0.084%

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of taxable value)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Basic Levy ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Grant Joint High	0.05180	0.07270	0.06330	0.05890	0.08230
Los Rios College Bond	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01920	0.00000
Los Rios College Gob	0.00740	0.01240	0.00900	0.00000	0.01930
North Sacramento Elementary Gob 2017	0.00000	0.00000	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000
North Sacto Elementary Gob	0.06700	0.00000	0.00000	0.01450	0.01670
Rio Linda Elementary Bond	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06030	0.05760
Rio Linda Elementary Gob	0.08040	0.00870	0.05100	0.00000	0.00000
San Juan Unified	0.07250	0.06880	0.08130	0.09480	0.10030
Twin Rivers Unified	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01170
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.27910	1.16260	1.20690	1.24770	1.28790
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ³	0.0843	0.0843	.0.8431	0.08431	0.08431
Voter Approved City Debt Rate	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Redevelopment Rate ⁴	1.00000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000
Total Direct Rate ⁵	0.12938	0.14390	0.14260	0.12715	0.12388

¹ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the submject property resides withing. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payement of any voter approved bonds.

Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2008/09-2017/18 Tax Rate Table

Source: HDL Coren & Cone

² Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

³ City's Share of 1% levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.

⁴ Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years therafter.

⁵ Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
0.07280	0.04850	0.03060	0.06480	0.01460
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
0.01810	0.01130	0.00910	0.01410	0.01300
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
0.02060	0.01850	0.01260	0.01680	0.00000
0.05570	0.05290	0.04890	0.05210	0.00000
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
0.16300	0.15090	0.15470	0.15220	0.21150
0.00990	0.05520	0.03890	0.04810	0.14430
1.34010	1.33730	1.29480	1.34810	1.38340
0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0.07634	0.07664	0.07735	0.07759	0.08140

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City Direct Rate	Sacramento County	STA Measure A	State of California	Total Sales Tax Rate
2009	1.00	0.25	0.50	7.00	8.75%
2010	1.00	0.25	0.50	7.00	8.75%
2011	1.00	0.25	0.50	7.00	8.75%
2012	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2013	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2014	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2015	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2016	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2017	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2018	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

City of Citrus Heights, California Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and 9 Years Ago

Fiscal Year Ended June 30: 2018 2009 % of % of Assessed Assessed Property Owner Valuation Rank Total Valuation Rank Total Birdcage GRF2 LLC 1 \$ 77,937,995 1.16% Montage Apartments Property 75,480,000 2 1.13% Sunrise Mall Property LLC 3 56,319,387 0.84%Lakeview Gold 101305 LP 45,974,762 4 0.69% Mitchell Sippola LP Bollinger Investment * 43,155,222 5 0.64% Oakmont Properties Autumn Ridge LP 29,221,040 6 0.44%Fairfield Sunrise LLC 27,982,522 7 0.42% Wal-Mart/Sam's Club * 26,206,355 8 0.39% Marshall Field Stores Inc * 24,927,953 9 0.37% Wedgewood Commons Apartments LLC 10 24,742,702 0.37% VIF Lyon Oak Creek LLC \$ 60,686,674 1 0.99% MP Birdcage Marketplace LLC 2 56,095,009 0.91% 0.69% Ronald P. & Maureen A. Ashley 42,284,097 3 Wal-Mart/Sam's Club * 32,070,406 4 0.52% Steadfast-BLK LLC 5 31,581,149 0.51% Grove At Sunrise LLC 27,840,649 6 0.45% Lowe's HIW Inc. * 7 25,749,921 0.42% 1158 Page State LLC 4731 Whitney LLC 23,235,600 8 0.38% 22,517,509 Sears Roebuck & Company 9 0.37% Wedgewood Commons Apartments LLC 21,857,734 10 0.36%

Data Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2017/18 & 2008/09 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

\$431,947,938

6.45%

\$343,918,748

5.60%

Source: HDL Coren & Cone

^{*} Pending Appeals on Parcels

City of Citrus Heights, California

Schedule of Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters (listed in alphabetical order)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

Ulta Beauty

Walmart Supercenter

	ear Ended June 30:		
2018	2009		
(represents 52.72% of total sales tax)	(represents 52.28% of total sales tax)		
A&A Stepping Stone Manufacturing	AT & T Mobility		
Arco AM PM Location #1	Barnes & Noble		
Arco AM PM Location #2	Bests		
AT&T Mobility	BevMo		
Best Buy	Burlington		
Burlington Coat Factory	Carmichael Honda		
Citrus Heights Shell	Chevron		
Costco	Circuit City		
JC Penney	Costco		
Kohls	JC Penney		
Lifetouch National School Studios	Kmart		
Lowe's	Lowes		
Macy's	Macys		
Maita Honda	Mervyns		
Marshalls	Pastor Auto Care		
McDonald's	Rite Aid		
Pastor Auto Care	Ross		
Quik Stop	Sam's Club w/ Fuel		
Ross	Sears		
Sams Club w/ Fuel	Shell		
Sears	Steward Enterprices		
Target	Target		
Toy R Us	Toys R Us		

Note: The lists above includes both public and private entities and therefore the dollar values have been omitted because the information is not public information and is not provided by HDL. Rankings are determined by the sales dollar volume.

Walgreens

Walmart Supercenter

Source: Hinderliter, de Llamas & Associates, State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administation, State Controller's Office

City of Citrus Heights, California Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected within the Evy			Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2009	\$ 7,694,494	\$ 7,694,494	100%	-	\$ 7,694,494	100%	
2010	8,392,429	8,392,429	100%	-	8,392,429	100%	
2011	7,015,175	7,015,175	100%	-	7,015,175	100%	
2012	5,228,554	5,228,554	100%	-	5,228,554	100%	
2013	3,952,063	3,952,063	100%	-	3,952,063	100%	
2014	4,180,600	4,180,600	100%	-	4,180,600	100%	
2015	4,397,415	4,397,415	100%	-	4,397,415	100%	
2016	4,662,052	4,662,052	100%	-	4,662,052	100%	
2017	4,774,258	4,774,258	100%	-	4,774,258	100%	
2018	5,278,677	5,278,677	100%	-	4,885,101	100%	

^{*} Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County of Sacramento (County), whereby the County will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above were provided by the County.

Note: Amounts reported and collected under the Teeter Plan in which all taxes are distributed to the City in the year of the levy with the County retaining any interest or penalties on uncollected balances.

Source: Sacramento County Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Debt

Current Year June 30, 2018

2017-18 Assessed Valuation \$6,691,484,243

			Estimated
			Share of
	Percentage	Outstanding	Overlapping
DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENET DEBT:	Applicable 1	Debt 6/30/2018	Debt
Los Rios Community College District	3.650%	\$ 413,020,000	\$ 15,075,230
San Juan Unified School District	19.483%	441,659,706	86,048,561
Twin Rivers Unified School District	0.239%	65,810,000	157,286
Twin Rivers Unified School District (former Grant Joint UHSD	0.189%	216,056,274	408,346
City of Citrus Heights	-	-	-
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		1,136,545,980.00	101,689,423
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Sacramento County General Fund Obligations	4.438%	213,680,900	9,483,158
Sacramento County Pension Obligation Bonds	4.438%	925,700,052	41,082,568
Sacramento Board of Education Certificates of Participation	4.438%	4,840,000	214,799
Los Rios Community College District Certificates of Participation	3.650%	440,000	16,060
San Juan Unified School District Certificates of Participation	19.483%	251,352	48,971
Twin Rivers Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.189%	65,440,000	123,682
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District General Fund Obligations	10.644%	9,090,000	967,540
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District Pension Obligations Bonds	10.644%	49,423,975	5,260,688
Sunrise Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	54.458%	5,875,000	3,204,695
Total Overlapping General Fund Debt		1,274,741,279	60,402,161
Less: Sacramento County supported obligations			798,436
Total Net Overlapping General Fund Debt		\$ 2,411,287,259 2	\$ 161,293,148
Total City Direct Debt			-
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 161,293,148

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Note: The City has no oustanding debt and does not anticipate any GO bonds in the future.

Ratios to 2017-18 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debit	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.52%
Gross Combined Total Debt	2.42%
Net Combined Total Debt	2.41%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and non-bonded capital lease obligations.



City of Citrus Heights, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Assessed Value	\$ 5,993,040,915	\$ 5,578,901,387	\$ 5,492,388,843	\$ 5,290,587,477
Conversion Percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted Assessed Value	1,498,260,229	1,394,725,347	1,373,097,211	1,322,646,869
Debt Limit Percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	224,739,034	209,208,802	205,964,582	198,397,030
Total net debt applicable to limit	<u> </u>			
Legal debt margin	\$ 224,739,034	\$ 209,208,802	\$ 205,964,582	\$ 198,397,030
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0%	0%	0%	0%

Notes: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ 5,155,662,329	\$ 5,408,064,500	\$ 5,714,275,249	\$ 5,925,147,810	\$ 6,194,220,242	\$ 6,579,162,284
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
1,288,915,582	1,352,016,125	1,428,568,812	1,481,286,953	1,548,555,061	1,644,790,571
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
193,337,337	202,802,419	214,285,322	222,193,043	232,283,259	246,718,586
\$ 193,337,337	\$ 202,802,419	\$ 214,285,322	\$ 222,193,043	\$ 232,283,259	\$ 246,718,586
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

City of Citrus Heights, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Government Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30)

Fiscal Year			Percentage of		
Ended June		Capital	Personal		Per
30	-	Lease	Income	Capita	
2008	\$	-	-	\$	-
2009		-	-		-
2010		-	-		-
2011		-	-		-
2012		-	-		-
2013		-	-		-
2014		-	-		-
2015		13,749,031	652.44%		162.61
2016		13,749,031	651.70%		159.33
2017		-	-		-
2018		-	-		-



City of Citrus Heights, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (In Thousands)				er Capita onal Income	Unemployment Rate
2009	87,205	\$	2,176,945	\$ 24,964	5.0%		
2010	87,615		2,140,047	24,426	8.0%		
2011	88,115		2,153,002	24,434	9.0%		
2012	83,881		2,150,709	25,640	8.5%		
2013	84,345		2,168,257	25,707	5.8%		
2014	84,544		2,163,481	25,590	4.9%		
2015	84,550		2,107,324	24,924	7.7%		
2016	86,291		2,109,711	24,448	6.3%		
2017	87,013		2,097,135	24,101	5.6%		
2018	87,731		2,193,100	24,997	4.5%		

Notes and Data Sources:

Information collected by: HDL Coren & Cone

Population: California State Department of Finance. Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

2007-2009 Income, Age and Education Data: ESRI - Demographic Estimates are based on the last available Census. Projections are developed by incorpating all of the prior census data released to date. Demographic Data is totaled form Census Block Groups that overlap the City's boundaries

2010 and later - Income, Age and Education Data - US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

Median Age	% of Pop 25+ w/ High School Degree	% of Pop 25+ w/ Bachelor's Degree
35.9	89.3%	20.3%
36.6	89.2%	18.8%
36.7	89.0%	18.9%
37.1	89.2%	18.5%
37.0	89.9%	19.2%
37.0	89.2%	18.9%
37.8	89.2%	18.9%
37.3	89.9%	18.8%
37.7	89.6%	19.0%

City of Citrus Heights, California Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2018*			2009*	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Top 10 Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Top 10 Employment
State of California	75,801	1	48.02%	73,273	1	52.20%
Kaiser Permanente	16,959	2	10.74%	6,500	6	4.63%
UC Davis/US Davis Health System	12,840	3	8.13%	8,496	3	6.05%
Sacramento County	12,208	4	7.73%	13,304	2	9.48%
Sutter Health Sacramento Sierra Region	12,138	5	7.69%	7,979	4	5.68%
Dignity Health	7,000	6	4.43%	-	-	-
Intel Corp	6,000	7	3.80%	6,391	7	4.55%
Raley's Inc	5,528	8	3.50%	-	-	-
Apple Inc	5,000	9	3.17%	-	-	-
San Juan Unified School District	4,365	10	2.77%	5,190	10	3.70%
Sacramento Unified School Distruct	-	-	-	7,314	5	5.21%
Los Rios Community College District	-	-	-	6,000	8	4.27%
Mercy/Catholic Healthcare West	-	-	-	5,922	9	4.22%
Total	157,839		100.00%	140,369		100.00%

Notes:

Source: Sacramento Business Journal

^{*} Information presented is for the Sacramento Region Largest Sacramento County Employers and Largest Private-Sector Employers, since separate data is not available for the City of Citrus Heights. Companies surveyed for this list have offices in Sacramento, El Dorado, Placer or Yolo counties. Not all companies surveyed responded to inquires.



City of Citrus Heights, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30)

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government	31	27	27	22
Public safety	145	153	150	150
Public works	24	22	22	23
Community development	21	16	16	17
Community center		8	9	10
Total	221	226	224	222

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
22	22	22	25	28	28
141	150	145	144	144	151
27	25	25	20	18	16
19	16	17	18	18	18
11	15	14	14	11	9
220	228	223	221	219	222

City of Citrus Heights, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30)

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012
Police				
Arrests	3,542	3,705	3,882	3,176
Parking citations issued	2,119	1,792	1,415	803
Total police actions	5,661	5,497	5,297	3,979
Fire **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public works				
Street resurfacing (miles)	3	4	3	1
Parks and recreation **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sewer **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Building:				
Commercial/Industrial Construction	4	2	0	3
Residential Construction	29	18	30	6
Total building actions	33	20	30	9

^{**} Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. Information not available.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
3,276 724 4,000	3,348 539 3,887	3,185 685 3,870	2,990 520 3,510	2730 650 3,380	2452 908 3,360
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1	4	2	4	1	0
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2	1	3	12	2	1
7	10	43	28	9	17
9	11	46	40	11	18

City of Citrus Heights, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal Year Ended June 30)

Function	2009	2010	2011	2012
Police: Stations	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1
Fire *	_	_	_	_
Fire stations	5	5	5	5
Public works				
Streets (miles)	237	237	237	237
Streetlights	4250	4264	4283	4289
Parks and recreation				
Parks *	12	12	12	12
Community centers	-	1	1	1
Water *				
Water mains (miles)	225	225	225	225
Daily average consumption in MGD **	17.8	17.8	17.8	17.8
Sewer *				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	235	235	235	235
Number of pump stations	1	1	1	1
Building				
Commercial/Industrial Construction Value	\$10,900,000	\$ 3,434,750	\$ -	\$ 2,093,500
Residential Construction Value	5,917,307	3,689,820	5,316,613	468,007

^{*} Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. The data provided are for those portions of the system located within the City of Citrus Heights.

^{**} MGD = Million Gallons per Day.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	4	4	4
237	237	237	237	237	237
4337	4365	4407	4497	4480	4702
14	14	14	15	15	15
3	3	3	3	3	3
225	225	225	225	225	225
17.8	17.8	17.8	12	12	12
235	235	235	235	235	235
1	1	1	1	1	1
\$ 1,202,480	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 4,387,549	\$22,135,000	\$ 7,105,826	\$ 680,000
1,275,716	1,675,004	10,993,691	6,898,647	6,306,226	2,753,290

