

AGENDA

Thursday, March 9, 2023
CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS CITY COUNCIL

6:00 PM REGULAR MEETING
City Hall Council Chambers
6360 Fountain Square Drive, Citrus Heights, CA

HOW TO PARTICIPATE:

The City of Citrus Heights welcomes your interest and involvement in the City's legislative process. The Council may take up any agenda item at any time, regardless of the order listed. The City Council has established a procedure for addressing the Council. If you wish to address the Council during the meeting, please fill out a Speaker Identification Sheet and give it to the City Clerk, if participating via webcast you may use the Zoom hand raise function (or *9 if you join the webinar via telephone) and the host will unmute you when it is time to speak. When you are called upon to speak, step forward to the podium and state your name for the record. Normally speakers are limited to five minutes each with 30 minutes being allowed for all comments. Any public comments beyond the initial 30 minutes may be heard at the conclusion of the agenda. The Mayor has the discretion to lengthen or shorted the allotted times. Alternatively, you may submit your comment by 4:00 p.m. on the meeting day to by completion of an online Speaker Card at https://www.citrusheights.net/FormCenter/City-Council-Meetings-Speaker-Card-30. Written public comments shall be limited to 250 words or less. Each comment will be read aloud by the City Clerk.

Any writings or documents provided to a majority of the City Council regarding any item on this agenda will be made available for public inspection during normal business hours at City Hall, located at 6360 Fountain Square Drive. Audio / Visual presentation material must be provided to the City Clerk's Office at least 48 hours prior to the meeting. Email subscriptions of the agenda are available online by signing up with the City's Notify Me service.

Regular Meeting 6:00 p.m. Zoom Meeting -Webinar link: https://zoom.us/j/93854185581

If you need a disability-related modification or accommodation, to participate in this meeting, please contact the City Clerk's Office 916-725-2448, cityclerk@citrusheights.net, or City Hall 6360 Fountain Square Drive at least 48 hours prior to the meeting. TDD: California Relay Service 7-1-1.

March 9, 2023 City Council Meeting Agenda Packet

Documents:

3-9-23 REGULAR COUNCIL AGENDA PACKET.PDF

CALL REGULAR MEETING TO ORDER

Flag Salute

- 2. Roll Call: Council Members: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Middleton, Daniels, Schaefer
- 3. Video Statement

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

PUBLIC COMMENT

PRESENTATIONS

- 4. Proclamation Of The City Of Citrus Heights Proclaiming March 2023 As Women's History Month
- 5. Proclamation Of The City Of Citrus Heights Proclaiming March 2023 As Red Cross Month

COMMENTS BY COUNCIL MEMBERS AND REGIONAL BOARD UPDATES

CONSENT CALENDAR

It is recommended that all consent items be acted on simultaneously unless separate discussion and/or action are requested by a Council Member.

6. SUBJECT: Approval Of Minutes
RECOMMENDATION: Approve the Minutes of the Meeting of February 23, 2023

7. SUBJECT: Quarterly Treasurer's Report STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / A. Preciado

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the City Council receive and file the Quarterly Treasurer's Report for the quarter ending December 31, 2022.

8. SUBJECT: Approval Of Investment Policy For Fiscal Year 2022-23 STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Approving the Investment Policy and Delegating Authority to the Administrative Services Director to Invest Funds in Accordance with the Investment Policy

 SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / A. Preciado

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the City Council accept and file the City of Citrus Heights Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

10. SUBJECT: 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

STAFF REPORT: C. Kempenaar / E. Singer

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Accepting the 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

11. SUBJECT: Second Reading - Proposed Ordinance Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle

Parking On Public Streets In The City; And Resolution To Approve Fine STAFF REPORT: A. Turcotte / R. Jones

RECOMMENDATION: the following is recommended:

- a. Adopt Ordinance No. 2023-001 An Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Relating to Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City
- b. Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Updating the Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine Schedule

PUBLIC HEARINGS

12. SUBJECT: Zoning Code Updates

STAFF REPORT: C. Kempenaar / A. Bermudez / E. Singer

RECOMMENDATION: Continued to the March 23, 2023 City Council Meeting

REGULAR CALENDAR

13. SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2022-23 Mid-Year Budget Adjustment And Financial Forecast Update

STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / T. Nossardi

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Approving Amendments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 Budget

DEPARTMENT REPORTS

CITY MANAGER ITEMS

ITEMS REQUESTED BY COUNCIL MEMBERS / FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

ADJOURNMENT



Tim Schaefer, Mayor Bret Daniels, Vice Mayor Jayna Karpinski-Costa, Council Member MariJane Lopez-Taff, Council Member Porsche Middleton, Council Member

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS CITY COUNCIL

Regular Meeting of Thursday, March 9, 2023
City Hall Council Chambers, 6360 Fountain Square Dr., Citrus Heights, CA
Regular Meeting 6:00 p.m.

HOW TO PARTICIPATE:

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March 3, 2023

Amy Van, City Clerk

REGULAR CITY COUNCIL MEETING 6:00 PM

CALL REGULAR MEETING TO ORDER

- Flag Salute
- 2. Roll Call: Council Members: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Middleton, Daniels, Schaefer
- 3. Video Statement

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

PUBLIC COMMENT

PRESENTATIONS:

- 4. Proclamation of the City of Citrus Heights Proclaiming March 2023 as Women's History Month
- 5. Proclamation of the City of Citrus Heights Proclaiming March 2023 as Red Cross Month

COMMENTS BY COUNCIL MEMBERS AND REGIONAL BOARD UPDATES

CONSENT CALENDAR

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- 6. SUBJECT: Approval of Minutes
- **RECOMMENDATION**: Approve the Minutes of the Meeting of February 23, 2023
- 7. **SUBJECT:** Quarterly Treasurer's Report

STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / A. Preciado

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the City Council receive and file the Quarterly Treasurer's Report for the quarter ending December 31, 2022.

8. **SUBJECT:** Approval of Investment Policy for Fiscal Year 2022-23

STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Approving the Investment Policy and Delegating Authority to the Administrative Services Director to Invest Funds in Accordance with the Investment Policy

9. **SUBJECT:** Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / A. Preciado

RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the City Council accept and file the City of Citrus Heights Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

10. **SUBJECT:** 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

STAFF REPORT: C. Kempenaar / E. Singer

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Accepting the 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

11. <u>SUBJECT</u>: Second Reading – Proposed Ordinance Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City; and Resolution to Approve Fine

STAFF REPORT: A. Turcotte / R. Jones

RECOMMENDATION: the following is recommended:

- Adopt Ordinance No. 2023-001 An Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights
 Adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Relating
 to Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City
- b. Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Updating the Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine Schedule

PUBLIC HEARING

12. **SUBJECT:** Zoning Code Updates

STAFF REPORT: C. Kempenaar / A. Bermudez / E. Singer

RECOMMENDATION: Continued to the March 23, 2023 City Council Meeting

REGULAR CALENDAR

 SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2022-23 Mid-Year Budget Adjustment and Financial Forecast Update <u>STAFF REPORT</u>: S. Talwar / T. Nossardi
 RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-____ A Resolution of the City Council of the

City of Citrus Heights Approving Amendments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 Budget

DEPARTMENT REPORTS

CITY MANAGER ITEMS

ITEMS REQUESTED BY COUNCIL MEMBERS/ FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

ADJOURNMENT

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS CITY COUNCIL MINUTES

Special / Regular Meeting of Thursday, February 23, 2023 City Hall Council Chambers 6360 Fountain Square Dive, Citrus Heights, CA

CALL SPECIAL MEETING TO ORDER

The special meeting was called to order at 5:00 p.m. by Mayor Schaefer.

1. Roll Call: Council Members present: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Middleton, Schaefer

Council Members absent: Daniels

Staff present: Jones and Van

PUBLIC COMMENT

None

CLOSED SESSION

 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Pursuant to California Government Code Section 54957 Title: City Manager

REPORT OUT OF CLOSED SESSION

There was no reportable action from closed session.

<u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

Mayor Schaefer adjourned the special meeting at 5:33 p.m.

CALL REGULAR MEETING TO ORDER

The regular meeting was called to order at 6:01 p.m. by Mayor Schaefer.

1. The Flag Salute was led by Mayor Schaefer.

2. Roll Call: Council Members present: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

Council Members absent: Middleton, Daniels

Staff present: Bermudez, Feeney, Huber, Jones, Kempenaar, Nossardi,

Piva, Turcotte, Van and department directors.

3. The video statement was read by City Clerk Van.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

<u>ACTION</u>: On a motion by Council Member Karpinski-Costa, seconded by Council Member Lopez-Taff, the City Council approved the agenda.

AYES: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

NOES: None

ABSENT: Middleton, Daniels

PUBLIC COMMENT

Thomas Spencer addressed the Council to express his pleasure with the Council and the job they are doing.

Kristy Venrick-Mardon stated she runs a local non-profit animal rescue and expressed concerns regarding dumping of animals at the Crosswoods Community Park. She stated they have contacted Animal Control, Police Department, the park district, the neighboring apartment complex, and the library and they have not received any assistance. She stated we have a serious issue in the community.

Jackie Va stated she represents a volunteer community that works with rescues in the area. She stated they have been monitoring the situation at Crosswoods Community Park and they have been trying to work to get the rabbits into new homes. She stated something needs to be done about the rabbits in the park.

Elizabeth Ruppert stated she is a volunteer with the rabbit animal rescue and expressed concerns regarding the dumping of rabbits at the Crosswoods Community Park and the safety issues it brings.

City Clerk Van read the following written public comment from Olivia Ziter, "It is a shame that Citrus Heights has done nothing successful in the 30+ years that domestic rabbits have been dumped habitually and illegally at Crosswoods Community Center. Over all these years, multiple rabbit rescues have tried to step in and stop this problem, but they are scared away often due to harassment from the elderly people living in the nearby apartment complex, the staff at the library near by, and the unhoused people who live in the park. Imagine if this were dogs or cats? If someone was dumping dogs in the park, and the dogs were having babies upon babies, the city would instantly step in to help. Where are they for the rabbits? Where are the police that are supposed to be preventing people from committing crimes like this? Where is Animal Control and the local shelters? Why is the city so good at turning it's back on this issue?"

City Clerk Van read the following public comment from Cynthia Fagan, "California penal codes 597s and 597.1 state in a nutshell that abandoning pets and neglecting to give them appropriate care are crimes. The rabbits in Crosswoods Community Park are domestic rabbits that have been abandoned and are not receiving appropriate care. Park staff, law enforcement, and animal control are unable to address this issue effectively by themselves, therefore they should work together with each other and with local animal rescues to address the issue. One of many reasons aside from the California penal code for addressing this issue is the fact that residents have spotted coyotes in the area. With self preservation instincts being dulled by breeding for docility, domestic rabbits are easy to catch in comparison to wild rabbits. If coyotes repeatedly go to Crosswoods Community Park, they may acclimate to people and approach small children as prey or try to snatch food and bite in the process. For the health and safety of all: wildlife, domestic pets, and humans, the domestic rabbits should be rehomed by animal control shelters and rescues while park staff and law enforcement work to deter further abandonment through various forms of media, park signage, and cameras."

City Clerk Van read the following public comment from Bruce Hou, "The City needs to do their job and fix the myriad of issues at Crosswoods Community Park. It is a dumping ground for rabbits and all kinds of unwanted pets. It's time the City create a project in partnership with the shelter and animal control to deal with this matter. It's unfair to transfer the burden of caring for this issue into groups that are not based in Citrus Heights. Citrus Heights must use your own resources to deal with your own problems instead of forcing other groups to

step in. Stop denying your responsibilities and obligations as elected officials. This is an urgent issue that your community cares about and you are not addressing."

City Clerk Van read the following public comment from Krystal Kwong, "I've witnessed the ongoing abuse and neglect of domestic rabbits at Crosswoods Community Center & Park. Many have shared that the abuse of these animals has been going on for over 30 years. Sunrise Parks & Rec and Citrus Heights Animal Services have continually passed the responsibility to other agencies while no one is being held accountable for the ongoing illegal dumping of pets. I have found far too many sick, injured, and deceased pets at this one park and it's appalling that anyone with a heart would allow this to continue. Last year Animal Services confirmed that it was illegal to abandon pets at the park, but they have shared no plan to hold people accountable. Almost every day the police are in the park watching the unhoused people, but we still have people dumping domestic rabbits and chickens. With Easter coming up we are anticipating an influx of dumped animals in the coming months. The summer of 2021 there were over a dozen rabbits abandoned within 48 hours. Over the years multiple animal rescues have tried to help at this park, but they eventually stopped when they were harassed and faced with violence from people in the park. Last year I discovered a breeder who was hoarding the rabbits in her bedroom and letting them run free in the park when she couldn't sell them. At one point she had over 20 rabbits in her bedroom. She was never held accountable for her abuse of rabbits."

Omar Aicardi spoke regarding the unhoused rabbits at Crosswoods Community Park and near the Sylvan Library. He offered to serve as a liaison to figure out a solution.

PRESENTATIONS

4. Recognition of Retiring Employees

Council Member Lopez-Taff read the proclamation recognizing Information Technology Manager Brian Koski on the occasion of his retirement from the City. Brian Koski was unable to attend the meeting.

Council Member Karpinski-Costa read the proclamation recognizing Human Resources Manager Monica Alejandrez on the occasion of her retirement from the City. Monica Alejandrez was unable to attend the meeting.

Mayor Schaefer read and presented a proclamation to Chief Building Official Greg Anderson in recognition of his service to the City.

COMMENTS BY COUNCIL MEMBERS AND REGIONAL BOARD UPDATES

Council Member Karpinski-Costa provided a report from the Sacramento-Yolo Mosquito & Vector Control District Board meeting, the Sacramento Transportation Authority Board meeting, and the Sacramento Area Sewer District Board meeting.

Council Member Lopez-Taff attended the Soroptimist/Kiwanis Crab Feed and the Rotary Crab Feed. She attended the Sunrise MarketPlace Board meeting. She provided a report from the Sacramento Public Library Authority Board meeting. She also attended her neighborhood association meeting.

Mayor Schaefer provided a report from the Sacramento Area Council of Governments Board meeting. He announced Citrus Heights Arts is hosting their first Annual Black History Month A Taste of Soul event on February 25, 2023 from 1 to 4 p.m. at the Citrus Heights Community Center.

CONSENT CALENDAR

5. **SUBJECT**: Approval of Minutes **RECOMMENDATION**: Approve the Minutes of the Meeting of February 9, 2023

<u>ACTION</u>: On a motion by Council Member Karpinski-Costa, seconded by Council Member Lopez-Taff, the City Council adopted Consent Calendar Item 5.

AYES: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

NOES: None

ABSENT: Middleton, Daniels

PUBLIC HEARING

6. <u>SUBJECT</u>: Proposed Ordinance Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City STAFF REPORT: A. Turcotte / R. Jones

RECOMMENDATION: Introduce for a First Reading, read by title only, and waive the full reading of Ordinance No. 2023-001 An Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Relating to Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City

Police Chief Turcotte provided an overview of the City' current Municipal Code regulations concerning commercial vehicle parking in residential districts. The proposed amendments would extend the parking prohibitions to non-residential districts. He stated the purpose of the ordinance is to promote public safety and walkability in the City by prohibiting the parking of commercial vehicles on public streets in the City. He explained fine amounts will be set by resolution of the City Council at a future meeting. A flyer was created and dispersed to commercial vehicle owners and drivers near problematic areas since January 23, 2023. He stated that following posting of the proposed ordinance, staff received feedback that the language may be too vague and said the following language could be inserted into the ordinance, "No person shall park any commercial vehicle for more than one hour on any highway in a residential district or move and repark such vehicle on any highway in a residential district within 300 feet of the original parking site within any 24-hour period except while loading or unloading property or in connection with and in the aid of the performance of a service to or on a property adjacent to the block in which such vehicle is parked and only for such time in addition to one hour that is reasonably necessary to complete such loading, unloading or service."

Council questions followed. City Attorney Jones and Chief Turcotte responded to questions.

Mayor Schaefer opened the public hearing at 6:54 p.m.

Scott Brown owns a commercial vehicle and expressed opposition to the ordinance and the ability to park his commercial vehicle.

City Clerk Van read the following written comment from Sunrise MarketPlace Executive Director Kathilynn Carpenter, "Last Fall, we were alerted by property owners along Sunrise Vista of an issue with large commercial vehicles parking on the street. This caused a few problems. The trucks blocked business signage and, more importantly, were difficult to see around when pulling out of Sunrise Rollerland, India Oven, and other business entrances. Officer Schouten noted that it was a hazard when cars had to pull into the oncoming

lane to see around the trucks. We requested the City review this and see if an ordinance could address the problem. We support this ordinance, which will benefit Sunrise Vista and other areas in the City experiencing similar issues. We greatly appreciate the City and CHPD responding quickly and effectively with this ordinance."

Mayor Schaefer closed the public hearing at 6:58 p.m.

Council questions and comments followed.

ACTION: On a motion by Council Member Karpinski-Costa, seconded by Council Member Lopez-Taff, the City Council introduced for a First Reading, read by title only, and waived the full reading of Ordinance No. 2023-001 An Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights Adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Relating to Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City, as amended to add language from Citrus Heights Municipal Code Section 297(f) as noted in Staff's presentation.

AYES: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

NOES: None

ABSENT: Middleton, Daniels

7. **SUBJECT:** Addition and Amendments to Adopted Master Fee Schedule

STAFF REPORT: S. Talwar / T. Nossardi

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-015 A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Establishing a New Fee and Amending the City User Fees for Certain Services Provided

Finance Manager Nossardi stated the updates to the Master Fee Schedule include shopping cart retrieval fees pursuant to Ordinance No. 2022-012 adopted by City Council – \$25 shopping cart retrieval fee and \$50 excessive cart impound per occurrence. She also explained that the Rental Housing Inspection Fees that were approved by Council in 2018 are now included in the Master Fee Schedule. Staff recommends reducing the planning fee for Parcel Map-Urban Lot Split from \$5,000 to \$2,000 based on actual costs. Staff also recommends adding a section titled "City-Wide" and move the appeal fee to this section.

Mayor Schaefer opened the public hearing at 7:11 p.m., hearing no speakers he closed the public hearing.

Council questions and comments followed. City Attorney Jones and Community Development Director Kempenaar responded to questions.

<u>ACTION</u>: On a motion by Mayor Schaefer, seconded by Council Member Karpinski-Costa, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2023-015 A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Establishing a New Fee and Amending the City User Fees for Certain Services Provided, as amended to keep the planning fee for Parcel Map-Urban Lot Split at \$5,000.

AYES: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

NOES: None

ABSENT: Middleton, Daniels

REGULAR CALENDAR

8. <u>SUBJECT</u>: Resolution to Adopt Affordable Housing Ownership Program Guidelines

<u>STAFF REPORT</u>: C. Kempenaar / A. Bermudez / N. Piva

<u>RECOMMENDATION</u>: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Adopting the Affordable Housing Ownership Program Guidelines and finding the Project is Categorically Exempt from Review under California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA guidelines section 15061(b)(3)

Senior Planner Bermudez explained the purposes of the guidelines is to address affordable home ownership with potential new development.

Robyn van Ekelenburg and Teresa Martinez Gonzales with Housing INC provided an overview of the program guidelines: a framework for a successful, equitable and compliant affordable housing program; establishes processes and procedures; outlines roles, responsibilities and covenants for stakeholders and participants; and a roadmap for long-term monitoring and reporting activities and practices. The program guidelines apply to new home development projects and create future homeownership opportunities for people who live and work in Citrus Heights.

Council questions and comments followed.

City Manager Feeney stated the Council could continue this item to a future meeting when all Council Members are present and have a wider discussion.

Item 8 was continued to a future City Council meeting.

9. **SUBJECT**: Citrus Heights Business Attraction Incentive Program Approval **STAFF REPORT**: M. Huber

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Approving the Citrus Heights Business Attraction Incentive Program Guidelines and Allocated \$500,000 in American Rescue Plan Act Funds to Administer the Program Through June 30, 2024

Mayor Schaefer recommended moving Item 9 to a future meeting when all Council Members are present.

Item 9 was continued to a future City Council meeting.

10. <u>SUBJECT:</u> Budget Allocation for "Citrus Heights Cares" Community Pride and Cleanliness Campaign <u>STAFF REPORT</u>: M. Huber

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt Resolution No. 2023-018 A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Allocating \$47,000 in American Rescue Plan Act Funding to Create and Implement the Citrus Heights Cares Community Beautification Campaign

Economic Development and Community Engagement Director Huber stated the item is to consider implementation and budget allocation for the Citrus Heights Care Campaign. Staff is recommended a budget allocation of \$47,000 for light pole and commercial center signage, as well as advertising and branded

promotional items to continue the City's efforts in educating the community about the City's Beautification Program.

<u>ACTION</u>: On a motion by Council Member Karpinski-Costa, seconded by Lopez-Taff, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2023-018 A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, Allocating \$47,000 in American Rescue Plan Act Funding to Create and Implement the Citrus Heights Cares Community Beautification Campaign.

AYES: Karpinski-Costa, Lopez-Taff, Schaefer

NOES: None

ABSENT: Middleton, Daniels

DEPARTMENT REPORTS

None

CITY MANAGER ITEMS

City Manager Feeney highlighted some newly installed garbage receptacles and benches at four locations along the Old Auburn Trail as a Neighborhood Improvement Project partnership with CHASEN. He noted repairs have been made to the center median bricks on Sunrise Boulevard. Lastly, he announced the Block Party Trailer is open for reservations.

ITEMS REQUESTED BY COUNCIL MEMBERS/ FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

Council Member Karpinski-Costa requested a future agenda item regarding proposed legislation AB 742 which would prohibit the use of police K-9's in certain circumstances. Council Member Lopez-Taff and Mayor Schaefer supported the request.

ADJOURNMENT

Mayor Schae	fer adjourned	the regular	meeting at	. 8:08 p.m.
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Respectfully submitted,
Amy Van, City Clerk



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 9, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Members

Ashley J. Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Susan Talwar, Administrative Services Director

Alberto Preciado, Accounting Manager

SUBJECT: Quarterly Treasurer's Report

Summary and Recommendation

Staff recommends the City Council receive and file the Quarterly Treasurer's Report for the quarter ending December 31, 2022. This report is a standard quarterly report submitted in accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Section 53646(b) whereas it states the treasurer or chief fiscal officer may render a quarterly report to the chief executive officer, the internal auditor, and the legislative body of the local agency.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact associated with this action. The attached report is for informational purposes on the effects of current market conditions to the City's investment portfolio.

Background and Analysis

The market value of cash and investments for all City funds on December 31, 2022 was \$40,795,559 down from \$41,531,752 on September 30, 2022. The reduction is mainly due to the withdrawal of cash and investments to cover expenditures during the second quarter due to the delay in revenue payments received. This is consistent with prior fiscal years for the same quarter period and displays the need for adequate surplus of funds in reserves.

The breakdown of the City's investment portfolio and current rate of return is as follows:

	Market Value as of 12/31/22	Rate of Return as of 12/31/22
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	\$37,431,944	2.070%
US Bank – General Account	\$3,363,584	0.00%
Treasuries/CD/Charles Schwab	\$31	0.00%

Subject: Quarterly Treasurer's Report

Date: March 9, 2022

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Significant deposits for FY22-23 second quarter included:

Sales Tax received through December 31, 2022	\$3,789,164
CalTrans Grant Reimbursements received through December 31, 2022	\$1,175,140

Included in the City's investment portfolio are the uncommitted American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds at \$5,800,632 through December 31, 2022. The amount committed by Council through the same date is \$9,876,340.

Amount received from US Treasury in May 2021 & 2022	\$15,676,972
Expended Amount through December 31, 2022	\$3,058,702
Committed Amount through December 31, 2022	\$6,817,638
Remaining Uncommitted Amount through December 31, 2022	\$5,800,632
Committed and proposed allocation through March 23, 2023*	\$1,127,000
Tentative Remaining Uncommitted Amount through March 9, 2023	\$4,673,632

^{*\$80,000} allocated for Patriotic Event at the January 26, 2023 City Council meeting; and \$47,000 allocated for the Citrus Heights Cares Campaign at the February 23, 2023 City Council meeting; and \$1,000,000 for the Business Attraction Grant Program proposed but not yet approved, to be deliberated on by City Council at the March 23, 2023 meeting.

The breakdown of Council approved committed ARPA funds:

Date of Council Approval	Project Name	Adopted ARPA Funds
6/24/21	Rehire Public Safety staff to pre-pandemic levels FY 21/22	\$1,570,104
6/24/21	Rehire Public Safety staff to pre-pandemic levels FY 22/23	\$2,811,775
1/13/22	Small Business COVID Recovery Grant	\$281,111
6/23/22	Beautification Crew Pilot Program	\$875,000
6/23/22	Police Fleet Vehicles & Equipment	\$1,400,000
6/23/22	Public Safety Communications Center Critical Needs	\$600,000
6/23/22	Block Party Trailer – Economic Development	\$50,000
9/22/22	Community Projects Grant Program	\$50,000
10/27/22	ERP System and Technology	\$1,198,350
12/08/22	Infrastructure Financing Strategies	\$40,000
12/08/22	REAP 2.0 (if grant approved)	\$1,000,000
	Committed Amount through December 31, 2022	\$9,876,340

Subject: Quarterly Treasurer's Report

Date: March 9, 2022

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Attachments

1. Treasurer's Report as of December 31, 2022.

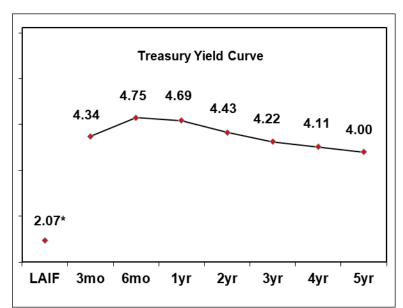


RCM Robinson Capital Management LLC

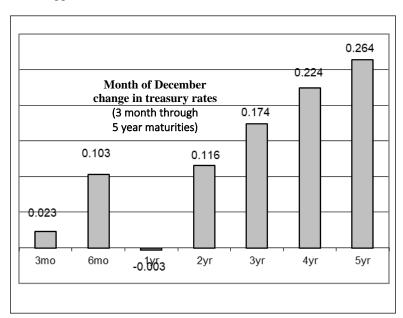
27 Reed Boulevard Mill Valley, CA 94941 Phone: 415-771-9421 Fax: 415-762-1980

City of Citrus Heights

Report period December 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022



*LAIF apportionment rate.



Source: Bloomberg; rates as of market close 12/30/22

Inflation

The consumer price index (CPI) eased in November by more than forecast, to a 7.1 percent rate and up 0.2 percent from October. The core rate (less food and energy) was up 0.1 in November, and 6 percent over the year. Lower energy, used car and truck prices were the major contributors to the better-than-expected inflation data. The Federal Reserve's favorite inflation indicator, Core PCE, rose slightly above expectations in November, up 4.7 percent over the year, but in-line for the month, up 0.2 percent.

Q3 GDP

The third estimate Q3 GDP shows the US economy grew at an annual pace of 3.2 percent, higher than the previous 2.9 percent estimate. Personal consumption, the main contributor, advancing 2.3 percent compared to 1.7 percent in the previous estimate, reflecting stronger services spending.

Confident consumer

US consumer confidence rose in December by more than forecast to the highest level since April as inflation eased and gasoline prices dropped. The index increased to 108.3 this month from an upwardly revised 101.4 reading in November. Consumers were slightly more upbeat about current and future labor-market conditions and an easing in inflation expectations.

Fed watch

Federal Reserve members voted to raise the Fed Funds rate 0.75 percent to target 4.25-4.50 at the December 14th FOMC meeting. Fed members also increased their median 2023 Funds forecast to 5.125, while 7 of the 17 members expect Fed Funds to end 2023 at over 5.40 percent.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS SUMMARY OF INVESTMENTS INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO DECEMBER 31, 2022

	COST	FACE	MARKET	PERCENT	DAYS TO MATURITY	YIELD TO MATURITY	WEIGHTED YIELD
STATE-LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUNDS	37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17	91.8%	1	2.070%	1.899%
GENERAL ACCOUNT/US BANK	3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36	8.2%	1	0.000%	0.000%
FEDERAL AGENCIES/TREASURIES/CD'S/SCHWAB	30.58	30.58	30.58	0.0%			
GRAND TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO	40,795,559.11	40,795,559.11	40,795,559.11	100%	1	2.042%	1.899%
LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND (LAIF) RATE OF RETURN	I	2.070%					
CITY WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATE OF RETURN (including non-interest bearing checking)		1.899%					
CITY EFFECTIVE RATE OF RETURN DECEMBER 2022		2.070%					
CITY EFFECTIVE RATE OF RETURN FISCAL YEAR TO DATE		1.700%					
CITY INTEREST EARNINGS FISCAL YEAR TO DATE		346,601.75					

In accordance with California Government Code Section 53646 as amended, the following certification accompanies this report:

The Finance Director of the City of Citrus Heights hereby certifies that sufficient investment liquidity exists and anticipated revenues are available to meet the City's budgeted expenditure requirements for the next six months. In addition, it is hereby certified that investments in the City's portfolio comply with the requirements of the City of Citrus Height's adopted investment policy.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan Talwar Administrative Services Director

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS DETAIL OF PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS DECEMBER 2022

	SymPro	Cusip Number	Moody's Rating	S & P Rating	Book Value	Face Value	Market Value	Rate	YTM	Purchase Date	Maturity Date	Maturity/Call Days
LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND												
Local Agency Investment Fund					37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17	2.070%	2.070%			1
тот	AL				37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17	37,431,944.17					1
GENERAL ACCOUNT/US BANK												
US Bank Corporate Checking					3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36	0.000%	0.000%			1
тот	AL				3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36	3,363,584.36					1
CUSTODY ACCOUNT/SCHWAB												
Schwab Bank Sweep (FDIC)					30.58	30.58	30.58	0.440%	0.440%			1
тот	AL				30.58	30.58	30.58					1
MEDIUM TERM NOTES/FEDERAL AGENCY/CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT/ TREASURY COUPON SECURITIES												
TOT	AL				0.00	0.00	0.00					
TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOR	.IO				40,795,559.11	40,795,559.11	40,795,559.11					

City of Citrus Heights Portfolio Management

Portfolio Statistics and Performance December 31, 2022

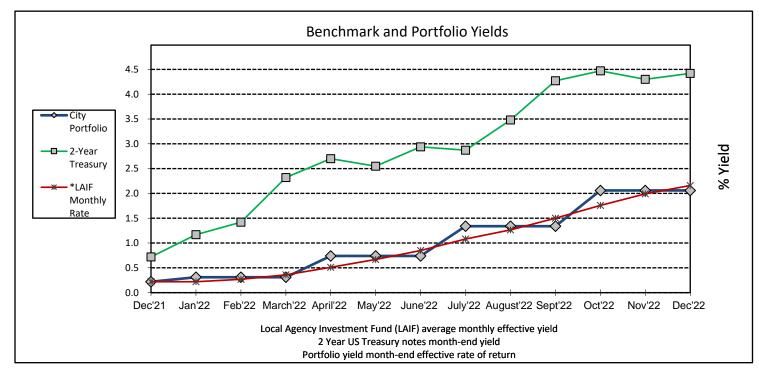
Portfolio Liquidity

Aging Interval	Par Value
1 - 90 Days	40,795,559
91 Days - 1 Year	r 0
1 - 2 Years	0
2 - 3 Years	0
3 - 4 Years	0
4 - 5 Years	0
TOTAL	40,795,559
*To maturity (does	not include call date)

Portfolio Composition

Investment Type	Market Value
Managed Pools/Checking	40,795,559
Federal Agency Issues	0
U.S. Treasuries	0
Corporate Notes	0
Certificates of Deposit	0





Disclosures:

Advisory services offered through RCM Robinson Capital Management LLC, SEC Registered Investment Advisor. Securities offered through Securities America, Inc., Member FINRA/SIPC. Douglas C. Robinson, Registered Representative. RCM Robinson Capital Management LLC and Securities America, Inc. are separate entities.

Information contained herein is based on sources and data believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed. This is not an offer to buy or sell securities. This data is for informational purposes and is not intended to replace statements, confirms, or 1099 Forms distributed by the custodian(s) of your assets. Past performance does not guarantee future results. This report is a combination of multiple account registrations and/or positions from various product sponsors and entities and may include assets not held by Securities America. Values for "held away assets" have not been verified. These assets may not be covered by SIPC coverage. Securities America's SIPC coverage extends only to assets held at our firm. For assets held away from Securities America, contact your financial representative at those entities with questions regarding their SIPC membership and coverage, and/or the accuracy of positions, share prices and share amounts.



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 09, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Members

Ashley Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Susan Talwar, Administrative Services Director

SUBJECT: Approval of Investment Policy for Fiscal Year 2022-23

Summary and Recommendation

Staff recommends that the City Council adopt Resolution No. 2023-____, a Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights approving the Investment Policy and delegating authority to the Administrative Services Director to invest funds in accordance with the Investment Policy.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact associated with this action.

Background and Analysis

The investment of City funds is governed by California Government Code sections 53600-53610 and 53646. The City Council periodically reviews the City's Investment Policy to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Government Code. The City's Investment Policy was last updated by the City Council on June 10, 2021. Staff, City Attorney Ryan Jones, and City Investment Services Firm Chandler completed an annual review of the City's Investment Policy and is recommending the following modifications:

The main changes to the investment policy with a focus on best practice and legal updates are:

- <u>Policy</u>: Updated language to acknowledge sources used for industry best practices and recommendations. (BEST PRACTICE)
- Scope: Added language referencing Code to provide a reference to California Code addressing the scope of the Authority's investment program. (BEST PRACTICE)
- General Objectives Safety: Moved the discussion of credit risk and market risk to its own section towards the end of the policy to allow for further elaboration on those items (Titled Risk Management and Diversification). (BEST PRACTICE)
- Ethics and Conflicts of Interest: Incorporated language to elaborate on the role of all participants in this process. (BEST PRACTICE)
- <u>Delegation of Authority:</u> Added in language addressing the City of Citrus Heights ability to engage external investment advisers. (BEST PRACTICE)

Subject: Approval of Investment Policy for Fiscal Year 2022-23

Date: March 9, 2023

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- Internal Controls: Concluded the section with a statement regarding the importance of a periodic independent analysis by an external auditor. (BEST PRACTICE)
- Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions: Augmented existing language to include Code requirements and require competitive transactions. (LEGAL)
- Safekeeping & Custody: Specified the expectations of a third-party custodian.
 (BEST PRACTICE)
- Suitable and Authorized Investments:
 - Updated language describing requirements for the following asset types:
 - US Treasury Bills, Notes & Bonds: Combined the descriptions for Bills, Notes and Bonds in to one concise description. (BEST PRACTICE)
 - US Agency: Updated language to include a max on callable agency securities within the investment portfolio and moved descriptions of possible issues to the glossary. (BEST PRACTICE)
 - Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit (CD): Refined the language surrounding Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (aka Federally Insured Time Deposits). (BEST PRACTICE)
 - Commercial Paper: Aligned language currently permitting commercial paper closer to the language used in Code. (LEGAL)
 - Repurchase Agreements: Included language regarding a Master Repurchase Agreement (LEGAL)
 - Municipal Securities (CA & Local Agencies): Completed the description by noting the maximum maturity of five years. (LEGAL)
 - Mutual Funds & Money Market Mutual Funds: Noted a 20% max for investing in mutual funds and money market mutual funds within the total portfolio. Increased the max from 10% to 20% to be invested in Money Market Mutual Funds within the total portfolio. (LEGAL)
 - Added the following asset classes to the policy to allow for more diversification opportunities: (LEGAL)
 - Municipal Securities (CA and other 49 states)
 - Collateralized Bank Deposits
 - Asset-Backed, Mortgage-Backed, Mortgage Pass-Through Securities, and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations
 - Supranationals organization made up of two or more governments to promote economic development, for example bonds issued by the European Investment Bank
- <u>Collateralization</u>: Broadened the section to better describe collateralization requirements (LEGAL)
- o <u>Investments Not Approved:</u> Expanded the section to include investments prohibited by Code Section 53601.6, as well as prohibiting speculation, trading on margin, purchasing foreign currency denominated securities, and purchasing

Subject: Approval of Investment Policy for Fiscal Year 2022-23

Date: March 9, 2023

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- private placement securities unless the City is deemed a Qualified Institutional Buyer (QIB). (LEGAL)
- <u>Diversification:</u> Moved this section to be included in one above titled "Risk Management and Diversification". (BEST PRACTICE)
- <u>Performance Evaluation:</u> Inserted a new paragraph describing the approach to evaluate investment performance. (BEST PRACTICE)
- <u>Performance Standards:</u> Revised the section to summarize the use of market benchmark(s) and the design of the investment portfolio. (BEST PRACTICE)
- <u>Legislative Changes:</u> Removed as the language is now included in the "Risk Management and Diversification" section. (BEST PRACTICE)
- o Glossary: Added descriptions in for each Agency we may be inclined to purchase on behalf of the City to fall under the Agency portion. (BEST PRACTICE)

The Investment Policy was reviewed with the Finance and Administration Committee on March 2, 2023.

Attachments

- 1. Resolution Approving the Investment Policy
- 2. Proposed Investment Policy (final version)
- 3. Proposed Investment Policy (redline version)

RESOLUTION NO. 2023 -

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS APPROVING THE INVESTMENT POLICY AND DELEGATING AUTHORITY TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR TO INVEST FUNDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INVESTMENT POLICY

WHEREAS, consistent with legal compliance to the California Government Code;

WHEREAS, the policy has been updated to reflect industry best practices and.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the City Council finds that the City's Investment Policy complies with California Government Code Sections 53600 et seq., which governs investment practices of local governments; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights adopts the attached City of Citrus Heights Investment Policy.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, this 9th day of March, 2023, by the following vote, to wit:

AYES:	COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
NOES:	COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
ABSTAIN:	COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
ABSENT:	COUNCIL MEMBERS:		
ATTEST:		Tim Schaefer, Mayor	
Amy Van, C	ity Clerk		
Exhibit:			

A. Investment policy



City of Citrus Heights

Investment Policy

March 9, 2023

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I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Investment Policy is to provide guidance and direction for the prudent investment of the City of Citrus Heights ("City") funds and to foster the creation of a systematic and controlled investment process. The ultimate goal of this Investment Policy is to maximize the efficiency of the City's cash management system and to enhance the economic status of the City while protecting its invested funds.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a prudent manner that will provide maximum security, adequate liquidity and sufficient yield, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all statutes and regulations governing the investment of public funds. This policy is written to incorporate industry best practices and recommendations from sources such as the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), California Municipal Treasurers Association (CMTA), California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) and the Association of Public Treasurers (APT).

III. SCOPE

This investment policy applies to all funds and investment activities under the direct authority of the City, as set forth in the State Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq., These funds are accounted for in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and include: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The following are not governed by this policy:

- Funds excluded from this policy include the City's Retiree Healthcare Plan which is administered and managed separately by the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund under the California Government Code Section 53620-53622 and bond proceeds which are subject to the conditions and restrictions of bond documents and are not governed by this policy.
- Any other funds specifically exempted by the City Council.

Pooling of Funds

Except for cash in certain restricted and special funds, the City will consolidate cash and reserve balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and to increase efficiencies with regard to investment pricing, safekeeping and administration. Investment income will be allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

IV. GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives, in priority order, of the City's investment activities are safety, liquidity and yield.

A. Safety

Preservation of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective shall be to mitigate credit risk and market risk. To attain this objective, the City shall diversify its investments by investing funds among several financial institutions and a variety of securities offering independent returns.

B. Liquidity

The City's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated without requiring a sale of securities. Since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio shall consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets. A portion of the portfolio also may be placed in money market mutual funds or LAIF, which offer same-day liquidity for short-term funds.

C. Yield (Return on Investment)

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, commensurate with the City's investment risk constraints and the liquidity characteristics of the portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments is limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed.

V. STANDARDS OF CARE

A. Prudence

The standard of prudence to be used by City investment officials in the management of City moneys shall be the Prudent Investor Standard as authorized under Section 53600.3 of the California Government Code, which shall be applied in the context of managing all aspects of the overall portfolio. Investments shall be made with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under circumstances then prevailing, including but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the City, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the City. This standard shall be applied in the context of managing the overall portfolio.

City investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

B. Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

All participants in the investment process shall act as custodians of the public trust. Investment officials shall recognize that the investment portfolio is subject to public review and evaluation. Officers and employees involved in the City investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or that could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. City employees and investment officials shall disclose any material financial interests in financial institutions that conduct business within their jurisdiction, and they shall further disclose any personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the City immediately to the Citrus Heights City Manager and annually to the Fair Political Practices Commission. City employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with whom business is conducted on behalf of the City.

C. Delegation of Authority

Authority to manage the City's investment program is derived from California Government Code, Sections 41006 and 53600 et seq. The City Council is responsible for the management of the City's funds, including the administration of this investment policy, and delegates to the Administrative Services Director the authority to invest or to reinvest funds, or to sell or exchange securities. The Administrative Services Director shall thereafter assume full responsibility for those transactions until the delegation of authority is revoked or expires. The Finance Manager and Accounting Manager are authorized to conduct investment related activities, under the supervision of the Administrative Services Director, on behalf of the City.

The City may engage the services of one or more external investment advisers, who are registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, to assist in the management of the City's investment portfolio in a manner consistent with the City's objectives. External investment advisers may be granted discretion to purchase and sell investment securities in accordance with this investment policy. The City's overall investment program shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism that is worthy of the public trust. The City recognizes that in a diversified portfolio, occasional measured losses may be inevitable and must be considered within the context of the overall portfolio's return and the cash flow requirements of the City.

D. Internal Controls

The Administrative Services Director is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of written internal controls. The internal controls shall be designed to prevent losses of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, and misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent action by City employees and officers. The internal structure shall be designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- Segregation of Duties
- Custodial Safekeeping
- Delivery versus Payment (DVP)
- Delegation of Authority
- Documentation of Transactions

Periodically, as deemed appropriate by the City and/or the City Council, an independent analysis by an external auditor shall be conducted to review internal controls, account activity and compliance with policies and procedures.

E. Review of Investment Portfolio

The securities held by the City must be in compliance with Section VIII (Suitable and Authorized Investments) at the time of purchase. Because some securities may not comply with Section VIII subsequent to the date of purchase, the Administrative Services Director shall at least quarterly review the portfolio to identify those securities that do not comply.

The Administrative Services Director shall establish procedures to report to the City Council, major and critical incidences of noncompliance identified through the review of the portfolio.

VI. AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL DEALERS AND INSTITUTIONS

The Administrative Services Director shall endeavor to complete investment transactions using a competitive bid process whenever possible. The City's Administrative Services Director will determine which financial institutions are authorized to provide investment services to the City. It shall be the City's policy to purchase securities only from authorized institutions and firms.

The Administrative Services Director shall maintain procedures for establishing a list of authorized broker/dealers and financial institutions which are approved for investment purposes that are selected through a process of due diligence as determined by the City. Due inquiry shall determine whether such authorized broker/dealers, and the individuals covering the City are reputable and trustworthy, knowledgeable and experienced in Public City investing and able to meet all of their financial obligations. These institutions may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c3-1 (uniform net capital rule).

In accordance with Section 53601.5, institutions eligible to transact investment business with the City include:

- Institutions licensed by the state as a broker-dealer.
- Institutions that are members of a federally regulated securities exchange.
- Primary government dealers as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank and non-primary government dealers.
- Nationally or state-chartered banks.
- The Federal Reserve Bank.
- Direct issuers of securities eligible for purchase.

Selection of financial institutions and broker/dealers authorized to engage in transactions will be at the sole discretion of the City, except where the City utilizes an external investment adviser in which case the City may rely on the adviser for selection.

All financial institutions which desire to become qualified bidders for investment transactions (and which are not dealing only with the investment adviser) must supply the Administrative Services Director with audited financials and a statement certifying that the institution has reviewed the California Government Code, Section 53600 *et seq.* and the City's investment policy. The Administrative Services Director will conduct an annual review of the financial condition and registrations of such qualified bidders.

Public deposits will be made only in qualified public depositories as established by State law. Deposits will be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or, to the extent the amount exceeds the insured maximum, will be collateralized in accordance with State law.

Selection of broker/dealers used by an external investment adviser retained by the City will be at the sole discretion of the adviser. Where possible, transactions with broker/dealers shall be

selected on a competitive basis and their bid or offering prices shall be recorded. If there is no other readily available competitive offering, best efforts will be made to document quotations for comparable or alternative securities. When purchasing original issue instrumentality securities, no competitive offerings will be required as all dealers in the selling group offer those securities at the same original issue price.

VII. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the City shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis, which will ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds. To protect against potential losses due to failure of individual securities dealers, and to enhance access to securities, interest payments and maturity proceeds, all cash and securities shall be held in safekeeping in the City's name by a third-party custodian designated by the Administrative Services Director, acting for the City under the terms of a custody agreement executed by the bank and the City. All investment transactions will require a safekeeping receipt or acknowledgment generated from the trade. A monthly report will be received by the City from the custodian listing all securities held in safekeeping with current market data and other information. The only exception to the foregoing shall be depository accounts and securities purchases made with: State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), time certificates of deposit, and mutual funds and money market mutual funds, since the purchased securities are not deliverable. The Administrative Services Director shall be bonded to protect the public against possible embezzlement and malfeasance.

VIII. SUITABLE AND AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

The City's investments are governed by California Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq. Within the investments permitted by the Code, the City seeks to further restrict eligible investments to the guidelines listed below. In the event a discrepancy is found between this policy and the Code, the more restrictive parameters will take precedence.

Any investment currently held at the time the policy is adopted which does not meet the new policy guidelines can be held until maturity and shall be exempt from the current policy. At the time of the investment's maturity or liquidation, such funds shall be reinvested only as provided in the current policy. Percentage limitations of surplus funds invested are noted for the various investment instruments. Where there is a specified percentage limitation or minimum credit quality requirement for a particular category of investments, these requirements are applicable only at the date of purchase. A later increase or decrease in a percentage resulting from a change in values or assets shall not constitute a violation of that restriction. The City's funds may not be invested in those prohibited funds described in California Government Code 53601.6, but must only be invested in any of the following instruments as permitted by law (California Government Code Section 53601):

The City is empowered by statute to invest in the following types of securities:

A. Investment Types

1. U.S. TREASURY BILLS, NOTES & BONDS. Allowable along with other government obligations for which the full faith and credit of the Unites States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in U.S. Treasuries, provided that the

maximum maturity is five (5) years.

- 2. U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY ISSUES AND GOVERNMENT SPONSORED ENTERPRISES. This includes obligations, participations, or other instruments of, or issued by, a federal government agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise. No more than 30% of the portfolio may be invested in any single Agency/Government Sponsored Enterprise and there shall be no more than 20% of agency callable securities in the portfolio. The maximum maturity shall not exceed five (5) years.
- 3. LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND (LAIF). As authorized in Government Code Section 16429.1, local agencies may invest in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a pooled investment money market fund established by the State of California, and overseen by the State Treasurer, which allows local agencies to pool their investment resources. Principal may be withdrawn on a one-day notice. Interest earned is paid quarterly. The fees charged are limited to one- quarter of one percent of the earnings of the fund. Current policies of LAIF set minimum and maximum amounts of monies that may be invested as well as maximum numbers of transactions that are allowed per month. The City may invest up to the maximum amount permitted by LAIF. LAIF is in trust in the custody of the State Treasurer. The City's right to withdraw its deposited monies from LAIF is not contingent upon the State's ability to adopt a State Budget by July 1st of each new fiscal year.
- 4. **BANKER'S ACCEPTANCE.** Otherwise known as bills of exchange or time drafts, are negotiable instruments with a maturity of six months or less drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank. These instruments must be rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO); or long-term debt obligations which are rated in a category of "A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO. Banker's Acceptances are usually created to finance the import or export of goods, or the shipment of goods within the United States. No more than 40% of the portfolio may be invested in Banker's Acceptances. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer. The maximum maturity may not exceed 180 days.
- 5. NON-NEGTIABLE CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD). As authorized in Government Code Section 53601.8, local agencies may invest in Certificates of Deposit. These instruments must comply with Government Code Sections 16500 or 16600. This is a receipt for funds deposited in a Bank or Savings and Loan Association for a specified period at a specified rate of interest. No more than 20% of the portfolio may be invested in certificates of deposit. Maturities may not exceed five (5) years.
- 6. **NEGOTIABLE CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (NCD).** Allowable certificates of deposits must be issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank or a state or federal association, a state or federal credit union, or by a federally licensed or state licensed branch of a foreign bank. The amount of the NCD insured up to the FDIC limit does not require any credit ratings. Any amount above the FDIC insured limit must be issued by institutions which have short-term debt obligations rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO; or long-term obligations rated in a rating category of

"A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO. The maturity period for this investment vehicle may not exceed five (5) years unless approved by the Council. No more than 30% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer.

- 7. **COMMERCIAL PAPER.** As authorized in Government Code Section 5360l(h), provided that the securities are issued by an entity that meets all of the following conditions in either paragraph (a) or (b) and other requirements specified below:
 - Securities issued by corporations:
 - A corporation organized and operating in the United States with assets more than \$500 million.
 - The securities are rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
 - If the issuer has other debt obligations, they must be rated in a rating category of "A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
 - Securities issued by other entities:
 - The issuer is organized within the United States as a special purpose corporation, trust, or limited liability company.
 - The securities must have program-wide credit enhancements including, but not limited to, overcollateralization, letters of credit, or a surety bond.
 - The securities are rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
 - No more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer.
 - No more than 25% of the City's investment assets under management may be invested in Commercial Paper.
 - No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer.
 - The maximum maturity does not exceed 270 days.
- 8. **REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS.** As authorized in Government Code Section 53601G), repurchase agreements are agreements between the local agency and seller for the purchase of government securities to be resold at a specific date and for a specific amount. Repurchase agreements are generally used for short-term investments for the City's daily automatic sweep account and will generally not exceed 30 days. Repurchase Agreements are subject to a Master Repurchase Agreement between the City and the provider of the repurchase agreement. The Master Repurchase Agreement will be substantially in the form developed by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA). The legal limitation on the maturity period for a repurchase agreement is for one year with the required market value underlying the agreement at 102% of the funds borrowed with the value adjusted quarterly.
- 9. MUNICIPAL SECURITIES OF THE CITY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, OR LOCAL AGENCIES. As authorized in Government Code Section 53601(e), local agencies may invest in Bonds of the State of California and any local government in the State of California, which are rated in the "A" category or better by one NRSRO at the time of investment. In no event shall this classification of investment exceed 30% of the value of the portfolio. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer and the maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.

- 10. MUNICIPAL SECURITIES (REGISTERED TREASURY NOTES OR BONDS). Any of the other 49 states in addition to California, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency, or authority of any of the other 49 states, in addition to California. In no event shall this classification of investment exceed 30% of the value of the portfolio. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer and the maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 11. **COLLATERALIZED BANK DEPOSITS.** The City's deposits with financial institutions will be collateralized with pledged securities per California Government Code, Section 53651. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in collateralized bank deposits.
- 12. MUTUAL FUNDS AND MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUNDS. Mutual Funds are referred to in California Government Code Section 53601(1), as "shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies." Mutual Funds and Money Market Mutual Funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are authorized investments for funds subject to the following provisions:
 - **Mutual Funds** that invest in the securities and obligations as authorized under California Government Code Section 53601(a) to (k) and (m) to (q) inclusive and that meet either of the following criteria:
 - Attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two (2) NRSROs; or
 - Have retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience investing in the securities and obligations authorized by California Government Code Section 53601 and with assets under management in excess of \$500 million.
 - No more than 10% of the total portfolio may be invested in Mutual Funds.
 - Money Market Mutual Funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and issued by diversified management companies and meet either of the following criteria:
 - Have attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two (2) NRSROs; or
 - Have retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of \$500 million.
 - No more than 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in Money Market Mutual Funds.
 - No more than 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in mutual funds and money market mutual funds combined.
- 13. **CORPORATE MEDIUM TERM NOTES.** As authorized in Government Code Section 53601(k), local agencies may invest in corporate medium term notes issued by

corporations organized and operating in the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any state and operating within the United States that are rated in the rating category of "A" or its equivalent or higher rating for the issuer's debt as provided by one NRSRO and having a maximum remaining maturity period of five years or less in an amount not to exceed 30% of the City's portfolio. Furthermore, the maximum principal amount in any one issuer will not exceed 5% of the City's portfolio.

- 14. ASSET-BACKED, MORTGAGE-BACKED, MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH SECURITIES, AND COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION FROM ISSUERS NOT DEFINED IN SECTIONS 1 AND 2 OF THE SUITABLE AND AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS SECTION OF THIS POLICY. The securities must be rated in a rating category of "AA" or its equivalent or better by a NRSRO. No more than 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities with no more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single Asset-Backed or commercial Mortgage security issuer. The maximum legal final maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 15. **SURPANATIONALS.** Allowable, provided that Issues are US dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank. The securities are rated in a rating category of "AA" or its equivalent or better by a NRSRO. No more than 30% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities and no more than 10% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer. The maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 16. **GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOLS.** Shares of beneficial interest issued by a joint powers authority organized pursuant to Section 6509.7 that invests in securities and obligations authorized in subdivisions (a) to (q), inclusive. Each share shall represent an equal proportional interest in the underlying pool of securities owned by the joint powers authority. To be eligible under this section, the joint powers authority issuing the shares shall have retained an investment advisor that meets all of the following criteria:
 - The advisor is registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
 - The advisor has not less than five years of experience investing in the securities and obligations authorized in subdivisions (a) to (q), inclusive.
 - The advisor has assets under management in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).

While local government investment pools generally provide significant safety and liquidity, the Administrative Services Director shall complete a thorough investigation prior to making any such investment. Due diligence in investigations shall generally include a review of written statements of investment policies, objectives, fees schedules, and reporting schedules, as well as issues related to (1) eligible investors and securities, (2) the permitted frequencies and sizes of deposits and withdrawals, (3) security safeguards, including settlement processes, (4) the frequency with which

securities are priced and the program audited, (5) the treatment of gains and losses, including interest calculations and distribution, (6) whether and, if so, how reserves, retained earnings, and similar funds are utilized by the investment pool, and (7) whether the investment pool is eligible for and, if so, accepts bond proceeds. In addition, only local government investment pools with at least five years' experience providing similar services to other California municipalities may be utilized.

B. Collateralization

Certificates of Deposit (CDs). The City shall require any commercial bank or savings and loan association to deposit eligible securities with an City of a depository approved by the State Banking Department to secure any uninsured portion of a Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit. The value of eligible securities as defined pursuant to California Government Code, Section 53651, pledged against a Certificate of Deposit shall be equal to 150% of the face value of the CD if the securities are classified as mortgages and 110% of the face value of the CD for all other classes of security.

Collateralization of Bank Deposits. This is the process by which a bank or financial institution pledges securities, or other deposits for the purpose of securing repayment of deposited funds. The City shall require any bank or financial institution to comply with the collateralization criteria defined in California Government Code, Section 53651.

Repurchase Agreements. The City requires that Repurchase Agreements be collateralized only by securities authorized in accordance with California Government Code:

- The securities which collateralize the repurchase agreement shall be priced at Market Value, including any Accrued Interest plus a margin. The Market Value of the securities that underlie a repurchase agreement shall be valued at 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities.
- Financial institutions shall mark the value of the collateral to market at least monthly and increase or decrease the collateral to satisfy the ratio requirement described above.
 - The City shall receive monthly statements of collateral.

C. Investments Not Approved

Any security type or structure not specifically approved by this policy is hereby prohibited. In accordance with Government Code, Section 53601.6, investment in inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage derived interest-only strips is prohibited. Investment in any security that could result in a zero interest accrual if held to maturity is prohibited. Under a provision sunsetting on January 1, 2026, securities backed by the U.S. Government that could result in a zero- or negative-interest accrual if held to maturity are permitted. Trading securities for the sole purpose of speculating on the future direction of interest rates is prohibited. Purchasing or selling securities on margin is prohibited. The use of reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or any other form of borrowing or leverage is prohibited. The purchase of foreign currency denominated securities is prohibited.

D. Risk Management and Diversification Mitigating Credit Risk in the Portfolio

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The City will mitigate

credit risk by adopting the following strategies:

- The diversification requirements included in the "Authorized Investments" section of this policy are designed to mitigate credit risk in the portfolio.
- No more than 5% of the total portfolio may be deposited with or invested in securities issued by any single issuer unless otherwise specified in this policy.
- The City may elect to sell a security prior to its maturity and record a capital gain or loss in order to manage the quality, liquidity or yield of the portfolio in response to market conditions or City's risk preferences.
- If a security owned by the City is downgraded to a level below the requirements of this policy, making the security ineligible for additional purchases, the following steps will be taken:
 - Any actions taken related to the downgrade by the investment manager will be communicated to the Administrative Services Director in a timely manner.
 - If a decision is made to retain the security, the credit situation will be monitored and reported to the City Council.

Mitigating Market Risk in the Portfolio

Market risk is the risk that the portfolio value will fluctuate due to changes in the general level of interest rates. The City recognizes that, over time, longer-term portfolios have the potential to achieve higher returns. On the other hand, longer-term portfolios have higher volatility of return. The City will mitigate market risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs, and by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes.

The City further recognizes that certain types of securities, including variable rate securities, securities with principal paydowns prior to maturity, and securities with embedded options, will affect the market risk profile of the portfolio differently in different interest rate environments. The City, therefore, adopts the following strategies to control and mitigate its exposure to market risk:

- The City will maintain a minimum of six months of budgeted operating expenditures in short term investments to provide sufficient liquidity for expected disbursements.
- The maximum stated final maturity of individual securities in the portfolio will be five (5) years, except as otherwise stated in this policy.
- The duration of the portfolio will generally be approximately equal to the duration (typically, plus or minus 20%) of a Market Benchmark, an index selected by the City based on the City's investment objectives, constraints and risk tolerances.

IX. INVESTING PARAMETERS

Maximum Maturities

To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Where there is no specified maturity limitation on an investment, no investment shall be made in any security, which, at the time of the investment, has a term remaining to maturity in excess of five (5) years, unless the City Council has granted express authority to make that investment no less than three months prior to the investment.

X. REPORTING

The Administrative Services Director shall submit investment reports to the City Council that provide a clear picture of the status of the current investment portfolio and shall contain sufficient information to permit an independent organization to evaluate the performance of the investment program.

Reporting to City Council

In accordance with California Government Code Sections 53607 and 53646, the Administrative Services Director shall submit to the City Council a monthly report of portfolio transactions and a quarterly investment report, which summarizes all securities in the portfolio. The quarterly report shall include:

- Investment type
- Issuer
- Purchase date
- Maturity date
- Credit quality
- Coupon and yield
- Book value
- Market value
- Interest Earnings
- Average days to maturity
- Discussion of the current economic climate
- Statement that the portfolio is in compliance with this Investment Policy or the manner in which the portfolio is not in compliance.
- Statement of the City's ability to meet anticipated expenditure requirements for the next six months, or an explanation as to why sufficient money may not be available.

XI. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio, and state and local laws, ordinances or resolutions that restrict investments.

The Treasurer shall monitor and evaluate the portfolio's performance relative to the chosen market benchmark(s), which will be included in the Treasurer's quarterly report. The Treasurer shall select an appropriate, readily available index to use as a market benchmark.

XII. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio, and state and local laws, ordinances or resolutions that restrict investments.

The Administrative Services Director shall monitor and evaluate the portfolio's performance relative to the chosen market benchmark(s), which will be included in the Administrative Services Director's quarterly report. The Administrative Services Director shall select an appropriate, readily available index to use as a market benchmark.

XIII. INVESTMENT POLICY COMPLIANCE AND ADOPTION

A. Policy Compliance and Changes

Any deviation from the policy shall be reported to City Council at the next scheduled meeting. The Administrative Services Director shall promptly notify the City Council of any material change in the policy, and any modifications to the policy must be approved by the City Council.

B. Annual Statement of Investment Policy

The Administrative Services Director shall render a written Investment Policy that shall be reviewed at least annually by the City Council to ensure its consistency with the overall objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return, and its relevance to current law and financial and economic trends. The City Council shall consider the annual Investment Policy and any changes therein at a public meeting. The Investment Policy shall be adopted by resolution of the City Council.

APPENDIX GLOSSARY OF INVESTMENT TERMS

AGENCY: A debt security issued by a federal or federally sponsored agency. Federal agencies are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government (i.e. Government National Mortgage Association). Federally sponsored agencies (FSA's) are backed by each particular agency with a market perception that there is an implicit government guarantee (i.e. Federal National Mortgage Association).

- **FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANK (FFCB):** Provides credit and liquidity in the agricultural industry. FFCB issues discount notes and bonds.
- **FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS (FHLB):** Government sponsored wholesale banks (currently 12 regional banks) that lend funds and provide correspondent banks services to member commercial banks, thrift institutions, credit unions and insurance companies.
- FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION (FHLMC): Like FHLB, provides credit and liquidity in the housing market. FHLMC, also called "FreddieMac" issues discount notes, bonds and mortgage pass-through securities.
- **FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA):** FNMA is a federal corporation working under the auspices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). It is the largest single provider of residential mortgage funds in the United States. Fannie Mae, as the corporation is called, is a private stockholder-owned corporation. The corporation's purchases include a variety of adjustable mortgages and second loans, in addition to fixed-rate mortgages.
- GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA or Ginnie Mae): Securities influencing the volume of bank credit guaranteed by GNMA and issued by mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, and other institutions. Security holder is protected by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Ginnie Mae securities are backed by the FHA, VA, or FMHA mortgages. The term "pass-throughs" is often used to describe Ginnie Maes.
- PRIVATE EXPORT FUNING CORPORATION (PEFCO): Assists exporters; obligations of PEFCO are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the US government.
- TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY (TVA): Provides flood control and power and promotes development in portions of the Tennessee, Ohio, Mississippi River valleys. TVA currently issues discount notes and bonds.

BOOK VALUE: The value at which a debt security is shown on the holder's balance sheet. Book value is often acquisition cost plus/minus amortization and accretion, which may differ significantly from the security's current value in the market.

BROKER: Someone who brings buyers and sellers together and is compensated for his/her service.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD): A time deposit with a specific maturity evidenced by a certificate. Large denomination CDs are typically negotiable.

COLLATERAL: Securities, evidence of deposit or other property which a borrower pledges to secure repayment of a loan. Also refers to securities pledged by a bank to secure deposits of public monies.

CREDIT QUALITY: The measurement of the financial strength of a bond issuer. This measurement helps an investor to understand an issuer's ability to make timely interest payments and repay the loan principal upon maturity. Generally, the higher the credit quality of a bond issuer, the lower the interest rate paid by the issuer because the risk of default is lower. Credit quality ratings are provided by a Nationally Recognized Statistical-Rating Organization.

CREDIT RISK: The risk to an investor that an issuer will default in the payment of interest and/or principal on a security.

CUSTODIAN: A bank or other financial institution that keeps custody of stock certificates and other assets.

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DEALER: A dealer, as opposed to a broker, acts as a principal in all transactions, by buying and selling for his/her own account.

DELIVERY VERSUS PAYMENT: There are two methods of delivery of securities: delivery versus payment and delivery versus receipt. Delivery versus payment is delivery of securities with an exchange of money for the securities. Delivery versus receipt is delivery of securities with an exchange of a signed receipt for the securities.

FAIR VALUE: The amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION (FDIC): A federal agency that insures bank deposits currently up to \$250,000 per deposit.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM: The central bank of the United States created by Congress and consisting of a seven member Board of Governors in Washington, D.C., twelve Regional Banks and about 5,700 commercial banks that are members of the system.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB): A standard-setting body, associated with the Financial Accounting Foundation, which prescribes standard accounting practices for governmental units.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: An obligation of the U.S. government, backed by the full faith and credit of the government. These securities are regarded as the highest quality of investment securities available in the U.S. securities market. See "Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds."

INTERNAL CONTROLS: An internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls should address the following points:

- Control of collusion Collusion is a situation where two or more employees are working in conjunction to defraud their employer.
- Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping By separating the person who authorizes or performs the transaction from the people who record or otherwise account for the transaction, a separation of duties is achieved.
- Custodial safekeeping Securities purchased from any bank or dealer including appropriate
 collateral (as defined by state law) shall be placed with an independent third party for custodial
 safekeeping.
- Avoidance of physical delivery securities Book-entry securities are much easier to transfer and account for since actual delivery of a document never takes place. Delivered securities must be properly safeguarded against loss or destruction. The potential for fraud and loss increases with physically delivered securities.
- Clear delegation of authority to subordinate staff members Subordinate staff members must have a clear understanding of their authority and responsibilities to avoid improper actions. Clear delegation of authority also preserves the internal control structure that is contingent on the various staff positions and their respective responsibilities.
- Written confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers Due to the potential for error and improprieties arising from telephone and electronic transactions, all transactions should be supported by written communications and approved by the appropriate person. Written communications may be via fax if on letterhead and if the safekeeping institution has a list of authorized signatures.
- Development of a wire transfer agreement with the lead bank and third-party custodian The designated official should ensure that an agreement will be entered into and will address the following points: controls, security provisions, and responsibilities of each party making and receiving wire transfers.

LIQUIDITY: A liquid asset is one that can be converted easily and rapidly into cash without a substantial loss of value. In the money market, a security is said to be liquid if the spread between Page 40

bid and asked prices is narrow and reasonable size can be done at those quotes.

LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND (LAIF): Chapter 730, Statutes of 1976 of the State of California, established the Local Agency Investment Fund. This fund enables local governmental agencies to remit money not required for immediate needs to the State Treasurer for the purpose of investment. In order to derive the maximum rate of return possible, the State Treasurer has elected to invest these monies with State monies as a part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). Each local governmental unit has the exclusive determination of the length of time its money will be on deposit with the State Treasurer. At the end of each calendar quarter, all earnings derived from investments are distributed by the State Controller to the participating government agencies in proportion to each agency's respective amounts deposited in the Fund and the length of time such amounts remained therein. Prior to the distribution, the State's costs of administering the program are deducted from the earnings.

MARK-TO-MARKET: The process whereby the book value or collateral value of a security is adjusted to reflect its current market value.

MARKET VALUE: The current price at which a security is trading and could presumably be purchased or sold at that particular point in time.

MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT: A written contract covering all future transactions between the parties to repurchase-reverse repurchase agreements that establish each party's rights in the transactions. A master agreement will often specify, among other things, the right of the buyer-lender to liquidate the underlying securities in the event of default by the seller-borrower.

MATURITY: The date upon which the principal or stated value of a financial obligation is due and payable.

MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUND: Mutual funds that invest solely in money market instruments (short-term debt instruments, such as Treasury bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repos and federal funds).

MUTUAL FUND: An investment company that pools money and can invest in a variety of securities, including fixed-income securities and money market instruments. Mutual funds are regulated by the Investment Company Act of 1940 and must abide by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) disclosure guidelines.

NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED STATISTICAL-RATING ORGANIZATION (NRSRO):

Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch Financial Services are examples of such organizations.

PAR VALUE: The amount of principal that must be paid at maturity. Also referred to as the face amount of a bond, normally quoted in \$1,000 increments per bond.

PORTFOLIO: Combined holding of more than one stock, bond, commodity, real estate investment, cash equivalent, or other asset. The purpose of a portfolio is to reduce risk by diversification.

PRINCIPAL: The face value or par value of a debt instrument, or the amount of capital invested in a given security.

PRIMARY DEALER: A group of government securities dealers who submit daily reports of market activity and monthly financial statements to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and are subject to its informal oversight. Primary dealers include Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered securities broker/dealers, banks and a few unregulated firms.

PRINCIPAL: (1) The face amount or par value of a debt instrument. (2) One who acts as a dealer buying and selling for his own account.

RATE OF RETURN: The yield obtainable on a security based on its purchase price or its current market price. This may be the amortized yield to maturity on a bond or the current income return.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENT (RP OR REPO): A holder of securities sells these securities to an investor with an agreement to repurchase them at a fixed price on a fixed date. The security "buyer" in effect lends the "seller" money for the period of the agreement, and the terms of the agreement are structured to compensate the buyer for this. Dealers use RP extensively to finance their positions. Exception: When the Fed is said to be doing RP, it is lending money that is increasing bank reserves.

RISK: Degree of uncertainty of return on an asset.

RULE 2A-7 OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT: Applies to all money market mutual funds and mandates such funds to maintain certain standards, including a 13-month maturity limit and a 90-day average maturity on investments, to help maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar (\$1.00).

TREASURY BILLS: Short-term U.S. government non-interest bearing discounted debt securities with maturities of no longer than one year and issued in minimum denominations of

\$10,000. Auctions of three- and six-month bills are weekly, while auctions of one-year bills are monthly. The yields on these bills are monitored closely in the money markets for signs of interest rate trends.

TREASURY BOND: A long-term coupon-bearing U.S. Treasury security issued as a direct obligation of the U.S. Government and having an initial maturity of more than 10 years and issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000.

TREASURY NOTE: A medium-term coupon-bearing U.S. Treasury security issued as a direct obligation of the U.S. Government and having an initial maturity of from one to ten years and issued in denominations ranging from \$1,000 to \$1 million or more.

UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE: Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 outlining requirements that member firms as well as nonmember broker-dealers in securities maintain a maximum ratio of indebtedness to liquid capital of 15 to 1; also called net capital rule and net capital ratio. Indebtedness covers all money owed to a firm, including margin and commitments to purchase securities, one reason new public issues are spread among members of underwriting syndicates. Liquid capital includes cash and assets easily converted into cash.

VOLATILITY: A degree of fluctuation in the price and valuation of securities.

YIELD: The current rate of return on an investment security generally expressed as a percentage of the security's current price. (a) INCOME YIELD is obtained by dividing the current dollar income by the current market price for the security. (b) NET YIELD or YIELD TO MATURITY is the current income yield minus any premium above par or plus any discount from par in purchase price, with the adjustment spread over the period from the date of purchase to the date of maturity of the bond.



City of Citrus Heights

Investment Policy

March June 910, 20231

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City of Citrus Heights Investment Policy

June 2021

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Investment Policy is to provide guidance and direction for the prudent investment of the City of Citrus Heights ("City") funds and to foster the creation of a systematic and controlled investment process. The ultimate goal of this Investment Policy is to maximize the efficiency of the City's cash management system and to enhance the economic status of the City while protecting its invested funds.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the City of Citrus Heights ("City") to invest public funds in a prudent manner that will provide maximum security, adequate liquidity and sufficient yield, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all statutes and regulations governing the investment of public funds. This policy is written to incorporate industry best practices and recommendations from sources such as the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), California Municipal Treasurers Association (CMTA), California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) and the Association of Public Treasurers (APT).

III. SCOPE

This investment policy applies to all short-term operating funds and investment activities under the direct authority of the City-of Citrus Heights, as set forth in the State Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq., These funds are accounted for in the City's Annual Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and include: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The following are not governed by this policy:

- Funds excluded from this policy include the City's Retiree Healthcare Plan which is administered and managed separately by the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund under the California Government Code Section 53620-53622 and bond proceeds which are subject to the conditions and restrictions of bond documents and are not governed by this policy.
- Any other funds specifically exempted by the City Council.

Pooling of Funds

Except for cash in certain restricted and special funds, the City will consolidate cash and reserve balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and to increase efficiencies with regard to investment pricing, safekeeping and administration. Investment income will be allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

IV. GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives, in priority order, of the City's investment activities are safety, liquidity and yield.

A. Safety

Preservation of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective shall be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate market risk. To attain this objective, the City shall diversify its investments by investing funds among several financial institutions and a variety of securities offering independent

returns.

Credit Risk

The City shall minimize credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by:

Limiting investments to the most creditworthy types of securities.

Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business.

Diversifying the investment portfolio so that the potential failure of any one issue or issuer will not place an undue financial burden on the City. Interest Rate Risk

To minimize the negative impact of material changes in the market value of securities in the portfolio, the City shall:

Structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with eash needs to meet anticipated demands, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, and the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF").

B. Liquidity

The City's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated without requiring a sale of securities. Since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio shall consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets. A portion of the portfolio also may be placed in money market mutual funds or LAIF, which offer same-day liquidity for short-term funds.

C. Yield (Return on Investment)

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, commensurate with the City's investment risk constraints and the liquidity characteristics of the portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments is limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed.

V. STANDARDS_OF_CARE

A. Prudence

The standard of prudence to be used by City investment officials in the management of City moneys shall be the Prudent Investor Standard as authorized under Section 53600.3 of the California Government Code, which shall be applied in the context of managing all aspects of the overall portfolio. Investments shall be made with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence, under circumstances then prevailing, including but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the City, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the City. This standard shall be applied in the context of managing the overall portfolio.

City investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

B. Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

All participants in the investment process shall act as custodians of the public trust. Investment officials shall recognize that the investment portfolio is subject to public review and evaluation. Officers and employees involved in the City investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or that could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. City employees and investment officials shall disclose any material financial interests in financial institutions that conduct business within their jurisdiction, and they shall further disclose any personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the City immediately to the Citrus Heights City Manager and annually to the Fair Political Practices Commission. City employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with whom business is conducted on behalf of the City.

C. Delegation of Authority

Authority to manage the City's investment program is derived from California Government Code, Sections 41006 and 53600 et seq. The City Council is responsible for the management of the City's funds, including the administration of this investment policy, and delegates to the Administrative Services Director the authority to invest or to reinvest funds, or to sell or exchange securities. The Administrative Services Director shall thereafter assume full responsibility for those transactions until the delegation of authority is revoked or expires. The Finance Manager and Accounting Manager are authorized to conduct investment related activities, under the supervision of the Administrative Services Director, on behalf of the City.

The City may engage the services of one or more external investment advisers, who are registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, to assist in the management of the City's investment portfolio in a manner consistent with the City's objectives. External investment advisers may be granted discretion to purchase and sell investment securities in accordance with this investment policy. The City's overall investment program shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism that is worthy of the public trust. The City recognizes that in a diversified portfolio, occasional measured losses may be inevitable and must be considered within the context of the overall portfolio's return and the cash flow requirements of the City.

D. Internal Controls

The Administrative Services Director is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of written internal controls. The internal controls shall be designed to prevent losses of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, and misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent action by City employees and officers. The internal structure shall be designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- Segregation of Duties
- Custodial Safekeeping
- Delivery versus Payment (DVP)
- Delegation of Authority
- Documentation of Transactions

Periodically, as deemed appropriate by the City and/or the City Council, an independent analysis by an external auditor shall be conducted to review internal controls, account activity and compliance with policies and procedures.

E. Review of Investment Portfolio

The securities held by the City must be in compliance with Section VIII (Suitable and Authorized Investments) at the time of purchase. Because some securities may not comply with Section VIII subsequent to the date of purchase, the Administrative Services Director shall at least quarterly review the portfolio to identify those securities that do not comply. The Administrative Services Director shall establish procedures to report to the City Council, major and critical incidences of noncompliance identified through the review of the portfolio.

VI. AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL DEALERS AND INSTITUTIONS

The Administrative Services Director shall establish selection criteria for pre approval of financial institutions and security broker/dealers to do business with the City. The Administrative Services Director shall maintain a list of City approved financial institutions, registered investment advisors and security broker/dealers who are authorized to provide investment services to the City. These may include primary dealers, or regional dealers that qualify under Securities & Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). If a third party investment advisor is authorized to conduct investment transactions on the City's behalf, the investment advisor may use their own list of broker/dealers and financial institutions. The investment advisor's list must be available to the City upon request. The Administrative Services Director shall endeavor to complete investment transactions using a competitive bid process whenever possible. The City's Administrative Services Director will determine which financial institutions are authorized to provide investment services to the City. It shall be the City's policy to purchase securities only from authorized institutions and firms.

The Administrative Services Director shall maintain procedures for establishing a list of authorized broker/dealers and financial institutions which are approved for investment purposes that are selected through a process of due diligence as determined by the City. Due inquiry shall determine whether such authorized broker/dealers, and the individuals covering the City are reputable and trustworthy, knowledgeable and experienced in Public City investing and able to meet all of their financial obligations. These institutions may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c3-1 (uniform net capital rule).

In accordance with Section 53601.5, institutions eligible to transact investment business with the City include:

- Institutions licensed by the state as a broker-dealer.
- Institutions that are members of a federally regulated securities exchange.
- Primary government dealers as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank and non-primary government dealers.
- Nationally or state-chartered banks.
- The Federal Reserve Bank.
- Direct issuers of securities eligible for purchase.

Selection of financial institutions and broker/dealers authorized to engage in transactions will be at the sole discretion of the City, except where the City utilizes an external investment adviser in which case the City may rely on the adviser for selection.

All financial institutions which desire to become qualified bidders for investment transactions (and which are not dealing only with the investment adviser) must supply the Administrative Services Director with audited financials and a statement certifying that the institution has reviewed the California Government Code, Section 53600 *et seq.* and the City's investment policy. The Administrative Services Director will conduct an annual review of the financial condition and registrations of such qualified bidders.

Public deposits will be made only in qualified public depositories as established by State law. Deposits will be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or, to the extent the amount exceeds the insured maximum, will be collateralized in accordance with State law.

Selection of broker/dealers used by an external investment adviser retained by the City will be at the sole discretion of the adviser. Where possible, transactions with broker/dealers shall be selected on a competitive basis and their bid or offering prices shall be recorded. If there is no other readily available competitive offering, best efforts will be made to document quotations for comparable or alternative securities. When purchasing original issue instrumentality securities, no competitive offerings will be required as all dealers in the selling group offer those securities at the same original issue price.

VII. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the City shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis, which will ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds. To protect against potential losses due to failure of individual securities dealers, and to enhance access to securities, interest payments and maturity proceeds, all cash and sSecurities shall be held in safekeeping in the City's name by a third-party custodian or broker/dealer-designated by the Administrative Services Director, acting for the City under the terms of a custody agreement executed by the bank and the City. to protect against potential losses due to failure of individual securities. All investment transactions will require a safekeeping receipt or acknowledgment generated from the trade. A monthly report will be received by the City from the custodian listing all securities held in safekeeping with current market data and other information. The only exception to the foregoing shall be depository accounts and securities purchases made with: State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), time certificates of deposit, and mutual funds and money market mutual funds, since the purchased securities are not deliverable. The Administrative Services Director shall be bonded to protect the public against possible embezzlement and malfeasance.

VIII. SUITABLE AND AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

The City's investments are governed by California Government Code, Sections 53600 et seq. Within the investments permitted by the Code, the City seeks to further restrict eligible investments to the guidelines listed below. In the event a discrepancy is found between this policy and the Code, the more restrictive parameters will take precedence.

Any investment currently held at the time the policy is adopted which does not meet the new policy guidelines can be held until maturity and shall be exempt from the current policy. At the time of the investment's maturity or liquidation, such funds shall be reinvested only as provided in the current policy. The City shall be governed by the California Government Code, Sections 53600 et seg. If the Code is amended to allow additional investments or is changed regarding the limits on certain categories of investments, the City is authorized to conform to the changes in the revised Code, provided that the changes are not specifically prohibited by the City's policy. The City shall be required to present those changes in the annual review of the policy and to incorporate the new legislation within the policy. For purposes of compliance with the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy, the credit rating requirement for invested funds shall be based on the quality ratings at the time of purchase. If the quality rating of the issuer is downgraded, subsequent to purchase, by any of the Nationally Recognized Statistical-Rating Organizations below "A", or its equivalent, it shall be reported to the City Council with a recommendation, and ongoing information shall be provided if the bond is not sold. Percentage limitations of surplus funds invested are noted for the various investment instruments. Where there is a specified percentage limitation or minimum credit quality requirement for a particular category of investments, that percentage these requirements is are applicable only at the date of purchase. A later increase or decrease in a percentage resulting from a change in values or assets shall not constitute a violation of that restriction. The City's funds may not be invested in those prohibited funds described in California Government Code 53601.6, but must only be invested in any of the following instruments as permitted by law (California Government Code Section 53601):

The City is empowered by statute to invest in the following types of securities:

A. Investment Types

1.—U.S. TREASURY BILLS, NOTES & BONDS. Allowable along with other government obligations for which the full faith and credit of the Unites States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in U.S. Treasuries, provided that the maximum maturity is five (5) years. Commonly referred to as T-Bills, these are short-term marketable securities sold as obligations of the U.S. Government. They are offered in three-month, six-month, and one-year maturities. T-Bills do not accrue interest but are sold at a discount to pay face value at maturity. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in U.S. Treasury Bills.

<u>1.</u>

U.S. TREASURY NOTES. These are marketable, interest bearing securities sold as obligations of the U.S. Government with original maturities of one to ten years at issuance. Interest is paid semiannually. Purchases of these assets are limited to a remaining maturity of 5 years or less. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in U.S. Treasury Notes.

U.S. TREASURY BONDS. These are the same as U.S. Treasury Notes except they have original maturities of ten years or longer at issuance. Purchases of these assets are limited to a remaining maturity of 5 years or less, unless specifically approved by the City Council in accordance with California Government Code section 53601. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in U.S. Treasury Bonds.

2.—U.S. ——GOVERNMENT——AGENCY——ISSUES ——AND —GOVERNMENT

3.2.SPONSORED ENTERPRISES. This includes obligations, participations, or other instruments of, or issued by, a federal government agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise. Purchase of U.S. Government Agency securities may not exceed 50% of the City's portfolio. No more than 30% of the portfolio may be invested in any single Agency/Government Sponsored Enterprise and there shall be no more than 20% of agency callable securities in the portfolio. The maximum maturity shall not exceed five (5) years.

The allowable securities fall into two categories: 1) Issues which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, 2) Issues which are implicitly backed by the full faith and credit of the United States and/or are in conservatorship.

These Issues include, but are not limited to:

Issues, which are unconditionally backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, including: Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Small Business Administration (SBA) and General Services Administration (GSA).

Issues, which are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States including but are not limited to: Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Farm Credit System, Banks for Cooperation (Co-ops), Federal Lands Banks (FLB), Federal Intermediate Credit Banks (FICB), and Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA).

- 4.—LOCAL AGENCY_—INVESTMENT_—FUND-_(LAIF)._——As_—authorized ——in
- 3. Government Code Section 16429.1, local agencies may invest in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a pooled investment money market fund established by the State of California, and overseen by the State Treasurer, which allows local agencies to pool their investment resources. Principal may be withdrawn on a one-day notice. Interest earned is paid quarterly. The fees charged are limited to one- quarter of one percent of the earnings of the fund. Current policies of LAIF set minimum and maximum amounts of monies that may be invested as well as maximum numbers of transactions that are allowed per month. The City may invest up to the maximum amount permitted by LAIF. The LAIF is in trust in the custody of the State Treasurer. The City's right to withdraw its deposited monies from LAIF is not contingent upon the State's ability to adopt a State Budget by July 1st of each new fiscal year.
- 4. BANKER'S ACCEPTANCE. Otherwise known as bills of exchange or time drafts, are negotiable instruments with a maturity of six months or less drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank. These instruments must be rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO); or long-term debt obligations which are rated in a category of "A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO. Banker's Acceptances are usually created to finance the import or export of goods, or the shipment of goods within the United States. No more than 40% of the portfolio may be invested in Banker's Acceptances. No more than 5%

of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer. The maximum maturity may not exceed 180 days.

- 5.—NON_-NEGTIABLE CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD).—_As authorized in 6.5. Government Code Section 53601.8, local agencies may invest in Certificates of Deposit. These instruments must comply with Government Code Sections 16500 or 16600. This is a receipt for funds deposited in a Bank or Savings and Loan Association for a specified period at a specified rate of interest. The first \$250,000 of a CD is insured by the FDIC; as such, the Administrative Services Director/Treasurer may waive collateral requirements for CD investments up to this amount. Investments in CD's in excess of \$250,000 must be collateralized by Treasury Department Securities, which must be at least 110% of the face value of the CD's in excess of the first \$250,000, or by first mortgage loans, which must be at least 150% of the face value of the CD balance in excess of the first \$250,000. No more than 20% of the portfolio may be invested in certificates of deposit. Maturities may not exceed five (5) years.
- All institutions must: (1) have a minimum of \$100 million in assets; (2) have a demonstrated history of positive earnings; and, (3) must carry a minimum 3.5% equity ratio and hold that ratio for at least one year prior to the City's investment.
- All institutions must be located within the State of California. For collateralized or negotiable certificates of deposit, the institution must have a minimum \$1 billion in assets, in addition to meeting the above criteria.
- 6. **NEGOTIABLE CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (NCD).** Allowable certificates of deposits must be issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank or a state or federal association, a state or federal credit union, or by a federally licensed or state licensed branch of a foreign bank. The amount of the NCD insured up to the FDIC limit does not require any credit ratings. Any amount above the FDIC insured limit must be issued by institutions which have short-term debt obligations rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO; or long-term obligations rated in a rating category of "A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO. The maturity period for this investment vehicle may not exceed five (5) years unless approved by the Council. No more than 30% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer.
- 7. COMMERCIAL PAPER. As authorized in Government Code Section 5360l(h), provided that the securities are issued by an entity that meets all of the following conditions in either paragraph (a) or (b) and other requirements specified below:
 - Securities issued by corporations:
 - A corporation organized and operating in the United States with assets more than \$500 million.
 - The securities are rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
 - If the issuer has other debt obligations, they must be rated in a rating category of "A" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
 - Securities issued by other entities:
 - The issuer is organized within the United States as a special purpose corporation, trust, or limited liability company.
 - The securities must have program-wide credit enhancements including, but not

- limited to, overcollateralization, letters of credit, or a surety bond.
- The securities are rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.
- No more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer.
- No more than 25% of the City's investment assets under management may be invested in Commercial Paper.
- No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer.
- The maximum maturity does not exceed 270 days. 25% of the City's portfolio may be invested in "prime" quality commercial paper. The securities must be rated "A-1" or its equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO and issued by a corporation which has long term obligations with a rating of "A" or better by at least one NRSRO with maturities not to exceed 270 days. These notes are secured promissory notes of industrial corporations, utilities and bank holding companies. The issuer must be a corporation organized and operating in the United States with assets in excess of \$500 million. The City may not purchase more than 10% of the outstanding commercial paper of any single issuer. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer.
- 8. REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS. As authorized in Government Code Section 53601G), repurchase agreements are agreements between the local agency and seller for the purchase of government securities to be resold at a specific date and for a specific amount. Repurchase agreements are generally used for short-term investments for the City's daily automatic sweep account and will generally not exceed 30 days. Repurchase Agreements are subject to a Master Repurchase Agreement between the City and the provider of the repurchase agreement. The Master Repurchase Agreement will be substantially in the form developed by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA). The legal limitation on the maturity period for a repurchase agreement is for one year with the required market value underlying the agreement at 102% of the funds borrowed with the value adjusted quarterly.
- 9. MUNICIPAL SECURITIES BONDS OF THE CITY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, OR LOCAL AGENCIES. As authorized in Government Code Section 53601(e), local agencies may invest in Bonds of the State of California and any local government in the State of California, which are rated in the "A" category or better by one NRSRO at the time of investment. In no event shall this classification of investment exceed 30% of the value of the portfolio. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer and the maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 10. MUNICIPAL SECURITIES (REGISTERED TREASURY NOTES OR BONDS).

 Any of the other 49 states in addition to California, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency, or authority of any of the other 49 states, in addition to California. In no event shall this classification of investment exceed 30% of the value of the portfolio. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer and the maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 11. COLLATERALIZED BANK DEPOSITS. The City's deposits with financial institutions will be collateralized with pledged securities per California Government

Code, Section 53651. There are no limits on the dollar amount or percentage that the City may invest in collateralized bank deposits.

- 7.12. MUTUAL FUNDS AND and MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUNDS. Mutual Funds are referred to in California Government Code Section 53601(1), as "shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies." Mutual Funds and Money Market Mutual Funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are authorized investments for funds subject to the following provisions:
 - **Mutual Funds** that invest in the securities and obligations as authorized under California Government Code Section 53601(a) to (k) and (m) to (q) inclusive and that meet either of the following criteria:
 - Attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two (2) Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs); or
 - Have retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience investing in the securities and obligations authorized by California Government Code Section 53601 and with assets under management in excess of \$500 million.
 - No more than 10% of the total portfolio may be invested in Mutual Funds.
 - No more than 5% of the total portfolio may be invested in any one issuer.
 - Money Market Mutual Funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and issued by diversified management companies and meet either of the following criteria:
 - Have attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two (2) NRSROs; or
 - Have retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of \$500 million.
 - No more than <u>2</u>+0% of the total portfolio may be invested in Money Market Mutual Funds.
 - No more than 5% of the total portfolio may be invested in any one issuer.
 - All Money Market Mutual Funds must be compliant with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.
 - No more than 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in mutual funds and money market mutual funds combined.
- 13. CORPORATE MEDIUM TERM NOTES. As authorized in Government Code Section 53601(k), local agencies may invest in corporate medium term notes issued by corporations organized and operating in the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any state and operating within the United States that are rated in the rating category of "A" or its equivalent or higher rating for the issuer's debt as provided by one NRSRO and having a maximum remaining maturity period of five years or less in an amount not to exceed 30% of the City-agency's portfolio.

Furthermore, the maximum principal amount in any one issuer will not exceed 5% of the City's portfolio.

- 14. ASSET-BACKED, MORTGAGE-BACKED, MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH SECURITIES, AND COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION FROM ISSUERS NOT DEFINED IN SECTIONS 1 AND 2 OF THE SUITABLE AND AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS SECTION OF THIS POLICY. The securities must be rated in a rating category of "AA" or its equivalent or better by a NRSRO. No more than 20% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities with no more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in any single Asset-Backed or commercial Mortgage security issuer. The maximum legal final maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 15. SURPANATIONALS. Allowable, provided that Issues are US dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank. The securities are rated in a rating category of "AA" or its equivalent or better by a NRSRO. No more than 30% of the total portfolio may be invested in these securities and no more than 10% of the portfolio may be invested in any single issuer. The maximum maturity does not exceed five (5) years.
- 8.16. GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOLS. Shares of beneficial interest issued by a joint powers authority organized pursuant to Section 6509.7 that invests in securities and obligations authorized in subdivisions (a) to (q), inclusive. Each share shall represent an equal proportional interest in the underlying pool of securities owned by the joint powers authority. To be eligible under this section, the joint powers authority issuing the shares shall have retained an investment advisor that meets all of the following criteria:
 - The advisor is registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
 - The advisor has not less than five years of experience investing in the securities and obligations authorized in subdivisions (a) to (q), inclusive.
 - The advisor has assets under management in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).

While local government investment pools generally provide significant safety and liquidity, the Administrative Services Director shall complete a thorough investigation prior to making any such investment. Due diligence in investigations shall generally include a review of written statements of investment policies, objectives, fees schedules, and reporting schedules, as well as issues related to (1) eligible investors and securities, (2) the permitted frequencies and sizes of deposits and withdrawals, (3) security safeguards, including settlement processes,

- (4) the frequency with which securities are priced and the program audited, (5) the treatment of gains and losses, including interest calculations and distribution,
- (6) whether and, if so, how reserves, retained earnings, and similar funds are utilized by the investment pool, and (7) whether the investment pool is eligible for and, if so, accepts bond proceeds. In addition, only local government investment pools with at

least five years' experience providing similar services to other California municipalities may be utilized.

B. Collateralization

Collateralization will be required on two types of investments: certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level for any amount exceeding FDIC coverage shall be in accordance with California Government Code Section 53652 and/or 53651 (m)(l).

The City chooses to limit acceptable collateral to the following: Cash, U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds, and Federal Agency issues. Certificates of Deposit (CDs). The City shall require any commercial bank or savings and loan association to deposit eligible securities with an City of a depository approved by the State Banking Department to secure any uninsured portion of a Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit. The value of eligible securities as defined pursuant to California Government Code, Section 53651, pledged against a Certificate of Deposit shall be equal to 150% of the face value of the CD if the securities are classified as mortgages and 110% of the face value of the CD for all other classes of security.

Collateralization of Bank Deposits. This is the process by which a bank or financial institution pledges securities, or other deposits for the purpose of securing repayment of deposited funds. The City shall require any bank or financial institution to comply with the collateralization criteria defined in California Government Code, Section 53651.

Repurchase Agreements. The City requires that Repurchase Agreements be collateralized only by securities authorized in accordance with California Government Code:

- The securities which collateralize the repurchase agreement shall be priced at Market Value, including any Accrued Interest plus a margin. The Market Value of the securities that underlie a repurchase agreement shall be valued at 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities.
- Financial institutions shall mark the value of the collateral to market at least monthly and increase or decrease the collateral to satisfy the ratio requirement described above.
 - The City shall receive monthly statements of collateral.
 - Collateral will always be held in the City's name by an independent third party
 with whom the City of Citrus Heights has a current custodial agreement. A clearly
 marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) must be supplied to the City.
 - The right of collateral substitution is reserved by the City.

C. Investments Not Approved

Any security type or structure not specifically approved by this policy is hereby prohibited. In accordance with Government Code, Section 53601.6, investment in inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage derived interest-only strips is prohibited. Investment in any security that could result in a zero interest accrual if held to maturity is prohibited. Under a provision sunsetting on January 1, 2026, securities backed by the U.S. Government that could result in a zero- or negative-interest accrual if held to maturity are permitted. Trading securities for the sole purpose of speculating on the future direction of interest rates is prohibited. Purchasing or selling securities on margin is prohibited. The use of reverse repurchase

agreements, securities lending or any other form of borrowing or leverage is prohibited. The purchase of foreign currency denominated securities is prohibited.

D. Exceptions to Prohibited and Restricted Investments Risk Management and Diversification

Mitigating Credit Risk in the Portfolio

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The City will mitigate credit risk by adopting the following strategies:

- The diversification requirements included in the "Authorized Investments" section of this policy are designed to mitigate credit risk in the portfolio.
- No more than 5% of the total portfolio may be deposited with or invested in securities issued by any single issuer unless otherwise specified in this policy.
- The City may elect to sell a security prior to its maturity and record a capital gain or loss in order to manage the quality, liquidity or yield of the portfolio in response to market conditions or City's risk preferences.
- If a security owned by the City is downgraded to a level below the requirements of this policy, making the security ineligible for additional purchases, the following steps will be taken:
 - Any actions taken related to the downgrade by the investment manager will be communicated to the Administrative Services Director in a timely manner.
 - If a decision is made to retain the security, the credit situation will be monitored and reported to the City Council.

Mitigating Market Risk in the Portfolio

Market risk is the risk that the portfolio value will fluctuate due to changes in the general level of interest rates. The City recognizes that, over time, longer-term portfolios have the potential to achieve higher returns. On the other hand, longer-term portfolios have higher volatility of return. The City will mitigate market risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs, and by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes.

The City further recognizes that certain types of securities, including variable rate securities, securities with principal paydowns prior to maturity, and securities with embedded options, will affect the market risk profile of the portfolio differently in different interest rate environments. The City, therefore, adopts the following strategies to control and mitigate its exposure to market risk:

- The City will maintain a minimum of six months of budgeted operating expenditures in short term investments to provide sufficient liquidity for expected disbursements.
- The maximum stated final maturity of individual securities in the portfolio will be five (5) years, except as otherwise stated in this policy.
- The duration of the portfolio will generally be approximately equal to the duration (typically, plus or minus 20%) of a Market Benchmark, an index selected by the City based on the City's investment objectives, constraints and risk tolerances. The City shall not be required to sell securities prohibited or restricted in this policy, or any future policies, or prohibited or restricted by new State regulations, if purchased prior to their prohibition and/or restriction. Insofar as these securities provide no notable credit risk to the City, holding of these securities until maturity is approved. At

maturity or liquidation, such monies shall be reinvested only as provided by this policy.

IX.—INVESTING PARAMETERS

A. Diversification

X.IX. The City shall diversify its investments by security type, issuer, maturity, and financial institutions. No percentage limitations are established for United States government, United States government agencies and United States government sponsored enterprises; however percentage limitations are established for other permitted investments, as noted in Section VIII of this policy. The investments shall be diversified by limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency securities), limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks, and investing in securities with varying maturities.

Maximum Maturities

To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Where there is no specified maturity limitation on an investment, no investment shall be made in any security, which, at the time of the investment, has a term remaining to maturity in excess of five (5) years, unless the City Council has granted express authority to make that investment no less than three months prior to the investment.

XI.X.REPORTING

The Administrative Services Director shall submit investment reports to the City Council that provide a clear picture of the status of the current investment portfolio and shall contain sufficient information to permit an independent organization to evaluate the performance of the investment program.

Reporting to City Council

In accordance with California Government Code Sections 53607 and 53646, the Administrative Services Director shall submit to the City Council a monthly report of portfolio transactions and a quarterly investment report, which summarizes all securities in the portfolio. The quarterly report shall include:

- Investment type
- Issuer
- Purchase date
- Maturity date
- Credit quality
- Coupon and yield
- Book value
- Market value
- Interest Earnings
- Average days to maturity
- Discussion of the current economic climate
- Statement that the portfolio is in compliance with this Investment Policy or the manner in which the portfolio is not in compliance.
- Statement of the City's ability to meet anticipated expenditure requirements for the next

June 2021

six months, or an explanation as to why sufficient money may not be available.

XI. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio, and state and local laws, ordinances or resolutions that restrict investments.

The Treasurer shall monitor and evaluate the portfolio's performance relative to the chosen market benchmark(s), which will be included in the Treasurer's quarterly report. The Treasurer shall select an appropriate, readily available index to use as a market benchmark.

XII. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

The investment portfolio shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's risk constraints, the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio, and state and local laws, ordinances or resolutions that restrict investments.

The Administrative Services Director shall monitor and evaluate the portfolio's performance relative to the chosen market benchmark(s), which will be included in the Administrative Services Director's quarterly report. The Administrative Services Director shall select an appropriate, readily available index to use as a market benchmark.

The investment portfolio shall be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy and always within consistently safe and prudent treasury management procedures.

A. Market Yield

The City's overall investment strategy is passive: Investments are generally held to maturity. If an investment advisory firm is retained by the City, the City portfolio shall be compared to a customized benchmark in order to determine whether market yields are being achieved. In addition, the quarter to date LAIF apportionment rate and the two year U.S. Treasury Note shall also be considered useful benchmarks of the City's portfolio performance.

B. Marking to Market

The market value of the portfolio shall be calculated at least quarterly. This will ensure that review of the investment portfolio, in terms of value and price volatility, has been performed. In defining market value, consideration shall been given to pronouncements from the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that address the reporting of investment assets and investment income for all investment portfolios held by governmental entities. The fair value of all securities reported in the City's portfolio is based on currently quoted market prices.

XIII. INVESTMENT POLICY COMPLIANCE AND ADOPTION

A. Policy Compliance and Changes

Any deviation from the policy shall be reported to City Council at the next scheduled meeting. The Administrative Services Director shall promptly notify the City Council of any material change in the policy, and any modifications to the policy must be approved by the City Council.

B. Annual Statement of Investment Policy

The Administrative Services Director shall render a written Investment Policy that shall be reviewed at least annually by the City Council to ensure its consistency with the overall objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and return, and its relevance to current law and financial and economic trends. The City Council shall consider the annual Investment Policy and any changes therein at a public meeting. The Investment Policy shall be adopted by resolution of the City Council.

C. Legislative Changes

Any State of California legislative action that further restricts allowable maturities, investment types or percentage allocations will be incorporated into the City of Citrus Heights Investment Policy and will supersede any and all previous applicable language. If the City is holding an investment that is subsequently prohibited by a legislative change, the City may hold that investment until the maturity date, if it is deemed prudent by the Administrative Services Director/Treasurer.

APPENDIX GLOSSARY OF INVESTMENT TERMS

AGENCY: A debt security issued by a federal or federally sponsored agency. Federal agencies are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government (i.e. Government National Mortgage Association). Federally sponsored agencies (FSA's) are backed by each particular agency with a market perception that there is an implicit government guarantee (i.e. Federal National Mortgage Association).

- FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANK (FFCB): Provides credit and liquidity in the agricultural industry. FFCB issues discount notes and bonds.
- FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS (FHLB): Government sponsored wholesale banks (currently 12 regional banks) that lend funds and provide correspondent banks services to member commercial banks, thrift institutions, credit unions and insurance companies.
- FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION (FHLMC): Like FHLB, provides credit and liquidity in the housing market. FHLMC, also called "FreddieMac" issues discount notes, bonds and mortgage pass-through securities.
- FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA): FNMA is a federal corporation working under the auspices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). It is the largest single provider of residential mortgage funds in the United States. Fannie Mae, as the corporation is called, is a private stockholder-owned corporation. The corporation's purchases include a variety of adjustable mortgages and second loans, in addition to fixed-rate mortgages.
- GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA or Ginnie Mae): Securities influencing the volume of bank credit guaranteed by GNMA and issued by mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, and other institutions. Security holder is protected by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Ginnie Mae securities are backed by the FHA, VA, or FMHA mortgages. The term "pass-throughs" is often used to describe Ginnie Maes.
- PRIVATE EXPORT FUNING CORPORATION (PEFCO): Assists exporters; obligations of PEFCO are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the US government.
- TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY (TVA): Provides flood control and power and promotes development in portions of the Tennessee, Ohio, Mississippi River valleys. TVA currently issues discount notes and bonds.

BOOK VALUE: The value at which a debt security is shown on the holder's balance sheet. Book value is often acquisition cost plus/minus amortization and accretion, which may differ significantly from the security's current value in the market.

BROKER: Someone who brings buyers and sellers together and is compensated for his/her service.

CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT (CD): A time deposit with a specific maturity evidenced by a certificate. Large denomination CDs are typically negotiable.

COLLATERAL: Securities, evidence of deposit or other property which a borrower pledges to secure repayment of a loan. Also refers to securities pledged by a bank to secure deposits of public monies.

CREDIT QUALITY: The measurement of the financial strength of a bond issuer. This measurement helps an investor to understand an issuer's ability to make timely interest payments and repay the loan principal upon maturity. Generally, the higher the credit quality of a bond issuer, the lower the interest rate paid by the issuer because the risk of default is lower. Credit quality ratings are provided by a Nationally Recognized Statistical-Rating Organization.

CREDIT RISK: The risk to an investor that an issuer will default in the payment of interest and/or principal on a security.

CUSTODIAN: A bank or other financial institution that keeps custody of stock Agentical Each Page 61

other assets.

DEALER: A dealer, as opposed to a broker, acts as a principal in all transactions, by buying and selling for his/her own account.

DELIVERY VERSUS PAYMENT: There are two methods of delivery of securities: delivery versus payment and delivery versus receipt. Delivery versus payment is delivery of securities with an exchange of money for the securities. Delivery versus receipt is delivery of securities with an exchange of a signed receipt for the securities.

FAIR VALUE: The amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION (FDIC): A federal agency that insures bank deposits currently up to \$250,000 per deposit.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS (FHLB): Government sponsored wholesale banks (currently 12 regional banks) that lend funds and provide correspondent banks services to member commercial banks, thrift institutions, credit unions and insurance companies.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA): FNMA is a federal corporation working under the auspices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). It is the largest single provider of residential mortgage funds in the United States. Fannie Mae, as the corporation is called, is a private stockholder-owned corporation. The corporation's purchases include a variety of adjustable mortgages and second loans, in addition—to fixed-rate mortgages.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM: The central bank of the United States created by Congress and consisting of a seven member Board of Governors in Washington, D.C., twelve Regional Banks and about 5,700 commercial banks that are members of the system.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB): A standard-setting body, associated with the Financial Accounting Foundation, which prescribes standard accounting practices for governmental units.

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA or Ginnie Mae): Securities influencing the volume of bank credit guaranteed by GNMA and issued by mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, and other institutions. Security holder is protected by full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Ginnie Mae securities are backed by the FHA, VA, or FMHA mortgages. The term "pass-throughs" is often used to describe Ginnie Maes.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: An obligation of the U.S. government, backed by the full faith and credit of the government. These securities are regarded as the highest quality of investment securities available in the U.S. securities market. See "Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds."

INTERNAL CONTROLS: An internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Internal controls should address the following points:

- Control of collusion Collusion is a situation where two or more employees are working in conjunction to defraud their employer.
- Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping By separating the person who authorizes or performs the transaction from the people who record or otherwise account for the transaction, a separation of duties is achieved.
- Custodial safekeeping Securities purchased from any bank or dealer including appropriate
 collateral (as defined by state law) shall be placed with an independent third party for custodial
 safekeeping.
- Avoidance of physical delivery securities Book-entry securities are much easier to transfer and account for since actual delivery of a document never takes place. Delivered securities must be properly safeguarded against loss or destruction. The potential for fraud and loss increases with physically delivered securities.

- Clear delegation of authority to subordinate staff members Subordinate staff members must have a clear understanding of their authority and responsibilities to avoid improper actions. Clear delegation of authority also preserves the internal control structure that is contingent on the various staff positions and their respective responsibilities.
- Written confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers Due to the potential for error and improprieties arising from telephone and electronic transactions, all transactions should be supported by written communications and approved by the appropriate person. Written communications may be via fax if on letterhead and if the safekeeping institution has a list of authorized signatures.
- Development of a wire transfer agreement with the lead bank and third-party custodian

 The designated official should ensure that an agreement will be entered into and will address
 the following points: controls, security provisions, and responsibilities of each party making
 and receiving wire transfers.

LIQUIDITY: A liquid asset is one that can be converted easily and rapidly into cash without a substantial loss of value. In the money market, a security is said to be liquid if the spread between bid and asked prices is narrow and reasonable size can be done at those quotes.

LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND (LAIF): Chapter 730, Statutes of 1976 of the State of California, established the Local Agency Investment Fund. This fund enables local governmental agencies to remit money not required for immediate needs to the State Treasurer for the purpose of investment. In order to derive the maximum rate of return possible, the State Treasurer has elected to invest these monies with State monies as a part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). Each local governmental unit has the exclusive determination of the length of time its money will be on deposit with the State Treasurer. At the end of each calendar quarter, all earnings derived from investments are distributed by the State Controller to the participating government agencies in proportion to each agency's respective amounts deposited in the Fund and the length of time such amounts remained therein. Prior to the distribution, the State's costs of administering the program are deducted from the earnings.

MARK-TO-MARKET: The process whereby the book value or collateral value of a security is adjusted to reflect its current market value.

MARKET VALUE: The current price at which a security is trading and could presumably be purchased or sold at that particular point in time.

MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT: A written contract covering all future transactions between the parties to repurchase-reverse repurchase agreements that establish each party's rights in the transactions. A master agreement will often specify, among other things, the right of the buyer-lender to liquidate the underlying securities in the event of default by the seller-borrower.

MATURITY: The date upon which the principal or stated value of a financial obligation is due and payable.

MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUND: Mutual funds that invest solely in money market instruments (short-term debt instruments, such as Treasury bills, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repos and federal funds).

MUTUAL FUND: An investment company that pools money and can invest in a variety of securities, including fixed-income securities and money market instruments. Mutual funds are regulated by the Investment Company Act of 1940 and must abide by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) disclosure guidelines.

NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED STATISTICAL-RATING ORGANIZATION (NRSRO):

Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and Fitch Financial Services are examples of such organizations.

PAR VALUE: The amount of principal that must be paid at maturity. Also referred to as the face amount of a bond, normally quoted in \$1,000 increments per bond.

PORTFOLIO: Combined holding of more than one stock, bond, commodity, real estate investment, cash equivalent, or other asset. The purpose of a portfolio is to reduce risk by diversification.

PRINCIPAL: The face value or par value of a debt instrument, or the amount of capital invested page 63

in a given security.

PRIMARY DEALER: A group of government securities dealers who submit daily reports of market activity and monthly financial statements to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and are subject to its informal oversight. Primary dealers include Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered securities broker/dealers, banks and a few unregulated firms.

PRINCIPAL: (1) The face amount or par value of a debt instrument. (2) One who acts as a dealer buying and selling for his own account.

RATE OF RETURN: The yield obtainable on a security based on its purchase price or its current market price. This may be the amortized yield to maturity on a bond or the current income return.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENT (RP OR REPO): A holder of securities sells these securities to an investor with an agreement to repurchase them at a fixed price on a fixed date. The security "buyer" in effect lends the "seller" money for the period of the agreement, and the terms of the agreement are structured to compensate the buyer for this. Dealers use RP extensively to finance their positions. Exception: When the Fed is said to be doing RP, it is lending money that is increasing bank reserves.

RISK: Degree of uncertainty of return on an asset.

RULE 2A-7 OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT: Applies to all money market mutual funds and mandates such funds to maintain certain standards, including a 13-month maturity limit and a 90-day average maturity on investments, to help maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar (\$1.00).

TREASURY BILLS: Short-term U.S. government non-interest bearing discounted debt securities with maturities of no longer than one year and issued in minimum denominations of

\$10,000. Auctions of three- and six-month bills are weekly, while auctions of one-year bills are monthly. The yields on these bills are monitored closely in the money markets for signs of interest rate trends.

TREASURY BOND: A long-term coupon-bearing U.S. Treasury security issued as a direct obligation of the U.S. Government and having an initial maturity of more than 10 years and issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000.

TREASURY NOTE: A medium-term coupon-bearing U.S. Treasury security issued as a direct obligation of the U.S. Government and having an initial maturity of from one to ten years and issued in denominations ranging from \$1,000 to \$1 million or more.

UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE: Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15C3-1 outlining requirements that member firms as well as nonmember broker-dealers in securities maintain a maximum ratio of indebtedness to liquid capital of 15 to 1; also called net capital rule and net capital ratio. Indebtedness covers all money owed to a firm, including margin and commitments to purchase securities, one reason new public issues are spread among members of underwriting syndicates. Liquid capital includes cash and assets easily converted into cash.

VOLATILITY: A degree of fluctuation in the price and valuation of securities.

YIELD: The current rate of return on an investment security generally expressed as a percentage of the security's current price. (a) INCOME YIELD is obtained by dividing the current dollar income by the current market price for the security. (b) NET YIELD or YIELD TO MATURITY is the current income yield minus any premium above par or plus any discount from par in purchase price, with the adjustment spread over the period from the date of purchase to the date of maturity of the bond.



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 9, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Members

Ashley Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Susan K. Talwar, Administrative Services Director

Alberto Preciado, Accounting Manager

SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Summary and Recommendation

Staff recommends the City Council accept and file the City of Citrus Heights Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 and the City of Citrus Heights Popular Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact associated with this action.

Background and Analysis

In accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Sections 37208, 53891, and Section 2-355 of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code, the City prepares and publishes annual audited financial statements. The accounting firm of Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP (LSL CPAs) performed the annual audit of the City's general purpose financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The auditor has opined that the City's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the City of Citrus Heights. The statements are in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Some highlights from this year's ACFR include:

- An increase of Sales Tax Revenue of \$1.0 million;
- An increase in State Vehicle In-Lieu tax of \$379,000;
- An increase in the General Fund balance of \$3.0 million;
- A net decrease in long-term liabilities of \$3.1 million due to the payoff of the City's line of credit.

The format of the ACFR remains largely unchanged except for:

Subject: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Date: March 9, 2023

Page 2 of 2

• A change in accounting standards for GASB Statement No. 87 changed how the City records and reports its lease with Dignity Health for the Fountain Square property.

The City has also completed its second Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR), a report intended to provide the City's citizens with an easy-to-read explanation of its finances. The information in the PAFR is derived from the City's ACFR.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were reviewed in detail by the Finance and Administration Committee on March 2, 2023 and are posted on the City's website at: http://citrusheights.net/213/Financial-Reporting-Budget-CIP.

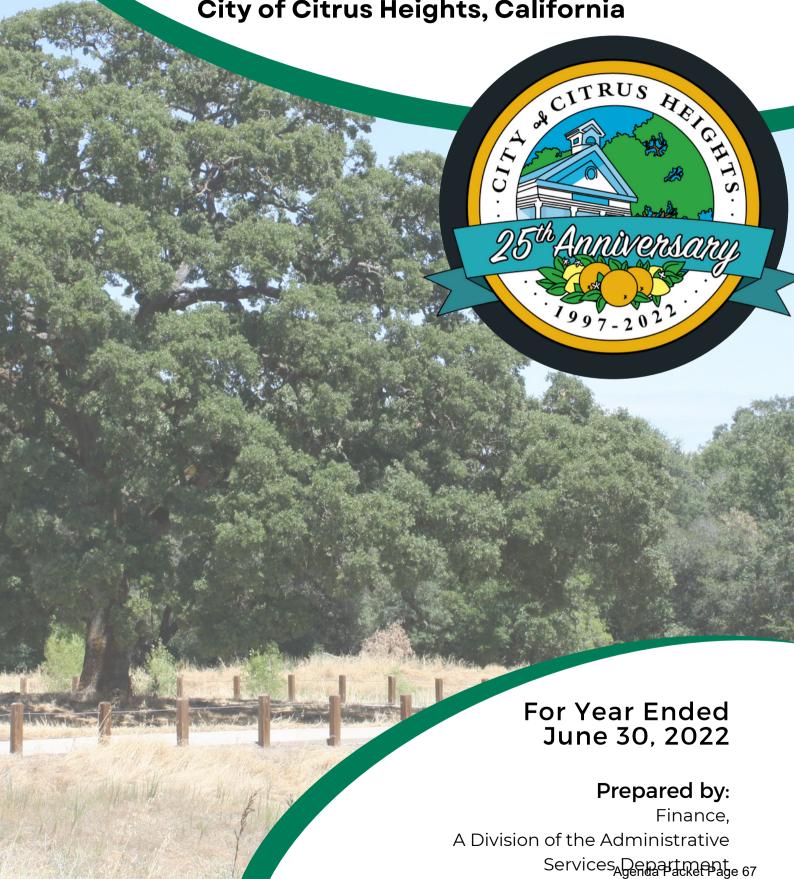
The City received awards from the Governmental Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for both its 2021 ACFR and its 2021 PAFR, and the 2022 reports have been submitted for consideration of the awards.

Attachment

- 1. City of Citrus Heights Popular Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 3022.
- 2. City of Citrus Heights Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 3022.



City of Citrus Heights, California







Government Finance Officers Association

Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Citrus Heights California

For its Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill
Executive Director CEO

View the ACFR on the City's website



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- 9 General Fund
- 10 Revenues
- 11 Expenditures

http://www.citrusheights.net/213/Finan cial-Reporting-Budget-CIP

Message from the Administrative Services Director

December 29, 2022

To the citizens of Citrus Heights:

Welcome to the City of Citrus Heights' second Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR). The PAFR, also referred to as the "Citizen's Report", is intended to provide our citizens with an easy-to-read explanation of the City's finances. The PAFR provides an overview of the City's financial condition for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (FY 2021-22), and a brief analysis of where the City's revenues are derived and where those dollars are spent.

The Finance Division of the Administrative Services Department is dedicated to promoting transparency and fiscal accountability within local government. This Citizen's Report serves an important function in that mission by providing our taxpayers and stakeholders with access to City financial information.

This report contains condensed and simplified financial information from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

In February 2022, the City had a unique opportunity to participate in a leadership program with the Government Finance Officers Association and the Engaging Local Government Leaders (ELGL) organization that partnered our City with a graduate student to develop its first-ever PAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City is pleased to report that the 2021 PAFR was awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). Thank you to Dena Jenkins for her work in creating the City's second PAFR.

I hope you enjoy reading the City's PAFR. If you have comments, questions, or suggestions please reach out to the City of Citrus Heights Administrative Services Department at finance@citrusheights.net or (916) 725-2448.

Susan K. Talwar

Administrative Services Director

Item 9

Meet the City Council

The Citrus Heights City Council consists of five members, elected to four-year overlapping terms in district-based elections. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the City Council through policy direction determined by the City Council. The Mayor conducts the City Council meetings and represents the City on ceremonial occasions.

The City Council responsibilities include:

- Provides policy direction,
- Establishes goals,
- Sets priorities for the City government,
- Decides on land use within its borders, including the General Plan, and
- Appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.



Ashley FeeneyCity Manager

Susan Talwar Administrative Services Director Casey Kempenaar Community Development Director Meghan Huber
Economic Development &
Community Engagement
Director

Regina Cave General Services Director Alexander Turcotte
Chief of Police

Ryan R. Jones
City Attorney



About Citrus Heights

Citrus Heights is located 15 miles northeast of California's capital of Sacramento. It neighbors the City of Roseville to the North, Orangevale to the East, Fair Oaks and Carmichael to the South, and Antelope to the west. Interstate 80 runs through Citrus Heights attracting both Sacramento/San Francisco and Tahoe bound travelers. It occupies approximately 14.2 square miles and is 98% developed with two large commercial corridors and a well established residential community.

Scriptor & Cran Heads
San Francisco &

The city is rooted back to the 1800's but didn't grow significantly until gold was discovered in the foothills of the Sierra Mountains. The construction of the Transcontinental Railroad and Lincoln

Highway brought a new wave of travelers into the area. Citrus Heights remained predominantly rural until the 1960's when it began its emergence as a regionally important retail destination with the development of the Sunrise Mall and Birdcage Walk shopping centers.

The path to incorporation started in 1984 when citizen members of the chamber of commerce circulated petitions and received signatures forming the Citrus Heights Incorporation Project (CHIP). CHIP fought a long battle against Sacramento County arguing over who should be allowed to vote for incorporation and the possible tax revenue loss from a Citrus Heights incorporation. In 1993, the U.S. Supreme Court upheld the California Supreme Court ruling that only residents of the proposed city should vote on incorporation and an agreement, which included a Revenue Neutrality agreement, with the county was reached. On November 5, 1996, voters approved the measure to incorporate and Citrus Heights became a City effective January 1, 1997.

This year marks the City's 25th year of incorporation.





City Demographics & Statistics



Population 88,306



Millennials 20,758



Retiring Soon 26,651



Median Age of Citizens 37.6

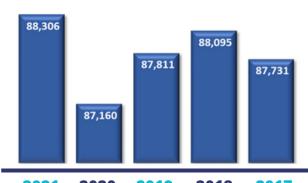


High School Degree 90.2%

Bachelor's

21.6%

Degree



2017 2021 2020 2019 2018 Population Growth Over Time

Average **Housing Price**

\$478,148



Total Regional **Employment**

27,426



Per Capita Personal Income

\$32,659



Unemployment Rate

6.6%



Avg. Earnings Per Job

\$79.8K



Notable Events

September 2021

Alexander Turcotte was promoted as the new Chief of Police.



November 2021

Draft of the Sunrise Tomorrow Specific Plan for Sunrise Mall was completed and approved by Council.



January 2022

Ashley Feeney joins the City as the new City Manager.



February 2022

City Hall fully re-opens post COVID-19 Pandemic.



Council approved \$3.5M to payoff the outstanding revolving line of credit balance.



April 2022

Payments were issued for the ARPA COVID-19 Small Business Recovery Grant Program.



June 2022

The 2021 Residential Resurfacing Project was completed.



June 2022

Final property tax deferment was recorded under the Revenue Neutrality
Agreement with the County of Sacramento.

Explanation of Accounting Terms



Net investment in Capital Assets:

Represents the difference between the amount paid for capital assets (such as equipment and buildings), the accumulated depreciation of those assets, and any outstanding debt used to pay for them.

Fund balance:

Governmental fund equity (assets minus liabilities) is classified as Fund Balance and displayed as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned.

Governmental activities:

The City's basic services that are supported by general City revenues are considered governmental activities, including general government, community development, economic development, public safety, public improvements, etc.

Business-type activities:

City services that are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Nonspendable:

Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.



Restricted:

Funds that are not available for City use because they must be used for a specific purpose or project as required by law or regulation.

Unrestricted:

The remaining balance available for use that is not invested capital assets or restricted.

Unassigned:

Includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications

Deferred Outflows:

Represents a consumption of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Deferred Inflows:

Represents an acquisition of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period.

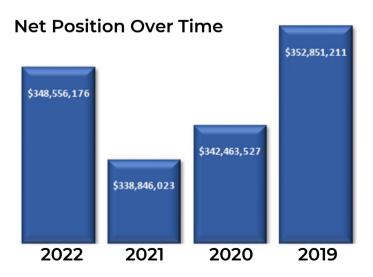




Net Position Statement

The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole; much like a balance sheet does for a corporation. It represents the difference between all of its assets (everything the City owns) and its liabilities (everything the City owes) on an accrual basis. It is an indication of the City's financial health at the end of each fiscal year.

	Totals								
Assets/Deferred Outflows	2022	2021	2020	2019					
Current and other assets	\$ 65,279,479	\$ 53,555,723	\$ 36,338,113	\$ 32,998,227					
Capital assets	317,842,720	319,843,497	328,960,349	337,286,574					
Total Assets	383,122,199	373,399,220	365,298,462	370,284,801					
Total Deferred Outflows	7,271,254	7,070,630	7,477,588	8,089,739					
Liabilities/ Deferred Inflows									
Long-term liabilities	8,367,682	24,211,436	21,274,457	15,978,726					
Other liabilities	22,813,780	16,289,280	7,881,392	8,799,953					
Total Liabilities	31,181,462	40,500,716	29,155,849	24,778,679					
Total Deferred Inflows	10,655,735	1,123,111	1,156,674	744,650					
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	317,238,068	319,572,398	328,960,349	337,286,574					
Restricted	25,868,240	25,779,873	20,775,754	13,375,787					
Unrestricted	5,449,868	(6,506,248)	(7,272,576)	2,189,050					
Total Net Position	\$ 348,556,176	\$ 338,846,023	\$ 342,463,527	\$ 352,851,211					

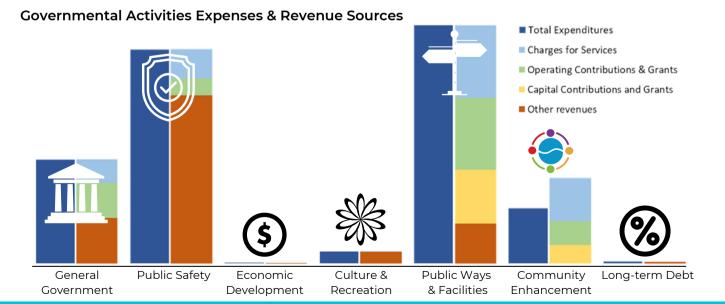


Citrus Heights experienced a decrease in its net position during the height of the COVID-19 pandemic. For 2022, as restaurants and retail continued to open, the city received higher than expected sales tax, additional funds restricted for infrastructure projects around the city, and paid off a significant amount of debt. All of this culminated in an increased net position from 2021 and 2020.

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities reflects the City's fiscal year revenues and costs for governmental activities and business-type activities. The net revenues are broken out by program revenue (i.e. Charges for services, operating and capital contributions, and grants) and general revenues (i.e. varies tax revenue and shared intergovernmental revenues). The net costs reflect the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. A summary of activities were as follows:

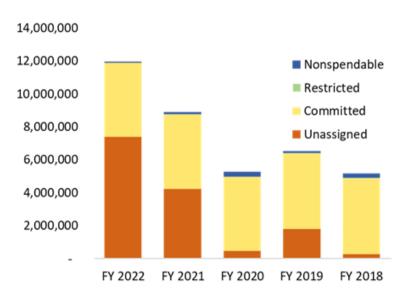
	FY 2018	FY 2019		FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Revenues						
Governmental Activities Revenues						
Program Revenues	\$ 15,695,540 \$	23,882,888	\$ 20	,756,517	\$ 26,132,366	\$ 28,827,220
General Revenues	29,236,877	26,316,227	26	,406,989	27,193,665	29,335,529
Business-type Activities Revenues						
Solid Waste	802,288	888,285		895,798	966,398	1,136,503
Total Revenues	45,734,705	51,087,400	48	,059,304	54,292,429	59,299,252
Expenses						
Government Activities						
General Government	6,106,557	6,909,949	7	,360,783	10,210,576	7,729,201
Public safety	21,698,128	24,025,017	24	,443,611	23,338,398	15,877,629
Public ways and facilities	24,395,899	21,730,069	19	,019,629	18,149,133	17,660,038
Culture and recreation	722,254	720,442		830,572	540,427	906,037
Economic development	353,608	296,233		950,409	916,027	55,751
Community enhancements	4,664,278	3,953,127	3	,928,848	3,877,993	4,085,740
Internest on long-term debt		70,962		151,957	144,455	131,908
Business-type acitivites expenses						
Solid waste	751,291	809,466		675,849	732,927	788,023
Total primary government expenses	58,692,015	58,515,265	57	,361,658	57,909,936	47,234,327
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	(13,008,307)	(10,356,855)	(10	,607,634)	(3,850,978)	11,716,445
Business-type activities	50,997	78,819		219,949	233,471	348,480
Total primary government	\$ (12,957,310) \$	(10,278,036)	\$ (10	,387,685)	\$ (3,617,507)	\$ 12,064,925





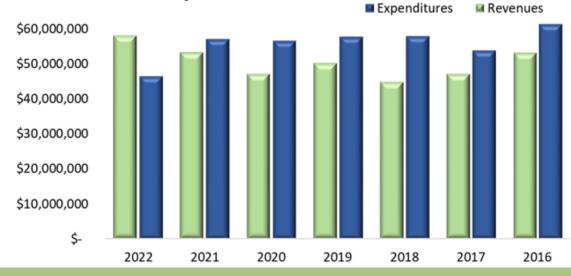
General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures that are not required to be reported in another fund and is the City's primary fund. The activities being paid for through the general fund constitute the core administrative and operational tasks of the government entity.



The fund balance is used to measure the financial resources available. As such it is a good measure of the financial health of the City. At the fiscal year end on June 30, 2022, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$11,932,391 of which \$4,486,978 was committed for reserves and revenue stabilization. Fund balance in the Fund General increased \$3,041,565 largely due to decreased expenditures caused by vacant positions.

The actual total revenues were approximately \$385,789 more than the final budgeted amount. Investment earnings and charges for services came in under budget; all other revenue categories exceeded the budget estimate. The largest favorable variance compared to the budget was in tax revenues, \$599,268. An increase in general sales tax revenue was due to the continuing increase of sales at local businesses that had shut down or been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. A decrease in intergovernmental revenue was caused by grant reimbursements being delayed beyond the end of the fiscal year.



Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$59,299,252 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Governmental revenues increased by \$4,836,718 from last fiscal year due primarily to an increase in charges for service, capital grants, and sales and use taxes. Approximately 69.47% of the City's key

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Program Revenue	Go	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Totals
Charges for services	\$	12,516,296	\$ 1,092,589	\$ 13,608,885
Operating Grant		10,921,489		10,921,489
Capital Grant		5,389,435		5,389,435
General Revenue				
Property taxes and assmt		638,183		638,183
Sales and use taxes		14,412,009		14,412,009
Utility user taxes		2,794,196		2,794,196
Other taxes		1,372,945		1,372,945
Other revenue		123,409	58,444	181,853
Shared intergovernmental - unrestricted		9,683,155		9,683,155
Investment earnings (loss)		311,632	(14,530)	297,102
Total Revenue	\$	53,326,031	\$ 966,398	\$ 59,299,252



Four Major Sources of Revenues



Sales Tax - Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$1,038,526 from the prior year due to the continued economic recovery following the lifting of pandemic restrictions.



Shared Intergovernmental Revenues - Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$379,239 from the prior year. This amount represents the state motor vehicle in-lieu tax.



Grants and Contributions - Governmental Activities Operating -

Governmental Activities operating grants and contributions were mainly from public safety street, road, and community enhancement grants that were for maintenance and operations as well as CARES Act allocations for CDBG Supplemental and DOJ for public safety.



Grants and Contributions - Governmental Activities Capital - The increase in capital revenues reflects receipt of additional funding for new and ongoing capital projects in the current fiscal year.

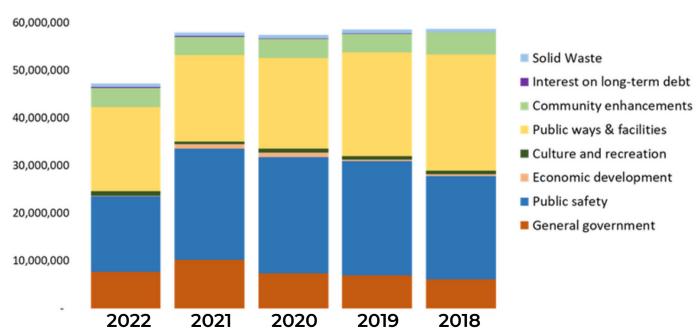
Expenditures

Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$47,234,327. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$46,446,304 or 98.33% of total expenses. Business-type activities expenses totaled \$788,023 during the fiscal year. Public safety costs represented 34.18% of total governmental activities expenses and represented the largest single expense for governmental activities.

2022 Expenses by Function



Historical Trends of Expenditures



Contact Us

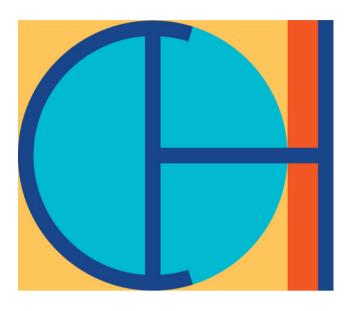
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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



Prepared By:

Finance,
A Division of the Administrative
Services DASPIGA PACKET Page 81

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by
Finance,
A Division of the Administrative Services Department

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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Item 9

City of Citrus Heights 6360 Fountain Square Drive Citrus Heights California 95621 (916) 725-2448 Fax (916) 725-5799 TDD 7-1-1

www.citrusheights.net

The City of CITRUS HEIGHTS
is committed to providing
high quality, economical,
responsive city services
to our community.

December 28, 2022

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Citrus Heights:

City staff is pleased to submit the City of Citrus Heights' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City of Citrus Heights has a long tradition of self-reliance. Strong financial policies and responsible fiscal management of taxpayer dollars remain a core tenet of City operations. Our City is committed to continued strong fiscal stewardship, transparency, and accountability over taxpayer dollars. Working together, the City Council and City staff ensure our budget and financial policies reflect spending consistent with essential priorities.

It is the policy of the City Council that a licensed certified public accountant conduct an annual audit at the end of each fiscal year and issue a complete set of audited financial statements. The audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the financial statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. City staff believes the data presented in this report is accurate in all material respects and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed to both protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

While traditionally addressed to the governing body of the City, this report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the citizens of the City of Citrus Heights, city staff, creditors, investors, and other concerned readers. City staff encourages all readers to contact the Finance Division with any questions or comments concerning this report.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, a firm of certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance

.

that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion, which states that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports will be available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reports.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City of Citrus Heights

The City of Citrus Heights operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services that include public safety, public works, and community development. This report includes all funds of the City of Citrus Heights. The MD&A continues to demonstrate our commitment to providing essential quality of life services, maintaining public safety, improving the City's infrastructure including streets and roads, and growing our local economy while maintaining financial stability.

The City Council establishes annual budgets for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department directors submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the following year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30th of each year in accordance with the City's Municipal Code.

The City of Citrus Heights was incorporated on January 1, 1997, as a general law city. Citrus Heights was the first new city in Sacramento County in more than 50 years and was the largest city to incorporate in the State of California. With a population of approximately 88,000 in a 14.2 square-mile area, Citrus Heights is 98% developed, with two large commercial corridors and a well-established residential community. We attract a population of all ages, and have a higher percentage of millennials and retirees than other cities our size.

The Citrus Heights City Council consists of five members, elected to four-year overlapping terms in district-based elections. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Vice Mayor are chosen by the City Council through policy direction determined by the City Council. The Mayor conducts the City Council meetings and represents the City on ceremonial occasions.

The City Council serves as the policy board for the municipality. As an elected Board of Directors, the City Council provides policy direction, establishes goals, and sets priorities for the City government. In addition to serving as the policy makers for the community, the City Council also is responsible for numerous land use decisions within its borders, including the General Plan. The City Council appoints the City Manager, City Attorney, and all members of advisory boards and commissions.

In Citrus Heights, the total labor force is approximately 43,700. Unemployment in Sacramento County is at approximately 3.7%, which is below the current rate of unemployment for California (4.2%). The City of Citrus Heights is home to a diverse labor force, specializing in such occupations as sales, executive and managerial services, technical support, professional specialties, and other services. As the geographic center of the Greater Sacramento area, Citrus Heights offers residents and workforce effective access to the region. With total regional employment at 27,426, Citrus Heights jobs are projected to grow by approximately 6% in the next five years.

Most of Citrus Heights' commercial real estate is comprised of large retail and small office space. Citrus Heights has long been known as a retail mecca, but the current retail market is in a state of change. Consumers are relying less on brick and mortar stores now that online shopping is mainstream. Citrus Heights is home to one of the Sacramento area's first regional shopping centers, Sunrise Mall. In its prime, Sunrise Mall served as the economic engine of the City and the community's central gathering place. With the addition of other regional malls and a shift toward online shopping, Sunrise Mall has experienced immense fall off in economic impact — resulting in a decline of almost 50% since 2006. In 2019, City Council directed staff to embark on a specific plan process for Sunrise Mall. This plan has engaged each of the five owners of the 100-acre mall site, stakeholders, and the community, to work together on a new vision for Sunrise Mall. Through zoning, visioning, and entitling, the plan re-envisions Sunrise Mall as a regional destination and economic engine for the community. Citrus Heights is a City that takes charge of its own future. By undertaking this process, we are encouraging continued growth and prosperity for our

commercial business community. The Specific Plan and Environmental Impact Report was unanimously approved by City Council in October 2021. In addition to fostering in a new era for Sunrise Mall, the City also works hard to support our small businesses. There are over 2,100 businesses in Citrus Heights, and 71% of those have less than 10 employees. Many of our small businesses are supported by three business districts: Sunrise MarketPlace, Auburn Blvd Business Association, and Antelope Crossing Business Association.

Budget Initiatives

The City of Citrus Heights has developed broad policy direction through the development of budget strategies that establish long-term policy guidance for conducting the City's financial activities. Citrus Heights has a long tradition of self-reliance and local control with excellent quality of life services our residents expect and deserve. The City Council has established policies to meet the following strategic objectives:

- 1. **Strategic Focus** The City's financial management should be strategic, reflecting the Council's and the community's priorities for service while providing resources that realistically fund routine operations. Most importantly, we strive to maintain essential services reflective of our community's values and engage in continued fiscally responsible planning amid state mandates and takeaways.
- 2. **Fiscal Control and Accountability** The City's financial activities should be fiscally sound and accountable to the City Council through the City Manager. It is our intent to maintain local control over local funds for our local needs in a fiscally prudent manner that addresses essential priorities.
- 3. Clarity The City's financial planning and reporting should be clear and easy to understand so that all participants, the City Council, the community, and staff can productively participate in making good decisions. Our intent is to keep local government transparent and accountable, which includes our community's ability to engage with our financial information. The City of Citrus Heights regularly issues communications that inform and engage residents in fiscal updates.
- 4. **Long-Term Planning** The City of Citrus Heights has always taken charge of its own future. We became a city by intent, establishing our own police department and being fiscally responsible, and we have plans for our future. The City's financial planning should emphasize multi-year horizons to promote long-term planning of resource uses. We have always engaged in long-term and comprehensive financial planning to ensure that the City can keep its budget balanced while preserving local control and essential services such as public safety and street maintenance in Citrus Heights.
- 5. Flexible and Cost Effective Responses The City's financial management practices should encourage a mission-driven organization that responds quickly and

straightforwardly to community demands. The City's management should flexibly respond to opportunities for better service, should proactively manage revenues, and should cost-effectively manage ongoing operating costs. We must maintain public safety, economic development, and local control to adequately address our community's essential services and quality of life.

6. **Staffing Philosophy** – The City has worked towards establishing a balance between City employees and contract staff to ensure the most efficient City operations.

Financial Policies

The City Council has developed policy parameters for the City's fiscal management. Those fiscal policies address a number of issues including financial activity reporting, budgeting and financial planning, appropriation control, debt management, investments, fees and charges, purchasing, performance measures and competitive review, and reserves.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's financial planning promotes long-term planning of its resources that is reflective of community priorities, essential services, and quality of life. The ten-year financial forecast has served as the primary budget guidance tool since the City's incorporation in 1997. The forecast is updated annually to project future General Fund revenue and expenditures. Several factors directly affect the City's General Fund revenue. Since the City currently receives approximately 38% of its General Fund revenue from sales and use tax, it is especially susceptible to economic downturns and the changing retail economy. In addition, the City is approximately 98% built out which results in fewer opportunities for revenue generating growth. The City will continue to balance the General Fund by implementing a combination of cost saving measures as well as prudent financial planning.

Current Economic Conditions and Outlook

The outbreak of the coronavirus disease, COVID-19, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The Governor declared a state of emergency in the State on March 4, 2020 and the Mayor declared a state of emergency in the City on March 19, 2020, each of which is still in effect.

The COVID-19 pandemic has wreaked havoc on the global economy, with a devastating impact on national and local economies. COVID-19 remains a considerable source of uncertainty. Public health orders, business closures, supply chain disruption, changing consumer trends and uncertain markets continue to be variable factors in future planning.

The City of Citrus Heights anticipates receiving the property tax revenue previously retained by the County of Sacramento under the revenue neutrality agreement in January 2023.

The City's economic development efforts and implementation of the City's financial policies help to promote Citrus Heights' fiscal stability. Since incorporation in 1997, at the direction of the City Council, staff has conducted a systematic review of operations, resulting in some cases in the transition from contract service to an in-house operational model; in other instances, a renegotiation of existing service contracts; and in other instances, retention of the contract operational model with a different service provider. These operational analyses and reforms are intended to promote long-term stability.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The City of Citrus Heights received an award for its submission of the FY 2020-2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City received this award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City staff believes that this report will again meet the program requirements to receive the award.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division and the auditing firm of Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP. I would also like to thank members of the City Council, the City Manager, and the various departments for their cooperation and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City during the past fiscal year.

Respectfully Submitted,

Susan Talwar

Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Citrus Heights California

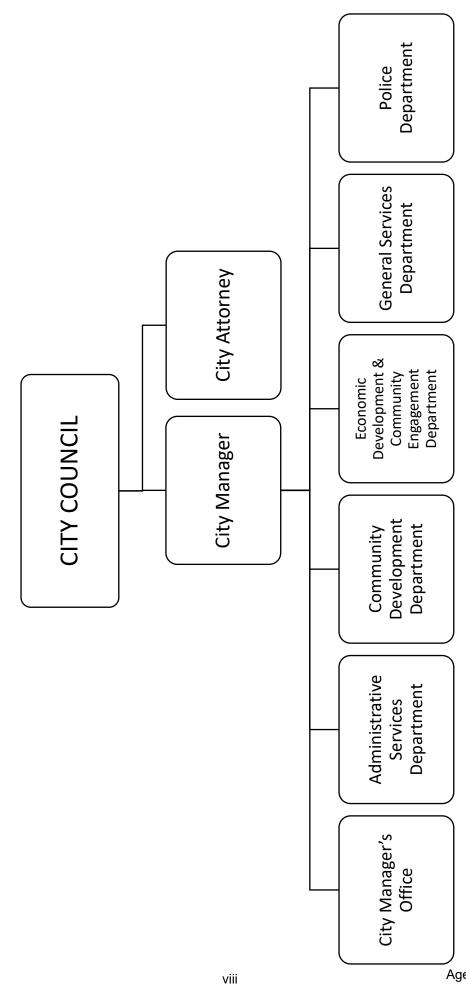
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Organizational Chart



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA

List of Officials 2022

Elected

Mayor Tim Schaefer

Vice Mayor Bret Daniels

Council Member MariJane Lopez-Taff
Council Member Jayna Karpinski-Costa

Council Member Porsche Middleton

Appointed

Administrative Services Director Susan Talwar

Community Development Director Casey Kempenaar

Economic Development & Community

Engagement Director

General Services Director Regina Cave

Chief of Police Alexander Turcotte

City Attorney Ryan R. Jones, Jones & Mayer

Meghan Huber

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Citrus Heights, California, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds, and required pension and other post-employment benefits schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Citrus Heights, California

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 28, 2022

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Citrus Heights (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ As of June 30, 2022, total assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$348,556,176 (net position). The portion of net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors (unrestricted net position) is \$5,449,868. The portion of net position that is restricted and may only be used for specific purposes is \$25,868,240. The remaining \$317,238,068 is invested in capital assets.
- ◆ As of June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,243,287. Of the combined fund balances, 33.90% (\$13.30 million) is available to meet the City's current and future needs (committed, assigned and unassigned balances).
- ♦ As of June 30, 2022, the committed amount in the General Fund of \$4,486,978 represents amounts committed for insurance, postemployment healthcare benefits and a Council commitment for economic uncertainties and anticipated future short-term structural deficits (i.e. revenue stabilization). See Note 8.
- ♦ Under the revenue neutrality agreement with the County of Sacramento, \$6,521,191 of property tax revenue was retained by the County as payment under the agreement. These payments are expected to continue through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- ◆ Capital assets, net of depreciation, decreased to \$317,492,638 from \$319,843,497, which includes \$273,040,160 of infrastructure per the requirements of GASB 34.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) **Introductory section**, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information;
- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules; and,
- 3) **Statistical section,** which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. These two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each of the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- ♦ Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, economic development, public safety, animal control, engineering, community events, public improvements, planning and zoning, building inspections, and general administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as user fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All of the City's enterprise activities are reported here. The City's only Business-type activity fund is Solid Waste. Unlike governmental services, this service is supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's major funds include the General Fund, General Capital Improvements Fund, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund, and Streets Fund.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one Enterprise-type proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for Solid Waste activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste operation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 33-67 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 69.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 79-135 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$347,074,432 as of June 30, 2022. Under the revenue neutrality settlement, the County retains the annual property tax for the first twenty-five years after the City's incorporation through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County retained \$6,521,191 of property taxes.

The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2022, and 2021, follows:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activitites	Totals		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 63,880,974	\$ 52,521,022	\$ 1,398,425	\$ 1,034,701	\$ 65,279,399	\$ 53,555,723	
Capital assets	317,492,638	319,485,541	350,082	357,956	317,842,720	319,843,497	
Total Assets	381,373,612	372,006,563	1,748,507	1,392,657	383,122,119	373,399,220	
Total Deferred Outflows	7,180,588	6,983,623	90,666	87,007	7,271,254	7,070,630	
Long-term liabilities	8,242,124	23,930,072	125,558	281,364	8,367,682	24,211,436	
Other liabilities	22,712,006	16,239,828	101,774	49,452	22,813,780	16,289,280	
Total Liabilities	30,954,130	40,169,900	227,332	330,816	31,181,462	40,500,716	
Total Deferred Inflows	10,525,638	1,107,527	130,097	15,584	10,655,735	1,123,111	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	316,887,986	319,214,442	350,082	357,956	317,238,068	319,572,398	
Restricted	25,868,240	25,779,873	-	-	25,868,240	25,779,873	
Unrestricted	4,318,206	(7,281,556)	1,131,662	775,308	5,449,868	(6,506,248)	
Total Net Position	\$ 347,074,432	\$ 337,712,759	\$ 1,481,744	\$ 1,133,264	\$ 348,556,176	\$ 338,846,023	

Restricted net position increased by \$88,367 due to an increase in the receipt of restricted funds in a number of special revenue funds for road maintenance, general capital improvement, transit services and various development activities. Unrestricted net position can be used to finance day to day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements. The City had \$5,449,868 of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022, which is an increase of \$11,970,870. While unrestricted net position is technically unrestricted, much of the amount is committed for a specific use as described in Note 8.

The City maintains a commitment of fund balance in the General Fund, commonly called the General Fund Reserve. It is set at a maximum of \$35 million at June 30, 2022, and the balance is currently \$4.5 million. The net position of business-type activities cannot be used to make up an unrestricted net position deficit in the governmental activities. The City generally can only use these assets to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, follows:

		Governmen	tal .	Activities	В	usiness-Ty	pe .	Activitites	To		
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022		2021
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	12,516,296	\$	11,469,898	\$	1,092,589	\$	904,130	\$ 13,608,885	\$	12,374,028
Grants and contributions:											
Operating		10,921,489		11,072,674		-		-	10,921,489		11,072,674
Capital		5,389,435		3,589,794		-		-	5,389,435		3,589,794
General revenues:											
Property taxes											
and assessments		638,183		383,773		-		-	638,183		383,773
Sales and use taxes		14,412,009		13,373,483		-		-	14,412,009		13,373,483
Utility users tax		2,794,196		2,717,945		-		-	2,794,196		2,717,945
Other taxes		1,684,577		1,412,898		-		-	1,684,577		1,412,898
Other revenue		123,409		-		58,444		61,151	181,853		61,151
Shared intergovernmental -											
unrestricted		9,683,155		9,303,916		-		-	9,683,155		9,303,916
Investment earnings (Losses)		-		1,650	_	(14,530)		1,117	(14,530)		2,767
Total Revenues		58,162,749		53,326,031	_	1,136,503		966,398	59,299,252		54,292,429
Expenses:											
Governmental activities:											
General government		7,729,201		10,210,576		-		-	7,729,201		10,210,576
Public safety		15,877,629		23,338,398		-		-	15,877,629		23,338,398
Public ways and facilities		55,751		18,149,133		-		-	55,751		18,149,133
Culture and recreation		906,037		540,427		-		-	906,037		540,427
Economic development		17,660,038		916,027		-		-	17,660,038		916,027
Community enhancements		4,085,740		3,877,993		-		-	4,085,740		3,877,993
Interest on long-term debt		131,908		144,455		-		-	131,908		144,455
Business-type activities:											
Solid waste						788,023		732,927	788,023		732,927
Total Expenses		46,446,304		57,177,009		788,023		732,927	47,234,327		57,909,936
Excess of revenues over											
expenditures before transfers		11,716,445		(3,850,978)		348,480		233,471	12,064,925		(3,617,507)
Transfers	_		_		_	-			_		
Change in Net Position		11,716,445		(3,850,978)		348,480		233,471	12,064,925		(3,617,507)
Restatement		(2,354,772)		-		-		-	(2,354,772)		-
Net position, beginning of year		337,712,759	_	341,563,737	_	1,133,264	_	899,793	 338,846,023	_	342,463,530
Net Position, June 30	\$	347,074,432	\$	337,712,759	\$	1,481,744	\$	1,133,264	\$ 348,556,176	\$	338,846,023

Revenues

The City's total revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$59,299,252 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Approximately 69.47% of the City's key revenues are generated from four major sources.

The following discusses variances in key revenues from the prior fiscal year:

- 1. **Sales Tax** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$1,038,526 from the prior year due to the continued economic recovery following the lifting of pandemic restrictions.
- 2. **Shared Intergovernmental Revenues** Annual receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 increased by \$379,239 from the prior year. This amount represents the state motor vehicle in-lieu tax.
- 3. **Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Operating -** Governmental Activities operating grants and contributions were mainly from public safety street, road, and community enhancement grants that were for maintenance and operations as well as CARES Act allocations for CDBG Supplemental and DOJ for public safety. The amounts also included the CARES Act Relief funding for cities and the Great Plates program.
- 4. **Grants and Contributions Governmental Activities Capital** The increase in capital revenues reflects receipt of additional funding for new and ongoing capital projects in the current fiscal year.

Expenses

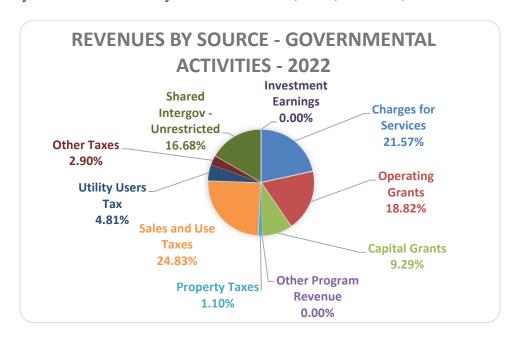
Governmental and business-type activity expenses of the City for the year totaled \$47,234,327. Governmental activity expenses totaled \$46,446,304 or 98.33% of total expenses. Business-type activities expenses totaled \$788,023 during the fiscal year. Public safety costs represented 34.18% of total governmental activities expenses and represented the largest single expense for governmental activities.

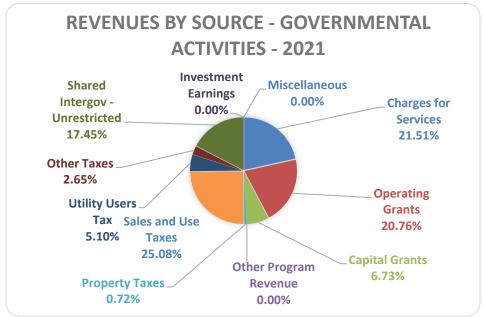
Governmental Activities

The following table shows the cost of each of the City's major programs and the net cost of the programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, were as follows:

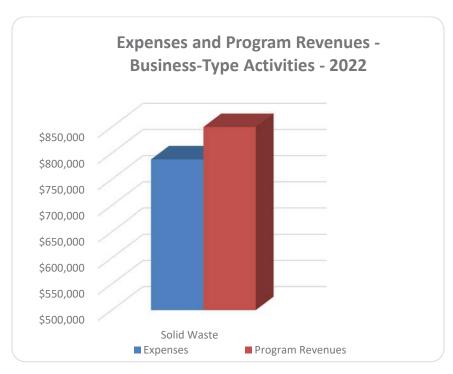
	20)22		2021		
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	
General government	\$ 7,729,201	\$ (3,396,225)	\$	10,210,576	\$ (6,065,502)	
Public safety	15,877,629	(12,450,546)		23,338,398	(19,674,208)	
Public ways and facilities	55,751	(55,751)		18,149,133	(4,329,129)	
Culture and recreation	906,037	(887,724)		540,427	(540,427)	
Economic development	17,660,038	(2,967,719)		916,027	(916,027)	
Community enhancements	4,085,740	2,270,789		3,877,993	625,105	
Interest on long-term debt	131,908	(131,908)		144,455	(144,455)	
TOTAL	\$ 46,446,304	\$ (17,619,084)	\$	57,177,009	\$ (31,044,643)	

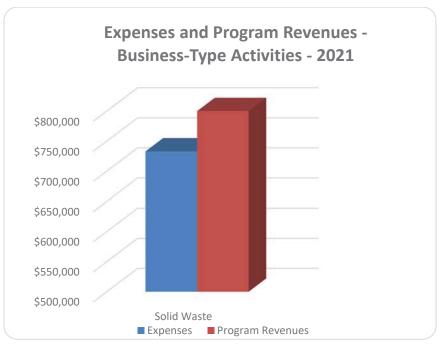
Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, are as follows:



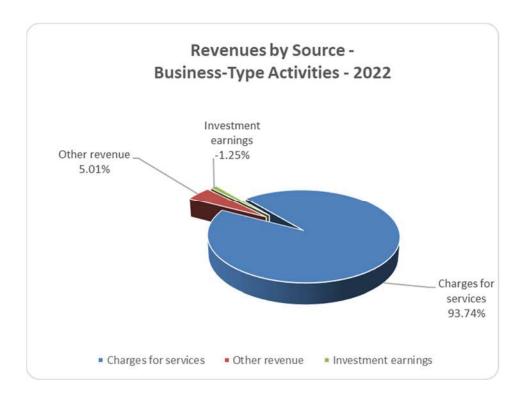


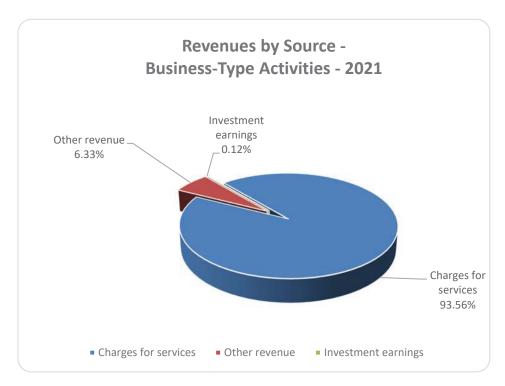
Business-type activities. The City's net position for business-type activities increased by \$348,480 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The expenses and program revenues for the Solid Waste Operation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and 2021, are as follows:





The revenues by source for the solid waste business-type activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City of Citrus Heights uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$39,243,287.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$11,932,391 of which \$4,486,978 was committed for reserves and revenue stabilization. Fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$3,041,565 largely due to decreased expenditures caused by vacant positions.

The CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund accounts for CDBG grant funds used for low income housing loans for home repair projects, and non-profit public service activities. Fund balance in this fund increased by \$71,513 largely due to loan repayments.

The General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects. Fund balance in this fund increased by \$53,671 largely due to an increase in license and permits revenue for general plan amendments.

Proprietary funds. The City has one business-type activity, which is Solid Waste Operations. The Proprietary fund unrestricted net position increased \$348,480 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, largely due to increase in franchise fee revenue and savings in operating expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The actual total revenues were approximately \$385,789 more than the final budgeted amount. Intergovernmental revenue and charges for services came in under budget; all other revenue categories exceeded the budget estimate. The largest favorable variance compared to the budget was in tax revenues, \$599,268. An increase in general sales tax revenue was due to the continuing increase of sales at local businesses that had shut down or been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. A decrease in intergovernmental revenue was caused by grant reimbursements being delayed beyond the end of the fiscal year.

The actual total expenditures were approximately \$4,655,713 less than the final budgeted amount due mainly to salary savings from vacant positions.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$317,842,720. This investment in capital assets includes land, art, construction in progress costs for road and other improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, the City Hall and Utility Yard assets, and machinery and equipment.

	Govern	ımental		Business-type						
	Activ	vities	Activities				Total			
	2022	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021		
Land	\$ 15,450,246	\$ 15,098,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,450,246	\$ 15,098,544		
Art	103,650	103,650		-		-	103,650	103,650		
Construction in progress	10,574,939	2,602,408		-		-	10,574,939	2,602,408		
Buildings and										
improvements	17,321,405	17,698,011		-		-	17,321,405	17,698,011		
Infrastructure	272,690,078	282,223,211		350,082	357,9	56	273,040,160	282,581,167		
Machinery and										
equipment	1,352,320	1,759,717		-		-	1,352,320	1,759,717		
Total	\$ 317,492,638	\$319,485,541	\$	350,082	\$357,9	56	\$317,842,720	\$319,843,497		

The increase in construction in progress was mainly due to the following projects:

- Bonita Drive Old Auburn Storm Drain Improvements,
- Mariposa Ave Safe Routes to School Phase 4,
- Signalized Intersection Improvements,
- Auburn Blvd Complete Street Rusch/Northern City, and
- Greenback Lane Complete Streets

More detail of the capital assets and current activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on Page 47.

Long-term Debt

The City's long-term debt at June 30, 2022 totaled \$8,367,682 and included a net pension liability of \$6,202,339. More detail on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 and 7 on pages 49-50, and Notes 11 and 12 on pages 56-66.

Economic Outlook and COVID-19

The outbreak of the coronavirus disease, COVID-19, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The Governor declared a state of emergency in the State of California on March 4, 2020 and the Mayor for the City of Citrus Heights declared a state of emergency in the City on March 19, 2020, each of which is still in effect.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on future City revenues cannot be determined at this time. No assurance can be provided that the COVID-19 pandemic will not result in city revenues that are lower than projected.

The City will continue to monitor the effects of the pandemic on its revenues and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report, need additional financial information, or would like to obtain component unit financial statements, contact the City of Citrus Heights Administrative Services Department, 6360 Fountain Square Drive, Citrus Heights, California 95621, or visit the City's web page at www.citrusheights.net.

		Primary Governmen	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	
Accepta	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets: Current Assets:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 44,227,366	\$ 1,205,475	\$ 45,432,841
Receivables:		, ,	, ,
Accounts	964,174	188,883	1,153,057
Interest	67,934	2,315	70,249
Lease	78,846	-	78,846
Prepaid items Deposits	62,791 4,000	883	63,674 4,000
Due from other governments	7,032,124		7,032,124
Data from other governments	7,002,121		1,002,124
Total Current Assets	52,437,235	1,397,556	53,834,791
Noncurrent Assets:			
Notes and loans	5,227,463	-	5,227,463
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans	(4,021,311)	-	(4,021,311)
Land held for resale	6,224,697	-	6,224,697
Lease receivable	3,905,666	-	3,905,666
Net OPEB asset	107,224	869	108,093
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation	26,128,835 291,363,803	350,082	26,128,835
Capital assets, het of depreciation	291,363,603	350,062	291,713,885
Total Noncurrent Assets	328,936,377	350,951	329,287,328
Total Assets	381,373,612	1,748,507	383,122,119
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension related items	6,816,896	87,718	6,904,614
OPEB related items	363,692	2,948	366,640
Total Deferred Outflows			
of Resources	7,180,588	90,666	7,271,254
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,772,081	43,946	3,816,027
Accrued liabilities	757,188	9,305	766,493
Accrued interest	12,269	-	12,269
Unearned revenue	14,781,536	-	14,781,536
Retentions payable	265,445	-	265,445
Deposits payable	202,774	40.500	202,774
Due to other governments Loans payable	501,140 82,046	48,523	549,663 82,046
Compensated absences - due within one year	1,419,891		1,419,891
Claims payable - due within one year	917,636		917,636
Total Current Liabilities	22,712,006	101,774	22,813,780
		·	
Noncurrent liabilities:	0.45.540		0.15.540
Compensated absences - due in more than one year Claims payable - due in more than one year	315,549 1,327,188	-	315,549 1,327,188
Loans payable	522,606	-	522,606
Net pension liability	6,076,781	125,558	6,202,339
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,242,124	125,558	8,367,682
Total Liabilities	30,954,130	227,332	31,181,462
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Lease	3,681,510	.	3,681,510
Pension related items OPEB related items	6,028,867	123,489	6,152,356
OFED related items	815,261	6,608	821,869
Total Deferred Inflows			
of Resources	10,525,638	130,097	10,655,735
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	316,887,986	350,082	317,238,068
Restricted for:			
Housing projects	16,480,954	-	16,480,954
Stronts reads and park projects	2,688,205	-	2,688,205
Streets, roads and park projects Assessment district maintenance	1,824,597 1,522,826	-	1,824,597 1,522,826
Other	3,351,658	-	3,351,658
Unrestricted	4,318,206	1,131,662	5,449,868
Total Net Position	\$ 347,074,432	\$ 1,481,744	\$ 348,556,176
	_ 		

				Program Revenues				
	Expenses		C	charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants			Capital Intributions Ind Grants
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	7,729,201	\$	1,745,213	\$	2,587,763	\$	-
Public safety		15,877,629		2,173,237		1,253,846		-
Economic development		55,751		_		_		-
Culture and recreation		906,037		18,313		-		-
Public ways and facilities		17,660,038		5,357,787		5,344,606		3,989,926
Community enhancements		4,085,740		3,221,746		1,735,274		1,399,509
Interest on long-term debt		131,908				-		
Total Governmental Activities		46,446,304		12,516,296		10,921,489		5,389,435
Business-Type Activities:								
Solid Waste		788,023		1,092,589				
Total Business-Type Activities		788,023		1,092,589				
Total Primary Government	\$	47,234,327	\$	13,608,885	\$	10,921,489	\$	5,389,435

General Revenues:

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position							
Р	Primary Government						
Governmental Activities	Business-T Activities		Total				
\$ (3,396,225) (12,450,546) (55,751) (887,724) (2,967,719)	\$	- \$ - - -	(3,396,225) (12,450,546) (55,751) (887,724) (2,967,719)				
2,270,789 (131,908)		-	2,270,789 (131,908)				
(17,619,084)			(17,619,084)				
	304,	566_	304,566				
	304,	566_	304,566				
(17,619,084)	304,	566	(17,314,518)				
638,183 32,595 14,412,009 1,290,165		- - -	638,183 32,595 14,412,009 1,290,165				
2,794,196 50,185 9,683,155 311,632 123,409	(14,5 58,4	- - 530) 444	2,794,196 50,185 9,683,155 297,102 181,853				
29,335,529	43,9	914	29,379,443				
11,716,445	348,4	480	12,064,925				
			220 046 022				
337,712,759	1,133,	204	338,846,023				
(2,354,772)	1,133,	204 	(2,354,772)				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

			Special	Revenue Funds		Capital Pro	jects Fun	ds
		General		Grants Special venue Fund	Improv	neral Capital rements Capital ojects Fund		Streets
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	24,296,659	\$	_	\$	560.148	\$	3,685,115
Receivables:	*	,,,	*		*	,	*	2,222,
Accounts		604,322		-		-		117
Notes and loans		6,151		1,164,178		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		(1,164,178)		-		-
Interest		39,784		-		-		-
Lease		3,984,512		-		-		-
Prepaid items		54,708		-		-		-
Deposits		4,000		-		-		-
Due from other governments		3,299,256		535,239		-		2,009,346
Due from other funds		228,541		-				-
Land held for resale						3,440,097		-
Total Assets	\$	32,517,933	\$	535,239	\$	4,000,245	\$	5,694,578
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Retentions payable Deposits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$	890,106 700,473 14,507,725 - 202,774 372,496 - 16,673,574	\$	113,177 - - - - 1,038 115,393 229,608	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	2,076,380 - - 265,445 - 1,095 - 2,342,920
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		230,458		_		_		-
Lease		3,681,510						-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,911,968						-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		64,859		_		_		_
Restricted				305,631		3,440,097		3,351,658
Committed		4,486,978		-		-		-
Assigned		-, , 5 . 0		_		560,148		_
Unassigned		7,380,554						
Total Fund Balances		11,932,391		305,631		4,000,245		3,351,658
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	•	00 =1= 000	•	PO 8 000	•	4 600 04-	•	F 004 FFT
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	32,517,933	\$	535,239	\$	4,000,245	\$	5,694,578

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Assets	Funds
Receivables: 359,735 Accounts 4,057,134 Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans (2,857,133) Interest 28,150 Lease - Prepaid items 8,083 Deposits - Due from other governments 1,188,283 Due from other funds - Land held for resale 2,784,600 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: \$ Liabilities \$ Accounts payable \$ 692,418 Accounts payable \$ 56,715 Unearned revenues 273,811 Retentions payable 273,811 Due to other governments 126,511 Due to other governments 126,511 Due to other funds 113,148 Total Liabilities 338,331 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 338,331 Unavailable revenues 338,331	44,227,366
Accounts	44,227,300
Notes and loans 4,057,134 Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans (2,857,133) Interest 28,150 Lease - Prepaid items 8,083 Deposits - Due from other governments 1,188,283 Due from other funds 2,784,600 Land held for resale 2,784,600 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities 5 Accounts payable \$ 692,418 Accorned liabilities 56,715 Unearned revenues 273,811 Retentions payable - Due to other governments 126,511 Due to other funds 113,148 Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues 338,331 Lease -	964,174
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans Interest	5,227,463
Interest	(4,021,311)
Lease - <td>67,934</td>	67,934
Prepaid items 8,083 Deposits - Due from other governments 1,188,283 Due from other funds - Land held for resale 2,784,600 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 \$ Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 692,418 \$ 8 Accounts payable \$ 56,715 \$ 1 Unearned revenues \$ 273,811 \$ 273,811 Retentions payable \$ 126,511 Due to other governments \$ 126,511 Due to other funds \$ 1,262,603 Total Liabilities \$ 338,331 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues \$ 338,331 Lease \$ 338,331	3,984,512
Deposits 1,188,283 Due from other governments 1,188,283 Due from other funds - Land held for resale 2,784,600 Total Assets Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities Accounts payable \$692,418 Accounts payable \$56,715 Unearned revenues 273,811 Retentions payable - Deposits payable - Due to other governments 126,511 Due to other governments 113,148 Total Liabilities 1,262,603 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues 338,331 Lease -	62.791
Due from other governments 1,188,283 Due from other funds 2,784,600 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities \$ 692,418 Accounts payable \$ 692,418 Accrued liabilities 56,715 Unearned revenues 273,811 Retentions payable 2 Deposits payable - Due to other governments 126,511 Due to other governments 113,148 Total Liabilities 1,262,603 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 338,331 Unavailable revenues 338,331 Lease -	4,000
Due from other funds 2,784,600 Land held for resale \$ 21,254,296 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: \$ 892,418 Liabilities: \$ 692,418 Accounts payable \$ 56,715 Accrued liabilities \$ 273,811 Retentions payable \$ 273,811 Due to other governments \$ 126,511 Due to other governments \$ 13,148 Total Liabilities \$ 338,331 Lease \$ 338,331	7,032,124
Land held for resale 2,784,600 Total Assets \$ 21,254,296 \$ Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: \$ 892,418 \$ Liabilities \$ 692,418 \$ Accounts payable \$ 56,715 \$ Accrued liabilities \$ 273,811 \$ Unearned revenues 273,811 \$ Retentions payable \$ 223,811 \$ Due to other governments \$ 126,511 \$ Due to other funds \$ 13,148 \$ Total Liabilities \$ 338,331 \$ Deferred Inflows of Resources: \$ 338,331 \$ Unavailable revenues \$ 338,331 \$	228,541
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Unearned revenues Elease Sequentian Sequent	6,224,697
and Fund Balances: Liabilities: \$ 692,418 \$ Accounts payable 56,715 \$ Accrued liabilities 273,811 \$ Unearned revenues 273,811 \$ Retentions payable - - Due to other governments 126,511 1 Due to other funds 113,148 1 Total Liabilities 1,262,603 1 Deferred Inflows of Resources: 338,331 1 Unavailable revenues - - Lease - -	64,002,291
Unavailable revenues 338,331 Lease	3,772,081 757,188 14,781,536 265,445 202,774 501,140 228,541 20,508,705
Unavailable revenues 338,331 Lease -	
Lease	568,789
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources338,331_	3,681,510
	4,250,299
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable 8,083	72,942
Restricted 18,770,854	25,868,240
Committed	4,486,978
Assigned 906,853	1,467,001
Unassigned (32,428)	7,348,126
Total Fund Balances 19,653,362	39,243,287
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	
Resources, and Fund Balances \$ 21,254,296 \$	64,002,291

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 39,243,287
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	317,492,638
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in governmental fund activity: Loan payable Claims payable (2,244,824)	(4.504.040)
Compensated absences (1,735,440)	(4,584,916)
Net pension liability not included in the governmental fund activity	(6,076,781)
Net OPEB asset not included in the governmental fund activity	107,224
Deferred outflows related to pension items are not included in the governmental fund activity	6,816,896
Deferred inflows related to pension items are not included in the governmental fund activity	(6,028,867)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB items are not included in the governmental fund activity	363,692
Deferred inflows related to OPEB items are not included in the governmental fund activity	(815,261)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.	(12,269)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.	568,789
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 347,074,432

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Special I	Revenue Funds		Capital Pro	jects Fu	nds
	Genera			Grants Special	Improve	eral Capital ements Capital jects Fund	Streets	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	19,197,868	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Assessments		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		3,138,451		-		136,004		-
Intergovernmental		12,629,880		1,232,972		-		3,268,099
Charges for services		1,824,188		-		-		-
Use of money and property		465,704		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		799,788		-		-		-
Contributions		1,590		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		394,089		165,300				-
Total Revenues		38,451,558		1,398,272		136,004		3,268,099
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		8,076,452		-		-		-
Public safety		18,749,531		-		-		-
Economic development		445,267		-		82,333		-
Culture and recreation		909,297		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		26,030
Community enhancements		3,024,578		873,060		-		15,464
Capital outlay		55,413		-		-		10,234,978
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,583,049		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		184,839						-
Total Expenditures		35,028,426		873,060		82,333		10,276,472
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,423,132		525,212		53,671		(7,008,373)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		95,433		2,386		-		10,756,655
Transfers out		(477,000)		(456,085)		-		(16,106)
Loan issued		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								-
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		(381,567)	•	(453,699)				10,740,549
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,041,565		71,513		53,671		3,732,176
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		8,890,826		234,118		3,946,574	-	(380,518)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	11,932,391	\$	305,631	\$	4,000,245	\$	3,351,658

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Othe Governm Fund	ental	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	19,197,868
Assessments		19,465		19,465
Licenses and permits		265,661		3,540,116
Intergovernmental		8,196,303		25,327,254
Charges for services		5,901,865		7,726,053
Use of money and property		(154,072)		311,632
Fines and forfeitures		466,032		1,265,820
Contributions		2,826		4,416
Miscellaneous	-	132,102		691,491
Total Revenues	1	4,830,182		58,084,115
Expenditures:				
Current:		0.560		0.006.004
General government		9,569		8,086,021
Public safety		1,492,614 48,713		20,242,145 576,313
Economic development Culture and recreation		52,643		961,940
Public ways and facilities		6,322,251		6,348,281
Community enhancements		226,578		4,139,680
Capital outlay		404,765		10,695,156
Debt service:		404,700		10,000,100
Principal retirement		_		3,583,049
Interest and fiscal charges	-			184,839
Total Expenditures		8,557,133		54,817,424
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		6,273,049		3,266,691
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in		573,842		11,428,316
Transfers out	(1	0,479,125)		(11,428,316)
Loan issued		396,601		396,601
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	150,676		150,676
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)		9,358,006)		547,277
Net Change in Fund Balances	((3,084,957)		3,813,968
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	2	2,738,319		35,429,319
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1	9,653,362	\$	39,243,287

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,813,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,695,156 (12,660,792) (150,676) 123,409	(1,992,903)
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Loan issued Loan repayments	(396,601) 3,583,049	3,186,448
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		52,931
Certain long-term liabilities were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, long-term liabilities were not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These amounts represented the changes in those long-term liabilities: Changes in compensated absences	(38,789)	
Changes in claims payable	(308,824)	(347,613)
Pension expenses recognized in accordance with GASB 68 not recognized in the governmental fund activity.		6,825,985
OPEB expenses recognized in accordance with GASB 75 not recognized in the governmental fund activity.		222,404
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		(44,775)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,716,445

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	S	olid Waste
Assets:		
Current: Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,205,475
Receivables:	Ψ	1,200,170
Accounts		188,883
Interest		2,315
Prepaid costs		883
Total Current Assets		1,397,556
Noncurrent:		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		350,082
Net OPEB asset		869
Total Noncurrent Assets		350,951
Total Assets		1,748,507
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension related items		87,718
OPEB related items		2,948
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		90,666
Liabilities: Current:		
Accounts payable		43,946
Accrued liabilities		9,305
Due to other governments		48,523
Total Current Liabilities		101,774
Noncurrent:		
Net pension liability		125,558
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		125,558
Total Liabilities		227,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension related items		123,489
OPEB related items		6,608
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		130,097
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets		350,082
Unrestricted		1,131,662
Total Net Position	\$	1,481,744

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	S	olid Waste
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	1,092,589 58,444
Total Operating Revenues		1,151,033
Operating Expenses: Salaries and benefits Professional services Materials and supplies General and adminstative expenses Depreciation expense		236,936 135,847 182,822 224,544 7,874
Total Operating Expenses		788,023
Operating Income		363,010
Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: Investment earnings		(14,530)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		(14,530)
Changes in Net Position		348,480
Net Position:		
Beginning of Year		1,133,264
End of Fiscal Year	\$	1,481,744

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Sc	olid Waste
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Ф	4 077 700
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,077,788
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(267,230)
Cash paid to employees for services		(507,301)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		303,257
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment earnings		(16,126)
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities		(16,126)
Net Increase in Cash		
and Cash Equivalents		287,131
		040.044
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		918,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,205,475
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income	\$	363,010
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		7,874
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(73,851)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		606
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		(883)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		31,440
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		9,305
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		11,577
Increase (decrease) in pension and related items		(43,805)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB and related items		(2,016)
Total Adjustments		(59,753)
		(55,156)
Net Cash Provided by	e	202 257
Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	303,257

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,047
Total Assets	327,047
Net Position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	327,047
Total Net Position	\$ 327,047

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Custo	dial Funds
Additions: Intergovernmental	\$	734,337
Total Additions		734,337
Deductions: Contractual services		752,597
Total Deductions		752,597
Changes in Net Position		(18,260)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		345,307
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	327,047

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The City applies all GASB pronouncements to its activities. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Citrus Heights (City) was incorporated on January 1, 1997, under the laws and regulations of the State of California (State). The City operates under a City Council/Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police), highways and streets, solid waste, stormwater utility, public improvements, planning and zoning, building, animal services, transit, and general administration.

The City operates as a self-governing local government unit within the State. It has limited authority to levy taxes and has the authority to determine user fees for the services that it provides. The City's main funding sources include sales taxes, utility user tax, other intergovernmental revenue from state and federal sources, user fees, and federal and state financial assistance. All secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes, with the exception of tax assessments associated with lighting and landscaping special assessments, are paid to Sacramento County (County) as part of the revenue neutrality payment obligation through June 30, 2022. The financial statements do not reflect the amounts received on behalf of the City and retained by the County.

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, the City, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization, or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements would present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The City does not have any component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the nonfiduciary activities of the government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, while business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to the operating or capital requirements of a specific function or segment. All taxes and internally dedicated resources classified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and.
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

Qualitative factors are also considered in determining major programs as applicable.

The City reports the following major funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts
 for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in
 another fund. From this fund are paid the City's general operating expenditures, the fixed
 charges, and the capital costs that are not paid through other funds.
- Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund Accounts for CDBG grant funds used for low income housing loans for home repair projects, and non-profit public service activities.
- **General Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund** Accounts for funds collected and expended for the construction or purchase of public facilities and projects.
- Solid Waste Enterprise Fund Accounts for all administrative costs required for all solid waste activities.
- Streets Fund Accounts for all capital project expenditures for various street projects.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally or otherwise restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity. The Custodial Funds account for monies held for other governments and/or entities to which the City provides accounting and investing services, which none are held in trust. There are two custodial funds reported by the City, including a fund that collects fire development fees on behalf of the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District and a fund that collects transportation fees on behalf of the State.

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The accounting objectives of economic resources measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recorded in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized when the underlying sales transaction takes place. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) as well as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position, which serves as an indicator of financial position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities along with deferred outflows and inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statements, proprietary funds and private purpose trust funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Operating revenues in the fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund, including charges for services. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount, and available means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end, with the exception of grant revenues, sales tax and Transportation Development Act (TDA) revenues. Grant revenues are considered to be available if collected within 180 days and sales tax and TDA revenues are considered to be available if collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including the City's investments in LAIF, and U.S. Agency Obligations.

The City pools cash and investments from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, utility user taxes, intergovernmental subventions, interest earnings, expense reimbursements, and leases.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, utility user tax, and intergovernmental subventions since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available, such as property tax, are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. The City's experience is that all accounts receivable are collectible; therefore an allowance for doubtful accounts is unnecessary.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. See Note 9 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute current resources available for appropriation. The consumption method is used to recognize prepaid items.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date. The City policy has set the capitalization threshold at \$5,000 for non-infrastructure capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure capital assets.

Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental activity infrastructure assets were not capitalized; however, since then these assets have been valued at estimated historical cost.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Purchases of capital assets are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds and proceeds from sales of capital assets are reported as other financing sources. In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the cost of assets sold or retired, net of accumulated depreciation, is removed from the statement of net position in the year of sale or retirement and the resulting gain or loss on disposal is reported.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and improvements	5-50 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Network equipment/ phone system	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. These amounts will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) or an inflow of resources (revenue) until the earnings process is complete. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for grants and other revenues when the amounts meet the asset recognition criteria under GASB Statement No. 33 and were accrued as receivables, but the amounts were not received in the availability period. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources include amounts deferred related to the City's lease under GASB 87 as described in Note 5, the City's pension plan under GASB 68 as described in Note 11, and the City's OPEB plan under GASB 75 as described in Note 12.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue annual leave, long-term medical, holiday and compensatory time off benefits. City employees have vested interests in the amount of accrued time off, with the exception of long-term medical leave, and are paid at termination. Also, annually an employee may elect to be compensated for up to 40 hours of unused annual leave. However, this is contingent upon the employee using at least 40 hours of annual leave during the previous year and, the employee having a minimum balance of 80 annual leave hours after the payment. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements) and are currently payable. The City had no employee resignations or retirements for which compensated absences should be accrued in governmental funds at year-end. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity in government-wide and proprietary fund statements is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The net investment in capital assets for the City represents the balance of capital assets, net of depreciation since the City has no long-term liabilities outstanding.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in the following components:

Nonspendable Fund Balance -

 Assets that will never convert to cash (prepaid items and inventory) and assets that will not convert to cash soon enough to affect the current period (long-term notes or loans receivable).

Restricted Fund Balance -

- Resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by parties altogether outside the government (creditors, grantors, contributors and other governments).
- Resources that are subject to limitations imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (e.g., Gas Tax).

Committed Fund Balance -

- Self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period (encumbrances, economic contingencies and uncertainties).
- Limitation at the highest level of decision-making (Council) that requires formal action at the same level to remove. Council Resolution is required to be approved to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance -

- Resources constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Governmental fund amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed in other than the General Fund are automatically reported as assigned.
- Assigned amounts for specific purposes are determined and authorized by the City Manager. Use of assigned funds exceeding the City Manager's \$50,000 spending authority are approved as part of the budget or by Council Resolution.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance -

- Residual net resources.
- Total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus).
- Excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

See Note 8 for more information about the City's net position and fund balances.

Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Tax

The County of Sacramento (County) is responsible for the collection and allocation of property taxes. Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the full cash value of taxable property, plus other increases approved by the voters and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due, provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first day of September of each year. They become a lien on real property on March 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These taxes are paid in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, cost, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due. Any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer. Additional tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payments and delinquent dates, but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill. Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on March 1, and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

The City participates in an alternative method of distribution of property tax levies and assessments known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allow counties to distribute secured real property, assessment, and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to cities each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and penalties and interest during a fiscal year will revert to Sacramento County. The Teeter Plan payment, which includes 95% of the outstanding accumulated delinquency, is

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

included in property tax revenue retained by Sacramento County under the revenue neutrality agreement. Under the Teeter Plan Code, 5% of the delinquency must remain with the County as a reserve for Teeter Plan funding.

Interfund Transfers

Resources are reallocated between funds by reporting them as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers within individual governmental funds have been eliminated. See Note 9 for more information about the City's interfund transfers.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net pension liability.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund, Solid Waste Fund and any non-major special revenue funds that have contributions expense are used to liquidate the net OPEB asset.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Joint Power Authorities or Jointly Governed Organizations

The City of Citrus Heights is a member of several Joint Powers Agencies (JPA) and/or jointly managed agencies, including:

Agency Name	Purpose
Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District	Monitors and enforces air quality requirements
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District	Waste water conveyance, treatment and disposal
Sacramento Area Sewer District	Sewer service
Sacramento Transportation Authority	Administration of transportation projects
Sacramento Area Council of Governments	Regional planning (primarily transportation)

Funding, if any, for each of these agencies from the City is based on annual appropriations. The City has no continuing financial liability and does not expect any financial burden from its participation in any of these agencies. Separate financial statements of the JPA's can be obtained by contacting the individual agencies.

New GASB Pronouncements

<u>Current Year Standards</u> – In fiscal year 2022, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability, and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2022, the City's pooled cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Government-Wide Statements of Net Position	
Governmental Activities	\$ 44,227,366
Business-Type Activities	1,205,475
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	327,047
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 45,759,888

Cash and investments are categorized as follows under GASB Statement No. 40:

Cash on hand	\$ 4,600
Deposits with financial institutions	2,282,705
Total Cash and Deposits	2,287,305
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	43,472,583
Total Investments	43,472,583
Total Cash and Deposits	\$ 45,759,888

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value. California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	N/A	None	None
Local agency bonds	5 years	N/A	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	N/A	40%	10%
High grade commercial paper	270 days	AAA	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	Α	15%	3%
Medium-term corporate notes	5 years	Α	30%	10%
Mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	90 days	AAA	20%	10%
Repurchase agreements	1 year	Α	20%	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	92 days	Α	20% of base value	None
LAIF	N/A	N/A	\$50,000,000	None

The City complied with the provisions of California Government Code pertaining to the types of investments held, institutions in which deposits were made and security requirements. The City will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposures to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 5 years. As of June 30, 2022, the weighted average maturity of investments was 12 months or less.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market rate interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Maturities as of Year-end			
	•	12 months	13-24	25-60
Type of Investment	Total	or Less	Months	Months
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43,472,583	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 43,472,583	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

	Ratings as of Year-end			
Type of Investment	Total	AAA	AA+	Unrated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,472,583
Total	\$ 43,472,583	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,472,583

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. At June 30, 2022 the City did not hold investments in any one issuer, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools that represent more than 5% of the City's investment portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit).

The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,282,705 and the balance in financial institutions was \$2,404,226. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,154,226 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment in LAIF

LAIF is stated at fair value. LAIF is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$43,472,583 and is managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 1.88 percent was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The weighted average maturity of investments held by LAIF was 311 days at June 30, 2022.

Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Uncategorized – Investments in the Local Agency Investment Funds/State Investment Pools (LAIF) are not measured using the input levels above because the City's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance of LAIF is available for withdrawal on demand.

As of June 30, 2022, 100% of the City's investments were invested in LAIF with a reported balance of \$43,472,583.

Note 3: Loans and Notes Receivable

Through the City's various housing rehabilitation funds and first-time home buyer's funds, the City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals and businesses. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. Accrued interest receivable on the loans totaled \$386,743 at year-end. The City also has loans receivable from employees for computer purchases in the General Fund.

Governmental activities loans and notes receivable consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		Enaing						Enaing
	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Ad	dditions	D	eletions	Jui	ne 30, 2022
General Fund	\$	14,478	\$	-	\$	8,327	\$	6,151
Home Program Grants Special Revenue Fund		2,701,495		28,077		107,103		2,622,469
CDBG Special Revenue Fund		1,319,707		9,771		165,300		1,164,178
Housing Agency Fund		1,434,665		-		-		1,434,665
Total Loans/Notes Receivable	\$	5,470,345	\$	37,848	\$	280,730	\$	5,227,463

Note 3: Loans and Notes Receivable (Continued)

The following is a summary of the loans and notes receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

General Fund – These loans are for employees to purchase computers for personal use as a benefit provided by the City, loans are provided on a two-year amortization schedule and do not bear interest. The balance of these loans at June 30, 2022, was \$6,151.

HOME Program Grants Special Revenue Fund – The City made various loans to qualifying participants within the City that are reported in this fund under the following programs:

Federal First Time Home Buyers Program (HOME) - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The loan principal may be assumed by another qualifying borrower or must be returned to the City if a nonqualifying buyer purchases the related property. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% at year-end and the loans mature through 2044. The HOME notes receivable balance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,608,342.

HUD Economic Development Initiative Grants - Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan and interest is deferred until the loan is refinanced or title to the property changes. The interest rates were 3% at year-end. The down payment assistance notes receivable at June 30, 2022 were \$14,127.

Total HOME Program Grant Special Revenue Fund loans totaled \$2,622,469, of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the full amount.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund — The City participates in a CDBG Revolving loan program. The program is federally funded and provides housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. The City makes loans to resident homeowners who qualify as low income, some of which are deferred and are not repaid until the title to the property changes. Interest rates range from 0% to 3% at year-end and mature through 2048. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$1,164,178 of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the full amount.

Housing Agency Fund – The City took over maintenance of loans receivable during the year ended June 30, 2016, for Low and Moderate-income Housing that were previously reported in the Successor Agency Housing Fund. The City provides home rehabilitation loans to eligible low and moderate-income borrowers. Interest on certain loans may be waived by the City if the loan remains outstanding for the full term; therefore, interest income is recorded when received. Interest rates ranged from 0% to 3% and loans mature through 2044. The balance of these loans outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$1,434,665, of which, an allowance on uncollectible loans was set up for the \$234,665.

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 15,098,544	\$ 351,702	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,450,246
Art	103,650	-	-	-	103,650
Construction in Progress	2,602,408	8,392,852		(420,321)	10,574,939
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,804,602	8,744,554		(420,321)	26,128,835
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	41,275,495	51,741	-		41,327,236
Infrastructure and land improvements	581,358,726	1,719,547	-	420,321	583,498,594
Machinery and equipment	9,749,066	179,314	(405,656)		9,522,724
Total capital assets, being depreciated	632,383,287	1,950,602	(405,656)	420,321	634,348,554
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(23,577,484)	(428, 347)	-	-	(24,005,831)
Infrastructure and land improvements	(299, 135, 515)	(11,673,001)	-	-	(310,808,516)
Machinery and equipment	(7,989,349)	(559,444)	378,389		(8,170,404)
Total accumulated depreciation	(330,702,348)	(12,660,792)	378,389		(342,984,751)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	301,680,939	(10,710,190)	(27,267)	420,321	291,363,803
Total capital assets, net	\$ 319,485,541	\$ (1,965,636)	\$ (27,267)	\$ -	\$ 317,492,638

	_	Balance e 30, 2021	Ac	dditions	Dele	tions	Balance e 30, 2022
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	_\$	393,675	\$		_\$	-	\$ 393,675
Total capital assets being depreciated		393,675					393,675
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(35,719)		(7,874)		-	(43,593)
Total accumulated depreciation		(35,719)		(7,874)		_	 (43,593)
Total capital assets, net	\$	357,956	\$	(7,874)	\$	-	\$ 350,082

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$	506,360
Public safety		478,307
Public ways and facilities	1	1,653,985
Culture and recreation		22,140
Total Governmental Activites	\$ 1	2,660,792
Solid waste	\$	7,874
Total Business-Type Activites	\$	7,874

Note 5: Lease Receivable

The City is reporting Lease Receivable of \$3,984,512 at June 30, 2022. For 2022, the City reported lease revenue of \$337,238 and interest revenue of \$180,215 related to lease payments received.

The principal and interest payments that are expected to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	Principal			Interest						
Fiscal Year	Р	ayments		Payments	Tota	al Payments				
2023	\$	78,846	\$	177,763	\$	256,609				
2024		126,494		173,242		299,736				
2025		177,478		166,509		343,987				
2026		231,933		157,411		389,344				
2027		290,047		145,787		435,834				
2028		352,018		131,469		483,487				
2029		418,052		114,279		532,331				
2030		488,366		94,030		582,396				
2031		563,189		70,525		633,714				
2032		639,009		43,556		682,565				
2033		619,080		14,016		633,096				

Dignity Health Lease - On February 14, 2017, the City entered into a fifteen-and-1/2-year lease agreement with the Dignity Health Medical Foundation for the lease of land to place a medical building for the operation of hospital outpatient services and other medical and ancillary uses for the residents of the City and surrounding areas. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments through 2033 and will collect \$78,846 in principal and \$177,763 in interest during fiscal year 2023. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement.

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance ne 30, 2021	 additions	Retirements	_	Balance e 30, 2022	 e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:		 				
Line of credit	\$ 3,520,001	\$ -	\$ (3,520,001)	\$	-	\$ -
Equipment loan	271,099	-	(63,048)		208,051	66,099
Streetlight Retrofit		396,601			396,601	15,947
	\$ 3,791,100	\$ 396,601	\$ (3,583,049)	\$	604,652	\$ 82,046

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

On November 29, 2018, the City executed the 2018 Lease Revenue Credit Facility financing in the amount of \$12,000,000 which included a revolving credit agreement, site lease, facilities sublease and assignment agreement. The revolving line of credit funds may be utilized to fund certain capital improvements and operating expenditures until the City receives its share of property tax revenue from Sacramento County in Fiscal Year 2022-23 under the terms of the 1997 Revenue Neutrality Agreement described in Note 13. The revolving line of credit bears interest ranging from 4.40% to 6.09%. Interest payments on any funds drawn from the line of credit will be due on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2019. Payment of outstanding principal is due on September 1, 2024 at which time the line of credit will be repaid in full. The City has the option to repay all or a portion of the funds it has drawn beginning March 1, 2021 with no prepayment penalty. The City's drawdown of funds during fiscal year 2019-20 was used to purchase the Sylvan Middle School property, which is being marketed for redevelopment and currently reported as land held for resale. The loan is paid in full at June 30, 2022.

On July 20,2020, the City executed the equipment loan in the amount of \$347,268. The funds were used to purchase audio video equipment for use in the City's Community Center. The loan bears interest of 4.84%. Payments of principal and interest are due annually in July. The final annual payment is due July 20, 2024. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$208,051.

The annual debt services requirements at June 30, 2022, on the equipment loan are as follows:

		Audio Video Equipment Loan								
Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		Principal Interest			Total			
2023	\$	66,099	\$	10,070	\$	76,169				
2024		69,299		6,870		76,169				
2025		72,653		3,516		76,169				
Totals	\$	208,051	\$	20,456	\$	228,507				

On December 30, 2021, the City executed the Energy Conservation Assistance Act Loan Agreement in the amount of \$396,601 to replace existing street lights with energy efficient materials and implement energy efficiency measures, including replacing the palm uplights on Sunrise Blvd in the Sunrise MarketPlace. The loan bears interest of 1%. Payments of principal and interest are due June 22 and December 22 of each year beginning December 22, 2022. The final annual payment is due December 22, 2041. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, is \$396,601.

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The annual debt services requirements at June 30, 2022, on the Streetlight Retrofit loan are as follows:

		Streetlight Retrofit Loan								
Year Ending June 30,	_ P	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total				
2023	\$	15,947	\$	7,209	\$	23,156				
2024		19,387		3,768		23,155				
2025		19,592		3,564		23,156				
2026		19,788		3,368		23,156				
2027		19,986		3,169		23,155				
2028-2032		102,965		12,814		115,779				
2033-2037		108,241		7,538		115,779				
2038-2041		90,695		2,057		92,752				
Totals	\$	396,601	\$	43,487	\$	440,088				

Note 7: Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of changes in the City's compensated absences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2022		Current Portion	
Governmental Activities	\$	1,696,651	\$	1,667,296	\$	1,628,507	\$	1,735,440	\$	1,419,891
Total	\$	1,696,651	\$	1,667,296	\$	1,628,507	\$	1,735,440	\$	1,419,891

Note 8: Fund Balances

Nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

		Major					
Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	CDBG Grants	General Capital Improvements	Streets	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total	
Nonspendable:	General Fund	CDDG Grants	Improvements		1 unus	Total	
Loans and notes receivable	\$ 6,151	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,151	
Prepaid items	54,708	Φ -	Φ -	φ -	φ - 8,083	62,791	
·	4,000	-	-	-	0,003	4,000	
Deposits			<u>-</u>		8,083		
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	64,859				8,083	72,942	
Restricted for:							
Donations for projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Stormwater maintenance	-	-	-	-	2,920,941	2,920,941	
Streets, roads and park projects	-	-	3,440,097	3,351,658	6,714,197	13,505,952	
Assessment district maintenance	-	-	-	-	1,213,193	1,213,193	
Police activities	-	-	-	-	1,167,186	1,167,186	
Housing projects	-	305,631	-	-	6,060,172	6,365,803	
Pedestrian and bicycle facilities	-	-	-	-	222,709	222,709	
Transit program	-	-	-	-	270,173	270,173	
Tree mitigation	_	-	-	_	202,283	202,283	
Total Restricted Fund Balances	-	305,631	3,440,097	3,351,658	18,770,854	25,868,240	
Committed to:							
Insurance	300,000	_	_	_	_	300,000	
Petty Cash	2,600	_	_	_	_	2,600	
Revenue stabilization	4,184,378	_	_	_	_	4,184,378	
Total Committed Fund Balances	4,486,978					4,486,978	
	.,,					.,	
Assigned to:							
Capital improvements and equipment							
replacement	-	-	560,148	-	906,853	1,467,001	
	-		560,148		906,853	1,467,001	
Unassigned in:							
General Fund	7,380,554	_	_	_	_	7,380,554	
Special Revenue Funds	- 1,000,004	_	_	_	(32,428)	(32,428)	
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	7,380,554	_	_	_	(32,428)	7,348,126	
Total Grassigned Fund Balances	1,000,004				(02,420)	1,040,120	
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 11,932,391	\$ 305,631	\$ 4,000,245	\$ 3,351,658	\$ 19,653,362	\$ 39,243,287	

Note 8: Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonspendable

- Loans and notes receivable used to segregate that portion of fund balance to indicate that long-term loans or notes receivable do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets. Only loans and notes not deferred are reported in this category.
- Prepaid items used to indicate that prepaid amounts do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets.
- **Deposits** used to indicate that deposits receivable do not represent available, spendable resources, even though they are components of assets.

Restricted

- HOME Program Grants represents amounts restricted for housing under the HOME program.
- **CDBG Grants** represents amounts restricted for housing purposes by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Housing Agency represents assets of the former redevelopment agency that are restricted for low and moderate-income housing.
- Code Enforcement represents amounts restricted for the rental housing inspection program.
- Gas Tax represents amounts restricted for street maintenance and construction by the State excise Gas Tax.
- Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation represents amounts restricted for use by the Road Repair Accountability Act SB1.
- Stormwater Utility Tax represents parcel tax revenue restricted for stormwater drainage activities.
- Road Maintenance represents amounts restricted for streets and road maintenance by the Department of Transportation.
- Transit represents transit revenues restricted for transit activities.
- **Transportation Development Act** represents amounts restricted for use by the Transportation Development Act for transportation, including pedestrian and bicycle.
- Police represents police revenues restricted to fund programs to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.
- Police Grants represents police grants revenues restricted for police programs and activities.

Note 8: Fund Balances (Continued)

- Property Based Improvement District represents special assessments on Sunrise Market Place businesses for marketing expenditures and special assessments on homeowners for lighting and landscaping and other expenses.
- Roadway Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for roadway development.
- Housing Mitigation Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for housing mitigation development.
- **Tree Mitigation Fees** represents impact fees restricted for tree mitigation.
- Park Facilities Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for park facilities development.
- Transit Development Fees represents impact fees restricted for transit development.
- Assessment District Funds represents special assessments restricted to assessment district activities.
- Police Donations represents donations received restricted to police K-9 and other programs.
- Measure A Construction represents funds received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority restricted for construction, upgrade and improvement of the City's roadways.

Committed

General Fund Reserve – used to represent that portion of fund balance committed for unexpected events that may impact the City's ability to provide essential day-to-day services. The attached table lists specific amounts committed by the City Council. The revenue stabilization commitment amount may only be used if there is a revenue shortfall of 10% of budgeted revenues. This amount can only be changed by Council Resolution.

Assigned

The fund balances of the General Capital Improvements Fund and Community Capital Replacement Fund are assigned to various equipment and public improvement projects.

The City's policy is to use restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources, in that order, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Note 9: Interfund Transactions

a. Due to and due from other funds

Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	 Amount
General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds		\$ 113,148
	CDBG Grants Special Revenue Fund	115,393
		\$ 228,541

This balance resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur. All interfund receivables are expected to be paid back within the next fiscal year.

b. Interfund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers Out Transfers In		Amount		
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	477,000		
CDBG Grants Special Revenue	Streets Capital Projects Fund		359,243		
CDBG Grants Special Revenue	Non-Major Governmental Funds		96,842		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund		79,327		
Streets Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		16,106		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	CDBG Grants Special Revenue		2,386		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Streets Capital Projects Fund	1	0,397,412		
		\$ 1	1,428,316		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) subsidize operating losses. The majority of transfers were from city revenue funds to cover the costs of the City's capital projects. Transfers into the general fund were reimbursements of unused funds.

Note 10: Risk Management

The City is a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California (PARSAC), for liability and workers' compensation risk coverage. The liability program includes coverage for general liability, property, bond and employment practices. PARSAC is a statewide joint powers authority providing risk sharing services to California public entities that provide a municipal service. The City pays an annual premium to PARSAC for its risk coverage and purchases commercial insurance for claims exceeding PARSAC limits.

Note 10: Risk Management (Continued)

The City's insurance coverage for liability and workers' compensation provided through membership in PARSAC are as follows:

Amount			Coverage Provider	Payment Source	
General Liability Cla	aim	S			
\$0 -	- \$	100,000	Self-insured retention	City funds	
100,001 -	-	1,000,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
1,000,001 -	-	50,000,000	CSAC - Excess Insurance Authority	Shared risk pool	
50,000,001 -	-	statutory limits	Excess insurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		
Workers' Compensa	atic	on Claims			
\$0 -	- \$	100,000	Self-Insured retention	City funds	
100,001 -	-	500,000	Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California	Shared risk pool	
500,001 -	-	5,000,000	Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Pool	Shared risk pool	
5,000,001 -	-	50,000,000	Commercial reinsurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		
50,000,001 -	-	statutory limits	Excess insurance (purchased with CSAC-EIA)		

PARSAC is governed by a Board of Directors and member agencies are entitled to representation on the board. Upon termination of the joint powers authority agreements, all property of PARSAC would be returned to the respective parties that transferred the property to PARSAC and any surplus of funds and assets would be returned to the parties in proportion to actual balances of each entity. Complete financial information for PARSAC is available at 1525 Response Road, Sacramento, California 95815.

The City accrues a claims liability for probable losses under the self-insured retention amounts in the table above for the general liability and workers' compensation programs. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30 is dependent on future developments, the estimated claims liability is based upon information from the actuarial valuation reports. The liability is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors, and includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims. There are no claims that exceed insurance coverage and no significant changes or reductions in insurance coverage over the last three fiscal years. Costs relating to the litigation of claims are charged to expenditures as incurred. Claims are generally liquidated by the General Fund. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, fund balance of \$300,000 has been committed for self-insured general liability claims.

Changes in the liability and workers' compensation claims payable amounts during the year ended June 30. 2022, were as follows:

		Beginning	Cł	aims and nanges in	OI.	-i D-i-l	l	Ending		ount Due
	June 30, 2021		E	Estimates Claims Paid		June 30, 2022		Within One Year		
General Liability	\$	566,000	\$	404,820	\$	(57,172)	\$	913,648	\$	404,595
Workers' Compensation		1,370,000		468,879		(507,703)		1,331,176		513,041
Total Claims Payable	\$	1,936,000	\$	873,699	\$	(564,875)	\$	2,244,824	\$	917,636

Note 11: Pension Plans

a. General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan or PERFC) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). PERFC consists of a miscellaneous risk pool and a safety risk pool, which are comprised of the following rate plans:

- Miscellaneous Plan
- Miscellaneous Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan
- Safety Plan
- Safety Second Tier Plan
- PEPRA Safety Police Plan

Although one Plan exists, CalPERS provides the information separately for the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools and the information is presented separately below where available. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by

State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the 1959 Survivor Benefit level 4, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

The rate plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Rate Plan	Miscellaneous Second Tier Rate Plan	PEPRA Miscellaneous Rate Plan
Hire date	Prior to August 13, 2011	August 13, 2011 to December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement) Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution rates Required UAL payment	2.7% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 2.0% to 2.7% 8.00% 14.194% \$592,582	2.0% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 63 1.426% to 2.418% 7.00% 10.484% \$12,299	2.0% @ 62 5 years service monthly for life 52 - 67 1.0% to 2.5% 6.75% 7.732% \$6,821
	Safety Rate Plan	Safety Second Tier Rate Plan	PEPRA Safety Rate Plan
	Prior to August 13, 2011	August 13, 2011 to December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula (at full retirement) Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution rates Required UAL payment	3.0% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 3.00% 9.00% 23.674% \$ 482,504	3.0% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 55 2.40% to 3.00% 9.00% 20.585% \$ 28,635	2.7% @ 57 5 years service monthly for life 50 - 57 2.00% to 2.70% 13.00% 13.044% \$ 17,279

All rate plans except the PEPRA plans are closed to new members that are not already CalPERS participants. All miscellaneous rate plans are combined and reported below as the Miscellaneous Risk Pool and all safety rate plans are combined and reported below as the Safety Risk Pool.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the risk pools are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for each risk pool were as follows:

	Mis	scellaneous			
	Risk Pool Safety Risk Po		ty Risk Pool	Total	
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,524,519	\$	1,958,149	\$ 3,482,668

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each risk pool as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous Risk Pool Safety Risk Pool	\$	3,998,659 2,203,680	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	6,202,339	
Financial Statement Classification: Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$	6,076,781 125,558	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	6,202,339	

The City's net pension liability for each risk pool is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each risk pool is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each risk pool used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the risk pool relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool as of June 30, 2021 and 2022 for the measurement date as of the previous year-end were as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	
Measurement Date	Risk Pool	Risk Pool	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.227830%	0.133750%	0.361580%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.210590%	0.062790%	0.273380%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.017240%	-0.070960%	-0.088200%

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,321,597 for both risk pools combined. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each risk pool and combined from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool		Safety F	Risk Pool	Total		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,582,843	\$ -	\$ 1,965,298	\$ -	\$ 3,548,141	\$ -	
Differences between actual and expected experience	448,407		376,497	1,311,613	824,904	1,311,613	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Differences between the employer's contributions							
and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	-	442,149	18,787	907,976	18,787	1,350,125	
Change in employer's proportion	762,327	-	1,750,455	-	2,512,782	-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings							
on plan investments		3,490,618				3,490,618	
Total	\$ 2,793,577	\$ 3,932,767	\$ 4,111,037	\$ 2,219,589	\$ 6,904,614	\$ 6,152,356	
Financial Statement Classification:							
Governmental Activities					\$ 6,816,896	\$ 6,028,867	
Business-type Activities					87,718	123,489	
Total					\$ 6,904,614	\$ 6,152,356	

The \$3,548,141 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the risk pools will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Mi	Miscellaneous		Saftey Risk							
June 30		Risk Pool		Risk Pool		Risk Pool		Pool		Total	
2023	\$	(469,689)	\$	299,526	\$	(170,163)					
2024		(564,848)		105,081		(459,767)					
2025		(722,868)		(117,519)		(840,387)					
2026		(964,628)		(360,938)		(1,325,566)					
	\$	(2,722,033)	\$	(73,850)	\$	(2,795,883)					

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations for each risk pool was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

June 30, 2020

Measurement Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Asset Valuation Method

June 30, 2021

Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Level Percent of Payroll

Market Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50% Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.50% until

Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on Purchasing Power applies

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MO 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF C fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Subsequent Events

On November 15, 2021, the CalPERS Board of Administration selected a new asset allocation mix that will guide the fund's investment portfolio for the next four years, while at the same time retaining the reduction of discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%. Notable changes for employers include a decrease in median total employer contribution rates, from less than 1% in miscellaneous plans to a decrease of more than 2% in some safety plans. Contribution changes will take effect in fiscal year 2023-24 for public agencies.

Note 11: Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each risk pool, calculated using the discount rate for each risk pool, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	M	iscellaneous Risk Pool	Safety Risk Pool	 Total
1% Decrease		6.15%	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	10,803,611	\$ 9,928,188	\$ 20,731,799
Current Discount Rate		7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,998,659	\$ 2,203,680	\$ 6,202,339
1% Increase		8.15%	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	(1,626,897)	\$ (4,141,049)	\$ (5,767,946)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each risk pool's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

On June 22, 2017, the City Council approved an Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) retirement plan in the form of a Governmental Money Purchase Plan & Trust (the 401(a) Plan), which is a single employer defined contribution retirement plan. Eligible employees include the City's full-time executive management directors, who may participate at their employment date. The 401(a) Plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation and assets are invested in an IRC qualifying trust fund with VantageTrust, which holds assets for the benefit of participants.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the 401(a) Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. For each employee in the 401(a) Plan, the City is required to contribute a match 5% of the employee's annual salary to an individual employee account. Employees are mandated to contribute a minimum of 5% and up to 20% of their salary to the 401(a) Plan, subject to IRC contribution limits. Employees vest immediately in their own contributions and City contributions, as well as earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer and employee contributions made totaled \$41,695 each.

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit other post-employment healthcare benefit plan, the City of Citrus Heights Retiree Healthcare Plan (the Plan), is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS. The Plan provides access to lifetime healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Employees are eligible to participate in the

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Plan if they retire directly from the City under CalPERS at age 50 or above and with five years of CalPERS service (there is no minimum service requirement if retirement is due to a service-connected disability). The City does not provide dental, vision, life, or Medicare Part B reimbursement to retirees. The City Council has the authority under the California Government Code and City Municipal Code to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan subject to collective bargaining arrangements. The City participates in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund, which is administered by CalPERS. The CERBT is a tax-qualified irrevocable trust organized under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 to administer retiree healthcare benefits and collectively invest plan assets of all trust members. The CERBT issues publicly available financial statements that can be obtained from the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Benefits Provided

The City provides retiree medical benefits through the California Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The City pays the PEMHCA minimum contribution for active employees. For eligible retirees, the City contributes not less than 5% of the active employee contribution, multiplied by the number of years the City has participated in PEMHCA (the City joined PEMHCA in 1998). The City's active employee contributions were \$149 and \$143 per month and retiree contributions were \$149 and \$143 per month for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In May 2014, the Actuarial Standards Board released revisions to ASOP 6 requiring that the implied subsidy for claims in excess of premiums be valued for community rated plans such as PEMHCA.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	21
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	58
Active employees	179
Total	258

Contributions

The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and employees, subject to the City's Memorandum of Understanding with employee bargaining units. The City currently funds Plan benefits through the CERBT by contributing at least 100% of the actuarially determined contribution based on the active employee contributions described above. During the measurement period, the City contributed \$0 to the CERBT, which were recognized as reductions to the City's net OPEB asset.

Net OPEB Asset

The City's net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll Actuarial assumptions: Discount rate 6.75% Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 3.00%, aggregate Mortality, retirement, disability and termination Derived using CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study Society of Actuaries mortality improvement Scale MP-2018 Mortality improvement Healthcare cost trend rates Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2076 and later years Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate 4.04% in 2076 and later years

Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study dated December 2017 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of
Asset Class	CERBT- Strategy 1	Return
Global Equity	59.0%	4.42%
Fixed Income	25.0%	1.00%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.0%	0.15%
Commodities	3.0%	1.73%
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	8.0%	3.98%
Total	100.0%	
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.50%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return, Rounded		6.70%

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75% which was the same discount rate used in the previous valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

	Increase (Decrease)								
		Plan	Fiduciary Net	N	et OPEB				
Total	OPEB Liability		Position	Liab	ility/(Asset)				
\$	2,987,100	\$	2,668,733	\$	318,367				
	245,140		-		245,140				
	215,907		-		215,907				
	16,101		-		16,101				
	(101,261)		-		(101,261)				
	-		68,364		(68,364)				
	-		734,994		(734,994)				
	-		(1,011)		1,011				
	(68,364)		(68,364)						
	307,523		733,983		(426,460)				
\$	3,294,623	\$	3,402,716	\$	(108,093)				
				\$	(107,224)				
				T	(869)				
				\$	(108,093)				
		245,140 215,907 16,101 (101,261) - - (68,364) 307,523	Plan Total OPEB Liability \$ 2,987,100 \$ 245,140 215,907 16,101 (101,261) (68,364) 307,523	Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 2,987,100 \$ 2,668,733 245,140 - 215,907 - 16,101 - (101,261) - 68,364 - 734,994 - (1,011) (68,364) 307,523 733,983	Total OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position \$ 2,987,100 \$ 2,668,733 \$ 245,140 - 215,907 - 16,101 - (101,261) - 68,364 - 734,994 - (1,011) (68,364) (68,364) 307,523 733,983 \$ 3,294,623 \$ 3,402,716 \$				

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current							
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	6 Increase		
		5.75% 6.75%				7.75%		
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	306,488	\$	(108,093)	\$	(457,600)		

Note 12: Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(6.5%/5.5%	(7.5%/6.5%	(8.5%/7.5%
	decreasing to 3%)	decreasing to 4%)	decreasing to 5%)
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (526,538)	\$ (108,093)	\$ 407,344

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERBT financial report at www.calpers.ca.gov.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$127,583. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	352,003	\$ -
Changes in assumptions		-	148,197
Differences between expected and actual			
experience		14,637	280,613
Net differences between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments		-	393,059
Total	\$	366,640	\$ 821,869

The \$352,003 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	De	Deferred Inflows of						
June 30		Resources						
2022	\$	(143,491)						
2023		(139,504)						
2024		(141,663)						
2025		(158,501)						
2026		(47,525)						
Thereafter		(176,548)						
	\$	(807,232)						

Note 13: Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a party to claims and lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. The City's management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from these claims will not have material adverse impact on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City of Citrus Heights and the County of Sacramento entered into a revenue neutrality agreement pursuant to Government Code §56845, as a means of mitigating the financial impacts of the incorporation of the City in 1997 on the County's general fund. Currently all secured and unsecured ad valorem property taxes levied and collected pursuant to state law within the City's corporate limits, except landscaping and lighting special assessments, are retained by the County. The County will collect and retain the property taxes beginning January 1, 1997 through June 30, 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, property taxes retained by the County in accordance with the revenue neutrality agreement totaled \$6,521,191.

In 2011, the City purchased fifteen parcels in foreclosure along Sayonara Drive and demolished the buildings. Because affordable housing was demolished, a statutory requirement exists under the State of California Health & Safety Code, Redevelopment Law, Chapter 4, Article 9, Section 33413 to replace the affordable housing. The City must replace either 35 units or 70 bedrooms of affordable housing. The replacement requirement may be satisfied within or outside of the former redevelopment project area. The City is currently pursuing alternatives for replacement of the affordable housing. Options being considered include selling the property for fair market value and selling the property with an affordable housing requirement attached to the property. The parcels are reported as land held for resale in the Housing Agency Special Revenue Fund.

Contractual Commitments – The City had the following significant unexpended contractual commitments as of June 30, 2022:

Residential Street Resurfacing	\$ 3,041,877
Old Auburn Road Complete Streets	1,956,372
Total significant commitments	\$ 4,998,249

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	IIIIaI	Alliounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 17,649,600	\$ 18,598,600	\$ 19,197,868	\$ 599,268
Licenses and permits	1,630,200	2,833,500	3,138,451	304.951
Intergovernmental	12,399,026	13,422,476	12,629,880	(792,596)
Charges for services	1,862,942	1,829,842	1,824,188	(5,654)
Use of money and property	600,376	419,451	465,704	46,253
Fines and forfeitures	983,400	760,000	799,788	39,788
Contributions	10,000	1,000	1,590	590
Miscellaneous	66,900	200,900	394,089	193,189
Miscellaricous	00,300	200,300	034,003	133,103
Total Revenues	35,202,444	38,065,769	38,451,558	385,789
Expenditures:				
General government	8,000,939	8,850,026	8,076,452	773,574
Public safety	21,962,176	22,212,176	18,749,531	3,462,645
Economic development	602,447	554.749	445,267	109,482
Culture and recreation	752,165	1,068,665	909,297	159,368
Community enhancements	3,058,927	3,062,427	3,024,578	37,849
Capital outlay	7,081	7,081	55,413	(48,332)
Debt service:	1,001	7,001	00,110	(10,002)
Principal retirement	76,169	3,596,170	3,583,049	13,121
Interest and fiscal charges	332,845	332,845	184,839	148,006
•				
Total Expenditures	34,792,749	39,684,139	35,028,426	4,655,713
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	409,695	(1,618,370)	3,423,132	5,041,502
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	95,433	95,433
Transfers out	(487,000)	(487,000)	(477,000)	10,000
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	(487,000)	(487,000)	(381,567)	105,433
Net Change in Fund Balance	(77,305)	(2,105,370)	3,041,565	5,146,935
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,890,826	8,890,826	8,890,826	-
				E 440.005
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 8,813,521	\$ 6,785,456	\$ 11,932,391	\$ 5,146,935

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CDBG GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ori	Budget <i>F</i> ginal	Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	\$ 1,232,972 165,300	\$	332,972 165,300
Total Revenues		900,000		900,000	1,398,272		498,272
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements Capital outlay		741,459 379,040		1,233,319	873,060		360,259
Total Expenditures	1	,120,499		1,233,319	873,060		360,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(220,499)		(333,319)	525,212		858,531
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers out Transfers in		(743,478)		(743,478)	(456,085) 2,386		287,393 2,386
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(743,478)		(743,478)	 (453,699)		289,779
Net Change in Fund Balance		(963,977)		(1,076,797)	71,513		1,148,310
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		234,118		234,118	 234,118		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(729,859)	\$	(842,679)	\$ 305,631	\$	1,148,310

COST SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	2015	 2016	2017	 2018
Miscellaneous Rate Plan Rate Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06364%	0.07230%	0.07496%	0.07939%
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,959,792	\$ 4,962,609	\$ 6,486,625	\$ 7,873,259
Rate Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,143,034	\$ 7,437,222	\$ 8,102,528	\$ 8,017,935
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	55.44%	66.73%	80.06%	98.20%
Safety Rate Plan Rate Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05785%	0.05364%	0.05852%	0.06404%
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,599,860	\$ 3,681,807	\$ 5,064,060	\$ 6,351,188
Rate Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 7,239,564	\$ 7,350,834	\$ 7,921,496	\$ 8,247,151
Rate Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	49.72%	50.09%	63.93%	77.01%
<u>Total Plan</u> Plan Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.12149%	0.12594%	0.13349%	0.14343%
Plan Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,559,652	\$ 8,644,416	\$ 11,550,685	\$ 14,224,447
Plan Covered Payroll	\$ 14,382,598	\$ 14,788,056	\$ 16,024,024	\$ 16,265,086
Plan Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	52.56%	58.46%	72.08%	87.45%
The Pension Plan's (PERF-C) Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.82%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%

Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit Changes</u>: There were no changes to benefit terms. However, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the measurement dates. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: In 2021, there were no changes. In 2020, there were no changes. In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate in 2018. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amount reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

_				
	2019	2020	2021	2022
	0.07897%	0.08366%	0.08832%	0.07394%
\$	7,610,202	\$ 8,572,628	\$ 9,609,910	\$ 3,998,659
\$	7,889,233	\$ 8,319,602	\$ 8,715,322	\$ 8,169,066
	96.46%	103.04%	110.26%	48.95%
	0.06658%	0.07275%	0.08190%	0.04075%
\$	6,415,392	\$ 7,454,716	\$ 8,910,669	\$ 2,203,680
\$	8,354,763	\$ 7,715,475	\$ 8,420,924	\$ 7,542,123
	76.79%	96.62%	105.82%	29.22%
	0.14555%	0.15641%	0.17022%	0.11468%
\$	14,025,594	\$ 16,027,344	\$ 18,520,579	\$ 6,202,339
\$	16,243,996	\$ 16,035,077	\$ 17,136,246	\$ 15,711,189
	86.34%	99.95%	108.08%	39.48%
	75.26%	75.26%	75.10%	88.29%

COST SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	 2015	 2016	 2017	2018
Miscellaneous Rate Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,237,660 (1,237,660)	\$ 1,052,606 (1,052,606)	\$ 1,109,977 (1,109,977) -	\$ 1,127,777 (1,127,777) -
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,437,222	\$ 8,102,528	\$ 8,017,935	\$ 7,889,233
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.64%	12.99%	13.84%	14.30%
Safety Rate Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,937,578 (1,937,578)	\$ 1,460,317 (1,460,317)	\$ 1,605,543 (1,605,543)	\$ 1,675,225 (1,675,225)
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,350,834	\$ 7,921,496	\$ 8,247,151	\$ 8,354,763
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	26.36%	18.43%	19.47%	20.05%
Total Plan Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 3,175,238 (3,175,238)	\$ 2,512,923 (2,512,923)	\$ 2,715,520 (2,715,520)	\$ 2,803,002 (2,803,002)
Covered Payroll	\$ 14,788,056	\$ 16,024,024	\$ 16,265,086	\$ 16,243,996
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.47%	15.68%	16.70%	17.26%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, a summary of the current policy is provided in the table below:

		Source			
	(Gain)/Loss	Assumption/ Method		
Driver	Investment	Non-investment	Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake
Amortization Period	30 years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years
Escalation Rate					
- Active Plans	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%
- Inactive Plans	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0

Asset valuation method Direct rate smoothing

Inflation 2.50%
Payroll Growth 2.75%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00% (net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, includes inflation)

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

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The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

Retirement Age

_	2019		2020		2021	2022			
\$	1,259,805 (1,259,805)	\$	1,419,774 (1,419,774)	\$	1,524,519 (1,524,519)	\$	1,582,843 (1,582,843)		
Ψ	<u>-</u>	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ			
\$	8,319,602	\$	8,715,322	\$	8,169,066	\$	8,285,854		
	15.14%		16.29%		18.66%		19.10%		
\$	1,743,186 (1,743,186)	\$	1,782,277 (1,782,277)	\$	1,958,149 (1,958,149)	\$	1,965,298 (1,965,298)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
\$	7,715,475	\$	8,420,924	\$	7,542,123	\$	7,104,170		
	22.59%		21.16%		25.96%		27.66%		
\$	3,002,991 (3,002,991)	\$	3,202,051 (3,202,051)	\$	3,482,668 (3,482,668)	\$	3,548,141 (3,548,141)		
\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-		
\$	16,035,077	\$	17,136,246	\$	15,711,189	\$	15,390,024		
	18.73%		18.69%		22.17%		23.05%		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	205,006	\$	211,156	\$	217,491	\$	217,915	\$	245,140
Interest on the total OPEB liability		149,338		171,850		195,735		192,196		215,907
Actual and expected experience difference		-		-		(380,831)		-		(31,942)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		(43,330)		(29,367)		(15,583)
Actual and expected earnings difference		-		-		-		-		(105,999)
Benefit payments		(20,597)		(33,358)		(37,626)		(46,180)		(68,364)
Net change in total OPEB liability		333,747		349,648		(48,561)		334,564		239,159
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,017,702		2,351,449		2,701,097		2,652,536		2,987,100
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,351,449	\$	2,701,097	\$	2,652,536	\$	2,987,100	\$	3,226,259
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contribution - employer	\$	373,000	\$	378.000	\$	288,000	\$	_	\$	_
Net investment income		159.817		143,701		140.138		92.830		734.994
Benefit payments		(20,597)		(33,358)		(37,626)		(46,180)		(68,364)
Administrative expense		(837)		(3,288)		(479)		(1,282)		(1,011)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		511,383		485.055		390,033		45,368		665,619
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,236,894		1,748,277		2,233,332		2,623,365		2,668,733
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,748,277	\$	2,233,332	\$	2,623,365	\$	2,668,733	\$	3,334,352
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	603,172	\$	467,765	\$	29,171	\$	318,367	\$	(108,093)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		74.35%		82.68%		98.90%		89.34%		103.35%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,696,235	\$	18,764,996	\$	19,084,505	\$	19,487,524	\$	19,538,878
Net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.23%		2.49%		0.15%		1.63%		-0.55%

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Assumptions: In 2022 and 2021, no changes. In 2020, no changes. In 2019, Demographic assumptions were updated to CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study, and mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2018.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	378,000	\$	288,000	\$	296,000	\$	248,000	\$	255,000
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(378,000)	\$	(288,000)	\$	(296,000)	\$	(68,364) 179,636	\$	(352,003)
	_								<u></u>	(, , , , , ,
Covered-employee payroll	\$	18,764,996	\$	19,084,505	\$	19,487,524	\$	19,538,878	\$	16,163,096
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.01%		1.51%		1.52%		1.27%		1.58%

(1) Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 15-year average remaining fixed period for 2019/20

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and lossed spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% Inflation 2.75%

Medical Trend Non-Medicare – 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years

Medicare – 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years

Mortality Rate CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience

Study

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Budgetary Accounting

The City Council establishes budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except for certain Special Revenue Funds for which expenditures are controlled by grant funding or by assessments received. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level for these funds. Department heads submit budget requests to the City Manager. The City Manager prepares an estimate of revenues and prepares recommendations for the next year's budget. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council and is adopted by resolution by the City Council on or before June 30 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. Only the Council can authorize transfers between funds and approve inter-fund loans. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund without formal council action or approval.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. There were no material supplemental appropriations made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Budget information is presented for the General and budgeted Special Revenue Funds in the fund financial statements. The budget information is presented on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the following funds had no adopted annual budgets:

Housing Agency Fee Special Revenue Fund AD 98-02 Zone 3 Special Revenue Fund AD 03-01 Zone 3 Special Revenue Fund COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

HOME Program Grants - Accounts for HOME Program Grant funds used for low income housing activities.

Community Events – Accounts for funds received and expended for the City's community events.

Code Enforcement – Accounts for funds to be used on Code Enforcement for neighborhood enhancement activities.

Gas Tax – Accounts for State gas tax revenues used for street maintenance and construction.

Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation – Accounts for revenue and expenditures on deferred maintenance on local streets and road systems with State funds provided by the Road Repair and Accountability Act SB1.

Stormwater Utility Tax – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the administration and coordination of stormwater drainage activities as supported by a parcel tax.

Road Maintenance – Accounts for sales tax revenue collected in accordance with a voter approved special tax to be used for repairs and maintenance of streets.

Transit – Accounts for Transportation Development Act revenues restricted for the City's transportation needs.

Transportation Development Act – Accounts for Transportation Development Act monies received for road and sidewalk improvement purposes and transit related activities.

Police – Accounts for police revenues received that are restricted to fund programs designed to combat drug abuse and divert gang activity.

Police Grants – Accounts for police grants received that are restricted to fund specific police programs, including sobriety checkpoints, methamphetamine enforcement, stolen vehicles, children exposed to domestic violence and other programs.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES) – Accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with State funds provided as a match for the COPS Universal Hiring Grant.

Property Based Improvement District – Accounts for funds associated with the City's Property Based Improvement District.

Housing Agency – Accounts for the housing assets of the former redevelopment agency that are used for low and moderate income housing activities.

Roadway Development Fees – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

Housing Mitigation Development Fees – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

Tree Mitigation Fees – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Park Facilities Development Fees – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

Transit Development Fees – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with new development of infrastructure and low income housing.

Other Grants – Accounts for revenues and expenditures for miscellaneous state grants and programs.

Assessment Districts: Accounts for special assessments collected for the assessment districts below within the City limits for which the City is obligated to maintain. The Lighting Assessment District accounts for special assessments used for street lighting purposes. The remaining assessment districts were organized under the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 to account for special assessment used for street corridor landscape, open space maintenance and sound wall maintenance expenses.

- Assessment District 98-02 Zone 3
- Assessment District Zone 1
- Assessment District Zone 2
- Assessment District Zone 3
- Assessment District Zone 4
- Assessment District 98-01
- Assessment District 98-02
- Assessment District 03-01
- Assessment District 98-02, Zone 2
- Assessment District 03-01, Zone 2
- Assessment District 03-01, Zone 3
- Lighting Assessment District

Police Donations – Accounts for donations received for K-9 and other police activities and programs.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Measure A Construction – Accounts for Measure A revenues received from the Sacramento Transportation Authority that are restricted for expenditures associated with specific purposes, including construction, upgrade and improvements of the City's roadways.

Community Capital Replacement – Accounts for funds expended on various capital improvement and replacement projects, including vehicle replacement.

Streets Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for funds expended on various street capital improvement and paving projects, including an intersection improvements project and Old Auburn Bike Trail development.

Special Revenue Funds

		IE Program Grants	Er	Code nforcement		Gas Tax		Road enance and abilitation
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	806,706	\$	774,436	\$	826,827	\$	281,177
Receivables:	Ψ	000,700	Ψ	774,430	Ψ	020,021	Ψ	201,177
Accounts		-		316,724		296		-
Notes and loans		2,622,469		-		-		=
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		(2,622,468)		-		-		-
Interest Prepaid costs		1,459		970		1,638 447		2,516
Due from other governments		55,858		5,533		165.617		305,250
Land held for resale		-		-		100,017		505,250
	-	_	-	•		-		
Total Assets	\$	864,024	\$	1,097,663	\$	994,825	\$	588,943
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	34,544	\$	12.149	\$	108,675	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	-	Ψ	15,439	Ψ	10,960	Ψ	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		4,845		10,611		-
Due to other funds		21,324						
Total Liabilities		55,868		32,433		130,246		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues				295,320		296		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				295,320		296		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		447		-
Restricted		808,156		769,910		863,836		588,943
Assigned				-		-		-
Unassigned		-	-	-				-
Total Fund Balances		808,156		769,910		864,283		588,943
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	864,024	\$	1,097,663	\$	994,825	\$	588,943

(CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds

	Stormwater Utility Tax		Ma	Road aintenance		Transit	Transportation Development Act	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,842,682	\$	3,368,335	\$	20,267	\$	133,067
Receivables:	Ψ	2,012,002	Ψ	0,000,000	Ψ	20,207	Ψ	100,001
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		=		-		-		-
Interest		5,750		5,720		79		240
Prepaid costs		447		447		-		-
Due from other governments Land held for resale		409,697		-		70,434		-
Land field for resale								
Total Assets	\$	3,258,576	\$	3,374,502	\$	90,780	\$	133,307
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	285,956	\$	110,961	\$	12	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	9,159	*	9,429	*	4,583	Ψ	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		42,073		-		-		-
Due to other funds								
Total Liabilities		337,188		120,390		4,595		<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				<u>-</u>				
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		447		447		-		-
Restricted Assigned		2,920,941		3,253,665		86,185		133,307
Unassigned		_		-		_		-
Total Fund Balances		2,921,388		3,254,112		86,185		133,307
		,- ,- ,-						
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,258,576	\$	3,374,502	\$	90,780	\$	133,307

			Special Rev	venue Funds				
		Police	Police Grants		Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES)		Impr	erty Based rovement istrict
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,144,408	\$	_	\$	108,785	\$	9,680
Receivables:	·	, , ,	·		·	,	•	,,,,,,
Accounts Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest Prepaid costs		1,912		-		201		-
Due from other governments Land held for resale		14,995		73,280 -		<u>-</u>		- -
Total Assets	\$	1,161,315	\$	73,280	\$	108,986	\$	9,680
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	7,745	\$	8,368	\$	10,839	\$	-
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues		2,370		4,775		- 98,147		-
Due to other governments		-		741		-		9,680
Due to other funds				91,824				
Total Liabilities		10,115		105,708		108,986		9,680
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances: Nonspendable								
Restricted		1,151,200		_		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		<u> </u>		(32,428)	-		-	
Total Fund Balances		1,151,200		(32,428)				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	¢	1,161,315	\$	73,280	\$	108,986	\$	9,680
1100001000, una i una bulunoco	<u>Ψ</u>	1,101,010	Ψ	70,200		100,000		5,550

(CONTINUED)

		Special Revenue Funds										
	Housing Agency		Roadway Development Fees		Housing Mitigation Development Fees		Tree	Mitigation Fees				
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	31,182	\$	633,081	\$	377,989	\$	202 120				
Receivables:	Ф	31,182	Ф	033,081	Ф	377,989	Ф	203,139				
Accounts		-		32,209		-		-				
Notes and loans		1,434,665		-		-		-				
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		(234,665)		<u>-</u>				-				
Interest		-		1,155		679		369				
Prepaid costs Due from other governments		-		-		-		1,367				
Land held for resale		2,784,600		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Total Assets	\$	4,015,782	\$	666,445	\$	378,668	\$	204,875				
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	16,320	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,225				
Unearned revenues		-		-		=		-				
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-				
Due to other funds												
Total Liabilities				16,320				1,225				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenues				32,209	•	-		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				32,209								
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		-		-		-		1,367				
Restricted		4,015,782		617,916		378,668		202,283				
Assigned Unassigned						<u>-</u>						
Total Fund Balances		4,015,782		617,916		378,668		203,650				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,015,782	\$	666,445	\$	378,668	\$	204,875				

		Special Revenue Funds							
		rk Facilities velopment Fees	Transit Development Fees		Other Grants		AD 98	3-02 Zone 3	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	222,309	\$	183,661	\$	104,078	\$	21,266	
Receivables:	Ψ	222,303	Ψ	,	Ψ	104,070	Ψ	21,200	
Accounts Notes and loans		-		6,908		-		-	
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-	
Interest		400		327		-		37	
Prepaid costs Due from other governments Land held for resale		- - -		- - -		87,619 -		- - -	
Total Assets	\$	222,709	\$	190,896	\$	191,697	\$	21,303	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16,033	\$	543	
Accrued liabilities	*	-	*	-	*	-	*	-	
Unearned revenues Due to other governments		-		-		175,664 -		- 15	
Due to other funds									
Total Liabilities						191,697		558	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		_		6,908				<u>-</u>	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				6,908					
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 222,709 -		- 183,988 -		- - -		- 20,745	
Unassigned									
Total Fund Balances		222,709		183,988				20,745	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	222,709	\$	190,896	\$	191,697	\$	21,303	
, 		_,		,		,	<u> </u>	-,	

(CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds

	Assessment District Zone 1		Assessment District Zone 2		Assessment District Zone 3		Assessment District Zone 4	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	28,829	\$	70,895	\$	671	\$	1.671
Receivables:	•	,	*	,	*		•	.,
Accounts Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest		52		130		-		-
Prepaid costs Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	28,881	\$	71,025	\$	671	\$	1,671
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	489	\$	626	\$	709
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		962
Due to other funds		-		-	-	-		-
Total Liabilities				489		626		1,671
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		_		_				
Onavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		.		_		-		-
Restricted Assigned		28,881		70,536		45		-
Unassigned		<u>-</u>						
Total Fund Balances		28,881		70,536		45		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	28,881	\$	71,025	\$	671	\$	1,671

Special Revenue Funds	S	pecial	Revenue	Funds
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	Assessment District 98-01		Assessment District 98-02		Assessment District 03-01		Assessment District 98-02 Zone 2	
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	141,400	\$	69,629	\$	841,928	\$	35,531
Receivables:	·	,	ř	,-	·	,- ,-	·	,
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest		255		125		1,593		62
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		<u> </u>						
Total Assets	\$	141,655	\$	69,754	\$	843,521	\$	35,593
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	426	\$	1,172	\$	2,495	\$	519
Accrued liabilities	•	-	·	, -	·	-	•	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		315		<u> </u>		15,242 		-
Total Liabilities		741		1,172		17,737		519
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		140,914		68,582		825,784		35,074
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances		140,914		68,582		825,784		35,074
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	¢	444.655	¢	60.754	¢	042 524	¢	25 502
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	141,655	\$	69,754	\$	843,521	\$	35,593

(CONTINUED)

Special	Revenue	Funds
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	Dist	Assessment District 03-01 Zone 2		Lighting Assessment District		Police Donations		sessment rict 03-01 Zone 3
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	23,732	\$	69,031	\$	15,986	\$	87,524
Receivables:	Ψ	20,702	Ψ	00,001	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	07,024
Accounts		_		3,598		-		_
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Interest		53		-		-		132
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale			-				-	
Total Assets	\$	23,785	\$	72,629	\$	15,986	\$	87,656
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	918	\$	27,194	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		190 -		41,837		- -		-
Total Liabilities		1,108		69,031				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		-		3,598	-	-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>-</u>		3,598				
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		22,677		-		15,986		87,656
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		
Unassigned		<u>-</u>						
Total Fund Balances		22,677				15,986		87,656
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	23,785	\$	72,629	\$	15,986	\$	87,656

		Capital Pro	jects Fı	unds		
	Measure A Construction			ommunity Capital placement		otal Other overnmental Funds
Assets:		4 000 700	_	0.15.750	_	45.005.444
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	1,289,792	\$	915,750	\$	15,685,444
Accounts		_		_		359,735
Notes and loans		-		-		4,057,134
Allowance on uncollectible notes and loans		-		-		(2,857,133)
Interest		2,296		-		28,150
Prepaid costs		5,375		-		8,083
Due from other governments		-		-		1,188,283
Land held for resale				-		2,784,600
Total Assets	\$	1,297,463	\$	915,750	\$	21,254,296
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	35,603	\$	8,897	\$	692,418
Accrued liabilities		-		-		56,715
Unearned revenues		-		-		273,811
Due to other governments Due to other funds		-		-		126,511 113,148
	-					110,140
Total Liabilities		35,603		8,897		1,262,603
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues						338,331
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						338,331
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		5,375		_		8,083
Restricted		1,256,485		-		18,770,854
Assigned		-		906,853		906,853
Unassigned						(32,428)
Total Fund Balances		1,261,860		906,853		19,653,362
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances		1,297,463	\$	915,750	\$	21,254,296

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	Special Revenue Funds								
	HOME Program Grants	Community Events	Code Enforcement	Gas Tax					
Revenues:			•	•					
Assessments Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental	55,879	-	-	2,105,730					
Charges for services	-	-	738,400	2,103,730					
Use of money and property	(8,981)	-	(6,017)	(9,684)					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-					
Contributions	-	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous	107,103								
Total Revenues	154,001		732,383	2,096,046					
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	671,916	-					
Economic development	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	1,532,926					
Community enhancements	56,559	-	-	1,552,920					
Capital outlay	-	-	_	57,000					
. ,									
Total Expenditures	56,559		671,916	1,589,926					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	97,442		60,467	506,120					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	_	-	59,500	-					
Transfers out	-	(81,713)	-	(575,091)					
Loans issued	-	-	-	-					
Proceeds from sale of capital asset									
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)		(81,713)	59,500	(575,091)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	97,442	(81,713)	119,967	(68,971)					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	710,714	81,713	649,943	933,254					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 808,156	\$ -	\$ 769,910	\$ 864,283					

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation	Stormwater Utility Tax	Road Maintenance	Transit					
Revenues:				•					
Assessments Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 19,465	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental	1,768,222	-	2,715,221	7,539					
Charges for services	-	3,965,879	-	349,164					
Use of money and property	(14,197)	(33,456)	(35,580)	(492)					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-					
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	- 44 007	-	-					
Miscellaneous		11,287							
Total Revenues	1,754,025	3,963,175	2,679,641	356,211					
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Economic development Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-					
Public ways and facilities	-	2,313,148	1,331,021	234,610					
Community enhancements	-	_,0 ,	-						
Capital outlay									
Total Expenditures		2,313,148	1,331,021	234,610					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,754,025	1,650,027	1,348,620	121,601					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Transfers out	(4,389,471)	(3,381,963)	(273,517)	-					
Loans issued	-	-	-	-					
Proceeds from sale of capital asset									
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)	(4,389,471)	(3,381,963)	(273,517)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,635,446)	(1,731,936)	1,075,103	121,601					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,224,389	4,653,324	2,179,009	(35,416)					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 588,943	\$ 2,921,388	\$ 3,254,112	\$ 86,185					

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Transportation Development Act	Police	Police Grants	Supplemental Law Enforcement Services (SLES)					
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Licenses and permits	Φ -	Ф -	Φ - -	Ф -					
Intergovernmental	-	-	283,433	388,224					
Charges for services Use of money and property	(1,402)	- 3,452	-	- (1,141)					
Fines and forfeitures	(1,402)	466,032	-	(1,171)					
Contributions	-	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous		13,712							
Total Revenues	(1,402)	483,196	283,433	387,083					
Expenditures:									
Current: General government									
Public safety	-	207,790	317,700	293,989					
Economic development	-	-	, <u>-</u>	· -					
Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-					
Community enhancements	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay				93,094					
Total Expenditures		207,790	317,700	387,083					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,402)	275,406	(34,267)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	(00,000)	27,500	-	-					
Transfers out Loans issued	(83,000)	-	-	-					
Proceeds from sale of capital asset									
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)	(83,000)	27,500							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(84,402)	302,906	(34,267)	-					
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	217,709	848,294	1,839						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 133,307	\$ 1,151,200	\$ (32,428)	\$ -					

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Housing A	\gency_	Roadway Developmen Fees		Ho Miti Devel	using gation opment ees	Tree	Mitigation Fees
Revenues: Assessments	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Licenses and permits	Ф	-	ъ 193,	- 171	Ф	-	Ф	-
Intergovernmental		-	,	-		-		_
Charges for services		-		-		8,117		64,964
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures		-	(6,	858)		(4,167)		(2,305)
Contributions		-		-		-		_
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues			186,	313		3,950		62,659
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety Economic development		-		-		-		_
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_
Public ways and facilities		-	21,	163		-		-
Community enhancements		328		-		-		14,339
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures		328	21,	163_				14,339
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(328)	165,	150		3,950		48,320
Over (Orider) Experiances	_	(320)	100,	100		3,330		40,320
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in Transfers out		-	(365,	- 406)		-		-
Loans issued		-	(303,	-		-		_
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								_
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)			(365,	486)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(328)	(200,	336)		3,950		48,320
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,0	16,110	818,	252		374,718		155,330
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 4,0	15,782	\$ 617,	916	\$	378,668	\$	203,650

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Park Facilities Development Fees	Transit Development Fees	Other Grants	AD 98-02 Zone 3				
Revenues: Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ - 54,177	\$ - - 165,781	\$ -				
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	123,053 (2,525 - -			11,274 (230) -				
Total Revenues	120,528	52,192	165,781	11,044				
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety	-	- -	-	-				
Economic development Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities Community enhancements Capital outlay	- - - -	- - 4,894 -	48,713 - - 117,068	6,720 -				
Total Expenditures		4,894	165,781	6,720				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	120,528	47,298		4,324				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Loans issued Proceeds from sale of capital asset		(50,000) - -	- - - -	- - - -				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	120,528	(2,702)	-	4,324				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	102,181	186,690		16,421				
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 222,709	\$ 183,988	\$ -	\$ 20,745				

(CONTINUED)

		Special Revenue Funds						
	Assessment District Zone 1	Assessment District Zone 2	Assessment District Zone 3	Assessment District Zone 4				
Revenues: Assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - - 10,457 (305) - -	\$ - - 12,271 (782) - -	\$ - - 6,399 - - -	\$ - - - 4,650 - - -				
Total Revenues	10,152	11,489	6,399	4,650				
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Economic development Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities Community enhancements Capital outlay Total Expenditures	- - - 17,916 - - 17,916	18,535 - - - 18,535	14,628 - - - - - 14,628	19,701 - - - - - 19,701				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,764)	(7,046)	(8,229)	(15,051)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Loans issued Proceeds from sale of capital asset	- - - -		8,274 - - -	15,051 - - -				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			8,274	15,051				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,764)	(7,046)	45	-				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	36,645	77,582						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 28,881	\$ 70,536	\$ 45	\$ -				

	Special Revenue Funds							
		essment rict 98-01		essment rict 98-02		essment rict 03-01	Assessment District 98-02 Zone 2	
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	
Assessments Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		_		-
Charges for services		10,621		22,005		88,729		16,246
Use of money and property		(1,562)		(771)		(10,210)		114
Fines and forfeitures		-		-				-
Contributions		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous								
Total Revenues		9,059		21,234		78,519		16,360
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government Public safety		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		_		_		-
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_
Public ways and facilities		11,115		26,171		184,409		12,008
Community enhancements		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures		11,115		26,171		184,409		12,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,056)		(4,937)		(105,890)		4,352
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		_		_		_		_
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Loans issued		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,056)		(4,937)		(105,890)		4,352
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		142,970		73,519		931,674		30,722
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	140,914	\$	68,582	\$	825,784	\$	35,074

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Assessment District 03-01 Zone 2	Lighting Assessment District	Police Donations	Assessment District 03-01 Zone 3				
Revenues:	•	•	•	•				
Assessments Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	19,961	361,118	-	88,557				
Use of money and property	(322)	-	-	(901)				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-				
Contributions	-	-	2,826	-				
Miscellaneous								
Total Revenues	19,639	361,118	2,826	87,656				
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government Public safety	-	-	991	-				
Economic development	_	_	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-				
Public ways and facilities	31,417	411,165	-	-				
Community enhancements	-	-	100	-				
Capital outlay								
Total Expenditures	31,417	411,165	1,091					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(11.	(== = 1=)						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,778)	(50,047)	1,735	87,656				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	-	73,517	-	-				
Transfers out	-	(420,321)	-	-				
Loans issued	-	396,601	-	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset								
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		49,797						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,778)	(250)	1,735	87,656				
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	34,455	250	14,251					
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 22,677	\$ -	\$ 15,986	\$ 87,656				

	Capital Pro		
Pour	Measure A Construction	Community Capital Replacement	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues: Assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19.465
Assessments Licenses and permits	5 -	18,313	\$ 19,465 265,661
Intergovernmental	668,846	37,428	8,196,303
Charges for services	-	-	5,901,865
Use of money and property	(13,765)	-	(154,072)
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	466,032
Contributions	-	-	2,826
Miscellaneous			132,102
Total Revenues	655,081	55,741	14,830,182
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	-	9,569	9,569
Public safety	-	228	1,492,614
Economic development	-	-	48,713
Culture and recreation Public ways and facilities	130,704	52,643	52,643
Community enhancements	130,704	38,184	6,322,251 226,578
Capital outlay	-	254,671	404,765
ouplial outlay			
Total Expenditures	130,704	355,295	8,557,133
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	524,377	(299,554)	6,273,049
Other Firencina Courses (Heas)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		390,000	573,842
Transfers out	(858,563)	390,000	(10,479,125)
Loans issued	(000,000)	_	396,601
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	<u>-</u> _	150,676	150,676
Total Other Financing Sources			
(Uses)	(858,563)	540,676	(9,358,006)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(334,186)	241,122	(3,084,957)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,596,046	665,731	22,738,319
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,261,860	\$ 906,853	\$ 19,653,362
	+ 1,201,000	-	5,555,552

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOME PROGRAM GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amour	its Final	Actual amounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 103	\$	- 103 -	\$ 55,879 (8,981) 107,103	\$	55,879 (9,084) 107,103
Total Revenues	103		103	 154,001		153,898
Expenditures: Community enhancements	 76,355		76,355	56,559		19,796
Total Expenditures	 76,355		76,355	56,559		19,796
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (76,252)		(76,252)	97,442		173,694
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 710,714		710,714	 710,714		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 634,462	\$	634,462	\$ 808,156	\$	173,694

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY EVENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amoun			Actual	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive
	 riginal		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out	\$ 	\$		\$	(81,713)	\$	(81,713)
Total Other Financing Sources	 				(81,713)		81,713
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		(81,713)		(81,713)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	81,713		81,713		81,713	,	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 81,713	\$	81,713	\$		\$	(81,713)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CODE ENFORCEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual		ance with al Budget ositive
Revenues:		Original		Finai	Amounts		(N	egative)
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	\$ 729,000 1,000		\$ 729,000 1,000		738,400 (6,017)	\$	9,400 (7,017)
Total Revenues		730,000		730,000	732,383			2,383
Expenditures: Current: Public safety		807,281		807,281		671,916		135,365
Total Expenditures		807,281		807,281		671,916		135,365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(77,281)		(77,281)		60,467		137,748
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers in		59,590		59,590		59,500		90
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		59,590		59,590		59,500		90
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,691)		(17,691)		119,967		137,658
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		649,943		649,943		649,943		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	632,252	\$	632,252	\$	769,910	\$	137,658

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Original		Amounto	(Nogativo)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 2,278,399	\$ 2,278,399	\$ 2,105,730 (9,684)	\$ (172,669) (9,684)	
Total Revenues	2,278,399	2,278,399	2,096,046	(182,353)	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Public ways and facilities Capital outlay	1,784,565 -	1,784,565 -	1,532,926 57,000	- 251,639 (57,000)	
Total Expenditures	1,784,565	1,784,565	1,589,926	194,639	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	493,834	493,834	506,120	12,286	
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(400,000)	(400,000)	(575,091)	(175,091)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(400,000)	(400,000)	(575,091)	(175,091)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	93,834	93,834	(68,971)	(162,805)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	933,254	933,254	933,254		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,027,088	\$ 1,027,088	\$ 864,283	\$ (162,805)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget <i>F</i> Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 1,721,790	\$	1,721,790	\$ 1,768,222 (14,197)	\$	46,432 (14,197)	
Total Revenues	 1,721,790		1,721,790	 1,754,025		32,235	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,721,790		1,721,790	 1,754,025		32,235	
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(2,600,000)		(2,600,000)	 (4,389,471)		(1,789,471)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,600,000)		(2,600,000)	 (4,389,471)		(1,789,471)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(878,210)		(878,210)	(2,635,446)		(1,757,236)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,224,389		3,224,389	 3,224,389			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,346,179	\$	2,346,179	\$ 588,943	\$	(1,757,236)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STORMWATER UTILITY TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Devenue	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues:	ф	¢.	¢ 10.465	¢ 10.465	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ - 3.811.000	\$ 19,465 3.965.879	\$ 19,465	
Charges for services	3,811,000	3,811,000	-,,-	154,879	
Use of money and property	-	-	(33,456)	(33,456)	
Miscellaneous			11,287	11,287	
Total Revenues	3,811,000	3,811,000	3,963,175	152,175	
Expenditures: Current:					
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Public ways and facilities	2,362,369	2,343,289	2,313,148	30,141	
Capital outlay	350,000	350,000		350,000	
Total Expenditures	2,712,369	2,693,289	2,313,148	380,141	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	4 000 004	4 447 744	4.050.007	500.040	
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,098,631	1,117,711	1,650,027	532,316	
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers out	(2,838,861)	(2,838,861)	(3,381,963)	(543,102)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(2,838,861)	(2,838,861)	(3,381,963)	(543,102)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,740,230)	(1,721,150)	(1,731,936)	(10,786)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	4,653,324	4,653,324	4,653,324		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,913,094	\$ 2,932,174	\$ 2,921,388	\$ (10,786)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD MAINTENANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Revenues:		Original	Fillal		Amounts		(Negative)	
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	2,260,888	\$	2,260,888	\$	2,715,221 (35,580)	\$	454,333 (35,580)
Total Revenues		2,260,888		2,260,888		2,679,641		418,753
Expenditures: Current:								
Public ways and facilities Capital outlay		1,149,578 400,000		1,135,268 400,000		1,331,021 -		(195,753) 400,000
Total Expenditures		1,549,578		1,535,268		1,331,021		204,247
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		711,310		725,620		1,348,620		623,000
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(200,000)		(200,000)	_	(273,517)		(73,517)
Total Other Financing Uses		(200,000)		(200,000)		(273,517)		(73,517)
Net Change in Fund Balance		511,310		525,620		1,075,103		549,483
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		2,179,009		2,179,009		2,179,009		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	2,690,319	\$	2,704,629	\$	3,254,112	\$	549,483

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amour	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 278,730 - -	\$	278,730 - -	\$ 7,539 349,164 (492)	\$	(271,191) 349,164 (492)
Total Revenues	 278,730		278,730	 356,211		77,481
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Capital outlay	 273,192 10,000		273,192 10,000	234,610		38,582 10,000
Total Expenditures	 283,192	,	283,192	 234,610		48,582
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (4,462)		(4,462)	121,601		126,063
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 (35,416)		(35,416)	 (35,416)		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (39,878)	\$	(39,878)	\$ 86,185	\$	126,063

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amoun	A	Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 74,160 -	\$	74,160 -	\$	- (1,402)	\$	(74,160) (1,402)
Total Revenues	74,160		74,160		(1,402)		(75,562)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Uses:	 74,160		74,160		(1,402)		(75,562)
Transfers out	 (83,000)		(83,000)		(83,000)		
Total Other Financing Uses	 (83,000)		(83,000)		(83,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,840)		(8,840)		(84,402)		(75,562)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 217,709		217,709		217,709		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 208,869	\$	208,869	\$	133,307	\$	(75,562)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
Revenues: Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	\$ - 56,000 -	\$ - 56,000 -	\$ 3,452 466,032 13,712	\$ 3,452 410,032 13,712	
Total Revenues	56,000	56,000	483,196	427,196	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	125,690	125,690	207,790	(82,100)	
Total Expenditures	125,690	125,690	207,790	(82,100)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(69,690)	(69,690)	275,406	345,096	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	27,471	27,471	27,500	(29)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	27,471	27,471	27,500	29	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,219)	(42,219)	302,906	345,125	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	848,294	848,294	848,294		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 806,075	\$ 806,075	\$ 1,151,200	\$ 345,125	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•								
Intergovernmental	\$	334,072	\$	334,072	\$	283,433	\$	(50,639)	
Total Revenues		334,072		334,072		283,433		(50,639)	
Expenditures: Current:									
Public safety	,	258,261		258,261		317,700		(59,439)	
Total Expenditures		258,261		258,261		317,700		(59,439)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		75,811		75,811		(34,267)		(110,078)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,839		1,839		1,839			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	77,650	\$	77,650	\$	(32,428)	\$	(110,078)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES (SLES) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget A	Amoun		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Driginal		Final		Mounts	(N	legative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 133,000	\$	133,000	\$	388,224 (1,141)	\$	255,224 (1,141)
Total Revenues	 133,000		133,000		387,083		254,083
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay	 172,700 -		172,700		293,989 93,094		(121,289) (93,094)
Total Expenditures	 172,700		172,700		387,083		(214,383)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(39,700)		(39,700)				39,700
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 _		_				-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (39,700)	\$	(39,700)	\$	-	\$	39,700

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROADWAY DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget : Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Original	I IIIai	Amounts	(Negative)
Licenses and permits Use of money and property	\$ 98,345 5,000	\$ 98,345 5,000	\$ 193,171 (6,858)	\$ 94,826 (11,858)
Total Revenues	103,345	103,345	186,313	82,968
Expenditures:				
Current: Public ways and facilities	125,000	125,000	21,163	103,837
Total Expenditures	125,000	125,000	21,163	103,837
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(21,655)	(21,655)	165,150	186,805
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(325,000)	(325,000)	(365,486)	(40,486)
Total Other Financing Uses	(325,000)	(325,000)	(365,486)	(40,486)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(346,655)	(346,655)	(200,336)	146,319
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	818,252	818,252	818,252	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 471,597	\$ 471,597	\$ 617,916	\$ 146,319

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING MITIGATION DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget /	Amoun	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 16,480	\$	16,480 -	\$ 8,117 (4,167)	\$	(8,363) (4,167)
Total Revenues	16,480		16,480	 3,950		(12,530)
Expenditures: Current: Community development	 51,500		51,500			51,500
Total Expenditures	51,500		51,500			51,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (35,020)		(35,020)	 3,950		38,970
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	374,718		374,718	374,718		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 339,698	\$	339,698	\$ 378,668	\$	38,970

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TREE MITIGATION FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 36,050	\$	36,050	\$ 64,964 (2,305)	\$	28,914 (2,305)
Total Revenues	 36,050		36,050	62,659		26,609
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements	 36,050		36,050	14,339		21,711
Total Expenditures	 36,050		36,050	14,339		21,711
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 			 48,320		48,320
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 155,330	-	155,330	155,330		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 155,330	\$	155,330	\$ 203,650	\$	48,320

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	76,000 -	\$	76,000 -	\$	123,053 (2,525)	\$	47,053 (2,525)
Total Revenues		76,000		76,000		120,528		44,528
Expenditures: Current: Community enhancements		51,500		51,500		<u>-</u>		51,500
Total Expenditures		51,500		51,500				51,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		24,500		24,500		120,528		96,028
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		102,181		102,181		102,181		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	126,681	\$	126,681	\$	222,709	\$	96,028

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT FEES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits Use of money and property	\$	27,847 530	\$	27,847 530	\$ 54,177 (1,985)	\$	26,330 (2,515)
Total Revenues		28,377		28,377	 52,192	1	23,815
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Capital outlay		- 25,000		- 25,000	4,894 -		(4,894) 25,000
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000	4,894		20,106
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,377		3,377	47,298		43,921
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(46,623)		(46,623)	(2,702)		43,921
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		186,690		186,690	186,690		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	140,067	\$	140,067	\$ 183,988	\$	43,921

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GRANTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	its Final	,	Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)	
Revenues:	 7 Igiliai	I IIIai		Amounts		(14	egative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 46,050	\$	166,050	\$	165,781	\$	(269)
Total Revenues	 46,050		166,050		165,781		(269)
Expenditures: Current: Economic development Community enhancements	 <u>-</u>		120,000		48,713 117,068		71,287 (117,068)
Total Expenditures	 		120,000		165,781		(45,781)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 46,050		46,050				(46,050)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 -						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 46,050	\$	46,050	\$		\$	(46,050)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 1 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget <i>i</i> Original	ts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	10,523 115	\$ 10,523 115	\$ 10,457 (305)	\$	(66) (420)
Total Revenues		10,638	10,638	 10,152		(486)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		16,492	16,492	17,916		(1,424)
Total Expenditures		16,492	 16,492	17,916		(1,424)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(5,854)	(5,854)	(7,764)		(1,910)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		36,645	 36,645	 36,645		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	30,791	\$ 30,791	\$ 28,881	\$	(1,910)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Priginal	ts Final	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 12,413 500	\$ 12,413 500	\$ 12,271 (782)	\$	(142) (1,282)
Total Revenues	 12,913	12,913	11,489		(1,424)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 13,774	13,774	18,535		(4,761)
Total Expenditures	 13,774	 13,774	18,535		(4,761)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (861)	(861)	(7,046)		(6,185)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 77,582	77,582	77,582		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 76,721	\$ 76,721	\$ 70,536	\$	(6,185)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 3 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 c	Budget A	lget Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Fina Po	ince with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues:	_		_		_		_	(1=1)
Charges for services	_\$	6,550	\$	6,550	\$	6,399	\$	(151)
Total Revenues		6,550		6,550		6,399		(151)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public ways and facilities		15,221		15,221		14,628		593
Total Expenditures		15,221		15,221		14,628		593
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,671)		(8,671)		(8,229)		442
Other Financing Sources(Uses): Transfers in						8,274		8,274
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						8,274		8,274
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,671)		(8,671)		45		8,716
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(8,671)	\$	(8,671)	\$	45	\$	8,716

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT ZONE 4 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	C	Budget <i>I</i> Priginal		ts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	_	4.740	_	4.740	_	4.050	_	(00)
Charges for services	\$	4,718	\$	4,718	\$	4,650	\$	(68)
Total Revenues		4,718		4,718		4,650		(68)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		19,141		19,141		19,701		(560)
Total Expenditures		19,141		19,141		19,701		(560)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(14,423)		(14,423)		(15,051)		(628)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		5,959		5,959		15,051		9,092
Total Other Financing Sources		5,959		5,959		15,051		9,092
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,464)		(8,464)		-		8,464
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year								
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(8,464)	\$	(8,464)	\$		\$	8,464

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-01 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amoun	ts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 10,640 950	\$	10,640 950	\$ 10,621 (1,562)	\$	(19) (2,512)
Total Revenues	11,590		11,590	 9,059		(2,531)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	11,601		11,601	11,115		486
Total Expenditures	 11,601		11,601	 11,115		486
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (11)		(11)	 (2,056)		(2,045)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 142,970		142,970	142,970		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 142,959	\$	142,959	\$ 140,914	\$	(2,045)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-02 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	22,200 525	\$	22,200 525	\$	22,005 (771)	\$	(195) (1,296)
Total Revenues		22,725		22,725		21,234		(1,491)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities		30,858		30,858		26,171		4,687
Total Expenditures	,	30,858		30,858		26,171	,	4,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,133)		(8,133)		(4,937)		3,196
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		73,519		73,519		73,519		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	65,386	\$	65,386	\$	68,582	\$	3,196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 03-01 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amour	nts Final	A	Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 88,700 6,000	\$	88,700 6,000	\$	88,729 (10,210)	\$	29 (16,210)
Total Revenues	 94,700		94,700		78,519		(16,181)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 199,650		199,650		184,409		15,241
Total Expenditures	199,650		199,650		184,409		15,241
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (104,950)		(104,950)		(105,890)		(940)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 931,674		931,674		931,674		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 826,724	\$	826,724	\$	825,784	\$	(940)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 98-02 ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Driginal	ts Final	Actual mounts	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive gative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 16,288 200	\$ 16,288 200	\$ 16,246 114	\$	(42) (86)
Total Revenues	 16,488	16,488	16,360		(128)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 14,253	14,253	12,008		2,245
Total Expenditures	 14,253	14,253	12,008		2,245
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,235	 2,235	 4,352		2,117
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 30,722	 30,722	 30,722		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 32,957	\$ 32,957	\$ 35,074	\$	2,117

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 03-01 ZONE 2 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget <i>i</i> Priginal	Amoun	ts Final	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$ 19,343 350	\$	19,343 350	\$ 19,961 (322)	\$	618 (672)
Total Revenues	 19,693		19,693	19,639		(54)
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	 57,478		57,478	31,417		26,061
Total Expenditures	 57,478		57,478	 31,417		26,061
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (37,785)		(37,785)	 (11,778)		26,007
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 34,455		34,455	34,455		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (3,330)	\$	(3,330)	\$ 22,677	\$	26,007

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIGHTING ASSESSMENT DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:		i igiliai		ı ıııaı		anounts		iegative)
Charges for services	\$	348,655	\$	348,655	\$	361,118	\$	12,463
Total Revenues		348,655		348,655		361,118		12,463
Expenditures: Current:								
Public ways and facilities		464,623		464,623		411,165		53,458
Total Expenditures		464,623		464,623		411,165		53,458
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(115,968)		(115,968)		(50,047)		65,921
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out Transfers in Other debts issued		- 85,250 -		- 85,250 -		(420,321) 73,517 396,601		(420,321) (11,733) 396,601
Total Other Financing Sources		85,250		85,250		49,797		(35,453)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,718)		(30,718)		(250)		30,468
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		250		250	-	250		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(30,468)	\$	(30,468)	\$		\$	30,468

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE DONATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget /	Amount	ts	ļ	Actual	Fina	nce with I Budget ositive
	C	Priginal		Final	Ar	nounts	(Ne	gative)
Revenues: Contributions	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,826	\$	2,826
Total Revenues						2,826		2,826
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Community enhancements		1,500 -		1,500 -		991 100		509 (100)
Total Expenditures		1,500		1,500		1,091		409
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,500)		(1,500)		1,735		3,235
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		14,251		14,251		14,251		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	12,751	\$	12,751	\$	15,986	\$	3,235

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	•	Φ.	400.004	40000
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,004	\$ 136,004
Total Revenues			136,004	136,004
Expenditures: Current:				
Economic development			82,333	(82,333)
Total Expenditures			82,333	(82,333)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			53,671	53,671
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out	(857,192)	(857,192)		857,192
Total Other Financing Sources	(857,192)	(857,192)		857,192
Net Change in Fund Balance	(857,192)	(857,192)	53,671	910,863
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,946,574	3,946,574	3,946,574	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 3,089,382	\$ 3,089,382	\$ 4,000,245	\$ 910,863

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEASURE A CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budget A	Amou	ınts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ - - 549,521	\$	- - 549,521	\$ 668,846 (13,765)	\$	668,846 (13,765) (549,521)
Total Revenues	 549,521		549,521	 655,081		105,560
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities	275,000		275,000	130,704		144,296
Total Expenditures	 275,000		275,000	 130,704		144,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	274,521		274,521	524,377		249,856
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out	(857,192)		(857,192)	 (858,563)		(1,371)
Total Other Financing Uses	 (857,192)		(857,192)	 (858,563)		(1,371)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(582,671)		(582,671)	(334,186)		248,485
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,596,046		1,596,046	 1,596,046		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,013,375	\$	1,013,375	\$ 1,261,860	\$	249,856

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY CAPITAL REPLACEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	0	Budget <i>l</i> Priginal	Amou	ınts Final	Actual mounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$	18,540 -	\$	18,540 -	\$ 18,313 37,428	\$	(227) 37,428
Total Revenues		18,540		18,540	 55,741		37,201
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Community enhancements Capital outlay Total Expenditures		65,000 130,000 - 485,000	_	65,000 130,000 - 485,000 680,000	9,569 228 52,643 38,184 254,671 355,295		(9,569) 64,772 77,357 (38,184) 230,329 324,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(661,460)		(661,460)	(299,554)		361,906
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Proceeds from sale of capital asset Transfers out		390,000 - (857,192)		390,000 - (857,192)	390,000 150,676		150,676 857,192
Total Other Financing Sources		(467,192)		(467,192)	 540,676		1,007,868
Net Change in Fund Balance	((1,128,652)		(1,128,652)	241,122		1,369,774
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		665,731		665,731	 665,731		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(462,921)	\$	(462,921)	\$ 906,853	\$	1,369,774

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREETS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 5,485,240	\$ 5,485,240 -	\$ 3,268,099	\$ (2,217,141)
Total Revenues	5,485,240	5,485,240	3,268,099	(2,217,141)
Expenditures: Current:				
Public ways and facilities	1,246,000	1,727,012	26,030	1,700,982
Community enhancements	- 12,346,771	10 246 771	15,464	(15,464)
Capital outlay	12,340,771	12,346,771	10,234,978	2,111,793
Total Expenditures	13,592,771	14,073,783	10,276,472	3,797,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,107,531)	(8,588,543)	(7,008,373)	1,580,170
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in Transfers out	8,107,531 (857,192)	8,107,531 (857,192)	10,756,655 (16,106)	2,649,124 841,086
Total Other Financing Sources	7,250,339	7,250,339	10,740,549	3,490,210
Net Change in Fund Balance	(857,192)	(1,338,204)	3,732,176	5,070,380
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	(380,518)	(380,518)	(380,518)	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (1,237,710)	\$ (1,718,722)	\$ 3,351,658	\$ 5,070,380

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	e Capital	s	TA Fees	WI	SN ESAC	 Totals
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$ 327,047
Total Assets	 25,665		138,950		162,432	 327,047
Net Position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	 25,665		138,950		162,432	 327,047
Total Net Position	\$ 25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$ 327,047

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		re Capital	s	TA Fees	Wis	SN ESAC	 Totals
Additions: Intergovernmental	_\$	352,875	\$	373,348	\$	8,114	\$ 734,337
Total Additions		352,875		373,348		8,114	 734,337
Deductions: Contractual services		516,232		234,400		1,965	752,597
Total Deductions		516,232		234,400		1,965	 752,597
Changes in Net Position		(163,357)		138,948		6,149	(18,260)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		189,022		2		156,283	 345,307
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	25,665	\$	138,950	\$	162,432	\$ 327,047

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Citrus Heights' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	138-141
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most	142-147
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional	148-150
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	151-152
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	153-155

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Citrus Heights, California Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 369,630,853 22,751,540 25,246,205	\$ 366,354,751 15,749,227 28,626,101	\$ 362,247,604 15,682,624 12,581,607	\$ 351,834,754 15,279,052 14,663,297	\$ 355,292,096 15,935,790 4,264,024	\$ 344,507,138 16,266,052 1,755,048	\$ 336,912,872 13,375,587 1,882,908	\$ 328,594,520 19,575,754 (6,606,540)	\$ 319,214,442 25,779,873 (7,281,556)	\$ 316,887,986 25,868,240 4,318,206
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 417,628,598	\$ 410,730,079	\$ 390,511,835	\$ 381,777,103	\$ 375,491,910	\$ 362,528,238	\$ 352,171,367	\$ 341,563,734	\$ 337,712,759	\$ 347,074,432
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 655,163	\$ 200,000 614,441	\$ 200,000 406,354	\$ 321,123 265,517	\$ 389,449	\$ 381,575 219,434	\$ 373,702 306,142	\$ 365,829	\$ 357,956 775,308	\$ 350,082 1,131,508
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 655,163	\$ 814,441	\$ 606,354	\$ 586,640	\$ 550,012	\$ 601,009	\$ 679,844	\$ 899,793	\$ 1,133,264	\$ 1,481,590
Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 369,630,853 22,751,540 25,901,368	\$ 366,554,751 15,749,227 29,240,542	\$ 362,447,604 15,682,624 12,987,961	\$ 352,155,877 15,279,052 14,928,814	\$ 355,681,545 15,935,790 4,424,587	\$ 344,888,713 16,266,052 1,974,482	\$ 337,286,574 13,375,587 2,189,050	\$ 328,960,349 19,575,754 (6,072,576)	\$ 319,572,398 25,779,873 (6,506,248)	\$ 317,238,068 25,868,240 5,449,714
Total primary government net position	\$ 418,283,761	\$ 418,283,761 \$ 411,544,520	\$ 391,118,189	\$ 382,363,743	\$ 376,041,922	\$ 363,129,247	\$ 352,851,211	\$ 342,463,527	\$ 338,846,023	\$ 348,556,022

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses										
General government	\$ 4,905,500	\$ 4,825,401	\$ 5,401,023	\$ 4,704,899	\$ 5,463,122	\$ 6,106,557	\$ 6,909,949	\$ 7,360,783	\$ 10,210,576	\$ 7,729,201
Public safety	18,371,871	19,595,533	18,092,747	17,355,288	18,378,242	21,698,128	24,025,017	24,443,611	23,338,398	15,877,629
Public ways and facilities	25,152,231	27,499,125	30,037,037	34,185,103	24,188,701	24,395,899	21,730,069	19,019,629	18,149,133	17,660,038
Culture and recreation	692,989	613,235	555,342	654,183	669,948	722,254	720,442	830,572	540,427	906,037
Economic development	114,616	172,083	159,243	214,978	402,904	353,608	296,233	950,409	916,027	55,751
Community enhancements	4,429,170	4,407,068	4,319,791	4,313,943	4,710,977	4,664,278	3,953,127	3,928,848	3,877,993	4,085,740
Interest on long-term debt	'	'	'	'	'	'	70,962	151,957	144,455	131,908
Total governmental activities expenses	53,666,377	57,112,445	58,565,183	61,428,394	53,813,894	57,940,724	57,705,799	56,685,809	57,177,009	46,446,304
Business-type activities: Solid waste	752,084	529,464	903,522	757,028	798,694	751,291	809,466	675,849	732,927	788,023
Total business-type activities expenses	752,084	529,464	903,522	757,028	798,694	751,291	809,466	675,849	732,927	788,023
Total primary government expenses	54,418,461	57,641,909	59,468,705	62,185,422	54,612,588	58,692,015	58,515,265	57,361,658	57,909,936	47,234,327
Program revenues Governmental activities										
Charges for services:										
General government	305,057	331,675	381,923	1,120,688	1,151,570	1,185,547	1,888,219	1,902,206	1,904,861	1,745,213
Public safety	366,726	459,073	337,199	1,547,840	1,759,927	1,488,252	1,978,407	2,133,898	2,074,980	2,173,237
Public ways and facilities	4,789,239	4,730,893	4,666,240	4,359,774	4,500,372	4,324,674	4,474,641	5,344,895	4,759,239	5,357,787
Culture and recreation	343,817	374,244	311,350	352,401	354,517	449,711	32,526	22,473	•	18,313
D Economic development			100	50	•	'		•		
Community enhancements	842,151	1,036,139	1,298,079	1,912,936	1,597,005	498,673	1,242,148	1,508,999	2,730,818	3,221,746
Operating grants and contributions	10,909,700	13,558,056	13,179,453	10,236,552	6,087,515	6,265,040	7,165,367	6,053,305	11,072,674	10,921,489
Capital grants and contributions	7,590,789	7,173,645	2,418,225	4,489,329	2,006,396	1,483,643	7,101,580	3,790,741	3,589,794	5,389,435
Total governmental activities program revenues	25,147,479	27,663,725	22,592,569	24,019,570	17,457,302	15,695,540	23,882,888	20,756,517	26,132,366	28,827,220
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Solid waste	651,300	657,027	710,618	732,401	761,614	798,838	839,030	829,397	904,130	1,092,589
Total business-type activities program revenues	651,300	657,027	710,618	732,401	761,614	798,838	839,030	829,397	904,130	1,092,589
Total primary government program revenues	25,798,779	28,320,752	23,303,187	24,751,971	18,218,916	16,494,378	24,721,918	21,585,914	27,036,496	29,919,809
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(28,518,898)	(29,448,720) 127,563	(192,904)	(37,408,824)	(36,356,392)	(42,245,184) 47,547	(33,822,911)	(55,929,292)	(51,044,645)	304,566
Total primary government net expense	(28,619,682)	(29,321,157)	(36,165,518)	(37,433,451)	(36,393,672)	(42,197,637)	(33,793,347)	(35,775,744)	(30,873,440)	(17,314,518)

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Continued from newcious name	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities: Taxes:										
Property taxes	270,913	139,634	138,659	946,113	991,552	758,653	339,571	306,250	383,773	638,183
Sales and use tax Utility users tax	770 644	739 486	2 768 562	2,810,771	2 881 617	7 932 736	12,542,158 2 739 888	12,083,836 2,650,891	13,373,483	2 794 196
Other taxes	1,362,446	1,332,334	1,416,552	1,601,229	1,616,163	1,600,300	2,225,772	2,019,859	1,412,898	1,807,986
Shared intergovernmental revenues	6,659,357	6,652,222	7,015,174	7,260,670	7,611,171	8,037,540	8,436,657	8,887,426	9,303,916	9,683,155
Investment earnings	(299,378)	455,531	246,710	527,734	1,108,551	254,162	32,181	458,727	1,650	•
Transfers	2,918	35,125	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Total governmental activities	22,028,641	22,550,201	22,816,039	29,124,092	29,621,399	29,236,877	26,316,227	26,406,989	27,193,665	29,335,529
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings Other revenue	(896)	31,715	4,158	4,913	452	3,450	49,255	66,401	1,117	(14,531) 58,444
Transfers	(2,918)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Total business-type activities	(3,886)	31,715	4,158	4,913	452	3,450	49,255	66,401	62,268	43,913
Total primary government	22,024,755	22,581,916	22,820,197	29,129,005	29,621,851	29,240,327	26,365,482	26,473,390	27,255,933	29,379,442
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities	(6,490,257)	(6,898,519)	(13,156,575)	(8,284,732)	(6,735,193)	(13,008,307)	(10,356,855)	(10,607,634)	(3,850,978)	9,361,673
Business-type activities	(104,670)	159,278	(188,746)	(19,714)	(36,628)	50,997	78,819	219,949	233,471	348,480
Total primary government	\$ (6,594,927)	\$ (6,739,241)	\$ (13,345,321)	\$ (8,304,446)	\$ (6,771,821)	\$ (12,957,310)	\$ (10,278,036)	\$ (10,387,685)	\$ (3,617,507)	\$ 9,710,153

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 1,233,199	\$ 1.144.639	\$ 962,457	\$ 298.407	\$ 32,159	\$ 279,210	\$ 135,485	\$ 302.545	\$ 145,343	\$ 64.859
	6,443	14,148	14,613	25,394	21,143))		,)
29,080,819	27,279,124	19,395,418	18,616,257	4,559,378	4,559,378	4,561,978	4,486,978	4,486,978	4,486,978
855,369	925,202	64,943	146,734	1,101,504	314,061	1,833,065	490,603	4,258,505	7,380,554
31,169,387	29,355,408	20,436,966	19,076,011	5,718,435	5,173,792	6,530,528	5,280,126	8,890,826	11,932,391
512,312	643,352	•	•	•	2,784,600	2,285,330	1,980	2,345	8,083
3,454,581	9,994,202	9,479,154	9,723,591	10,067,839	8,702,340	13,375,587	20,775,754	25,779,873	25,868,240
9,705,971	•	1,652,198	928,925	894,318	1,374,838	945,767	1,141,407	1,172,209	1,467,001
(578,904)	950,267	(570,131)	(122,707)	(132,660)	(262,719)	(181,979)	(140,450)	(415,934)	(32,428)
Total all other governmental funds 13,093,960	11,587,821	10,561,221	10,529,809	10,829,497	12,599,059	16,424,705	21,778,691	26,538,493	27,310,896
\$44,263,347	\$ 40,943,229	\$ 30,998,187	\$29,605,820	\$ 16,547,932	\$ 17,772,851	\$ 22,955,233	\$ 27,058,817	\$ 35,429,319	\$ 39,243,287
_	1 1 1 11	29,080,819 855,369 31,169,387 512,312 3,454,581 9,705,971 (578,904) 13,093,960 \$44,263,347 \$	29,080,819 27,279,124 855,369 925,202 31,169,387 29,355,408 512,312 643,352 3,454,581 9,994,202 9,705,971 950,267 13,093,960 11,587,821 844,263,347 \$40,943,229 \$	29,080,819 27,279,124 19,395,418 855,369 25,202 64,943 64,943 31,169,387 29,355,408 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,966 20,436,154 9,705,971 950,267 (570,131) 13,093,960 11,587,821 10,561,221 \$44,263,347 \$40,943,229 \$30,998,187 \$\$	29,080,819 27,279,124 19,395,418 14,613 855,369 925,202 64,943 146,734 1 31,169,387 29,355,408 20,436,966 19,076,011 5 512,312 643,352 - - - - 3,454,581 9,994,202 9,479,154 9,723,591 10 9,705,971 - 1,652,198 928,925 (578,904) 950,267 (570,131) (122,707) 13,093,960 11,587,821 10,561,221 10,529,809 10 \$44,263,347 \$40,943,229 \$30,998,187 \$29,605,820 \$16	29,080,819 27,279,124 19,395,418 18,616,257 4,559,378 4 855,369 925,202 64,943 18,616,257 4,559,378 4 31,169,387 29,355,408 20,436,966 19,076,011 5,718,435 5 512,312 643,352 - - 2 3,454,581 9,994,202 9,479,154 9,723,591 10,067,839 8 9,705,971 - 1,652,198 928,925 894,318 1 13,093,960 11,587,821 10,561,221 10,529,809 10,829,497 12 \$44,263,347 \$40,943,229 \$30,998,187 \$29,605,820 \$16,547,932 \$17	- 6,443 14,148 14,613 25,394 21,143 29,080,819 27,279,124 19,395,418 18,616,257 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,559,378 11,006	- 6,443 14,148 14,613 25,394 21,143 - 29,080,819 27,279,124 19,395,418 18,616,257 4,559,378 4,559,378 4,561,978 855,369 925,202 64,943 19,076,011 5,718,435 5,173,792 6,530,528 31,169,387 29,355,408 20,436,966 19,076,011 5,718,435 5,173,792 6,530,528 512,312 643,352 - - 2,784,600 2,285,330 3,454,581 9,994,202 9,479,154 9,723,591 10,067,839 8,702,340 13,375,587 9,705,971 - 1,652,198 928,925 894,318 1,374,838 945,767 13,093,960 11,587,821 10,561,221 10,529,809 10,829,497 12,599,059 16,424,705 \$44,263,347 \$40,943,229 \$30,998,187 \$22,605,820 \$16,547,932 \$17,772,851 \$22,955,233	- 6,443 14,148 14,613 25,394 21,143 -

NOTE: Information was not available from the City's pension plan to report both the pension liability and changes in pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68 prior to 2015. Consequently, the amounts reported above in 2014 and prior years are prior to restatement.

City of Citrus Heights, California Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Revenues:	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Taxes and assessments	\$ 20,405,852	\$ 15,419,083	\$ 15,582,175	\$ 16,984,351	\$ 16,631,964	\$ 16,522,415	\$ 16,837,829	\$ 16,252,772	\$ 17,671,002	\$ 19,197,868
Licenses, permits and fees	1,069,757	1,162,034	1,467,405	1.524.848	1,631,147	1,462,504	1,567,925	1,949,980	3,000,422	3,540,116
Fines and forfeitures	898,734	947.834	1,454,939	1.084.980	1,247,094	1.147.719	1,127,317	1.154.133	1.227.526	1,265,820
Intergovernmental	22,909,194	24,645,011	19,573,316	22,748,760	19,003,009	18,839,531	21,159,815	17,640,156	23,490,200	25,327,254
Use of money and property	803,392	890,087	577,893	874,978	1,398,709	515,517	944,989	761,884	191,732	311,632
Charges for services	1,080,785	6,281,132	6,197,842	6,470,344	6,598,162	6,594,424	7,049,858	7,694,919	7,317,943	7,726,053
Contributions	26,522	25,520	27,126	1,807,470	155,409	19,726	26,872	42,369	103,390	4,416
Other revenues	83,037	52,826	6,031	216,226	1,082,642	491,114	1,580,426	1,430,106	328,076	710,956
Total revenues	47,277,273	49,423,527	44,886,727	51,711,957	47,748,136	45,592,950	50,295,031	46,926,319	53,330,291	58,084,115
Expenditures:										
General government	4,472,530	4,472,814	4,732,760	4,940,481	5,547,678	5,582,583	6,364,953	6,481,755	8,989,692	8,086,021
Public safety	17,944,997	18,945,346	18,954,246	19,537,621	19,631,973	20,018,189	21,352,292	21,743,031	21,077,282	20,242,145
Public ways and facilities	18,506,469	12,507,432	14,809,940	16,288,336	12,303,244	11,251,339	10,177,443	7,469,779	6,347,685	6,348,281
Culture and recreation	682,528	608,931	560,376	662,099	724,750	704,866	673,253	787,545	478,510	961,940
Economic development	114,395	171,271	159,924	223,753	405,901	298,781	289,440	927,770	907,684	576,313
Community enhancements	4,406,960	4,348,398	4,388,846	4,425,724	4,714,654	4,306,626	3,920,072	3,708,522	3,573,622	4,139,680
Capital outlay	8.278,153	12.620.848	25.084.392	7.036.250	4.144.138	2,318,319	5,103,347	4.060,450	3.737.928	10,695,156
Debt service:										
Lease principal 1	•	•	7,638,960	•	13,749,031	•	•	•	•	٠
Principal retirement 2	•	•	•	•	,	,	'	'	76,169	3,583,049
Interest and fiscal charges	1	'	1	1	1	1	70,962	76,664	154,731	184,839
Total expenditures	54,406,032	53,675,040	76,329,444	53,119,264	61,221,369	44,480,703	47,951,762	45,255,516	45,343,303	54,817,424
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues										
Less Expenditures to Fund Equity: Revenues over (index) expenditures	(7 128 750)	(4.251.513)	(31 442 717)	(1 407 307)	(13 473 233)	1 112 247	2 343 260	1 670 803	7 086 988	3 266 691
Other financing sources (uses):	((((,170,1))	(212,127,1)	()1,112,111)	(100,101,1)	(5,4,5,4,5)	1,112,21	(07,010,4	000,0,0,1	000,000	2,500,021
Tax sharing payments	•	1	21,387,991	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
Loan issued	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	347,268	396,601
Draw on line of credit	•	•	•	•	•	•	50,001	3,470,000	•	,
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,321	105,911	109,684	14,940	415,345	112,672	32,181	48,112	36,246	150,676
Transfers in	4,938,773	3,106,136	2,642,014	2,514,601	15,236,333	1,514,764	320,356	4,176,222	2,148,207	11,428,316
Transfers out	(4,935,855)	(3,106,136)	(2,642,014)	(2,514,601)	(15,236,333)	(1,514,764)	(320,356)	(4,176,222)	(2,148,207)	(11,428,316)
Total other financing sources (uses)	21,239	116,501	21,497,675	14,940	415,345	112,6/2	82,182	3,518,112	383,314	247,277
Net change in fund balances	\$ (7,101,520)	\$ (4,145,602)	\$ (9,945,042)	\$ (1,392,367)	\$ (13,057,888)	\$ 1,224,919	\$ 2,425,451	\$ 5,188,915	\$ 8,370,502	\$ 3,813,968
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	14.91%	%00.0	24.09%	0.00%	0.17%	0.19%	0.55%	8.54%

¹ In 2015, the City entered into a capital lease payable agreement for a new City Hall building and utility yard. In 2017, the City exercised its option to purchase the City Hall building and utility yard by making payments totaling \$13,749,031.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

 $^{^2\,}$ In 2022, the City repaid the outstanding revolving line of credit balance. Due to the purchase, the capital lease liability was extinguished.

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of taxable value) For the last ten fiscal years

	2012/2013	2013/2014	2014/2015	2015/2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022
Basic Levy 1	1.00000	1.00000		1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Grant Joint High	0.08230	0.07280	_	0.03060	0.06480	0.01460	0.03320	0.02940	0.02000	0.02360
Los Rios College Gob	0.01930	0.01810		0.00910	0.01410	0.01300	0.01310	0.02320	0.02230	0.02490
North Sacto Elementary Gob	0.01670	0.02060	0.01850	0.01260	0.01680	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Rio Linda Elementary Bond	0.05760	0.05570		0.04890	0.05210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
San Juan Unified	0.10030	0.16300		0.15470	0.15220	0.21150	0.19930	0.17930	0.18090	0.18870
Twin Rivers Unified	0.01170	0.00990		0.03890	0.04810	0.14430	0.07340	0.10330	0.10610	0.09840
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.28790	1.34010		1.29480	1.34810	1.38340	1.31900	1.33520	1.32930	1.33560
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 3	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431	0.08431
Voter Approved City Debt Rate										
Redevelopment Rate ⁴										
Total Direct Rate ⁵	0.12388	0.07634	0.07664	0.07735	0.07759	0.08140	0.07837	0.07908	0.07943	0.07966

¹ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

³ Citys Share of 1% levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF general fund tax shifts are unknown and may not be subtracted from the City's share.

Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2012/13 - 2021/22 Tax Rate Table

Source: HDL Coren & Cone

² Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

⁴ Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.

⁵ Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

City of Citrus Heights, California Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	Direct	Tax Rate	0.084%	0.084%	0.084%	0.084%	0.084%	0.084%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	100.000%
ncy	Table	Assessed	s Value	588,518,634	572,549,228	566,932,198	543,941,495	554,095,513	568,926,111	•	•	•	•
Redevelopment Agency		Less:	Exceptions	434,000	434,000	420,000	378,000	371,000	322,000	•	•	•	•
Re			Unsecured	53,083,982	51,620,891	48,319,149	38,951,421	39,266,230	36,254,710	•	•	•	•
			Secured	535,868,652	521,362,337	519,033,049	505,368,074	515,200,283	532,993,401	•	•	•	•
		Total Direct	Tax Rate	0.12	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	0.08
		Estimated	Full Market	5,315,098,307	5,536,342,474	5,860,105,879	6,048,620,069	6,321,676,969	6,705,046,017	7,195,152,327	7,516,732,830	7,870,304,844	8,150,016,713
		Total	Assessed	5,315,098,307	5,536,342,474	5,860,105,879	6,048,620,069	6,321,676,969	6,705,046,017	7,063,953,933	7,386,812,084	7,737,063,203	8,023,791,598
		Unsecured	Property	136,454,777	130,148,077	129,655,189	108,308,288	127,456,727	125,883,733	131,198,394	129,920,746	133,241,641	126,225,115
City *	Total Real	Secured	Property	5,178,643,530	5,406,194,397	5,730,450,690	5,940,311,781	6,194,220,242	6,579,162,284	6,932,755,539	7,256,891,338	7,603,821,562	7,897,566,483
		Other	Property	40,991,950	41,160,931	36,971,515	51,406,049	48,869,328	44,407,597	47,155,289	54,462,552	63,644,340	86,849,964
		Industrial	Property	24,340,107	23,975,394	24,549,642	25,096,287	26,777,317	27,361,771	31,158,659	28,709,180	29,220,643	29,522,369
		Commercial	Property	987,468,004	948,260,199	946,555,612	959,298,396	995,114,927	1,071,328,921	1,094,930,040	1,109,893,409	1,142,931,179	1,104,565,332
		Residential	Property	4,125,843,469	4,392,797,873	4,722,373,921	4,904,511,049	5,123,458,670	5,436,063,995	5,759,511,551	6,063,826,197	6,368,025,400	6,676,628,818
				FY 12-13	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 17-18	FY 18-19	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 21-22

Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2012/13-2021/22 Combined Tax Rolls Source: HDL Coren & Cone

* Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County, whereby the County, will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above represent estimates provided by the County,

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value maximum of 2%). With few expectations, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is assessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

City of Citrus Heights, California Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and 9 Years Ago

	202	1-2022		201	2-2013	
	Assessed		% of	Assessed		% of
Property Owner	Valuation	Rank	Total	Valuation	Rank	Total
Montage Apartments Property	\$ 80,929,813	1	1.01%			
Birdcage Marketplace LLC	68,967,620	2	0.86%	58,944,341	2	1.11%
Lakeview Gold 101305 LP	49,294,232	3	0.61%			
MG Atwood Apartments Ria LLC	48,436,658	4	0.60%			
Spring Creek Apartments LP	46,981,740	5	0.59%			
Mitchell Sippola LP	43,810,911	6	0.55%			
Wal-Mart Real Estate/Sam's Club	27,776,345	7	0.35%	24,131,913	6	0.45%
Wedgewood Commons Apartments LLC	26,586,840	8	0.33%			
Marshall Field Stores Inc	26,408,603	9	0.33%	23,310,903	8	0.44%
Ethan Conrad	26,346,181	10	0.33%			
Steadfast Sunrise LLC				78,628,110	1	1.48%
FOAF Oak Creek LLC				51,230,651	3	0.96%
J. And M. Marlow Family Trust				42,690,867	4	0.80%
Grove at Sunrise LLC				29,091,565	5	0.55%
Ashley 2012 Family Trust				23,897,032	7	0.45%
Sears Roebuck Company				21,531,948	9	0.41%
Costco Wholesale Corporation				21,351,728	10	0.40%
	\$ 445,538,943		5.56%	\$ 374,809,058		7.05%

Information collected by: HDL Coren & Cone

Data Source: Sacramento County Assessor 2021/22 & 2012/13 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City Direct Rate	Sacramento County	STA Measure A	State of California	Total Sales Tax Rate
2013	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2014	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2015	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2016	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.25	8.00%
2017	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2018	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2019	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2020	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2021	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%
2022	1.00	0.25	0.50	6.00	7.75%

Source: California State Board of Equalization

City of Citrus Heights, California

Schedule of Top 25 Principal Sales Tax Remitters (listed in alphabetical order)

Current year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

2022 2013 (represents 50.93% of total sales tax) (represents 53.85% of total sales tax)

7 Eleven Arco AM PM
76 Market Arco AM PM

A&A Stepping Stone Manufacturing
Arco AM PM

Arco AM PM

Barnes & Noble

Arco AM PM
Best Buy
Burlington
Burlington
Chevon
Costco

Citrus Heights Shell JC Penney Costco Kmart Green Acres Nursery & Supply Kohls JC Penny Lowe's Kohls Macy's Lowes Maita Honda Maita Honda Marshalls Marshalls Old Navy

McDonalds Pastor Auto Care

Pastor Auto Care Ross

Quik Stop Sams Club w/Fuel

Ross Sears
Sams Club w/Fuel Shell
Target Target
Texas Roadhouse Toys R Us
Walgreens Walgreens

Walmart Supercenter Walmart Supercenter

* Firms Listed Alphabetically

Period: July 2021 thru June 2022 Period: July 2012 thru June 2013

Note: The lists above includes both public and private entities and therefore the dollar values have been omitted because the information is not public information and is not provided by HDL. Rankings are determined by the sales dollar volume.

Source: HDL & Associates, State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office

City of Citrus Heights, California Property Tax Levies and Collections For the last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	3,952,063	3,952,063	100%	-	3,952,063	100%
2014	4,180,600	4,180,600	100%	-	4,180,600	100%
2015	4,481,889	4,481,889	100%	-	4,481,889	100%
2016	4,801,882	4,662,052	100%	-	4,662,052	100%
2017	4,960,511	4,774,258	100%	-	4,774,258	100%
2018	5,286,616	4,885,101	100%	-	4,885,101	100%
2019	5,593,319	5,593,319	100%	-	5,593,319	100%
2020	5,888,260	5,888,260	100%	-	5,888,260	100%
2021	6,203,470	6,203,470	100%	-	6,203,470	100%
2022	6,521,191	6,521,191	100%	-	6,521,191	100%

Source: Sacramento County Auditor-Controller's Office

Note: Amounts reported and collected under the Teeter Plan in which all taxes are distributed to the City in the year of the levy with the County retaining any interest or penalties on uncollected balances.

^{*} Due to a Revenue Neutrality law, the City has entered into a contract with the County of Sacramento (County), whereby the County will keep all of the City's property tax revenue through June 2022. Numbers above were provided by the County.

City of Citrus Heights, California Direct and Overlapping Debt Current Year June 30, 2022

2021-22 Assessed Valuation \$8,022,787,813

	Total Debt		City's Share of Debt
DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2022	% Applicable 1	6/30/2022
Los Rios Community College District	495,095,000	3.480%	17,229,306
San Juan Unified School District	752,168,565	19.242	144,732,275
Twin Rivers Unified School District	51,225,000	0.221	113,207
Twin Rivers Unified School District (former Grant Joint UHSD)	259,153,860	0.174	450,928
CA Statewide Communities Development Authority Assessment District No. 19-14Ca	4,641,000	100	4,561,000
City of Citrus Heights	604,652	100	604,652
TOTAL DIRECT & OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT			167,691,368
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Sacramento County General Fund Obligations	128,277,354	4.192%	5,377,387
Sacramento County Pension Obligation Bonds	625,201,330	4.192	26,208,440
Sacramento Board of Education Certificates of Participation	2,635,000	4.192	110,459
Twin Rivers Unified School District Certificates of Participation	8,090,000	0.174	14,077
City of Citrus Heights General Fund Obligations	3,520,001	100	3,520,001
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District General Fund Obligations	8,030,000	10.334	829,820
Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District Pension Obligations Bonds	27,530,000	10.334	2,844,950
Orangevale Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	902,000	0.034	307
Sunrise Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	5,060,000	54.823	2,774,044
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			41,679,485
Less: Sacramento County supported obligations			575,870
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$ 41,103,615
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$4,124,653
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT			205,246,200
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			204,670,330
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			209,370,853 ²
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			208,794,983

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:

2.08%
0.04%
2.60%
2.59%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Citrus Heights, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

	2013	2013 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$ 5,315,098,307	\$ 5,315,098,307 \$ 5,536,342,474	\$ 5,860,105,879	\$ 6,048,620,069	\$ 6,321,676,969	\$ 6,705,046,017	\$ 7,063,953,933	\$ 7,386,812,084	\$ 7,737,063,203	\$ 7,897,566,483
	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted Assessed Value	1,328,774,577	1,328,774,577 1,384,085,619 1,465,026,470	1,465,026,470	1,512,155,017	1,580,419,242	1,676,261,504	1,765,988,483	1,846,703,021	1,934,265,801	1,974,391,621
	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
	199,316,187	207,612,843	219,753,970	226,823,253	237,062,886	251,439,226	264,898,272	277,005,453	290,139,870	296,158,743
Total net debt applicable to limit			1	1		1	1	1		•
	\$ 199,316,187	; 199,316,187 \$ 207,612,843 \$ 219,753,970	\$ 219,753,970	\$ 226,823,253	\$ 237,062,886	\$ 251,439,226	\$ 264,898,272	\$ 277,005,453	\$ 290,139,870	\$ 296,158,743
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0

Source: City Administrative Services Department

Notes: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

City of Citrus Heights, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Government Activities Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2013	\$ -	-	\$ -
2014	-	-	-
2015	13,749,031	652.44%	162.61
2016	13,749,031	651.70%	159.33
2017	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-
2019	50,001	2.10%	0.57
2020	3,520,001	138.10%	40.09
2021	3,791,100	140.49%	43.17
2022	604,652	21.44%	18.51

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Per (Ir	Personal Income (In Thousands)	P	Per Capita ersonal Income	Unemployment Rate	Median Age	% of Pop 25+ w/ High School Degree	% of Pop 25+ w/ Bachelor's Degree
2012	84,345	\$	2,168,257	8	25,707	5.8%	37.1	89.2%	18.5%
2013	84,544		2,163,481		25,590	4.9%	37.0	%6.68	19.2%
2014	84,550		2,107,324		24,924	7.7%	37.0	89.2%	18.9%
2015	86,291		2,109,711		24,448	6.3%	37.8	89.2%	18.9%
2016	87,013		2,097,135		24,101	5.6%	37.3	%6.68	18.8%
2017	87,731		2,193,100		24,997	4.5%	37.7	%9.68	19.0%
2018	88,095		2,377,290		26,985	3.7%	37.6	90.2%	20.0%
2019	87,811		2,548,891		29,027	3.5%	37.7	90.2%	20.7%
2020	87,811		2,698,425		30,729	%0.6	38.0	90.3%	20.4%
2021	86,367		2,820,690		32,659	%9'9	37.6	90.2%	21.6%

Notes and Data Sources:

Information collected by: HDL Coren & Cone

Population: California State Department of Finance. Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

2000-2009 Income, Age and Education Data: ESRI - Demographic Estimates are based on the last available Census. Projections are developed by incorporating all of the prior census data released to date. Demographic Data is totaled form Census Block Groups that overlap the City's

boundaries

2010 and later - Income, Age and Education Data - US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

City of Citrus Heights, California Current Year and Ten Years Ago Principal Employers

			2022*			2013*	
				Percentage of Top 10			Percentage of Top 10
ı	Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
	State of California	82,894	1	50.17%	70,548	_	52.92%
	UC Davis/US Davis Health System	16,075	2	9.73%	9,985	3	7.49%
	Sacramento County	12,760	3	7.72%	10,634	2	7.98%
	Kaiser Permanente	12,301	4	7.45%	5,696	~	4.27%
	U.S. Government	10,698	5	6.48%	5,750	7	4.31%
11	Sutter Health Sacramento Sierra Region	9,595	9	5.81%	6,507	4	4.88%
53	Dignity Health	7,488	7	4.53%	5,756	9	4.32%
	Intel Corp	5,300	8	3.21%	6,000	5	4.50%
	San Juan Unified School District	5,126	6	3.10%	4,700	10	3.53%
	Raley's	2,980	10	1.80%			
	Elk Grove Unified School District				7,735	6	5.80%
	Total	165,217		100.00%	133,311		100.00%

Notes:

** Information presented is for the Sacramento Region Largest Sacramento County Employers and Largest Private-Sector Employers, since separate data is not a available for the City of Citrus Heights. Companies surveyed for this list have offices in Sacramento County. Not all responded to inquires.

Source: Sacramento Business Journal

Source: Sacramento Business Journal

By Source: Sacramento Business Journal

City of Citrus Heights, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government	22	22	22	25	28	28	23			27
Public safety	141	150	145	144	144	151	149			138
Public works	27	25	25	20	18	16	28			17
Community development	19	16	17	18	18	18	15			12
Community center	11	15	14	14	11	6	8		,	8
Total	220	228	223	221	219	222	223	216	200	202

Source: City Administative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police Arrests	3,276	3,348	3,185	2,990	2,730	2,452	2,249	1,966	2,054	1,411
Parking citations issued Total police actions	4,000	3,887	3,870	520 3,510	3,380	3,360	3,155	2,547	393 2,447	2,092
Fire **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public works Street resurfacing (miles)	-	4	7	4	-	,	,	7	,	,
Parks and recreation **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sewer **	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Building: Commercial/Industrial Construction Residential Construction Total building actions	2 7 9	10 11	3 43 46	12 28 40	2 9 11	17 17	2 26 28	1 24 25	5 140 145	2 189 191

** Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. Information not available.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Citrus Heights, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function		2013		2014		2015	2	2016	20	2017	20	2018	20	2019	2020		20	2021	2	2022
Police: Stations		_		_		-						-1			1					_
Fire * Fire stations		ν.		ν.		v		4	7	4	4	4	4	-	4		4	_		4
Public works Streets (miles) Streetlights		237 4337		237 4365		237 4407	., 4	237 4497	2 4	237 4480	2.2	237 4702	2 47	214 4714	237 4736		274	237 4741	4	242 4810
Parks and recreation Parks * Community centers		14		14		14 3		15	- "	15 3	= .,	15 3	=	15 3	17		17	.		17
Water ** Water mains (miles) Daily average consumption in MGD **		225 17.8		225 17.8		225 17.8	(A	225 12	2%	225 12	.2.	225 12	.2.	225 12	340 14.052		32.	10 41.5	33	366.66 13.53
Sewer * Sanitary sewers (miles) Number of pump stations		235		235		235	(4	235 1	25.	235	.23	235	6	235 1	238		7, 7,	240 2		240 2
Building Commercial/Industrial Construction Value Residential Construction Value	s \$	1,202,480	€	1,600,000 1,675,004	€9	4,387,549 10,993,691	\$ 22	22,135,000 6,898,647	\$ 7,	7,105,826 6,306,226	& ,2	680,000 \$ 2,753,290	& 0, 4,	9,950,000 \$, 87: 2,72(875,001 \$ 2,720,549		591,141 1,047,021	\$ 5.	11,269,708 50,274,112

^{*} Services are provided by Special Districts, which are separate from the City. The data provided are for those portions of the system located within the City of Citrus Heights.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

^{**} MGD = Million Gallons per Day.



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 9, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Member

Ashley J. Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Casey Kempenaar, Community Development Director

Eric Singer, Associate Planner

SUBJECT: 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

Summary and Recommendation

Staff recommends the City Council adopt Resolution 2023-__ accepting the 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report and directing staff to forward the report to the appropriate state agencies in accordance with Government Code Section 65400.

Fiscal Impact

There is no fiscal impact associated with this action.

Background and Analysis

State law requires all cities and counties submit to their legislative bodies an Annual Progress Report on the status of the General Plan and progress in its implementation. The City's General Plan contains 66 goals to guide overall City development. As a basis for local government decision-making, and to maintain the city's commitment to transparency and accountability, these goals and policies are analyzed and serve as the guiding action to achieve the overall vision for the community.

State law requires each jurisdiction submit a report to the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR) to ensure the goals, polices, and action items of the General Plan are being implemented. Furthermore, a report on the progress made to implement the Housing Element of the General Plan must be provided to the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). Staff has combined the reporting elements of OPR and HCD into a single Annual Progress Report (Attachment 1a). This report provides an analysis of those General Plan polices and action items that have made notable progress during calendar year 2022, including the annual Housing Element progress report for all action items.

Following the City Council's review and acceptance of the General Plan Annual Progress Report, staff will forward the report to OPR and HCD as required by law.

2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report March 9, 2023 Page 2 of 2

Planning Commission Review

On February 22, 2023, the Planning Commission reviewed the General Plan Annual Progress Report. The Planning Commission recommended forwarding the report to the City Council for review and adoption of a Resolution accepting the 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report.

Attachments

- 1. Resolution of the City Council of Citrus Heights, California, Accepting the 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report
 - a. 2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA, ACCEPTING THE 2022 GENERAL PLAN ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT

WHEREAS, Government Code Section 65400 mandates the city submit an annual report on the status of the General Plan's implementation to the Governor's Office of Planning and Research;

WHEREAS, the report contains the Housing Element reporting requirements in accordance with state housing law and Housing and Community Development's housing element guidelines;

WHEREAS, the guidelines require the annual report be presented to the City Council for its review and acceptance;

WHEREAS, on February 22, 2023, the Planning Commission reviewed and accepted the General Plan Annual Progress Report as presented by staff;

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission acted to forward the General Plan Annual Progress Report to the City Council; and

WHEREAS, on March 9, 2023, the City Council reviewed and accepted the General Plan Annual Progress Report.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED the Citrus Heights City Council hereby accepts the General Plan Annual Progress Report and forwards the report to the appropriate State Agencies.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights this 9th day of March, 2023 by the following vote:

AYES:	Council Members:	
NOES:	Council Members:	
ABSENT:	Council Members:	
ABSTAIN:	Council Members:	
		Tim Schaefer, Mayor
ATTEST:		
Amery Ware C	ter Claule	
Amy Van, C	ity Clerk	
A 44 1 4		

Attachment A:

2022 General Plan Annual Progress Report





City of Citrus Heights General Plan Annual Progress Report 2022

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT PLANNING DIVISION 6360 FOUNTAIN SQUARE DRIVE CITRUS HEIGHTS, CA 95621 (916) 727-4740 This page intentionally left blank

Purpose of this Document

Section 65400(b) of the State of California Government Code requires planning agencies to provide an annual report to their legislative body, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR), and the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) on the status of the General Plan and progress in its implementation. The four basic purposes of the annual report are as follows:

- To provide information to assess progress on implementation of the General Plan in accordance with the stated goals, policies and implementation measures.
- Provide information to identify necessary course adjustments or modifications to the General Plan as a means to improve implementation.
- To provide a clear correlation between land use decisions made during the reporting period, and the goals, policies and implementation measures in the General Plan.
- To provide information regarding local agency progress in meeting its share of regional housing needs and local efforts to remove governmental constraints to the development of housing.

State law requires that the General Plan Annual Progress Report (APR) be completed and submitted to the state each year for the previous calendar year. This APR looks at the City of Citrus Heights's progress toward implementing its General Plan during the 2022 planning year.

General Plan Background

Upon incorporation in January 1997, the City adopted the Sacramento County General Plan. Soon thereafter, the City embarked on an intensive process of crafting the first General Plan. The resulting plan was adopted on November 15, 2000. Citizen participation played an important role in preparing the City's General Plan. Because a General Plan needs to reflect community goals and aspirations, citizens were involved with issue identification and goal formulation. The public as well as various civic and professional organizations were consulted during the General Plan preparation stage whenever possible. Numerous public meetings were held to discuss the General Plan. In 2011, a *focused* update to the General Plan was completed that addressed the areas of mobility/complete streets, water quality, climate change/sustainability. The Housing Element of the General Plan was updated in 2013 and again in 2021 to reflect the planning periods 2013-2021 and 2021-2029.

The General Plan addresses State General Plan requirements. California law requires that every city and county adopt a long-term General Plan that addresses seven specific topics or "elements," organized in any format or structure preferred by the community. The General Plan may also address other topics the community feels are relevant. Regardless of the format or issues addressed, the Plan must be internally consistent. The City's Plan is organized into three elements that meet the State requirements, as shown in Table 1: General Plan Content.

Table 1
General Plan Content

Citrus Heights Plan Elements	Required Plan Topics	Issues Covered
Community Development	Land Use Circulation Housing	Community character, neighborhoods, corridors, economic development, gateways, public spaces, housing, transportation and mobility, regional coordination
Resource Conservation	Conservation Open Space	Biological resources, open space, energy conservation, cultural resources
Community Health	Noise Safety	Flooding, seismic activity, hazardous materials, noise, air quality, climate change, services, parks and recreation, education, utilities

City's Responsibility

The effectiveness of the General Plan ultimately depends on how it is implemented and maintained over time. State law requires that most actions of local governments affecting the physical environment be consistent with the General Plan. The implementation of the Plan is the responsibility of numerous departments and divisions including:

- City Manager's Office (City Clerk, Economic Development and Communications Divisions)
- City Attorney
- Community Development Department (Planning, Building and Housing Divisions)
- Police Department (Includes Code Enforcement, Animal Control, Fleet, and Rental Housing Inspection Divisions)
- General Services Department (Public Works and Engineering, Community Services and Facilities, Grounds Divisions)
- Administrative Services Department (Finance, Information Technology, and Human Resources Divisions)

Additionally, several other governmental agencies provide services within the City's boundary. While these agencies are neither part of the City's operational structure nor directly responsible for implementation of the General Plan, the City does coordinate its activities with these other agencies and relies upon their assistance for full implementation of the General Plan. These agencies include, but are not limited to the following:

- Water Districts (3)
- Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District
- San Juan Unified School District
- Sunrise Recreation and Park District
- Sacramento Area Sewer District

Amendments to the General Plan

State law allows the City to amend its General Plan no more than four times per year. Amendments may be proposed and acted upon at any time during the year and one action may include multiple amendments. Any changes to the General Plan require public hearing by the City Council and evaluation of the environmental impacts as require by the California Environmental Quality Act.

In 2022 the City amended the General Plan one time(s), which included changes to the Community Health chapter to remain in compliance with state requirements for the City's Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP).

Major Project Developments

Construction was approved, initiated or completed within Citrus Heights for the following major projects during the 2022 planning year:

Mitchell Farms – In 2022 the Mitchell Farms subdivision was issued building permits to begin construction on 68 of the projected 260 total single-family residential dwelling units located on approximately 32 acres, with 54 units being issued certificates of occupancy.

Northridge Grove Subdivision – The Northridge Grove subdivision was issued building permits to begin construction on twelve (12) single family homes, with six (6) receiving certificates of occupancy in 2022. The entire project will construct 46 homes on an approximately 7.1-acre site.

Wyatt Ranch Subdivision – Originally entitled in 2016, the Wyatt Ranch subdivision issued building permits to begin construction on nine (9) single-family dwelling units.

Sunrise Village Retail Center – Originally approved in 2019, this high-visibility retail center at the corner of Sunrise Blvd and Madison Avenue has been undergoing a significant remodel and site refresh for over a year. New businesses include Starbucks, Firehouse Subs, City Sports Gym, and an undisclosed grocery tenant.

Other Major Milestones and Projects that Support the Goals of the General Plan

Arcade-Cripple Creek Groundbreaking – The Arcade-Cripple Creek Trail (ACCT) broke ground in November 2022 and will continue through August of 2023, weather permitting. The City is constructing a 2.9 mile long multi-use trail between Sunrise Boulevard (near Arcade Creek Park Preserve) and Wachtel Way that will largely follow an existing Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) electric corridor easement. The project is located in the City and unincorporated Orangevale, and connects several neighborhoods to eight parks, several schools and the Sunrise MarketPlace.

<u>Citrus Heights Cares</u> – The City launched its Beautification Crew program in October 2022 to provide maintenance and beautification services, including litter and weed abatement, illegal sign removal, minor graffiti removal, cleaning of debris along sidewalks and trails, among other things.

<u>Greenback Lane Complete Streets Project</u> – Rehabilitation of this major arterial corridor between Sunrise Boulevard and Fair Oaks Boulevard was completed this year, and included enhanced pedestrian and bike mobility, improved traffic flow and improved rideability and aesthetics of the corridor.

2022 Citrus Heights Homeless Outreach Navigator End-of-Year Report – The Homeless Navigator program achieved several notable objectives and participated in several community partnerships in the 2022 calendar year, including:

- Navigator's weekly attendance at HART's Winter Shelter
- Antelope Christian Fellowship mail program
- Added an additional Navigator to the team
- Partnership with Advent Lutheran Church to host weekly Navigator office hours on Thursdays
- Navigator Respite center at Living Waters Church on Mondays. This respite lead to a partnership with Sunrise Christian Food Ministry to provide food to the community through the respite and outreach
- Success with a Citrus Heights Homeless individual of 30+ years, who is now sober and living at Grace House. He reconnected with his family and spent the holidays traveling and visiting.

2022 Homeless Outreach Navigator Statistics:

- Active caseload: 139 individuals
- 215 enrollments in 2022
- 70 households housed (totaling 112 individuals)
- Average 5.8 households a month housed
- 12 families with minors were placed in a shelter
- 16 individuals went into a recovery program

Status of General Plan Implementation Actions

The table below analyzes selected General Plan policies and action items that made notable progress in 2022. The table is not a comprehensive list of all policies and action items in the General Plan; many policies/actions are under ongoing implementation, and may not be listed here. A majority of the General Plan policies and related action items have been implemented through the adoption of ordinances or resolutions, incorporated into the regular governmental activities, or considered during the review of development proposals. The policy implementations below provide a streamlined review to highlight the annual progress efficiently. A comprehensive list of all General Plan policies and action items with status and/or implementation can be viewed in prior General Plan APRs.

A review of the Housing Element implementation status for all action items, and progress toward meeting the City's Regional Housing Needs Assessment, is provided in the subsequent section, beginning on page 14.

Community Cha	racter and Identity	
Goal 2: Preserve	e the unique character of Citrus Heights, and cre	eate a distinctive community identity
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation
2.3	Maintain a high level of services for all citizens, safety.	including high standards of public
	At the May 26, 2022 City Council meeting, City Plan that outlined and clarified strategic object March of 2024. Part of those objectives include Crew. The crew began working in November of cleanup and response, active enforcement of e that impede public right-of-ways and other public enjoyment and safety.	rives for the City to accomplish by ed the creation of a Beautification f 2022, and provides expeditious encampments and nuisance situations
	Additionally, at the October 27, 2022 City Cour Shopping Cart ordinance to aid businesses in the term costs for businesses relative to shopping opublic nuisance created by stolen shopping car litter.	ne retention of carts and reduce long- cart replacement and addressing the

Housing		
Goal 25: Provide	e adequate sites for a variety of housing opport	cunities to serve all residents
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation
25.1	Promote development of a variety of housing t	ypes in terms of
	location, cost, design, style, type, and tenure, v	vhile ensuring
	compatibility with adjacent uses of land.	,
25.1A	Support development of secondary dwelling	In the 2022 year alone, the City
	units, cluster housing, work/live units, co-op	issued 32 building permits for the
	housing, and other innovative housing types	construction of Accessory Dwelling
	as allowed by the Zoning Code	Units (ADUs). Six of these permits
		were from the City's Permit-Ready
		Accessory Dwelling Unit Program
		(PRADU), providing 18 different ADU
		plans to prospective applicants free
		of charge. This is all part of the City's
		efforts to create more housing
		opportunities within single-family
25.2		zoned neighborhoods.
25.2	Strive to meet the City's fair share housing allo	cation based on the Regional Housing
25.24	Needs Assessment.	1. 2022
25.2A	Develop an inventory of land suitable within	In 2022, a development proposal for
	the City for the development of housing for	the 11.34-acre property near Sylvan
	all segments of the community.	Corners was received. The plan
		includes 95 single-family, detached
		for-sale homes. The development
		concept will provide walkability to
		nearby retail and schools, and attract new families to the
		attract new families to the

established corridor. Attracting new families will help support the existing commercial nodes in the area and provide an economic impact and ensure neighborhood vitality. The project is under review and will go through the City's normal development review process, including public hearings at the Planning Commission and City Council. Woodside Homes will work
with the City on project review and
approval, including obtaining all necessary entitlements and ongoing
communication with the community.

Goal 26: Develo	op, conserve, and improve the housing stock to	ensure decent accommodations for
all segments of	the community	
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation
26.1	Encourage the conservation and improvement	of existing housing.
26.1.A	Promote the use of administrative remedies	The City's Rental Housing Inspection
	to remediate substandard rental units.	Program officially launched in 2019.
		Since then, the team has been in the
		field conducting inspections and
		working with rental property
		owners and property managers to
		resolve code violations that are
		negatively impacting the quality of
		the City's housing stock. In 2022, the
		RHIP team identified 583 individual
		housing units with violations and
		identified a total of 3,431 total
		violations, of which 2,119 violations
		were cleared. In most cases, each
		one of these violations has the
		potential to cause a hazard that
		could result in great bodily harm or
		death. These impressive results
		highlight and underscore the need
		and importance of having a program
		dedicated to improving the City's
		rental housing.
26.1.F	Continue and expand the City's Owner	The City's Critical Home Repair
	Occupied Rehabilitation Program where	Grant Program helped four (4)
	feasible.	eligible homeowners with health,
		safety, and ADA repairs to their

homes in 2022. This program is
funded with CDBG Revolving Loan
Funds.
Additionally, the City's Critical Home
Repair Grant Program assisted six
(6) eligible mobile home owners
with health and safety repairs to
their homes. This program is funded
with CARES Act funds.

Goal 28: Ensure housing opportunities for all segments of the community			
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation	
28.1	Enforce Code requirements to ensure that housing is accessible to the disabled The City's General Service Department used a portion of CDBG funding on		
	accessibility improvements to public infrastruc	ture, ADA-compliant sidewalks (six)	
	and curb/ramps (twenty-nine).		
28.2	Endeavor to meet the housing needs of homele		
28.2.B	Continue to work with the Sacramento	The City offered a variety of public	
	County Department of Housing Assistance to	service activities using CDBG and	
	provide emergency shelters and other	CARES Act funds in 2022, including	
	support services	an emergency food closet, an after-	
		school youth program at the	
		Sayonara Center, meals to seniors,	
		housing counseling, permanent	
		housing placement services,	
		workforce development services to	
		youth, and a free Renters Helpline	
		to provide information and assist	
		with fair housing disputes.	
28.3	Support and cooperate with regional and community-based organizations in the		
	delivery of special needs housing resources.		
28.3.A	Support SHRA efforts to provide housing	The City continues to have a great	
	assistance within the community.	working relationship with SHRA. The	
		City has issued building permits for	
		Sunrise Pointe, a 46 unit deed	
		restricted affordable and supportive	
		housing project, which utilized a	
		variety of regional funding sources.	
		Construction began in 2022 and is	
		ongoing.	

Resource Conse	Resource Conservation			
Goal 36: Preserve, protect and increase plantings of trees within the City				
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation		
36.1	Incorporate existing trees into development projects. Avoid adverse effects on health and longevity of native oaks or other significant trees through appropriate design measures and construction practices. When tree preservation is not possible, require appropriate tree replacement.			
36.1.B	Prepare a plan to systematically increase tree canopy in the City.	For the fifth year in a row, the City of Citrus Heights has been named a Tree City USA by the Arbor Day Foundation, in honor of the City's ongoing commitment to effective urban forest management. Citrus Heights achieved Tree City USA recognition by meeting four requirements set by the Arbor Day Foundation, including having a tree board or department, a tree care ordinance, an annual community forestry budget of at least \$2 per capita, and an Arbor Day observance and proclamation. A tree planting event was held at the 2022 Sunday Funday event at Rusch Park.		

Open Space	Open Space			
Goal 38: Establi	Goal 38: Establish a system of creekside trails, passive open space and parks for public use			
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action	Status/Implementation		
38.1	Provide for recreational trail rights-of-way alor development easements and agreements.	ng local creek channels through		
38.1.A	Pursue development of recreational trails that respect privacy of adjoining properties, safety of users, and maintenance of natural areas.	The Arcade-Cripple Creek Trail (ACCT) broke ground in November 2022 and will continue through August of 2023, weather permitting. The City is constructing a 2.9 mile long multi-use trail between Sunrise Boulevard (near Arcade Creek Park Preserve) and Wachtel Way that will largely follow an existing Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) electric corridor easement. The project is located in the City and unincorporated Orangevale, and connects several neighborhoods to eight parks, several schools and the Sunrise MarketPlace.		

Public Safety	Public Safety			
Goal 58: Ensure	Goal 58: Ensure excellent public safety services and rapid and effective emergency response			
Goal/Action #	Policy/Action Status/Implementation			
58.1	Provide police staffing as necessary to meet co	mmunity needs		
	IMPACT Detectives and the SWAT Team, in con	junction with Code Enforcement and		
	the City's Building Division, were successful in s	shutting down an illegal gambling		
	operation within the City limits. The neighborir	ng businesses and landlord were		
	extremely appreciative for the police department	ent's assistance.		
	The IMPACT Unit and the Homeless Outreach Navigators proactively partnered with			
	other City government departments and the City Attorney's Office to look for			
	strategies and best practices to tackle issues concerning blight and chronic nuisances			
	that have negatively affected the quality of life in Citrus Heights. This collaboration			
	led to forming a Community Prosecutor position			
	A chronic nuisance offender (CNO) is any perso	on who negatively affects the quality		
	of life in our city through repeated violations of	·		
	Ordinances and is a drain on City resources. This program aims to have an efficient way for the City of Citrus Heights and the Police Department to work with our			
	Community Prosecutor to hold those accountable who are chronic nuisance			
	offenders.			

Housing Element Annual Progress Report

Overview

Preserving and enhancing the range and affordability of housing in an important goal of the General Plan. A goal of the Plan is to continue to address the housing needs for all, including move-up homeowners, low-income renters, seniors, disabled persons, and other with special needs. The Plan includes a variety of goals, policies and actions primality directed toward the following objective:

- Increase the level of home ownership in the community
- Preserve the existing housing supply and assure its continuing quality.

This annual report includes a review of the Plan's goals as they relate to housing. Table D, included within this report, provides the status/progress of the programs within the housing element section of the General Plan.

Regional Housing Needs Plan

In an effort to address statewide housing needs, the state of California requires regions to address housing issues and needs based on future growth projections for the area. Housing and Community Development (HCD) allocates regional housing needs to councils of government throughout the state. The Regional Housing Needs Plan (RHNP) then allocates to each city and unincorporated county their "fair share" of the region's projected housing needs by household income level. This distribution is commonly referred to as the Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA).

The intent of the RHNP is to ensure that local jurisdictions address not only the needs of their immediate areas but also fill the housing needs for the entire region. Additionally, a major goal of the RHNP is to ensure that every community provides an opportunity for a mix of affordable housing to all economic segments of its population.

For the City, the RHNP is developed by the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG). State law requires the City to identify its progress in meeting its share of the RHNA as well as local efforts to remove governmental constraints to housing. The City's General Plan Housing Element includes programs and actions to be taken to meet these objectives, and reflects the RHNP and RHNA for the Sacramento region.

SACOG, along with the City and the other jurisdictions in the region, prepared the Regional Housing Needs Plan (RHNP) and the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) for the 2021–2029 planning period. The RHNP identified a total of 697 dwelling units as the City's fair share of the regional needs total. Table 2 identifies the breakdown of this number for each of the income categories covered by the RHNP for the City.

Table 2
Regional Housing Needs Allocation (6th Cycle – June 1, 2021 – Dec 31, 2022)

Income Category	RHNA	Total Units to Date of Current Planning Period*	Total Remaining RHNA by Income Level
Extremely Low Income/Very Low	132		132
Low Income	79	32	47
Moderate Income	144		144
Above Moderate	342	95	247
Total	697	127	570

^{*}Numbers from Table B of the Annual Housing Element Report

Summary of Units

The information below is a summary of housing unit activity of the City of Citrus Heights during 2022. This information is a summary of Tables A through J submitted to the State of California's Housing and Community Development Department.

Housing Element Program Implementation

The City adopted its 2021–2029 Housing Element on May 27, 2021. It was subsequently certified by HCD.

Jurisdiction	Citrus Heights		
Reporting Year	2022	(Jan. 1 - Dec. 31)	
	Building Permits Issue	d by Affordability Summary	
	Income Level		Current Year
	Vondlow	Deed Restricted	0
	Very Low	Non-Deed Restricted	0
	Low	Deed Restricted	0
	LOW	Non-Deed Restricted	32
	Moderate	Deed Restricted	0
Moderate		Non-Deed Restricted	0
А	bove Moderate		91
Total Units			123

Note: Units serving extremely low-income households are included in the very low-income permitted units totals

Units by Structure Type	Entitled	Permitted	Completed
SFA	0	0	0
SFD	0	91	59
2 to 4	0	0	0
5+	0	0	0
ADU	0	32	3
МН	0	0	0
Total	0	123	62

Housing Applications Summary			
Total Housing App	olications Submitted:		2
Number of Propos	sed Units in All Applicat	ions Received:	111
Total Housing Uni	ts Approved (that were	submitted in 2021):	0
Total Housing Uni 2021):	ts Disapproved (that we	ere submitted in	0
Use of SB 35 Stream	amlining Provisions		
Number of Applic	ations for Streamlining		0
Number of Stream	0		
Total Developmer	0		
Total Units Constr	0		
Units Constructed	d - SB 35 Streamlining F	Permits	
Income	Rental	Ownership	Total
Very Low	0	0	0
Low	0	0	
Moderate	0	0	
Above Moderate	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

Cells in grey contain auto-calculation formulas

State law requires the City to complete a specific review of the implementation of the programs in the Housing Element. Table D lists each of the programs in the Housing Element and indicates the timeframe to complete the program and the City's efforts to date. As the table shows, the City is on track with implementation of its Housing Element.

ANNUAL ELEMENT PROGRESS REPORT Housing Element Implementation

(CCR Title 25 §6202)

Jurisdiction	Citrus Heights	,
Reporting Year	2022	(Jan. 1 - Dec. 31)

Table D

Program Implementation Status pursuant to GC Section 65583

Housing Programs Progress Report

Describe progress of all programs including local efforts to remove governmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement, and development of housing as identified in the housing element.

1	2	3	4
Name of Program	Objective	Timeframe in H.E	Status of Program Implementation
24.1A	Use City Housing funds to leverage private funds to create home ownership opportunities	Ongoing	Ongoing
24.1B	Continue to participate in programs that encourage people to own homes close to their workplaces	Ongoing	The City has continued to promote a variety of housing types in the community in in-fill locations. Due to the built out nature, most of these in-fill locations are located in or adjacent to existing commercially zoned land. This type of development enables residents to live near where they work. For example, the Sunrise Tomorrow Specific Plan adopted in 2021 will introduce over 1,200 housing units on the 100-acre site, located in the heart of the city's commercial and business core known as the Sunrise MarketPlace. In addition, in 2022 the city continued issuing building permits and certificates of occupancy for 260 new small lot single family homes on the site of a former golf course. This project is located adjacent to the Sunrise MarketPlace is in close proximity to hundreds of jobs and businesses.
24.1C	Develop and distribute the housing resource materials to potential homebuyers	Ongoing	The City has developed a Home-ownership Resource Guide as well as Housing resource materials, available on the City's website and at various City functions, or at City Hall. The City also partners with NeighborWorks, a non-profit group that offers homeownership classes and additional resources for prospective home buyers.
24.1D	Use available state and federal funds for the city-wide first time home buyer assistance program	Ongoing	Ongoing
24.1E	Create and participate in partnerships that encourage home ownership	Ongoing	The City has forged partnerships with several housing agencies including Habitat for Humanity, Mercy Housing, Sacramento Valley Apartment Association, the Sacramento Housing Alliance, Neighbor-Works, and the Sacramento Home Loan Counseling Center. The City also participates in education for first-time homebuyers on issues facing new homeowners.

24.1F	Explore and pursue innovative ways of creating opportunities for increased home ownership	Ongoing	Ongoing
24.1G	Assist homeowners facing possible foreclosure with technical assistance and support to prevent foreclosure	Ongoing	The City has provided funding to assist homeowners with foreclosure prevention assistance. The City has assisted numerous owners during the peak of the foreclosure crisis and continues to provide assistance as necessary. The subsidence of the foreclosure crisis has reduced the amount of assistance required almost entirely.
24.2A	Develop a program to allow and encourage conversion of small rental properties to owner occupancy	Ongoing	The City has purchased and demolished several dilapidated rental units on Sayonara and developed a Sayonara Replacement Housing Plan. The city has initiated a partnership with a nonprofit housing builder to replace the demolished units with ownership housing for income restricted persons and families. The project began its planning phase in fall 2022 and is expected to take three years to complete.
24.2B	Investigate ways to provide ownership of mobile home parks by their residents	Ongoing	The City Created a Mobile Home Task Force to investigate methods. The City adopted a Mobile Home Conversion Ordinance to protect mobile home owners. The City will continue to monitor future opportunities for Mobile Home Conversion to ownership.
25.1A	Support development of secondary dwelling units, cluster housing, work/live units, co-op housing, and other innovative housing types as allowed by the Zoning Code		The City has adopted a zoning code that removes the constraints to development of innovative housing types. The City saw its highest number of ADUs permitted (32) in 2022. In addition, the city has adopted pre-approved plans for ADUs and educational events to encourage ADUs. In 2022, the city also issued and finalled dozens of new building permits for Mitchell Farms, a 260 unit single family development project on a former golf course.
25.2A	Develop an inventory of land suitable within the City for the development of housing for all segments of the community	Ongoing	In 2022, a development proposal for the 11.34-acre property near Sylvan Corners was received. The plan includes 95 single-family, detached for-sale homes. The development concept will provide walkability to nearby retail and schools, and attract new families to the established corridor. Attracting new families will help support the existing commercial nodes in the area and provide an economic impact and ensure neighborhood vitality. The project is under review and will go through the City's normal development review process, including public hearings at the Planning Commission and City Council. Woodside Homes will work with the City on project review and approval, including obtaining all necessary entitlements and ongoing communication with the community.

25.2B	Prepare an Annual General Plan Progress Report to analyze the City's progress to meet the fair share allocation based on the RHNP.	Ongoing	Ongoing
25.2C	Establish a housing monitoring program that includes annual review of the following: · Inventory of land suitable within the City for the development of housing for all segments of the community - Proposed and approved residential projects and building permits issued · Home and apartment vacancies · Rental and home sales survey and Multiple Listing Service summary - Infrastructure and public services capacity.	Ongoing	Ongoing
25.3A	Implement mixed-use development along the City's major corridors	Ongoing	The Auburn Boulevard Specific Plan, the revised Zoning Code, and the Sunrise Tomorrow Specific Plan encourage this type of development.
26.1A	Promote the use of administrative remedies to remediate substandard rental units	Ongoing	The city's Rental Housing Inspection Program officially launched in 2019. Since then, the team has been in the field conducting inspections and working with rental property owners and property managers to resolve code violations that are negatively impacting the quality of the city's housing stock. In 2022, the RHIP team identified 583 individual housing units with violations and identified a total of 3,431 total violations, of which 2,119 violations were cleared. In most cases, each one of these violations has the potential to cause a hazard that could result in great bodily harm or death. These impressive results highlight and underscore the need and importance of having a program dedicated to improving the city's rental housing.
26.1B	Remove unsafe or dilapidated housing through the Neighborhood Enhancement Program, secure vacant nuisance residential structures and require resolution through the Neighborhood Enhancement Program	Ongoing	The Rental Housing Inspection Program will assist in improving dilapidated housing.
26.1C	Offer incentives and financing assistance for affordable housing and housing rehabilitation	Ongoing	The city offers affordable housing assistance through its First-Time Homebuyer Program and Housing Repair Program. The City has also implemented Zoning Code modifications to incentivize construction of ADUs throughout the City. The City has used LEAP funding to help create pre-approved ADU plans and offer other educational opportunities related to ADUs.

26.1D	Work with financial institutions, nonprofit organizations and government agencies to promote housing rehabilitation	Ongoing	The City has teamed with local organizations to provide housing repair assistance, access improvements, and maintenance to several homeowners. The City has allocated CDBG funding to expand the program.
26.1E	Support the efforts of all local service organizations and, schools, and other communitygroups to provide housing repair assistance, including the Rebuilding Together Program	Ongoing	The City has teamed with local organizations to provide housing repair assistance, access improvements, and maintenance to several homeowners. The City has lead efforts for housing rehabilitation of residential projects and cleanup annually through the Sacramento Valley Association of Building Officials.
			The City continues to search for opportunities to partner with non-profits, local partners, and community groups to assist with housing repair efforts.
26.1F	Continue and expand the City's Owner Occupied Rehabilitation Program where feasible	Ongoing	The City has teamed with local organizations to provide housing repair assistance, access improvements, and maintenance to several homeowners. The City has allocated CDBG funding to expand the program.
26.1G	Examine the feasibility of creating a Resale Inspection Program	N/A	The City has evaluated the feasibility of a Resale Inspection Program and determined a program of this nature is not feasible. Instead, in 2019, the City created the Rental Housing Inspection Program (RHIP). The RHIP requires regular inspections of the rental housing stock. This program funds several code enforcement officers to ensure rental housing stock is properly maintained.
			Since a majority of code enforcement complaints are affiliated with rental housing, this has enabled the City's regular code enforcement team to more proactively respond to ownership housing as well.
26.1H	Continue to provide interest free housing repair loans to senior residents through the City's Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation Program.	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.11	Use available housing funds to assist in rehabilitating housing.	Ongoing	Ongoing

26.1J	Pursue a variety of funding sources such as the Housing Stock Fee and the Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Program to fund and strengthen the code enforcement activities.	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.1K	Use a system of cumulative and substantial fines to gain compliance from the owners of nuisance properties		The Municipal Code provides for a system of cumulative and substantial fines to gain compliance from nuisance property owners. The Code Enforcement Division has successfully implemented the system and over \$25,000 in fines are issued annually.
26.1L	Work with community based organizations to create self-help housing in the City	Ongoing	The City has attempted to create partnerships to create self-help housing, however, no projects have come to fruition.
26.1M	Seek new ownership opportunities to redevelop existing problematic housing developments	Ongoing	The City has invested over \$6.2 million to revitalize the Sayonara Neighborhood. The City leveraged the Community Reinvestment Act and other resources to acquire and demolish 15 substandard multi-family structures on Sayonara Drive. The City's replacement housing plan calls for the future construction of a variety of housing. The City's Permanent Local Housing Application includes funding to begin the predevelopment work on this important project. The City has utilized receivership options in cases with problematic properties as well. This has worked well recently and the City plans on using this resource again with problem properties.
26.1N	Encourage the use of Green Building practices for the revitalization or redevelopment of the existing housing stock	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.10	Seek grants and other funding mechanisms to assist in redevelopment of existing housing stock	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.2A	Promote the development of mixed-use housing including clustered, live-work and above-retail uses in appropriate zones	Ongoing	The Auburn Boulevard Specific Plan, the revised Zoning Code, and the Sunrise Tomorrow Specific Plan encourage this type of development.
26.2B	Continue streamlining the review process to minimize any constraints on or disincentives to housing development	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.2C	Promote quality design by offering flexible housing development standards	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.2D	Use available funding to assist in developing a variety of housing types.	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.2E	Encourage and offer incentives to developments that include Green practices including LEED Certification and/or Photovoltaic Systems	Ongoing	Ongoing

26.2F	Encourage and offer incentives to developments that promote Universal Housing	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.3A	The City will investigate the feasibility of establishing a rental inspection program. The City will consider incorporating the concept of a resale inspection program as a priority as a part of the Climate Action plan, addressing energy efficiency into older homes. Investigate the feasibility of establishing a rental inspection program	Ongoing	In 2019, the City approved the Rental Housing Inspection Program (RHIP) to require regular inspections of the rental housing stock. This program funds several code enforcement officers to ensure rental housing stock is properly maintained. Since a majority of code enforcement complaints are affiliated with rental housing, this has enabled the City's regular code enforcement team to more proactively respond to ownership housing as well.
26.3B	Work with the local housing authority (Sacramento) to enhance the quality and appearance of public housing in the City	Ongoing	City staff has met with the local housing authority (Sacramento), toured local public housing, and discussed ways the City can help enhance the quality and appearance of public housing in the City. Since that time, all SHRA owned housing in Citrus Heights has been upgraded and improved. The City will continue to look for funding opportunities to partner with SHRA.
26.4A	Implement the Design Guidelines within the Zoning Code	Ongoing	Ongoing
26.5A		Annually	The City has been unsuccessful in obtaining funds for this purpose. The City will conduct annual assessment with Mobile Home Park owners and residents to evaluate the potential for partnerships to achieve this task.
26.5B	Continue to offer Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds to rehabilitate mobile and manufactured homes	Ongoing	CDBG funds allow for individual grants for mobile home repairs. The City will continue to look into ongoing funding opportunities for these programs.
26.5C	Continue to fund the emergency repair program for lower income owners of mobile and manufactured homes	Ongoing	CDBG funds allow for individual grants for mobile home repairs. The City will continue to look into ongoing funding opportunities for these programs.
26.5D	The City will investigate the feasibility of converting mobile home parks to resident owned or similar ownership. The City will conduct annual assessment with Mobile Home Park owners and residents to evaluate the potential for partnerships to achieve resident ownership in mobile home parks	Annually	The City remains open to working with Mobile Home Park owners and residents to evaluate the potential for partnerships to achieve this task.

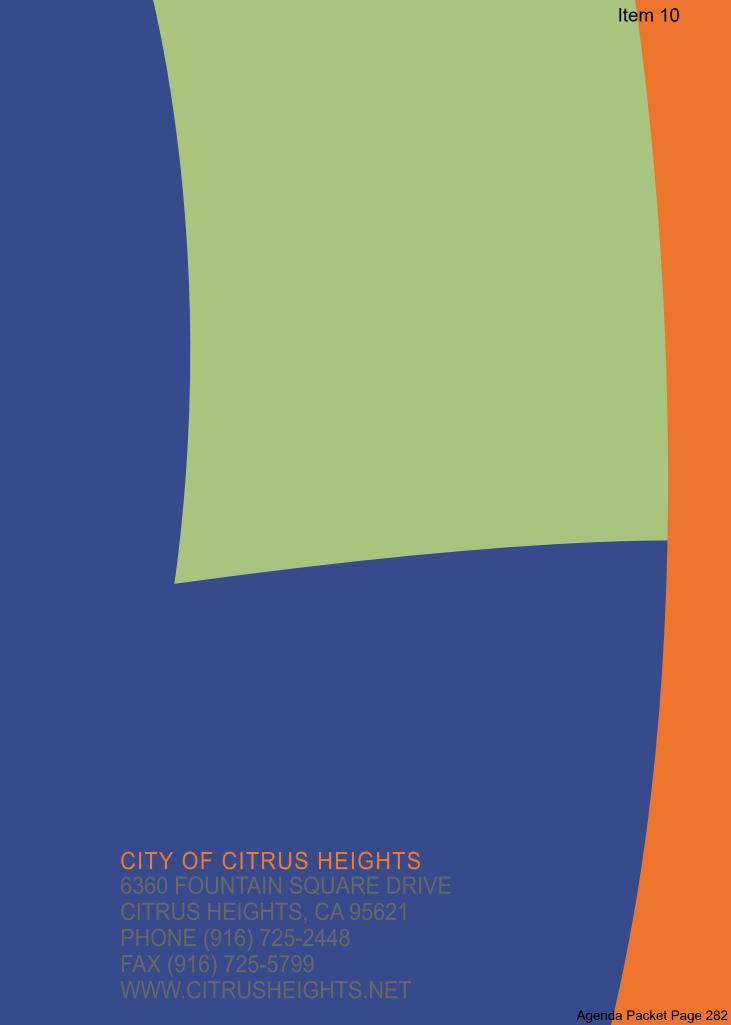
26.5E	Redevelop / Rehabilitate existing deteriorated mobile home parks or manufactured homes	Ongoing	CDBG funds allow for individual grants for mobile home repairs. The City will continue to look into ongoing funding opportunities for these programs.
27.1A	Annually review the status of housing projects whose government restrictions are expiring or near expiration to determine the need for intervention	Ongoing	The City has annually reviewed housing projects to determine the best method to preserve affordable housing. The City has worked closely with several of the subject property owners to intervene where appropriate.
27.1B	Work with the federal Housing and Urban Development Department (HUD), Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency (SHRA), and other agencies to determine the City's options in preserving at risk units	Ongoing	The City works with available agencies when necessary, however, the need has been limited as the vast majority of at-risk units have been renewed recently, aren't at-risk, or are under stable ownership.
27.1C	Work with nonprofit housing organizations, SHRA, and other agencies to help purchase complexes where the owner wishes to convert to market rate	Ongoing	The City works with available agencies when necessary, however, the need has been limited as the vast majority of at-risk units have been renewed recently, aren't at-risk, or are under stable ownership.
27.1D	If preservation of an "at-risk" development cannot be accomplished, work with the owners to ensure proper federal notification and moving assistance is provided	Ongoing	Ongoing
27.1E	Use CDBG, Redevelopment funds and other available resources to subsidize identified "at-risk" units, rehabilitate substandard units, and/or fund self-help projects, to retain their availability as low-income housing	Ongoing	Ongoing
27.1F	Continue to implement strategies to redevelop Sayonara Drive (Sunrise to Lialana)"	Ongoing	The City has invested over \$6.2 million to revitalize the Sayonara Neighborhood. The City leveraged the Community Reinvestment Act and other resources to acquire and demolish 15 substandard multi-family structures on Sayonara Drive. The City's replacement housing plan calls for the future construction of a variety of housing. The City's Permanent Local Housing Application includes funding to begin the pre-development work on this important project.
28.1A	Enforce Code requirements to ensure that housing is accessible to the disabled	Ongoing	Ongoing
28.1B	The City will consider development of Universal/Adaptable Design Guidelines for disabled and aging populations	Ongoing	The City encourages Universal Design and Adaptable Design during the development review process.

28.2A	Work with other jurisdictions to assess need for transitional housing and develop plans to address this problem.	Ongoing	A City representative currently serves on the advisory board for the regional Continuum of Care, which meets on a monthly basis. The City will continue to explore opportunities to partner on a regional transitional housing plan as they become available. The city has also approved Sunrise Pointe, a 46 unit deed restricted affordable and supportive housing project, which utilized a variety of regional funding sources. Construction began in 2022, and is ongoing.
28.2B	Continue to work with the Sacramento County Department of Housing Assistance to provide emergency shelters and other support services	Ongoing	A City representative currently serves on the advisory board of the regional Continuum of Care, which meets on a monthly basis. Sacramento Steps Forward has taken on the role of administering Sacramento County's HUD grants and emergency shelter responsibilities, which for the most part have been transferred to the non-profit. The City has locally increased funding to Sacramento Self Help Housing for case management services to the homeless and near homeless.
28.2C	Provide CDBG funds and other resources as available to help finance the City's fair share of homeless services	Ongoing	The City dedicates close to a quarter of the available human services portion of the CDBG annual entitlement funds towards funding the Homeless Navigator Program.
28.3A	Support SHRA efforts to provide housing assistance within the community	Ongoing	The City continues to have a great working relationship with SHRA. The city has issued building permits for Sunrise Pointe, a 46 unit deed restricted affordable and supportive housing project, which utilized a variety of regional funding sources. Construction began in 2022 and is ongoing.
28.3B	Enforce Federal and State antidiscrimination laws.	Ongoing	The City currently contracts with Sacramento Self-Help Housing. Their Renter's Help Line serves as a resource for tenants and landlords, and helps mitigate any potential discriminatory housing practices.
28.3C	Continue to educate, and be a conduit of information for residents and landlords regarding the fair housing and landlord-tenant dispute services available to them in the community. Use CDBG and other grants to fund these programs where appropriate.	Ongoing	The City currently contracts with Sacramento Self-Help Housing. Their Renter's Help Line serves as a resource for tenants and landlords, and helps mitigate any potential discriminatory housing practices.
28.4A	Conduct annual review as part of the submittal of the Annual Report to HCD as required by law	Annually	The City continues to report annually to HCD on the effectiveness and appropriateness of housing related goals, policies, and actions.

28.4B	Seek grant funding to implement housing programs.	Annually	The City aggressively monitors the availability of new housing resources and program funds.
28.4C	Ensure existing affordable housing developments are meeting their rent and income restrictions	Annually	The City has an exclusive agreement with SHRA to monitor and ensure that all existing affordable housing developments are meeting their rent and income restrictions. The City monitors its rehab and first time home buyer loans to verify occupancy and income requirements.
28.4D	Monitor market conditions to determine the effect of density and land costs on development of affordable housing.	Bi-Annually	In 2018, the City commissioned a study by UCLA on the feasibility of increasing affordability in Citrus Heights via increased density, based on current market conditions. The study showed that the market conditions in Citrus Heights do not necessitate an increase in density to provide more affordability. The City will continue to monitor market conditions as they relate to density and affordability.
28.5A	Review the City's available land inventory annually to ensure that sufficient land is designated for an appropriate range of housing types	Annually	In 2012, the City prepared a Vacant, Pending, and Underutilized Land Inventory (VLI). This inventory was subsequently updated in 2020 for the 2021-2029 Housing Element cycle. The VLI has identified sites that provide the potential for up to 831 housing units. Additionally, the City has identified other sites that may have the potential for housing should one of the other sites not be developed.
28.6A	Continue to educate residents on the fair housing resources available to them in the community, and provide public funding to these organizations where appropriate.	Annually	The City currently contracts with Sacramento Self-Help Housing. Their Renter's Help Line serves as a resource for tenants and landlords, and helps mitigate any potential discriminatory housing practices.
28.7A	Continue to staff the Interdepartmental Development Review Committee to ensure timely processing of development applications	Ongoing	The City Interdepartmental Development Review Committee (IDRC) continues to meet twice a month to ensure projects are reviewed accurately and in a timely manner.
28.7B	Continue to make development decisions at the lowest level possible (e.g. staff approvals) in order to expedite development decision making.	Ongoing	The Zoning Ordinance, as amended in 2006 allows staff level approvals for Minor Use Permits, Minor Variances, Zoning Clearances, Multi-family units (less than 10), and other minor applications.
28.7C	Continue to use density bonuses, federal funds and other available resources to promote housing opportunities, especially for low-income persons and those with special needs, including developmental disabilities.	Ongoing	The Zoning Ordinance allows density bonuses for a variety of project types including targeting low-income and senior populations. The City provides material to distribute to non-profits and developers informing them about the opportunities the City has available on its website. The Fair Oaks Senior Apartments project utilized the density bonus to provide additional housing in their development.

28.7D	Examine all City development fees to ensure they are fair, necessary and not an undue impediment to housing production. Consult with outside agencies such as the Human Rights and Fair Housing Agency, housing advocates, building trade organizations, Chamber of Commerce, and other private interests in making this assessment.	Ongoing	The city went through a comprehensive fee update in 2019 that took effect January 1, 2020. Development and impact fees will be updated in the future.
28.7E	Establish Council policy on fee waivers and deferrals for future development.	Jul-09	The Council currently grants fee waivers and deferrals on a case-by-case basis. Such requests have been considered and granted.
28.7F	Partner with outside agencies including the Sacramento Metropolitan Fire District, San Juan Unified School District, Sunrise Recreation and Park District, and Sacramento Regional Sanitation District to provide input in evaluating how these agencies' fees impact housing production.	Ongoing	The City continually monitors total fee packages in comparison to other jurisdictions to determine impacts to development of housing. The City closely reviews fee increases by other agencies that impact the cost of developing housing in Citrus Heights and provides feedback where appropriate.
28.7G	Research the access to services, facilities, and transportation for special needs populations, including the adequacy of major streets and sidewalks.	Ongoing	The City continually evaluates the service capacity of services, facilities, and transportation needs for special populations. The City continually makes improvements to major streets, rehabilitates sidewalks to meet ADA standards and has installed new sidewalk to ensure adequate pedestrian access throughout the City.
28.8A	Leverage available funding to obtain Federal, State, or other funds for low and moderate housing projects.	Ongoing	The City participates in the Sacramento County Continuum of Care, making an annual contribution of its CDBG funds to the Continuum. The city has also approved Sunrise Pointe, a 46 unit deed restricted affordable and supportive housing project. Construction began in 2022 and is ongoing. The City will continue to leverage all available funding sources for low and moderate income housing projects.
General Commen	its:		

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CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 9, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Members

Ashley J. Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Alex Turcotte, Chief of Police

Ryan Jones, City Attorney

SUBJECT: Second Reading – Proposed Ordinance Prohibiting Commercial

Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City; and Resolution to

Approve Fine

Summary and Recommendation

On February 23, 2023, the City Council introduced, read by title only and waived the first full reading of an ordinance adopting an Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City. Background materials associated with this item are contained in the February 23, 2023 City Council Meeting Staff Report available on the City's website

Citrus Heights Municipal Code Section 94-267(f) currently prohibits commercial vehicle parking in residential districts. This amendment would extend this prohibition to non-residential districts. Commercial vehicles (tractor trailers, semi-trucks, etc.) have been utilizing City streets for overnight or longer-term parking causing a variety of concerns ranging from traffic safety, visibility and blight. In particular, the roadways on or around Sunrise Vista Drive, near Sunrise Rollerland, and Desimone Lane near Judi's Cleaners have been impacted by repeated commercial vehicle parking. These locations, like elsewhere in the City, have the potential to create public safety concerns as well as negative business impacts due to reduced visibility and limited on-street parking for customers.

At the February 23, 2023, City Council meeting, the Council made a motion to amend the draft ordinance to insert language that provides better clarity as to the parking prohibition. Accordingly, the following modification was incorporated into the proposed ordinance:

No person shall park any commercial vehicle for more than one hour on any public street or move and repark such vehicle on any public street within 300 feet of the original

Subject: Second Reading - Ordinance to Prohibit Commercial Vehicle Parking on City Streets; and

Resolution to Approve Fine Date: March 9, 2023

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parking site within any 24-hour period except while loading or unloading property or in connection with and in the aid of the performance of a service to or on a property adjacent to the block in which such vehicle is parked and only for such time in addition to one hour that is reasonably necessary to complete such loading, unloading or service.

As discussed during the staff presentation at the February 23rd City Council meeting, a Resolution setting the fine amount for violating this ordinance is also being brought forward for action. The attached Resolution would set the fine amount at \$112.50, which is consistent with the fine amount for unlawfully parking a commercial vehicle on a public street in a residential district.

In order to address this ongoing concern, staff recommends the following motion:

Motion 1: Move adopt Ordinance No. 2023-001, as shown in Attachment 1, an Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City.

Motion 2: Move adopt Resolution No. 2023-____, a Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, establishing a fine for of \$112.50, which is consistent with the fine amount for unlawfully parking a commercial vehicle on a public street in a residential district.

If Council approves this second reading this proposed ordinance amendment will take effect on or around April 9, 2023. The Resolution would take effect immediately, but could not be enforced until the Ordinance is effective on or around April 9th.

Nothing within the ordinance will prohibit the use of public streets while rendering service; however, parking for extended periods of time will no longer be permissible.

City Council Strategic Goal/Objective

This staff report aligns with the following Citrus Heights City Council Strategic Plan Objectives:

Goal: Preserve and Enhance Public Safety

Objective: Present to City Council for discussion and direction on issues related to commercial vehicle parking on city streets.

Fiscal Impact

There is no direct fiscal impact associated with this action. The Police Department will be responsible for the enforcement of the ordinance as with all other established on-street parking violations throughout the City.

Subject: Second Reading - Ordinance to Prohibit Commercial Vehicle Parking on City Streets; and

Resolution to Approve Fine

Date: March 9, 2023

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Outreach

As part of the consideration of this ordinance, the Police Department created an outreach flyer to notify commercial vehicle owners and drivers of the proposed ordinance to prohibit commercial vehicle parking. The Police Department began distributing the flyers throughout the City on January 23, 2023, and has not received any feedback from the community to date. The Police Department also reviewed the draft ordinance with the Sunrise MarketPlace and the Citrus Heights Chamber of Commerce, each expressing support for the Amendment.

Attachments

- 1. Ordinance No. 2023-001, an Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights adding Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code (Prohibiting Commercial Vehicle Parking on Public Streets in the City)
- 2. Resolution No. 2023-____, a Resolution of the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, establishing a fine for \$112.50, which is consistent with the fine amount for unlawfully parking a commercial vehicle on a public street in a residential district.

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

ORDINANCE NO. 2023-001

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS ADDING SECTION 94-281 TO ARTICLE IV DIVISION I OF THE CITRUS HEIGHTS MUNICIPAL CODE RELATING TO PROHIBITING COMMERCIAL VEHICLE PARKING ON PUBLIC STREETS IN THE CITY

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS HEREBY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. Declaration of Intent

The purpose of this ordinance is to promote public safety and walkability in the City by prohibiting the parking of commercial vehicles on public streets in the City.

SECTION 2. Add Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I to the Citrus Heights Municipal Code

Section 94-281, Commercial Vehicle Parking Ban, is hereby added to the Citrus Heights Municipal Code and shall read as set forth below:

Section 94-281. – Commercial Vehicle Parking Ban.

Commercial Vehicles (Semi-Trucks, Trailers, STAA Trucks, and similar) are prohibited from parking on all public streets within the City Limits. Temporary loading and unloading of commercial vehicles is allowed.

Commercial Vehicles means a motor vehicle used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used or maintained primarily for the transportation of property, as set forth in Vehicle Code Section 260, and Citrus Heights Municipal Code Section 94-172.

No person shall park any commercial vehicle for more than one hour on any public street or move and repark such vehicle on any public street within 300 feet of the original parking site within any 24-hour period except while loading or unloading property or in connection with and in the aid of the performance of a service to or on a property adjacent to the block in which such vehicle is parked and only for such time in addition to one hour that is reasonably necessary to complete such loading, unloading or service.

SECTION 3. Severability. If any section, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions thereof.

SECTION 4. Effective Date and Notice. This ordinance shall take effect thirty (30) days after its adoption, provided it is published in full or in summary within fifteen (15) days of its adoption, in a newspaper of general circulation published and circulated in the City of Citrus Heights.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights this 9th day of March, 2023, by the following vote:

AYES: NOES:	Council Members: Council Members:		
ABSENT:	Council Members:		
ABSTAIN:	Council Members:		
		Tim Schaefer, Mayor	
Amy Van, Ci	ity Clerk		

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS, CALIFORNIA, UPDATING THE CITRUS HEIGHTS PARKING VIOLATION FINE SCHEDULE

WHEREAS, Sections 94-48 and 94-49 of Chapter 94 of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code provide that the City Council, subject to limitations imposed by State law, shall by resolution establish penalties, fines, fees, and related charges for parking and related violations under both the California Vehicle Code and the Citrus Heights Municipal Code; and

WHEREAS, Section 4203.5 of the California Vehicle Code requires City Council to establish a schedule of fines and related penalties for parking violations within the City, and such fines shall be standardized, to the extent possible, among agencies within the same county; and

WHEREAS, consistent with Section 4203.5 of the California Vehicle Code the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights wishes to update parking and related penalties in the City of Citrus Heights, taking into consideration those penalties applicable for the same violations outside of the City within Sacramento County; and

WHEREAS, on February 23, 2023 the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights requested amendments to the proposed ordinance of Section 94-281 to Article IV Division I of the Citrus Heights Municipal Code prohibiting commercial vehicles parking on public streets in the city; and

WHEREAS, the current fines for parking and related penalties is updated to reflect the addition of Section 94-281; and

WHEREAS, the fines and charges set forth in the "City of Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine Schedule" attached hereto as Exhibit A comply with the limitations imposed by State law; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED AND ORDERED that the City of Citrus Heights does hereby adopt the updated Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine Schedule.

The City Clerk shall certify the passage and adoption of this Resolution and enter it into the book of original resolutions.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, this 9th day of March 2023 by the following vote, to wit:

AYES: Council Members: NOES: Council Members: ABSTAIN: Council Members: ABSENT: Council Members:

ATTEST:	Tim Schaefer, Mayor
Amy Van, City Clerk	

Exhibits

A. Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine

<u>Exhibit A</u> Citrus Heights Parking Violation Fine Schedule Updates

Description Prohibited Zone Within Park		Section	Current Fine	Proposed Fine
		9.36.065(d)	\$62.50	
Parking Within Closed Park	СНМС	9.36.065(e)	\$62.50	
Curb marking – Red	СНМС	10.24.0101	\$62.50	
Curb marking – Yellow	СНМС	10.24.0102	\$62.50	
Curb marking – Green	СНМС	10.24.0103	\$62.50	
Curb marking – Blue (disabled)	СНМС	10.24.0104	\$412.50	
Washing vehicle on highway	СНМС	94-8	\$62.50	
Repairing vehicle on highway	СНМС	94-9	\$62.50	
Obstruction of emergency vehicle	СНМС	94-137	\$62.50	
Prohibited Stop/Stand/Park	СНМС	94-263	\$62.50	
Narrow Streets/Special Places	СНМС	94-264	\$62.50	
Emergency Parking Signs	СНМС	94-265	\$62.50	
Alleys – Parkways	СНМС	94-266	\$62.50	
Vehicles for Sale	СНМС	94-267(a)	\$62.50	
72 Hours or More – Parking or Storing	СНМС	94-267(b)	\$62.50	
Left-hand Parking on Divided Highway	СНМС	94-267(c)	\$62.50	
Parking on Public Right-of-Way	СНМС	94-267(d)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Parking in Residential District/Commercial	СНМС	94-267(f)	\$112.50	
Prohibit Parking in Residential District/Recreational Vehicle	СНМС	94-267(g)	\$112.50	
One-Way Streets	CHMC	94-268	\$62.50	
Loading Zone	CHMC	94-269(d)	\$62.50	
Limited-Time Parking (7AM-6PM)	СНМС	94-270(a)	\$62.50	
Limited-Time Parking (Signs)	СНМС	94-270(b)	\$62.50	
Continuing Parking Violation	СНМС	94-271	\$62.50	
Curb Parking – Right of Way	СНМС	94-272	\$62.50	
Parking in Intersection	СНМС	94-273	\$62.50	
Angle Parking	СНМС	94-274	\$62.50	
Keys in Ignition	СНМС	94-276	\$62.50	
Prohibited Parking on City Property	СНМС	94-277(b)	\$62.50	
Prohibited Parking in City Parking Areas	СНМС	94-278	\$62.50	
Parking on Private Property without Permission	СНМС	94-279	\$62.50	
Prohibit Parking on Public Streets / Commercial Vehicle	СНМС	94-281	New	\$112.50
Parking Outside Space Markings	СНМС	94-370(b)	\$62.50	
Current Tabs	CVC	5204(a)	\$120.50	
Vehicle on School or Public Grounds	CVC	21113(a)	\$62.50	

Obstruction of Bikeway/Bicycle Path or Trail	CVC	21211(b)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Intersection	CVC	22500(a)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Crosswalk	CVC	22500(b)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Safety Zone	CVC	22500(c)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Fire Station Driveway	CVC	22500(d)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Driveway	CVC	22500(e)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Sidewalk	CVC	22500(f)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Blocking Excavation	CVC	22500(g)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Double Park	CVC	22500(h)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Bus Zone	CVC	22500(i)	\$372.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Tunnels	CVC	22500(j)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Bridges	CVC	22500(k)	\$62.50	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Block Wheelchair Curb	CVC	22500(1)	\$412.50*	
Prohibit Stop/Park – Fire Lane	CVC	22500.1	\$112.50	
Curb Parking	CVC	22502	\$62.50	
Angled Parking or More than 18 Inches	CVC	22502(a)	\$62.50	
Wrong Side of Street	CVC	22502(b)	\$62.50	
Parallel Parking (left) One Way Street	CVC	22502(e)	\$62.50	
State Highway Parking Restricted Area	CVC	22505(b)	\$62.50	
Disabled Space	CVC	22507.8(a)	\$412.50	
Blocking Disabled Space	CVC	22507.8(b)	\$412.50	
Parked on Lines/Boundaries of Disabled Space	CVC	22507.8(c)(1)	\$412.50	
Disabled Parking Crosshatched	CVC	22507.8(c)(2)	\$412.50	
Fire Hydrant	CVC	22514	\$112.50	
Unattended Vehicle/Motor Running/No Brake Set	CVC	22515(a)	\$62.50	
Parking Upon/Near Railroad Track	CVC	22521	\$62.50	
Parking Near Sidewalk Access Ramp	CVC	22522	\$392.50	
Abandoned Vehicle	CVC	22523	\$112.50	
Repeat Violations – Second Within One Year	CVC	42001(a)(2)	Base, plus 100%, up to \$200**	
Repeat Violations – Third and Subsequent Within One Year	CVC	42001(a)(3)	Base, plus 150%, up to \$250**	



CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS

CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 9, 2023

TO: Mayor and City Council Members

Ashley Feeney, City Manager

FROM: Susan Talwar, Administrative Services Director

Tammy Nossardi, Finance Manager

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2022-23 Mid-Year Budget Adjustment and Financial

Forecast Update

Summary and Recommendation

Staff recommends the City Council review the General Fund revenues and expenditures for the first seven months of Fiscal Year 2022-23 and the updated Ten-Year Financial Forecast, and adopt Resolution No. 2023-___ approving amendments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 Budget.

The Budget and Financial Forecast is typically reviewed quarterly. The last review was for the first quarter of FY22-23 at the October 27, 2022 Council Meeting. There were no amendments recommended at that time as there was not enough data to accurately forecast any needed revenue amendments, and expenditure projections were on target.

The proposed amendments to revenues and expenditures result in a projected net increase to General Fund reserves of \$ 8 million. The allocation of budget funds in city service areas will be discussed as part of the upcoming two-year budget preparation cycle.

Fiscal Impact

The proposed budget amendments will increase General Fund revenue appropriations by \$1,584,035 with \$200,000 adjustments to General Fund expenditure appropriations to reflect updated projections for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Background and Analysis

FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 MID-YEAR BUDGET REVIEW

The City's budget for Fiscal Years 2021-22 and 2022-23 was adopted by the City Council on April 22, 2021. The Fiscal Year 2022-23 amended budget (excluding ARPA fund 101) for all City funds anticipated revenue of \$73.1 million and expenditures of \$67.5 million. As of

Date: March 9, 2023

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January 31, 2023, \$32.3 million (40.7 percent) of the budgeted revenue have been received and \$31.6 million (42.8 percent) of the budgeted expenditures have been incurred.

The City's main operating fund is the General Fund. The amended General Fund budget for Fiscal Year 2022-23 anticipated revenue of \$42.1 million to fund expenditures of \$35.3 million (excluding American Rescue Plan Act funds). As of January 31, 2023 General Fund revenues totaled \$20.0 million (48 percent of the budgeted amount). General Fund expenditures totaled \$20.3 million (57.4 percent of the annual budgeted amount). General Fund expenditures exceeded General Fund revenues by \$240,000 at the end of the first seven months of the fiscal year. As the City Council has previously discussed, the General Fund operates in a deficit cash flow position during the first portion of the fiscal year due to the timing of the receipt of major sources of revenue including property tax, motor vehicle-in-lieu fees and sales tax. During this period, the General Fund relies on the available fund balance and in recent years has also utilized available cash in other funds to temporarily bridge the cash shortage.

Based upon fiscal activities during the first seven months of the fiscal year and information currently available, staff is proposing adjustments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 General Fund Budget to more closely align the budget with anticipated revenues and expenditures.

GENERAL FUND REVENUE

The Fiscal Year 2022-23 General Fund amended budget projected revenue of \$42.1 million. This projection was based upon information available at the time the budget was developed in June 2022. Based upon actual revenue received as of January 31st and projected revenue for the remaining five months of the fiscal year, staff is recommending adjustments to the General Fund revenue budget which will increase the budgeted revenues by \$1.1 million.

The proposed adjustments to General Fund budgeted revenue include:

Taxes and Franchises

The largest source of revenue to the General Fund is sales tax. Sales tax revenue was amended at \$14.3 million. Based upon a combination of increased gas prices and gas consumption, auto sales and the opening of new retail businesses, the City's sales tax consultant has increased the projected sales tax revenue by \$282,000 to \$14.6 million.

After 25 years, the City received its first property tax payment on Feb 1st. Property tax revenue was amended at \$6.9 million (66 percent of annual budget amount) mainly attributable to one-time payments and the real estate market conditions. Budgeted revenue, including the next payment in May, is forecasted an increase of \$400,000 to \$7.3 million.

Revenue from the transient occupancy tax is also coming in higher than anticipated by \$77,000 due to the additional tax being collected for short-term rentals.

Intergovernmental Revenue

The State of California is responsible for reimbursing public agencies for certain state-mandated activities. The State is very slow in processing these payments which can take years to receive.

In Fiscal Year 2022-23, the City received \$153,714 for the Great Plates program reimbursable in Fiscal Year 2021-22.

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Date: March 9, 2023

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The second largest source of General Fund revenue is motor vehicle-in-lieu fees which is paid by Sacramento County in two installments – 50 percent in January and the remaining 50 percent in May of each year. The City has been notified that the Fiscal Year 2022-23 vehicle-in-lieu fee revenue will total \$11,026,823 which is \$707,823 more than the budgeted amount.

Investment Revenue

Continued high interest rates have resulted in an increase of \$80,000 in projected interest earnings. Interest revenue will still be higher than last fiscal year due to the earned interest on unexpended American Rescue Plan Act funds.

A summary of General Fund revenues through January 31, 2023 and the recommended budget adjustments is provided below:

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CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS	
FY 2022-23 General Fund Revenue	
As of January 31, 2023	

As of January 31, 2023													
	FY 2021-22 Actual	FY 2022-23 Budget	YTD Actual (1/31/2023)	Year-End Projection	Budget Adjustment								
TAXES AND FRANCHISES													
Property Tax	0	6,883,000	3,939,694	7,319,348	436,348								
Sales and Use Tax Utility Users Tax	14,412,009 2,794,196	14,323,000 2,850,000	6,088,505 1,476,503	14,605,864 2,850,000	282,864								
Franchise Fees	747,106	725,000	1,470,505	725,000									
Franchise Fees Solid Waste	543,059	520,000	375,290	520,000									
Property Transfer Tax	638,183	500,000	194,838	500,000									
Transient Occupancy Tax	32,595	23,000	61,349	100,000	77,000								
Total Taxes and Franchises	19,167,147	25,824,000	12,136,179	26,620,212	796,212								
LICENSES AND PERMITS													
Business License	283,407	287,950	211,913	287,950									
Building Plan Check	682,365	348,000	178,567	348,000									
Cardroom Table Tax	30,720		15,360	-									
Engineering Fees Private Dev	33,193	33,700	14,956	33,700									
Zone Check	20,030	10,000	9,324	10,000									
Building Permits	2,049,031	1,340,700	838,380	1,340,700									
Engineering Fees Utilities Tree Permit	76,429 1,441	60,000 2,000	65,677 780	60,000 2,000									
Transportation Permits	15,186	15,000	4,974	15,000									
Records Processing/Strong Motion	7,446	10,925	4,564	10,925									
Fireworks License	1,000	. 5,520		5,520									
Animal License	39,756	40,000	24,298	40,000									
Total Licenses and Permits	3,240,003	2,148,275	1,368,794	2,148,275	-								
FINES AND FORFEITURES													
Non-Sufficient Funds Penalty	157	100	102	100									
Vehicle Fines	118,254	130,000	29,856	130,000									
Red Light Camera Fines	668,884	645,000	313,108	645,000									
Total Fines and Forfeitures	787,296	775,100	343,067	775,100									
INTERCOVERNMENTAL													
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	46 454	F00	1	500									
State Mandated Reimbursements Federal Grants/ Reimbursements	46,154 186,926	500	(153,714)	500 (153,714)									
State Grants/ Reimbursements	100,920		(133,714)	(133,714)									
Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu Fee	9,683,155	10,319,000	5,210,179	11,026,823	707,823								
Total Intergovernmental	9,916,235	10,319,500	5,056,466	10,873,609	707,823								
USE OF MONEY													
Investment Revenue	(83,249)	50,000	82,581	130,000	80,000								
Total Use of Money	(83,249)	50,000	82,581	130,000	80,000								
-	(00,240)	00,000	02,001	100,000	30,000								
CHARGES FOR SERVICES													
Filing / Copies	5,047	5,700	6,941	5,700									
Product Sales	2,585	2,000	936	2,000									
Lease Payments Administrative Fees	337,238	256,609 43,000	189,767 15,394	256,609 43,000									
Police - Reimbursement Contract Overtime	60,267 145,463	100,000	77,167	100,000									
Livescan Fees	96	200	- 77,107	200									
False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees	40,603	55,000	7,395	55,000									
Vehicle Release / Towing	57,527	55,200	43,955	55,200									
Community Center Rentals	212,059	300,000	254,816	300,000									
Planning Fees	107,615	107,000	106,128	107,000									
Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees	5,488		3,526	-									
Animal Surrender Fees	1,374	7,000	960	7,000									
Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services	97 5,417	931,709	706,985	931,709	_								
-		,	,										
CONTRIBUTIONS Donations	1,590	3,000	18,380	3,000									
Developer Contributions	1,590	3,000	10,000	3,000									
Total Contributions	1,590	3,000	28,380	3,000	-								
OTHER	201 041	1E7 000	10.910	157,000									
Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue	391,841 499,858	157,900 8,400	10,810 71,625	157,900 8,400									
Internal Service Fund Charges	1,440,305	1,501,937	11,025	1,501,937									
Cash Over/Short	1,440,305	1,501,937	(0)	1,501,857									
Recovery of Labor & Benefits	(-/		137,328	259,301									
	222 559	259 301											
	222,559 155,304	259,301 100,000											
Temp Disability Recovery Restitution/Public Property Damage Recover	155,304	259,301 100,000 50,000	85,012 1,431	100,000									
Temp Disability Recovery	155,304	100,000	85,012	100,000									
Temp Disability Recovery Restitution/Public Property Damage Recover Police Department Sales Transfers In	155,304 52,000 2,031 120,994	100,000 50,000 6,000	85,012 1,431 524	100,000 50,000 6,000									
Temp Disability Recovery Restitution/Public Property Damage Recover Police Department Sales	155,304 52,000 2,031	100,000 50,000	85,012 1,431	100,000 50,000	-								

Date: March 9, 2023

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GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

The Fiscal Year 2022-23 amended budget includes General Fund expenditure appropriations of \$35.4 million, with \$20.3 million (66.4 percent) expended as of January 31, 2023. It is recommended that the City Council consider the following adjustments to the General Fund expenditure appropriations with \$200,000 adjustment to expenditures:

Non-Departmental

It is recommended that the non-Departmental budget be increased by \$200,000 to fund higher than anticipate annual pension liability payment to CalPERS.

A summary of General Fund expenditures as of January 31, 2023 and the recommended budget adjustment is provided below:

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СПҮ	OF CITRUS H	EIGHTS			
Fiscal Year 2022-2	23 General F	und Expend	ditures By D	epartment	
	As of Jan	uary 31, 2023			
	FY 2021-22 Actual	FY 2022-23 Budget	YTD Actual (1/31/23)	Year-End Projection	Budget Adjustment
City Council	128,050	144,118	64,334	144,118	
City Manager	418,278	708,008	272,885	708,008	
Economic Development	447,017	559,463	306,984	559,463	
City Attorney	307,903	318,270	118,663	318,270	
City Clerk	267,972	293,564	174,167	293,564	
Elections	-	51,000	45,231	51,000	
Human Resources	626,151	716,670	326,657	716,670	
Information Services	1,005,014	1,097,371	714,729	1,097,371	
Risk Management	1,990,077	2,460,950	1,432,097	2,460,950	
Finance	935,103	973,239	537,998	973,239	
Non Departmental	6,057,128	2,566,908	1,990,393	2,766,908	200,000
Police	16,691,528	19,370,421	10,252,724	19,370,421	
Animal Control	568,199	771,165	375,663	771,165	
Community Events	137,758	239,031	156,565	239,031	
Community Center Operations	543,719	685,427	356,118	685,427	
Sylvan Community Center	15,878	23,152	9,925	23,152	
Sayonara Community Center	19,327	19,656	10,267	19,656	
Housing	135,919	86,420	71,265	86,420	
Planning	557,046	651,869	339,790	651,869	
Building Inspection	908,864	979,664	580,382	979,664	
Engineering	618,568	488,913	413,077	488,913	
Facility Management - City Hall	413,677	469,808	224,079	469,808	
Facility Management - Police Bldg.	244,294	271,341	195,276	271,341	
Fleet Management	140,681	174,458	91,896	174,458	
Planning Commission	8,340	17,186	2,035	17,186	
History & Arts Commission	5,000	20,000	10,000	20,000	
Transfer Out	477,000	1,197,000	1,197,000	1,197,000	
Subtotal General Fund Expenditures	\$33,668,490	\$35,355,072	\$20,270,200	\$35,555,072	\$ 200,000

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American Rescue Plan Act Funds

The City received American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in the amount of \$15,676,972. These funds were deposited into a sub-account of the General Fund so that the expenditure of ARPA funds could be properly tracked for reporting and audit purposes. As of January 31, 2023, \$9,956,340 ARPA funds have been committed with an additional committed and proposed allocation through March 23, 2023 of \$1.047 million. A summary of ARPA funds with remaining balance is below.

ARPA Approved Comm	ited	Funds		
Total Awar	d \$	15,676,972.00		
		Commited	Actual thru 01/30/23	Running Balance
6/24/2021 Rehire Public Safety staff to pre-pandemic levels FY 21/22	\$	2,541,434.00	1,570,104.50	\$ 14,106,867.50
6/24/2021 Rehire Public Safety staff to pre-pandemic levels FY 22/23	\$	2,811,775.00	1,016,779.63	\$ 11,295,092.50
1/13/2022 Small Business COVID Recovery Grant	\$	320,000.00	281,111.00	\$ 11,013,981.50
6/23/2022 Beautification Crew Pilot Program	\$	875,000.00	106,177.01	\$ 10,138,981.50
6/23/2022 Police Fleet Vehicles & Equipment	\$	1,400,000.00	0.00	\$ 8,738,981.50
6/23/2022 Public Safety Communications Center Critical Needs	\$	600,000.00	64,253.55	\$ 8,138,981.50
6/23/2022 Block Party Trailer - Economic Development	\$	50,000.00	20,276.79	\$ 8,088,981.50
9/22/2022 Community Projects Grant Program	\$	50,000.00	-	\$ 8,038,981.50
10/27/2022 I.T. Critical, Major Projects; Execute Contract Tyler Technologies	\$	1,198,350.00	-	\$ 6,840,631.50
12/8/2022 Infrastructure Financing Strategies for Sunrise Tomorrow	\$	40,000.00	-	\$ 6,800,631.50
12/8/2022 REAP 2.0 Higher Impact Transformative Allocation	\$	1,000,000.00	-	\$ 5,800,631.50
1/26/2023 Patriotic Event	\$	80,000.00	-	\$ 5,720,631.50
2/23/2023 Cares Community Pride and Cleanliness Campaign*	\$	47,000.00	-	\$ 5,673,631.50
3/23/2023 Business Attraction Incentive Program*	\$	1,000,000.00	-	\$ 4,673,631.50
Sper	ıt \$	3,058,702.48		
Remaining Committe	d \$	7,944,638.02		
Remaining Balanc	e \$	4,673,631.50		

^{*\$47,000} allocated for the Citrus Heights Cares Campaign at the February 23, 2023 City Council meeting; and \$1,000,000 for the Business Attraction Grant Program proposed but not yet approved, to be deliberated on by City Council at the March 23, 2023 meeting.

TEN YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST

As a strategic fiscal planning tool, the City maintains a long-term financial forecast. Because this forecast is based upon data currently available, it is updated periodically to reflect new information regarding anticipated future revenues and expenditures. The financial forecast covers a ten-year period for the City's General Fund. The City Council last reviewed the Ten-Year Financial Forecast on October 27, 2022. The Ten-Year Financial Forecast has been updated and includes the following changes:

- Fiscal Year 2021-22 Year-end audited revenue and expenditures
- Fiscal Year 2022-23 To reflect the Mid-Year budget projections.

A summary of the Ten-Year Financial Forecast is provided below. A more detailed version is attached to this report.

Date: March 9, 2023

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General Fund Ten Year Financial Forecast
With Partial Street Funding
Jan-23

July 20													
		FY 2022-23	FY 2022-23										
	FY 2021-22	Budget	Budget	FY 2	023-24	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29	FY 2029-30	FY 2030-31	FY 2031-32
	Actual		Jan Forecast	Proj	jected	Projected							
TOTAL REVENUE	36,889,329	42,135,122	43,565,443	4	3.061.799	44,495,313	45,916,179	47,357,828	48,494,731	49,660,807	50,805,099	51,863,533	53,053,470
	,,	,,	.,,		, ,	, , .	-,-,-	,,.	.,.,.	.,,.	,,	. ,,	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	33,665,777	35,355,072	35,555,072	3:	9,917,212	40,214,417	41,393,156	42,623,174	43,840,133	45,093,470	46,384,293	47,713,706	49,083,896
STREET REPAIRS					2,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Auburn Blvd - Phase 2 Match					4,000,000								
Net Operating Position	3,223,552	6,780,050	8,010,371	(2	,855,412)	280,897	523,023	734,654	654,597	567,337	420,806	149,826	(30,426)
Beginning Reserve Balance (Unassigned/Comm	8,419,923	11,643,475	11,643,475	19	,653,846	16,798,434	17,079,330	17,602,353	18,337,007	18,991,605	19,558,942	19,979,748	20,129,574
Ending Reserve Balance	\$ 11,643,475	\$ 18,423,525	\$ 19,653,846	\$ 16	,798,434	\$ 17,079,330	\$ 17,602,353	\$ 18,337,007	\$ 18,991,605	\$ 19,558,942	\$ 19,979,748	\$ 20,129,574	\$ 20,099,147
Minimum Reserve per City Council Policy (17%)	\$ 5,723,182	\$ 6,010,362	\$ 6,044,362		,,	\$ 7,516,451	\$ 7,716,836	\$ 7,925,940	\$ 8,132,823	\$ 8,345,890	, .,,	\$ 8,791,330	\$ 9,024,262
Over(under) Reserve Target	5,920,293	12,413,163	13,609,484		8,992,508	9,562,879	9,885,517	10,411,068	10,858,782	11,213,052	11,414,418	11,338,244	11,074,885
City Manager Target Reserve @25%	8,416,444	8,838,768	8,888,768	1	1,479,303	11,053,604	11,348,289	11,655,794	11,960,033	12,273,368	12,596,073	12,928,427	13,270,974
Over(under) Reserve Target	3,227,031	9,584,757	10,765,078		5,319,131	6,025,726	6,254,064	6,681,214	7,031,572	7,285,574	7,383,674	7,201,147	6,828,173

The information on Fiscal Year 2022-23 General Fund Mid-Year budget analysis and the updated Ten-Year Financial Forecast was reviewed with the Finance and Administration Committee on March 2, 2023.

Attachments

- 1. Resolution
- 2. Ten Year Financial Forecast

Item 13

RESOLUTION NO. 2023 -

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS APPROVING AMENDMENTS TO THE FISCAL YEAR 2022-23 BUDGET

WHEREAS, on April 22, 2021, the City Council adopted the budget for the City of Citrus Heights for Fiscal Year 2022-23; and

WHEREAS, based upon a review of revenues and expenditures, staff has recommended amendments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 Budget; and

WHEREAS, the Finance and Administration Committee reviewed the proposed budget amendments on March 2, 2023; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed information on the status of revenues and expenditures for the 2022-23 Fiscal Year which is the basis for the recommended budget amendments.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights approves amendments to the Fiscal Year 2022-23 Budget as provided for in the attached Exhibit A.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Citrus Heights, California, this 9th day of March 2023, by the following vote, to wit:

AYES :	Council Members:	
NOES:	Council Members:	
ABSTAIN:	Council Members:	
ABSENT:	Council Members:	
ATTEST:		Tim Schaefer, Mayor
Amy Van, C	ity Clerk	

Exhibit

a. FY 2022-23 Budget Amendments

Exhibit A

Fiscal Year 2022-23 Mid-Cycle Budget Adjustments

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS
FY 2022-23 General Fund Revenue
As of January 31, 2023

	As of January 3	1, 2023			
	FY 2021-22 Actual	FY 2022-23 Budget	YTD Actual (1/31/2023)	Year-End Projection	Budget Adjustment
TAXES AND FRANCHISES					
Property Tax	0	6,883,000	3,939,694	7,319,348	436,348
Sales and Use Tax	14,412,009	14,323,000	6,088,505	14,605,864	282,864
Utility Users Tax	2,794,196	2,850,000	1,476,503	2,850,000	
Franchise Fees	747,106	725,000	- 075 000	725,000	
Franchise Fees Solid Waste Property Transfer Tax	543,059	520,000	375,290	520,000 500.000	
Transient Occupancy Tax	638,183 32,595	500,000 23,000	194,838 61,349	100,000	77,000
Total Taxes and Franchises	19,167,147	25,824,000	12,136,179	26,620,212	796,212
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Business License	283,407	287,950	211.913	287,950	
Building Plan Check	682,365	348,000	178,567	348,000	
Cardroom Table Tax	30,720	340,000	15,360	340,000	
Engineering Fees Private Dev	33,193	33,700	14,956	33,700	
Zone Check	20,030	10,000	9,324	10,000	
Building Permits	2,049,031	1,340,700	838,380	1,340,700	
Engineering Fees Utilities	76,429	60,000	65,677	60,000	
Tree Permit	1,441	2,000	780	2,000	
Transportation Permits	15,186	15,000	4,974	15,000	
Records Processing/Strong Motion	7,446	10,925	4,564	10,925	
Fireworks License	1,000	10,923	4,504	10,923	
Animal License	39,756	40,000	24,298	40,000	
Total Licenses and Permits	3,240,003	2,148,275	1,368,794	2,148,275	-
		, ,		, ,	
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Non-Sufficient Funds Penalty	157	100	102	100	
Vehicle Fines	118,254	130,000	29,856	130,000	
Red Light Camera Fines	668,884	645,000	313,108	645,000	
Total Fines and Forfeitures	787,296	775,100	343,067	775,100	-
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
State Mandated Reimbursements	46,154	500	1	500	
Federal Grants/ Reimbursements	186,926	-	(153,714)	(153,714)	
State Grants/ Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	
Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu Fee	9,683,155	10,319,000	5,210,179	11,026,823	707,823
Total Intergovernmental	9,916,235	10,319,500	5,056,466	10,873,609	707,823
USE OF MONEY					
Investment Revenue	(83,249)	50,000	82,581	130,000	80,000
Total Use of Money	(83,249)	50,000	82,581	130,000	80,000
CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Filing / Copies	5,047	5,700	6,941	5,700	
Product Sales	2,585	2,000	936	2,000	
Lease Payments	337,238	256,609	189,767	256,609	
Administrative Fees					
	60,267	43,000	15,394	43,000	
Police - Reimbursement Contract Overtime	60,267 145,463			43,000 100,000	
Police - Reimbursement Contract Overtime Livescan Fees		43,000	15,394		
	145,463	43,000 100,000	15,394 77,167	100,000	
Livescan Fees	145,463 96	43,000 100,000 200	15,394 77,167 -	100,000 200	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees	145,463 96 40,603	43,000 100,000 200 55,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395	100,000 200 55,000	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing	145,463 96 40,603 57,527	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955	100,000 200 55,000 55,200	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000	
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 1,590	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 3,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 1,590	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges Cash Over/Short	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858 1,440,305	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 3,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858 1,440,305 (2)	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380 10,810 71,625 - (0)	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges Cash Over/Short Recovery of Labor & Benefits	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858 1,440,305 (2) 222,559	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380 10,810 71,625 - (0) 137,328	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges Cash Over/Short Recovery of Labor & Benefits Temp Disability Recovery	145,463 966 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380 10,810 71,625 - (0) 137,328 85,012	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges Cash Over/Short Recovery of Labor & Benefits Temp Disability Recovery Restitution/Public Property Damage Recovery Police Department Sales Transfers In	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858 1,440,305 (2) 222,559 155,304 52,000 2,031 120,994	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 3,000 - 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000 50,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380 10,810 71,625 - (0) 137,328 85,012 1,431 524	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000 50,000 6,000	-
Livescan Fees False Alarm/Alarm Permit Fees Vehicle Release / Towing Community Center Rentals Planning Fees Animal Non-Compliance/Boarding Fees Animal Surrender Fees Rabies, Spay/Neuter Fees Total Charges for Services CONTRIBUTIONS Donations Developer Contributions Total Contributions OTHER Miscellaneous Revenue Reimbursement Revenue Internal Service Fund Charges Cash Over/Short Recovery of Labor & Benefits Temp Disability Recovery Restitution/Public Property Damage Recovery Police Department Sales	145,463 96 40,603 57,527 212,059 107,615 5,488 1,374 55 975,417 1,590 - 1,590 391,841 499,858 1,440,305 (2) 222,559 155,304 52,000 2,031	43,000 100,000 200 55,000 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 - 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000 50,000	15,394 77,167 - 7,395 43,955 254,816 106,128 3,526 960 - 706,985 18,380 10,000 28,380 - 10,810 71,625 - (0) 137,328 85,012 1,431	100,000 200 55,000 55,200 300,000 107,000 - 7,000 - 931,709 3,000 157,900 8,400 1,501,937 - 259,301 100,000 50,000	\$ 1,584,035

Exhibit A

CITY OF CITRUS HEIGHTS Fiscal Year 2022-23 General Fund Expenditures By Department

As of January 31, 2023

FY 2022-23 FY 2021-22 YTD Actual Year-End **Budget** Actual Budget (1/31/23)Projection Adjustment City Council 128,050 144,118 64,334 144,118 City Manager 418,278 708,008 272,885 708,008 447,017 559,463 306,984 559,463 Economic Development City Attorney 307,903 318,270 118,663 318,270 293,564 174,167 293,564 City Clerk 267,972 51,000 Elections 51,000 45,231 Human Resources 626,151 716,670 326,657 716,670 Information Services 1,005,014 1,097,371 714,729 1,097,371 2,460,950 1,432,097 2,460,950 Risk Management 1,990,077 Finance 935,103 973,239 537,998 973,239 2,566,908 2,766,908 200,000 Non Departmental 6,057,128 1,990,393 Police 16,691,528 19,370,421 10,252,724 19,370,421 **Animal Control** 568,199 771,165 375,663 771,165 Community Events 137,758 239,031 156,565 239,031 543,719 685,427 356,118 685,427 **Community Center Operations** 15,878 23,152 9,925 23,152 Sylvan Community Center 19,327 19,656 10,267 19,656 Sayonara Community Center 135,919 86,420 71,265 86,420 Housing 651,869 651,869 Planning 557,046 339,790 Building Inspection 908,864 979,664 580,382 979,664 488,913 488,913 618,568 413,077 Engineering Facility Management - City Hall 413,677 469,808 224,079 469,808 Facility Management - Police Bldg. 244,294 195,276 271,341 271,341 Fleet Management 140,681 174,458 91,896 174,458 8,340 17,186 2,035 17,186 Planning Commission 20,000 History & Arts Commission 5,000 20,000 10,000 Transfer Out 477,000 1,197,000 1,197,000 1,197,000 Subtotal General Fund Expenditures \$35,555,072 200,000 \$33,668,490 \$35,355,072 \$20,270,200

General Fund Ten Year Financial Forecast

With Partial Street Funding Jan-23

	FY 2021-22 Actual	FY 2022-23 Budget	FY 2022-23 Budget Jan Forecast	FY 2023-24 Projected	FY 2024-25 Projected	FY 2025-26 Projected	FY 2026-27 Projected	FY 2027-28 Projected	FY 2028-29 Projected	FY 2029-30 Projected	FY 2030-31 Projected	FY 2031-32 Projected
TOTAL REVENUE	36,889,32	42,135,12	2 43,565,443	43,061,7	99 44,495,313	45,916,179	47,357,828	48,494,731	49,660,807	50,805,099	51,863,533	53,053,470
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURES	33,665,77	35,355,07	2 35,555,072	39,917,2	40,214,417	41,393,156	42,623,174	43,840,133	45,093,470	46,384,293	47,713,706	49,083,896
STREET REPAIRS				2,000,0	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Auburn Blvd - Phase 2 Match				4,000,0	00							
Net Operating Position	3,223,552	6,780,050	8,010,371	(2,855,41	280,897	523,023	734,654	654,597	567,337	420,806	149,826	(30,426)
Beginning Reserve Balance (Unassigned/Committed)	8,419,92	11,643,475	11,643,475	19,653,84	6 16,798,434	17,079,330	17,602,353	18,337,007	18,991,605	19,558,942	19,979,748	20,129,574
Ending Reserve Balance	\$ 11,643,475	\$ 18,423,525	\$ 19,653,846	\$ 16,798,43	4 \$ 17,079,330	\$ 17,602,353	\$ 18,337,007	\$ 18,991,605	\$ 19,558,942	\$ 19,979,748	\$ 20,129,574	\$ 20,099,147
Minimum Reserve per City Council Policy (17%) Over(under) Reserve Target	\$ 5,723,182 5,920,29			\$ 7,805,92 8,992,5		\$ 7,716,836 9,885,517			\$ 8,345,890 11,213,052	\$ 8,565,330 11,414,418	\$ 8,791,330 11,338,244	
City Manager Target Reserve @25% Over(under) Reserve Target	8,416,44 3,227,03								12,273,368 7,285,574	12,596,073 7,383,674	12,928,427 7,201,147	13,270,974 6,828,173